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## Lampiran IV

### Perhitungan Viskositas Mukus

a. Perhitungan viskositas mukus setelah penambahan fraksi ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.)

Tabel 6. Data waktu alir uji aktivitas mukolitik fraksi heksan

No	Waktu alir (detik)								
	Air Suling	Kontrol negatif	Kontrol positif	Fraksi I		Fraksi II		Fraksi III	
				F <sub>R</sub> I 0,25%	F <sub>R</sub> I 1 %	F <sub>R</sub> II 0,25%	F <sub>R</sub> II 1 %	F <sub>R</sub> III 0,25%	F <sub>R</sub> III 1 %
1	8,75	17,08	14,60	12,30	10,91	12,68	15,12	15,61	22,10
2	8,93	24,51	14,04	14,51	12,91	11,51	10,75	14,77	15,26
3	8,67	24,59	13,33	12,58	14,11	11,86	10,37	15,45	11,60
Rata-rata	8,78	22,06	13,99	13,13	12,64	12,02	12,08	15,28	16,32

Tabel 7. Data bobot bahan uji dengan piknometer

No.	Bobot (gram)								
	Air Suling	Kontrol negative	Kontrol positif	Fraksi I		Fraksi II		Fraksi III	
				F <sub>R</sub> I 0,25%	F <sub>R</sub> I 1 %	F <sub>R</sub> II 0,25%	F <sub>R</sub> II 1 %	F <sub>R</sub> III 0,25%	F <sub>R</sub> III 1 %
1	19,599	20,881	20,084	19,665	20,851	20,093	21,338	19,705	20,910
2	19,606	20,083	20,856	20,890	20,040	20,897	19,696	20,919	20,066
3	19,579	20,915	20,042	20,042	20,912	19,654	21,292	20,102	21,336
Rata-rata	19,595	20,626	20,327	20,199	20,601	20,215	20,775	20,242	20,771

Tabel 8. Data bobot jenis bahan uji

No.	Bobot jenis (gram)								
	Air Suling	Kontrol negatif	Kontrol positif	Fraksi I		Fraksi II		Fraksi III	
				F <sub>R</sub> I 0,25%	F <sub>R</sub> I 1 %	F <sub>R</sub> II 0,25%	F <sub>R</sub> II 1 %	F <sub>R</sub> III 0,25%	F <sub>R</sub> III 1 %
1	0,993	1,049	1,042	1,000	1,046	1,043	1,094	1,004	1,052
2	0,994	1,042	1,046	1,050	1,037	1,050	1,003	1,053	1,040
3	0,991	1,052	1,037	1,037	1,052	0,999	1,090	1,043	1,094
Rata-rata	0,993	1,048	1,042	1,029	1,045	1,031	1,062	1,033	1,062

Perhitungan bobot jenis (BJ) air pada suhu 37°C =  $\frac{\text{Bobot air (g)} - \text{bobot piknometer kosong (g)}}{\text{Volume piknometer rata-rata (mL)}}$

$$= \frac{19,595 \text{ g} - 9,568 \text{ g}}{10 \text{ mL}}$$

$$= \frac{9,92 \text{ g}}{10 \text{ mL}}$$

$$= 0,993 \text{ g/mL}$$

Berat jenis air pada suhu 37°C adalah 0,993 g/mL

Diketahui bobot piknometer kosong : I = 9,668 g

$$\text{II} = 10,392 \text{ g}$$

Volume piknometer kosong : 10 ml

Perhitungan bobot jenis bahan uji yang mengandung fraksi heksan

$$\text{Bobot jenis mukus (37°C)} = \frac{\text{Bobot mukus (g)} - \text{bobot piknometer kosong (g)}}{\text{Volume piknometer rata-rata (mL)}}$$

a. Bobot jenis kontrol negatif

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,881 - 10,392}{10} = 1,049 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,083 - 9,668}{10} = 1,042 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,915 - 10,392}{10} = 1,052 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,048 g/mL

b. Bobot jenis kontrol positif

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,084 - 9,668}{10} = 1,042 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,856 - 10,392}{10} = 1,046 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,042 - 9,668}{10} = 1,037 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,042 g/mL

c. Bobot jenis bahan uji fraksi I 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi I ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,665-9,668}{10} = 1,000 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,890-10,392}{10} = 1,050 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,042-9,668}{10} = 1,037 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,029 g/mL

d. Bobot jenis bahan uji fraksi I 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,851-10,392}{10} = 1,046 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,040-9,668}{10} = 1,037 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,912-10,392}{10} = 1,052 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,045 g/mL

e. Bobot jenis bahan uji fraksi II 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi II ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,093-9,668}{10} = 1,043 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,897-10,392}{10} = 1,050 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,654-9,668}{10} = 0,999 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,031 g/mL

f. Bobot jenis bahan uji fraksi II 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi II ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{21,338-10,392}{10} = 1,094 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,696-9,668}{10} = 1,003 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{21,292-10,392}{10} = 1,090 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,062 g/mL

g. Bobot jenis bahan uji fraksi III 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi III ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,705-9,668}{10} = 1,004 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,919-10,392}{10} = 1,053 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,102-9,668}{10} = 1,043 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,033 g/mL

h. Bobot jenis bahan uji fraksi III 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi III ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,910-10,392}{10} = 1,052 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,066-9,668}{10} = 1,040 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{21,336-10,392}{10} = 1,094 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,062 g/mL

Perhitungan viskositas bahan uji pada suhu 37°C

$$\eta \text{ mukus} = \frac{\rho \text{ larutan uji } 37^\circ\text{C} \times t \text{ larutan uji } 37^\circ\text{C}}{\rho \text{ air } 37^\circ\text{C} \times t \text{ air } 37^\circ\text{C}} \times \eta \text{ air } 37^\circ\text{C}$$

Diketahui :

$$\eta \text{ air pada suhu } 37^\circ\text{C} = 0,692 \text{ cps}$$

$$t \text{ air} = 8,78 \text{ dtk}$$

a.  $\eta$  kontrol negatif

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,049 \times 17,08}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,426 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,042 \times 24,51}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,992 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,052 \times 24,59}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 2,083 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 1,834 cps

b.  $\eta$  kontrol positif

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,042 \times 14,60}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,211 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,046 \times 14,04}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,145 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,037 \times 13,33}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,113 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 1,156 cps

c.  $\eta$  bahan uji fraksi I 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,000 \times 12,30}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 0,976 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,050 \times 14,51}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,208 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,037 \times 12,58}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,038 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 1,074 cps

d.  $\eta$  bahan uji fraksi I 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,046 \times 10,91}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 0,906 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,037 \times 12,91}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,062 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,052 \times 14,11}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,810 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 1,259 cps

e.  $\eta$  bahan uji fraksi II 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi II ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,043 \times 12,68}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,050 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,050 \times 11,51}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 0,958 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{0,999 \times 11,86}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 0,942 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 0,983 cps

f.  $\eta$  bahan uji fraksi II 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi II ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,094 \times 15,12}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,317 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,003 \times 10,75}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 0,841 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,090 \times 10,37}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 0,910 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 1,023 cps

g.  $\eta$  bahan uji fraksi III 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi III ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,004 \times 15,61}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,244 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,053 \times 14,77}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,233 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,043 \times 15,45}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,282 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 1,253 cps

h.  $\eta$  bahan uji fraksi III 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan fraksi III ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,052 \times 22,10}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,845 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,040 \times 15,26}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,258 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,094 \times 11,60}{0,993 \times 8,78} \times 0,692 = 1,009 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 1,371 cps

b. Perhitungan viskositas mukus setelah penambahan subfraksi ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.)

Tabel 9. Data waktu alir uji aktivitas mukolitik subfraksi heksan

NO.	Waktu alir (detik)								
	Air Suling	Kontrol Negatif	Kontrol Positif	FII a		FIIb		FII c	
				FII a 0,25%	FII a 1%	FIIb 0,25%	FIIb 1%	FIIc 0,25%	FIIc 1%
1	8,49	14,61	10,28	13,44	15,64	10,27	11,21	12,6	14,17
2	8,58	14,16	10,4	13,54	15,71	10,33	10,23	16,63	13,36
3	8,67	14,74	10,27	13,73	16,94	10,27	10,26	14,32	13,37
Rata-rata	8,58	14,5	10,32	13,57	16,1	10,29	10,57	14,52	13,63

Tabel 10. Data bobot bahan uji dengan piknometer

NO.	Bobot (gram)								
	Air Suling	Kontrol Negatif	Kontrol Positif	FII a		FIIb		FII c	
				FII a 0,25%	FII a 1%	FIIb 0,25%	FIIb 1%	FIIc 0,25%	FIIc 1%
1	19,613	21,395	19,792	21,344	19,724	20,108	20,871	21,321	20,108
2	19,621	19,761	21,385	19,745	21,362	19,758	19,758	21,319	19,758
3	19,729	21,39	19,842	21,375	19,781	20,109	20,109	21,317	20,109
Rata-rata	19,654	20,849	20,340	20,821	20,289	19,992	20,246	21,319	19,992

Tabel 11. Data bobot jenis bahan uji

NO.	Bobot jenis (gram)								
	Air Suling	Kontrol Negatif	Kontrol Positif	FII a		FIIb		FII c	
				FII a 0,25%	FII a 1%	FIIb 0,25%	FIIb 1%	FIIc 0,25%	FIIc 1%
1	1,025	1,069	1,043	1,061	0,974	1,074	1,016	1,063	1,036
2	1,026	1,04	1,068	0,961	0,989	0,905	1,039	1,038	1,065
3	1,036	1,068	1,048	0,961	0,974	1,074	0,940	1,067	1,042
Rata-rata	1,029	1,059	1,053	0,994	0,979	1,018	0,998	1,056	1,048

$$\text{Perhitungan berat jenis (BJ) air pada suhu } 37^{\circ}\text{C} = \frac{\text{Bobot air (g)} - \text{bobot piknometer kosong (g)}}{\text{Volume piknometer rata-rata (mL)}}$$

$$= \frac{19,654 \text{ g} - 9,366 \text{ g}}{10 \text{ mL}}$$

$$= \frac{10,288 \text{ g}}{10 \text{ mL}}$$

$$= 1,029 \text{ g/mL}$$

Berat jenis air pada suhu 37°C adalah 0,993 g/mL

Diketahui bobot piknometer kosong : I = 9,366 g

$$\text{II} = 10,710 \text{ g}$$

Volume piknometer kosong : 10 ml

Perhitungan bobot jenis bahan uji yang mengandung fraksi heksan

$$\text{Bobot jenis mukus (37°C)} = \frac{\text{Bobot mukus (g)} - \text{bobot piknometer kosong (g)}}{\text{Volume piknometer rata-rata (mL)}}$$

i. Bobot jenis kontrol negatif

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{21,395 - 10,710}{10} = 1,069 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,761 - 9,366}{10} = 1,040 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{21,390 - 10,710}{10} = 1,068 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,068 g/mL

j. Bobot jenis kontrol positif

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,792 - 9,366}{10} = 1,043 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{21,385 - 10,710}{10} = 1,068 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,842 - 9,366}{10} = 1,048 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,053 g/mL

k. Bobot jenis bahan uji subfraksi a 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi a ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{21,321 - 10,710}{10} = 1,061 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,319-10,710}{10} = 0,961 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,317-10,710}{10} = 0,961 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 0,994 g/mL

- l. Bobot jenis bahan uji subfraksi a 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi a ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,108-9,366}{10} = 0,974 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,258-9,366}{10} = 0,989 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,109-9,366}{10} = 0,974 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 0,979 g/mL

- m. Bobot jenis bahan uji subfraksi b 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi b ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,108-9,366}{10} = 1,074 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,758-10,710}{10} = 0,905 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,109-9,366}{10} = 1,074 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,018 g/mL

- n. Bobot jenis bahan uji subfraksi b 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi II ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,871-10,710}{10} = 1,016 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,758-9,366}{10} = 1,039 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{20,109-10,710}{10} = 0,940 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 0,998 g/mL

- o. Bobot jenis bahan uji subfraksi c 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{121,344 - 10,710}{10} = 1,063 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,745 - 9,366}{10} = 1,038 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{21,375 - 9,668}{10} = 1,067 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,056 g/mL

p. Bobot jenis bahan uji subfraksi c 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi c ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,724 - 9,366}{10} = 1,036 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{21,362 - 10,710}{10} = 1,065 \text{ g/mL}$$

$$\text{Bobot jenis} = \frac{19,781 - 9,366}{10} = 1,042 \text{ g/mL}$$

Bobot jenis rata-rata = 1,048 g/mL

Perhitungan viskositas bahan uji pada suhu 37°C

$$\eta \text{ mukus} = \frac{\rho \text{ larutan uji } 37^\circ\text{C} \times t \text{ larutan uji } 37^\circ\text{C}}{\rho \text{ air } 37^\circ\text{C} \times t \text{ air } 37^\circ\text{C}} \times \eta \text{ air } 37^\circ\text{C}$$

Diketahui :

$$\eta \text{ air pada suhu } 37^\circ\text{C} = 0,692 \text{ cps}$$

$$t \text{ air} = 8,58 \text{ dtk}$$

i.  $\eta$  kontrol negatif

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,069 \times 14,61}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,193 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,040 \times 14,16}{1,028 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,154 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,068 \times 14,74}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,204 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 1,184 cps

j.  $\eta$  kontrol positif

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,043 \times 10,28}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 0,819 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,068 \times 10,40}{1,028 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 0,870 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,048 \times 10,27}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,592 = 0,823 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji rata-rata} = 0,838 \text{ cps}$$

k.  $\eta$  bahan uji subfraksi a 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1061 \times 13,44}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,090 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{0961 \times 13,54}{1,028 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,020 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{0,961 \times 13,73}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,009 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji rata-rata} = 1,040 \text{ cps}$$

l.  $\eta$  bahan uji subfraksi a 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{0974 \times 15,64}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,592 = 1,165 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{0989 \times 15,71}{1,028 \times 8,58} \times 0,592 = 1,218 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{0,974 \times 16,94}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,592 = 1,262 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji rata-rata} = 1,215 \text{ cps}$$

m.  $\eta$  bahan uji subfraksi b 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi b ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1074 \times 10,27}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 0,843 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{0,905 \times 10,33}{1,028 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 0,733 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,074 \times 10,27}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,592 = 0,844 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji rata-rata} = 0,807 \text{ cps}$$

n.  $\eta$  bahan uji subfraksi b 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi b ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,016 \times 11,21}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 0,871 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1039 \times 10,23}{1,028 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 0,833 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{0,940 \times 10,26}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 0,737 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 0,814 cps

o.  $\eta$  bahan uji subfraksi c 0,25% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi c ekstrak heksan 0,25%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,063 \times 12,60}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,024 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,038 \times 16,63}{1,028 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,353 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,067 \times 14,32}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,168 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  larutan uji rata-rata = 1,182 cps

p.  $\eta$  bahan uji subfraksi c 1% (mukus-dapar fosfat 20% dan subfraksi c ekstrak heksan 1%)

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,036 \times 14,17}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,122 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,065 \times 13,36}{1,028 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,116 \text{ cps}$$

$$\eta \text{ bahan uji} = \frac{1,042 \times 13,37}{1,054 \times 8,58} \times 0,692 = 1,065 \text{ cps}$$

$\eta$  bahan uji rata-rata = 1,101 cps

## Lampiran V

### Pengujian Normalitas dan Homogenitas

- a. Pengujian normalitas dan homogenitas data viskositas fraksi ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.)

#### Case Processing Summary

Variasi konsentrasi F.Heksan		Cases					
		Valid		Missing		Total	
		N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
Viskositas	Kontrol Negatif	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	Kontrol Positif	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	Asetilsistein	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FI 0,25%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FI 1%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FII 0,25%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FII 1%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FIII 0,25%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FIII 1%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%

#### Tests of Normality

Variasi konsentrasi F.Heksan		Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	Df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Viskositas	Kontrol Negatif	.338	3	.	.852	3	.245
	Kontrol Positif	.256	3	.	.961	3	.622
	Asetilsistein	.250	3	.	.967	3	.650
	FI 0,25%	.182	3	.	.999	3	.938
	FII 0,25%	.350	3	.	.830	3	.188
	FII 1%	.336	3	.	.856	3	.257
	FIII 0,25%	.211	3	.	.991	3	.817
	FIII 1%	.288	3	.	.929	3	.485

- a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

## Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Viskositas F.Heksan

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
4.735	7	16	.005

- b. Pengujian normalitas dan homogenitas data viskositas subfraksi ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.)

### Case Processing Summary

Variasi konsentrasi FII b		Cases					
		Valid		Missing		Total	
		N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
Viskositas	Kontrol Negatif	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	Kontrol Positif	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	Asetilsistein	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FII a 0,25%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FII a 1%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FII b 0,25%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FII b 1%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FII c 0,25%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%
	FII c 1%	3	100.0%	0	0.0%	3	100.0%

### Tests of Normality

Variasi konsentrasi FII b		Kolmogorov-Smirnov <sup>a</sup>			Shapiro-Wilk		
		Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Viskositas	Kontrol Negatif	.305	3	.	.905	3	.403
	Kontrol Positif	.360	3	.	.808	3	.135
	Asetilsistein	.339	3	.	.850	3	.240
	FII a 0,25%	.191	3	.	.997	3	.898
	FII b 0,25%	.382	3	.	.757	3	.015
	FII b 1%	.277	3	.	.941	3	.532
	FII c 0,25%	.200	3	.	.995	3	.863
	FII c 1%	.351	3	.	.828	3	.183

- a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

### Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Viskositas FII b

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
2.259	7	16	.084

## LAMPIRAN VI

### Analisis Statistik

- a. Hasil analisis statistik non-parametrik (Wilcoxon) viskositas mukus setelah perlakuan dengan hasil fraksinasi ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.)

#### Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test

##### Ranks

		N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks
Viskositas – variasi konsentrasi F.Heksan	Negative Ranks	21 <sup>a</sup>	13.71	288.00
	Positive Ranks	3 <sup>b</sup>	4.00	12.00
	Ties	0 <sup>c</sup>		
	Total	24		

a. Viskositas < Sampel

b. Viskositas > Sampel

c. Viskositas = Sampel

**Test Statistics<sup>a</sup>**

	Viskositas – variasi konsentrasi F.Heksan
Z	-3.943 <sup>b</sup>
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000

a. Wilcoxon Signed Ranks Test

b. Based on positive ranks.

- b. Hasil analisis statistik dengan one way anova terhadap data viskositas mukus setelah perlakuan dengan hasil fraksinasi fraksi II ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.)

### Descriptives

	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
Kontrol Negatif	3	1.18367	.026274	.015169	1.11840	1.24894	1.154	1.204
Kontrol Positif Asetilsistein	3	.83733	.028361	.016374	.76688	.90779	.819	.870
FII a 0,25%	3	1.03967	.043936	.025366	.93052	1.14881	1.009	1.090
FII a 1%	3	1.21500	.048570	.028042	1.09435	1.33565	1.165	1.262
FII b 0,25%	3	.80667	.063799	.036834	.64818	.96515	.733	.844
FII b 1%	3	.81367	.069060	.039872	.64211	.98522	.737	.871
FII c 0,25%	3	1.18167	.164925	.095220	.77197	1.59136	1.024	1.353
FII c 1%	3	1.10100	.031321	.018083	1.02319	1.17881	1.065	1.122
Total	24	1.02233	.179797	.036701	.94641	1.09826	.733	1.353
Model								
Fixed Effects			.073148	.014931	.99068	1.05399		
Random Effects				.062579	.87436	1.17031		

### ANOVA

Viskositas FII b

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.658	7	.094	17.566	.000
Within Groups	.086	16	.005		
Total	.744	23			

Nilai sig.  $< \alpha = 0,01$  maka variasi konsentrasi subfraksi ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.) berpengaruh secara signifikan terhadap viskositas mukus

### Post Hoc Tests Multiple Comparisons

Dependent Variable: Viskositas  
LSD

(I) Variasi konsentrasi Subfraksi Heksan	(J) Variasi konsentrasi Subfraksi Heksan	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Kontrol Negatif	Kontrol Positif Asetilsistein	.346333 <sup>*</sup>	.059725	.000	.21972	.47294
	FII a 0,25%	.144000 <sup>*</sup>	.059725	.028	.01739	.27061
	FII a 1%	-.031333	.059725	.607	-.15794	.09528
	FII b 0,25%	.377000 <sup>*</sup>	.059725	.000	.25039	.50361
	FII b 1%	.370000 <sup>*</sup>	.059725	.000	.24339	.49661
	FII c 0,25%	.002000	.059725	.974	-.12461	.12861
	FII c 1%	.082667	.059725	.185	-.04394	.20928

(I) Variasi konsentrasi Subfraksi Heksan	(J) Variasi konsentrasi Subfraksi Heksan	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Kontrol Positif Asetilsistein	Kontrol Negatif	-.346333*	.059725	.000	-.47294	-.21972
	FII a 0,25%	-.202333*	.059725	.004	-.32894	-.07572
	FII a 1%	-.377667*	.059725	.000	-.50428	-.25106
	FII b 0,25%	.030667	.059725	.615	-.09594	.15728
	FII b 1%	.023667	.059725	.697	-.10294	.15028
	FII c 0,25%	-.344333*	.059725	.000	-.47094	-.21772
	FII c 1%	-.263667*	.059725	.000	-.39028	-.13706
FII a 0,25%	Kontrol Negatif	-.144000*	.059725	.028	-.27061	-.01739
	Kontrol Positif Asetilsistein	.202333*	.059725	.004	.07572	.32894
	FII a 1%	-.175333*	.059725	.010	-.30194	-.04872
	FII b 0,25%	.233000*	.059725	.001	.10639	.35961
	FII b 1%	.226000*	.059725	.002	.09939	.35261
	FII c 0,25%	-.142000*	.059725	.030	-.26861	-.01539
	FII c 1%	-.061333	.059725	.320	-.18794	.06528
FII a 1%	Kontrol Negatif	.031333	.059725	.607	-.09528	.15794
	Kontrol Positif Asetilsistein	.377667*	.059725	.000	.25106	.50428
	FII a 0,25%	.175333*	.059725	.010	.04872	.30194
	FII b 0,25%	.408333*	.059725	.000	.28172	.53494
	FII b 1%	.401333*	.059725	.000	.27472	.52794
	FII c 0,25%	.033333	.059725	.584	-.09328	.15994
	FII c 1%	.114000	.059725	.074	-.01261	.24061

(I) Variasi konsentrasi Subfraksi Heksan	(J) Variasi konsentrasi Subfraksi Heksan	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
FII b 0,25%	Kontrol Negatif	-.377000*	.059725	.000	-.50361	-.25039
	Kontrol Positif Asetilsistein	-.030667	.059725	.615	-.15728	.09594
	FII a 0,25%	-.233000*	.059725	.001	-.35961	-.10639
	FII a 1%	-.408333*	.059725	.000	-.53494	-.28172
	FII b 1%	-.007000	.059725	.908	-.13361	.11961
	FII c 0,25%	-.375000*	.059725	.000	-.50161	-.24839
	FII c 1%	-.294333*	.059725	.000	-.42094	-.16772
FII b 1%	Kontrol Negatif	-.370000*	.059725	.000	-.49661	-.24339
	Kontrol Positif Asetilsistein	-.023667	.059725	.697	-.15028	.10294
	FII a 0,25%	-.226000*	.059725	.002	-.35261	-.09939
	FII a 1%	-.401333*	.059725	.000	-.52794	-.27472
	FII b 0,25%	.007000	.059725	.908	-.11961	.13361
	FII c 0,25%	-.368000*	.059725	.000	-.49461	-.24139
	FII c 1%	-.287333*	.059725	.000	-.41394	-.16072
FII c 0,25%	Kontrol Negatif	-.002000	.059725	.974	-.12861	.12461
	Kontrol Positif Asetilsistein	.344333*	.059725	.000	.21772	.47094
	FII a 0,25%	.142000*	.059725	.030	.01539	.26861
	FII a 1%	-.033333	.059725	.584	-.15994	.09328
	FII b 0,25%	.375000*	.059725	.000	.24839	.50161
	FII b 1%	.368000*	.059725	.000	.24139	.49461
	FII c 1%	.080667	.059725	.196	-.04594	.20728

(I) Variasi konsentrasi Subfraksi Heksan	(J) Variasi konsentrasi Subfraksi Heksan	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
FII c 1%	Kontrol Negatif	-.082667	.059725	.185	-.20928	.04394
	Kontrol Positif Asetilsistein	.263667*	.059725	.000	.13706	.39028
	FII a 0,25%	.061333	.059725	.320	-.06528	.18794
	FII a 1%	-.114000	.059725	.074	-.24061	.01261
	FII b 0,25%	.294333*	.059725	.000	.16772	.42094
	FII b 1%	.287333*	.059725	.000	.16072	.41394
	FII c 0,25%	-.080667	.059725	.196	-.20728	.04594

\*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

a) Perbedaan mean yang signifikan :

1. Kontrol (-) dengan kontrol (+) Asetilsistein
2. Kontrol (-) dengan FII a 0,25%
3. Kontrol (-) dengan FII b 0,25%
4. Kontrol (-) dengan FII b 1%
5. Kontrol (+) Asetilsistein dengan FII a 0,25%
6. Kontrol (+) Asetilsistein dengan FII a 1%
7. Kontrol (+) Asetilsistein dengan FII c 0,25%

8. Kontrol (+) Asetilsistein dengan FII c 1%

9. FII a 0,25% dengan FII a 1%

10. FII a 0,25% dengan FII b 0,25%

11. FII a 0,25% dengan FII b 1%

12. FII a 0,25% dengan FII c 0,25%

13. FII a 1% dengan FII b 0,25%

14. FII a 1% dengan FII b 1%

15. FII b 0,25% dengan FII c 0,25%

16. FII b 0,25% dengan FII c 1%

17. FII b 1% dengan FII c 0,25%

18. FII b 1% dengan FII c 1%

b) Perbedaan mean yang tidak signifikan :

1. Kontrol (-) dengan FII a 1%

2. Kontrol (-) dengan FII c 0,25%

3. Kontrol (-) dengan FII c 1%

4. Kontrol (+) Asetilsistein dengan FII b 0,25%

5. Kontrol (+) Asetilsistein dengan FII b 1%

6. FII a 0,25% dengan FII c 1%

7. FII a 1% dengan FII c 0,25%

8. FII a 1% dengan FII c 1%

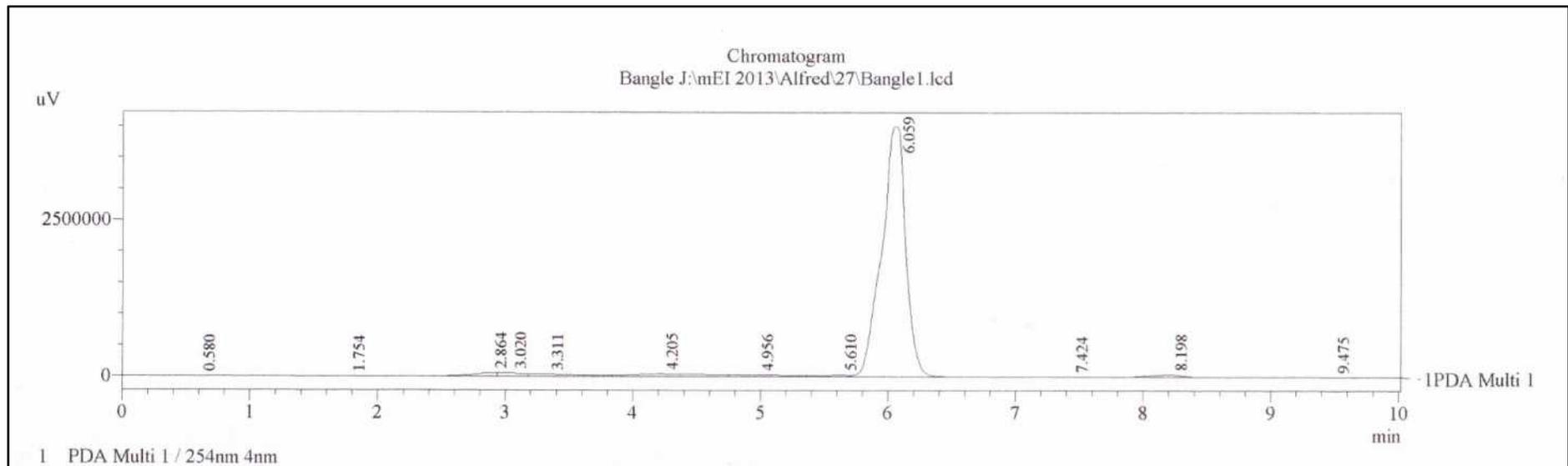
9. FII b 0,25% dengan FII b 1%

10. FII c 0,25% dengan FII c 1%

## Lampiran VII

### Profil Kromatogram UFLC

- a. Profil kromatogram UFLC subfraksi FII b ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.) pada panjang gelombang 254 nm.

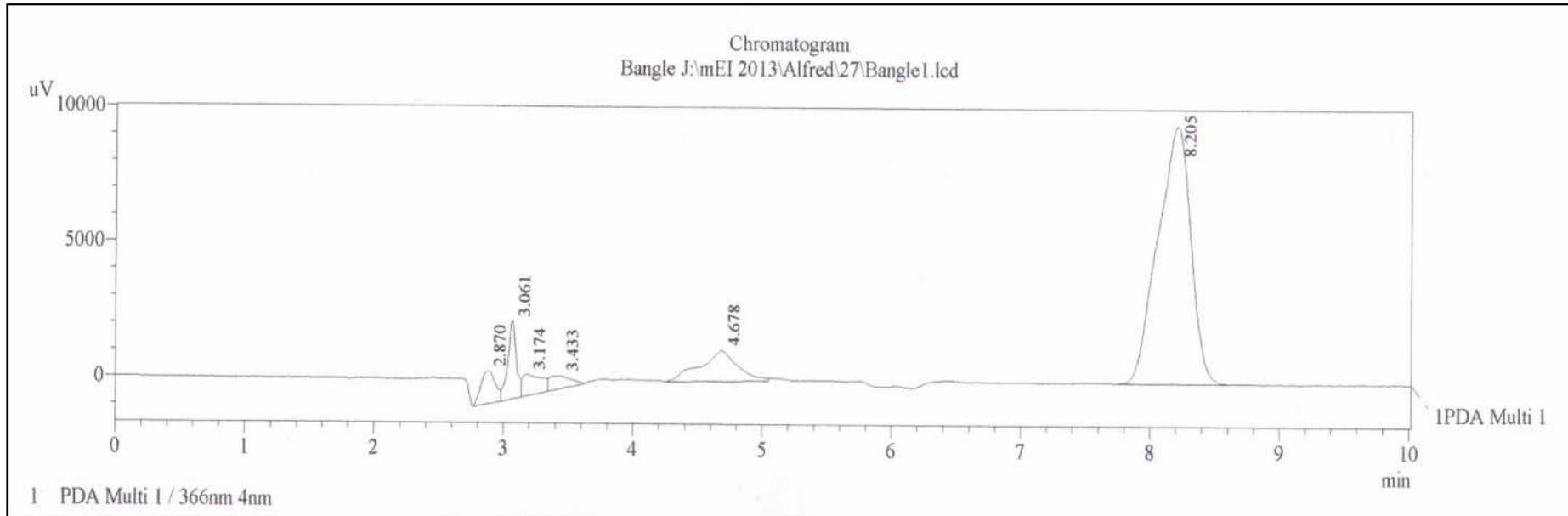


Gambar 5. Profil kromatogram UFLC subfraksi FII b pada panjang gelombang 254 nm.

Informasi sampel :

Fase diam : Oktadesil silica (ODS)  
Fase gerak : Asetonitril:Air (70:30)  
Suhu kolom : 40°C  
Volume injeksi : 10 µl  
Laju : 0,5 ml/ menit  
Kolom : Shim-Pack Vp-Ods

b. Profil kromatogram UFLC subfraksi FII b ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.) pada panjang gelombang 366 nm.



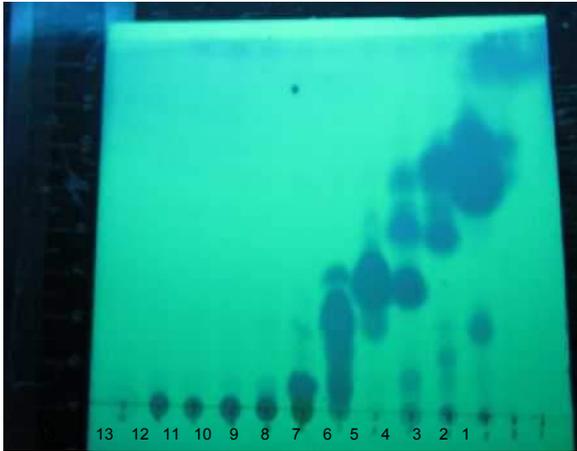
Gambar 6. Profil kromatogram UFLC subfraksi FII b pada panjang gelombang 366 nm.

Informasi sampel :

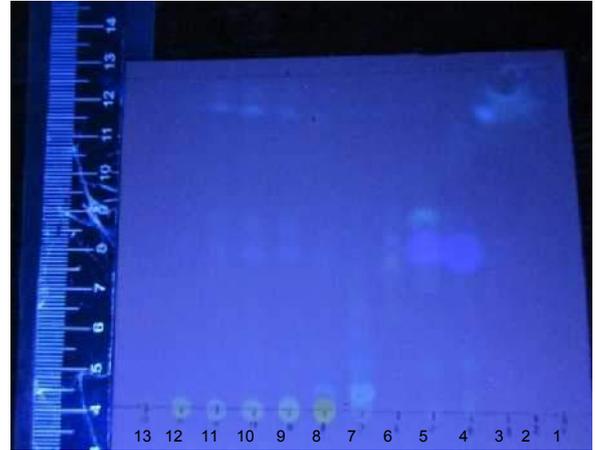
Fase diam : Oktadesil silica (ODS)  
Fase gerak : Asetonitril:Air (70:30)  
Suhu kolom : 40°C  
Volume injeksi : 10 µl  
Laju : 0,5 ml/ menit  
Kolom : Shim-Pack Vp-Ods

## LAMPIRAN VIII

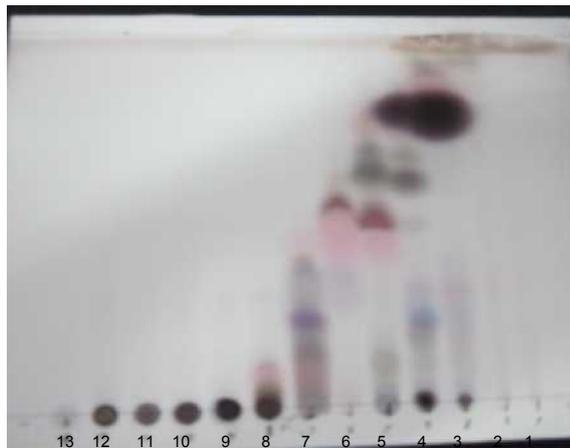
- a. Profil Kromatografi Lapis Tipis fraksi ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.)



{a}



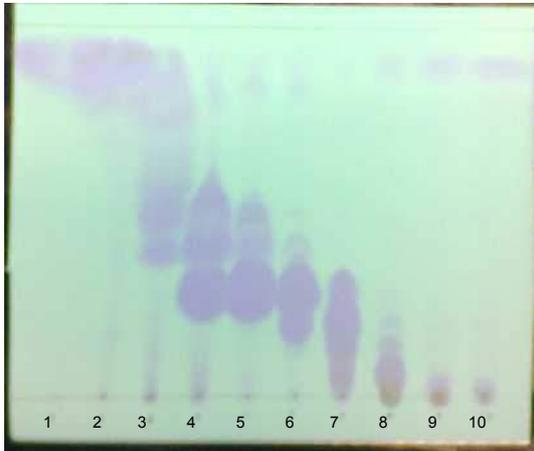
{b}



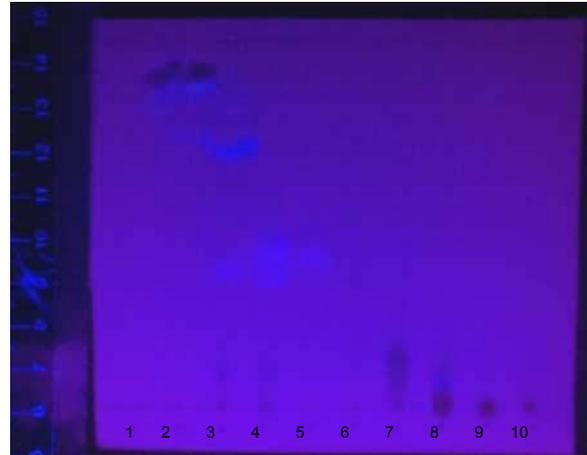
{c}

Gambar 7. Profil kromatogram lapis tipis fraksi ekstrak heksan bangle. Keterangan : a=UV 254 nm, b=UV 366nm, c=H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, Fase gerak hexan-etil asetat (5:1) dan fase diam lempeng KLT GF<sub>254</sub>.

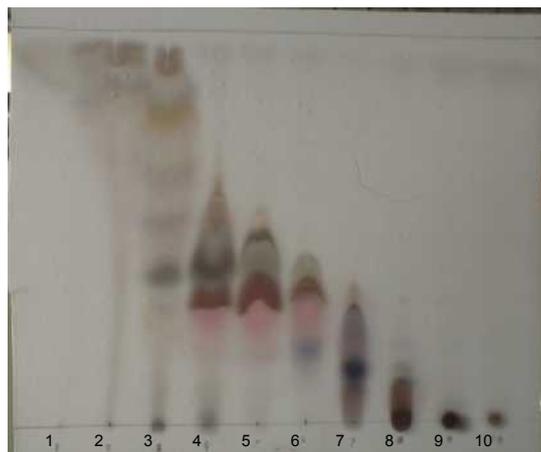
b. Profil Kromatografi Lapis Tipis subfraksi ekstrak heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.)



{a}

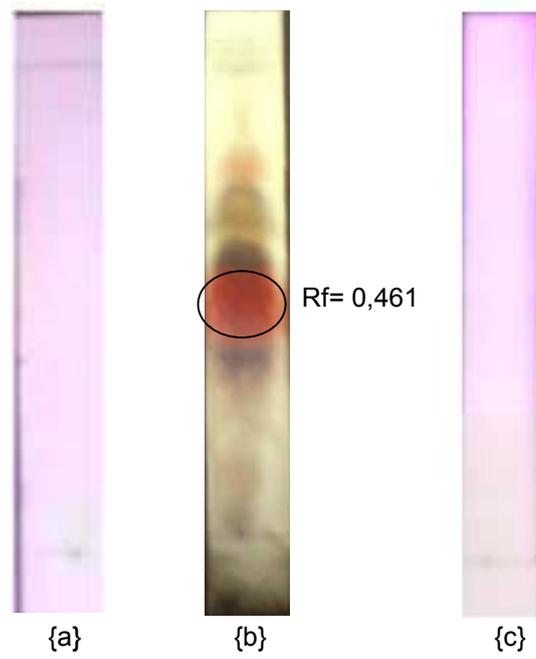


{b}



{c}

Gambar 8. Profil kromatogram lapis tipis subfraksi ekstrak heksan bangle. Keterangan : a=UV 254 nm, b=UV 366nm, c=H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, Fase gerak hexan-etil asetat (5:1) dan fase diam lempeng KLT GF<sub>254</sub>.



Gambar 9. Profil kromatogram lapis tipis subfraksi FII b. Keterangan : a = Penampak bercak  $\text{AlCl}_3$ , b = Penampak bercak Liebermann-Burchard, c = Penampak bercak Sitroborat.

## LAMPIRAN IX

### Foto Pengujian Mukolitik



{a}



{b}

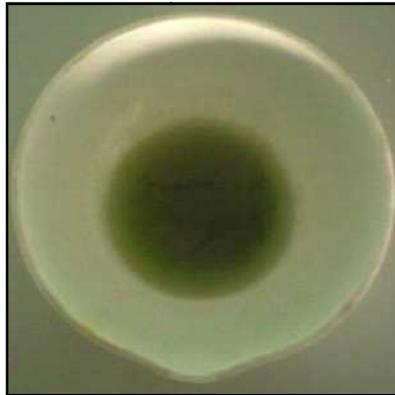


{c}

Gambar 10. Foto pengujian mukolitik. Keterangan : a= Usus sapi, b= penimbangan bobot jenis bahan uji, c= pengukuran waktu alir bahan uji dengan viskometer Ostwald.

## LAMPIRAN X

### Ekstrak Fraksi Heksan



{a}



{b}



{c}

Gambar 11. Ekstrak fraksi heksan rimpang bangle (*Zingiber cassumunar* Roxb.).  
Keterangan : a= ekstrak fraksi I, b= ekstrak fraksi II, c= ekstrak fraksi III.

## LAMPIRAN XI

### Gambar Sampel



{a}



{b}



{c}

Gambar 12. Gambar sampel. Keterangan : a=Tanaman Bangle, b=rimpang bangle, c=simplisia rimpang bangle