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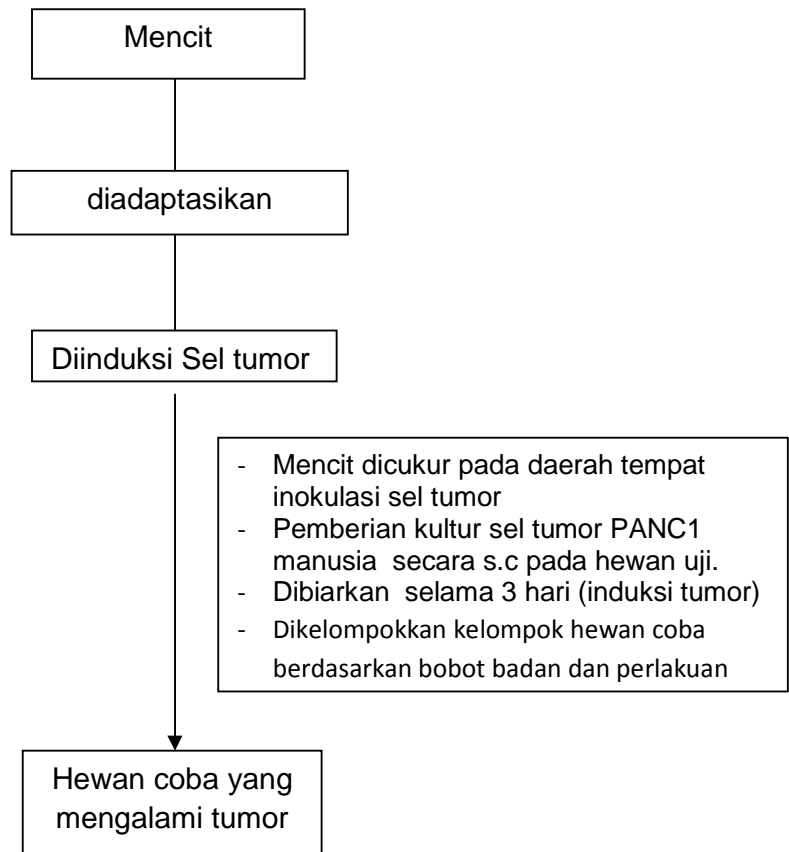
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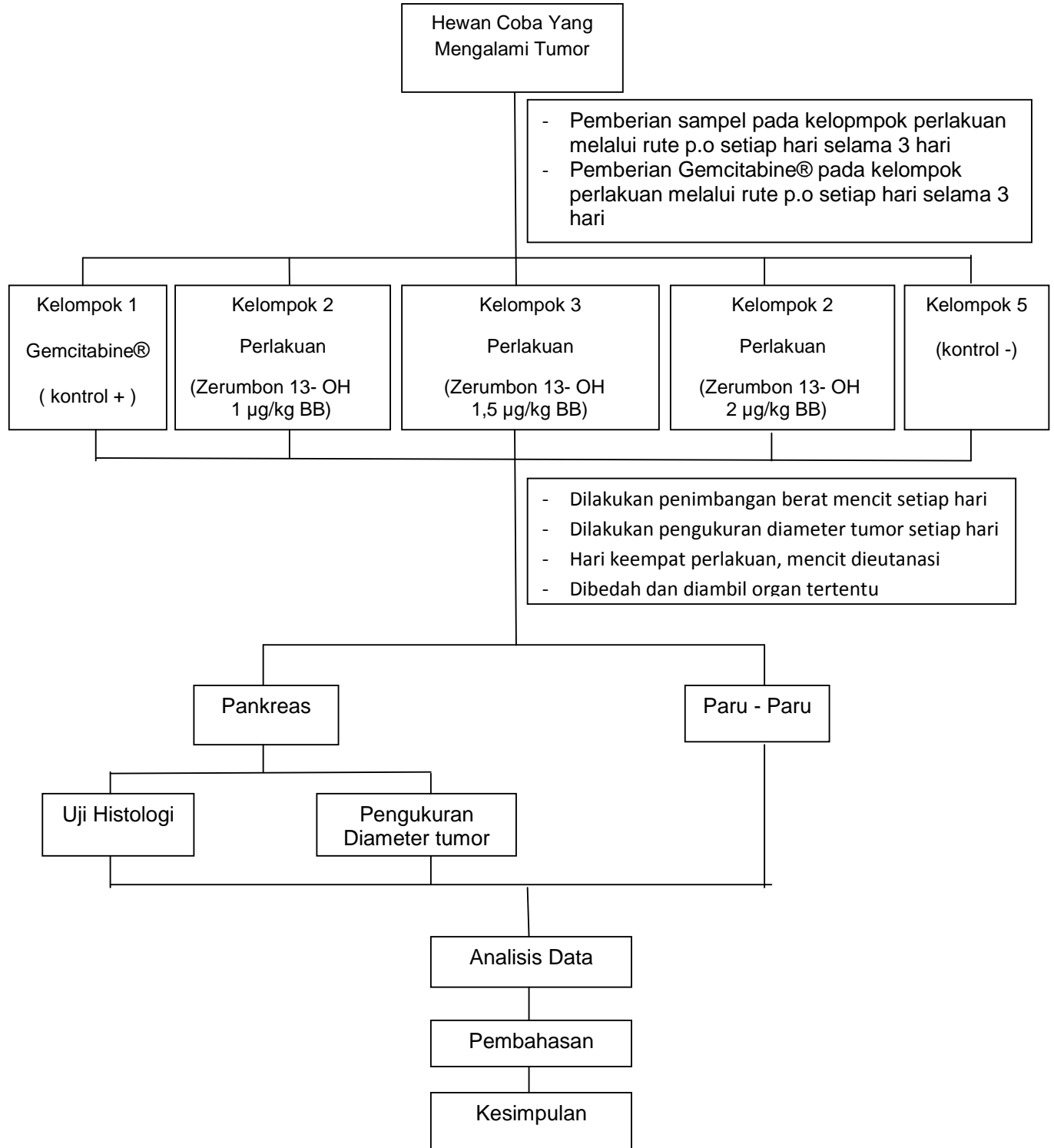
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LAMPIRAN I
SKEMA KERJA

Skema Inokulasi Sel kanker PANC1



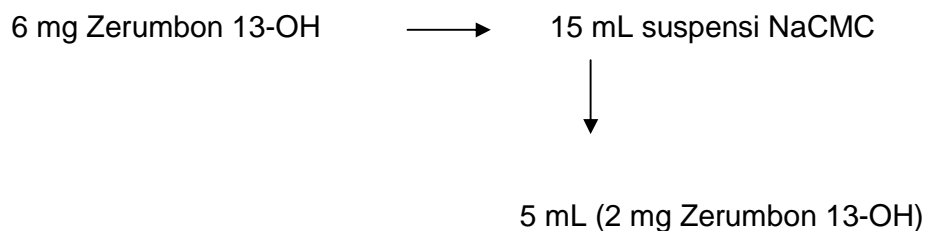
Skema Uji Efektifitas Derivat Zerumbon



LAMPIRAN II

PERHITUNGAN DOSIS

a. Perhitungan Pengenceran sampel



Pembuatan larutan stok Zerumbon 13-OH

5 mL (2 mg Zerumbon 13-OH) \longrightarrow 100 mL NaCMC (0,02 mg/mL)

b. Perhitungan Pengenceran Gemcitabine®

Dosis Gecitabin 40 mg/kg BB mencit

c. Perhitungan dosis sampel

konversi dosis berdasarkan BB = Dosis (mg) x berat mencit (mg)

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{\text{Mr senyawa} \times \text{konversi dosis (mg)}}{\text{konsentrasi senyawa} \left(\frac{\text{mg}}{\text{mL}}\right)}$$

$$\text{Mr Derivat Zerumbon 13-OH} = 221$$

$$\text{Konsentrasi senyawa} = 0,02 \text{ mg/mL}$$

- Kelompok perlakuan 1 (1 μg /kg BB)

1. BB mencit 27 g

$$\text{Konversi dosis} = 10^{-3} \text{ mg} \times 27/1000 \text{ mg} = 2,7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg}$$

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{221 \times 0,000027 \text{ mg}}{0,02 \text{ mg/mL}} = 0,30 \text{ mL}$$

2. BB mencit 32 g

$$\text{Konversi dosis} = 10^{-3} \text{ mg} \times 32/1000 \text{ mg} = 3,2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg}$$

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{221 \times 0,000032 \text{ mg}}{0,02 \text{ mg/mL}} = 0,35 \text{ mL}$$

3. BB mencit 34 g

$$\text{Konversi dosis} = 10^{-3} \text{ mg} \times 34/1000 \text{ mg} = 3,4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg}$$

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{221 \times 0,000034 \text{ mg}}{0,02 \text{ mg/mL}} = 0,37 \text{ mL}$$

- Kelompok perlakuan 2 (1,5 $\mu\text{g/kg}$ BB)

1. BB mencit 24 g

$$\text{Konversi dosis} = 1,5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mg} \times 24/1000 \text{ mg} = 3,6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg}$$

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{221 \times 0,000036 \text{ mg}}{0,02 \text{ mg/mL}} = 0,40 \text{ mL}$$

2. BB mencit 26 g

$$\text{Konversi dosis} = 1,5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mg} \times 26/1000 \text{ mg} = 3,9 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg}$$

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{221 \times 0,000039 \text{ mg}}{0,02 \text{ mg/mL}} = 0,43 \text{ mL}$$

3. BB mencit 28 g

$$\text{Konversi dosis} = 1,5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mg} \times 28/1000 \text{ mg} = 4,2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg}$$

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{221 \times 0,000042 \text{ mg}}{0,02 \text{ mg/mL}} = 0,46 \text{ mL}$$

- Kelompok perlakuan 3 (2 µg/kg BB)

1. BB mencit 33 g

$$\text{Konversi dosis} = 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mg} \times 33/1000 \text{ mg} = 6,6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg}$$

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{221 \times 0,000066 \text{ mg}}{0,02 \text{ mg/mL}} = 0,72 \text{ mL}$$

2. BB mencit 30 g

$$\text{Konversi dosis} = 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mg} \times 30/1000 \text{ mg} = 6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg}$$

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{221 \times 0,00006 \text{ mg}}{0,02 \text{ mg/mL}} = 0,67 \text{ mL}$$

3. BB mencit 30 g

$$\text{Konversi dosis} = 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ mg} \times 30/1000 \text{ mg} = 6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mg}$$

$$\text{Volume Pemberian} = \frac{221 \times 0,00006 \text{ mg}}{0,02 \text{ mg/mL}} = 0,67 \text{ mL}$$

LAMPIRAN III
PERHITUNGAN STATISTIK

Descriptives

Perlakuan	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval for Mean		Minimum	Maximum
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound		
					Zerumbone 13 –OH 1	3		
Zerumbone 13 –OH 1,5	3	0,2100	0,02646	0,01528	0,1443	0,2757	0,18	0,23
Zerumbone 13 –OH 2	3	0,2933	0,03786	0,02186	0,1993	0,3874	0,25	0,32
Kontrol+	3	0,2200	0,02000	0,01155	0,1703	0,2697	0,20	0,24
Kontrol-	3	-0,0333	0,01155	0,00667	-0,0620	-0,0046	-0,04	-0,02
Total	15	0,1753	0,11667	0,03012	0,1107	0,2399	-0,04	0,32

ANOVA

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	0,182	4	0,046	55,602	0,000
Within Groups	0,008	10	0,001		
Total	0,191	14			

Multiple Comparisons

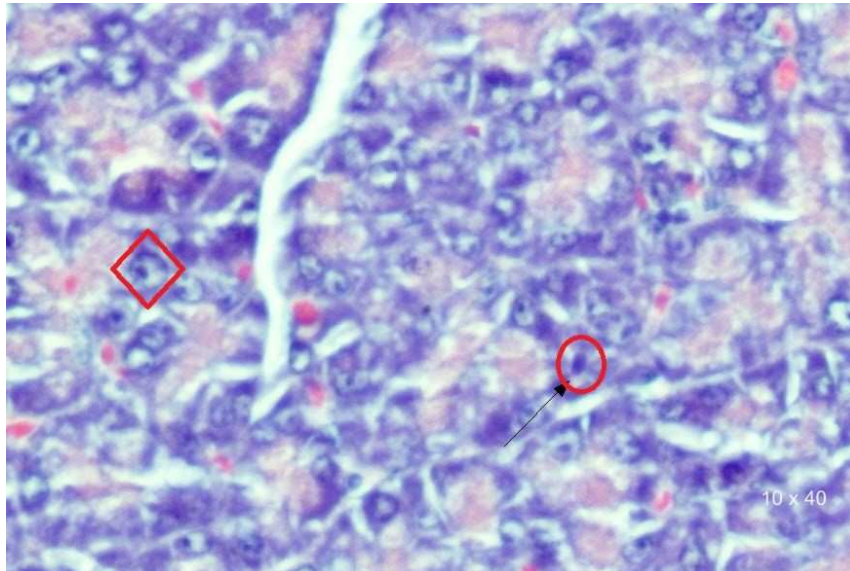
	(I) Perlakuan	(J) Perlakuan	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval	
						Lower Bound	Upper Bound
LSD	Zerumbone 13 – OH 1	Zerumbone 13 –OH 1,5	-0,02333	0,02338	0,342	-0,0754	0,0288
		Zerumbone 13 –OH 2	-0,10667	0,02338	0,001	-0,1588	-0,0546
		Kontrol+	-0,03333	0,02338	0,184	-0,0854	0,0188
		Kontrol-	0,22000	0,02338	0,000	0,1679	0,2721
Zerumbone13 –OH 1,5	Zerumbone13 –OH 1	Zerumbone13 –OH 2	0,02333	0,02338	0,342	-0,0288	0,0754
		Kontrol+	-0,08333	0,02338	0,005	-0,1354	-0,0312
		Kontrol-	-0,01000	0,02338	0,678	-0,0621	0,0421
		Kontrol-	0,24333	0,02338	0,000	0,1912	0,2954
Zerumbone13 –OH 2	Zerumbone13 –OH 1	Zerumbone13 –OH 1,5	0,10667	0,02338	0,001	0,0546	0,1588
		Kontrol+	0,08333	0,02338	0,005	0,0312	0,1354
		Kontrol-	0,07333	0,02338	0,011	0,0212	0,1254
		Kontrol-	0,32667	0,02338	0,000	0,2746	0,3788
Kontrol+	Zerumbone13 –OH e1	Zerumbone13 –OH 1,5	0,03333	0,02338	0,184	-0,0188	0,0854
		Zerumbone13 –OH 2	0,01000	0,02338	0,678	-0,0421	0,0621
		Kontrol-	-0,07333	0,02338	0,011	-0,1254	-0,0212
		Kontrol-	0,25333	0,02338	0,000	0,2012	0,3054
Kontrol-	Zerumbone13 –OH 1	Zerumbone13 –OH 1,5	-0,22000	0,02338	0,000	-0,2721	-0,1679
		Zerumbone13 –OH 2	-0,24333	0,02338	0,000	-0,2954	-0,1912
		Kontrol+	-0,32667	0,02338	0,000	-0,3788	-0,2746
		Kontrol+	-0,25333	0,02338	0,000	-0,3054	-0,2012

* signifikan pada taraf 0,05

Hasil

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05		
		1	2	3
Duncan ^a Kontrol-	3	-0,0333		
Zerumbone 13 –OH 1	3		0,1867	
Zerumbone 13 –OH 1,5	3		0,2100	
Kontrol+	3		0,2200	
Zerumbone 13 –OH 2	3			0,2933
Sig.		1.000	0,203	1.000

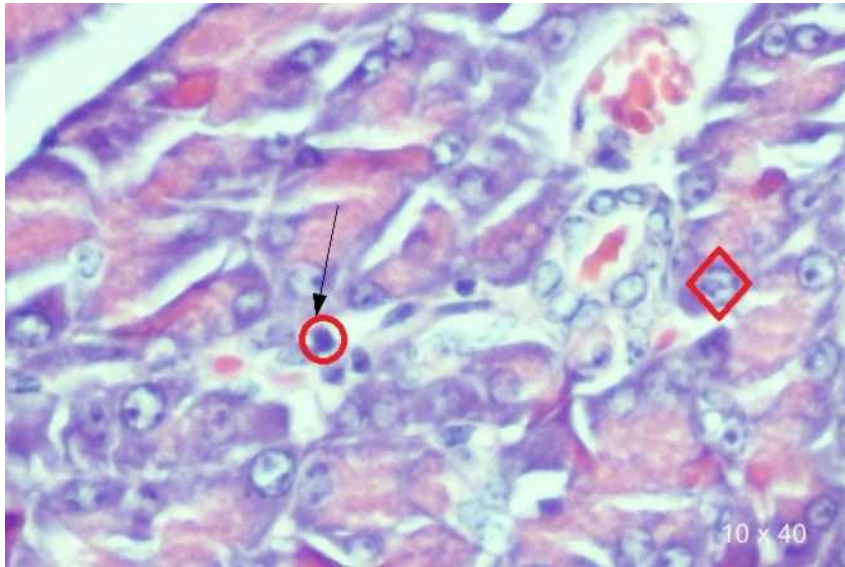
LAMPIRAN IV
HASIL HISTOLOGI



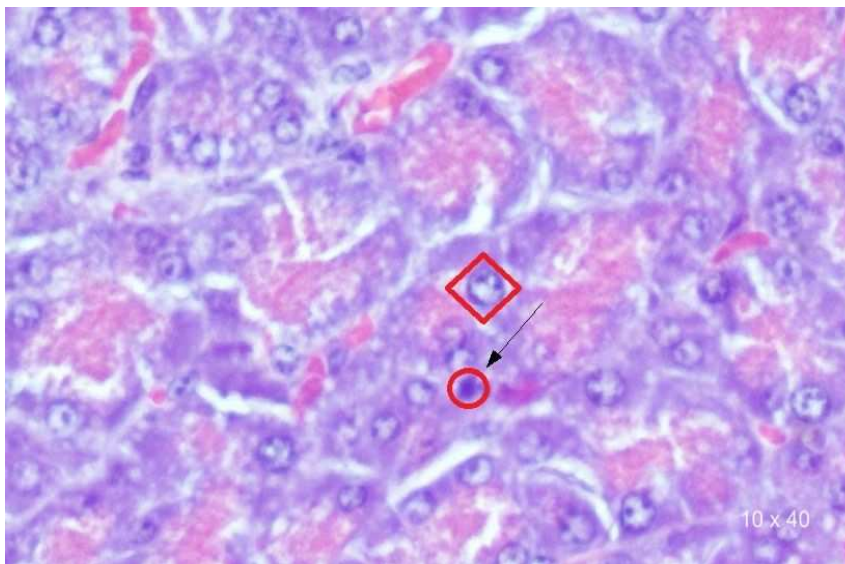
Gambar 10. Foto Histologi Pankreas (Zerumbon 13-OH 1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ BB)



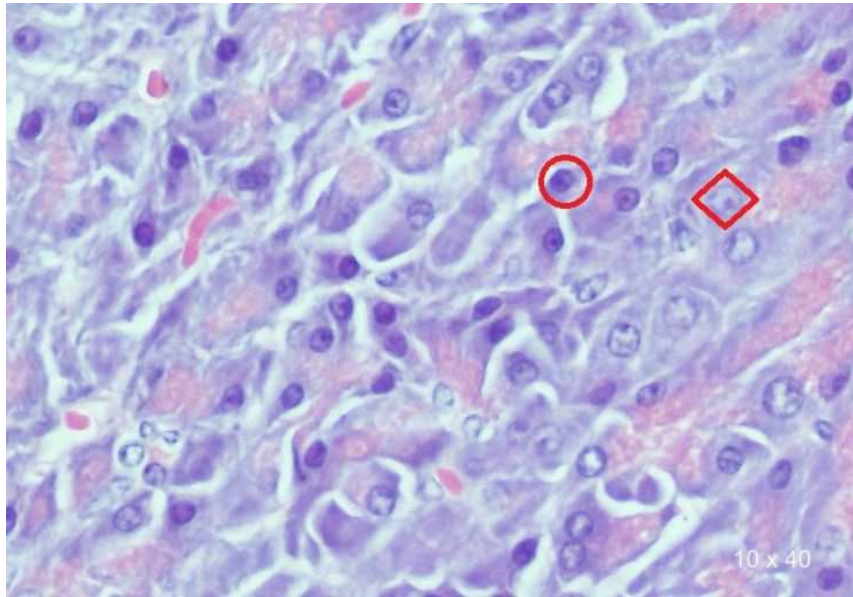
Gambar 11. Foto Histologi Pankreas (Zerumbon 13-OH 1,5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ BB)



Gambar 12. Foto Histologi Pankreas (Zerumbon 13-OH 2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ BB)



Gambar 13. Foto Histologi Pankreas (Gemcitabine®)



Gambar 14. Foto Histologi Pankreas (Kontrol Negatif)

Keterangan gambar :

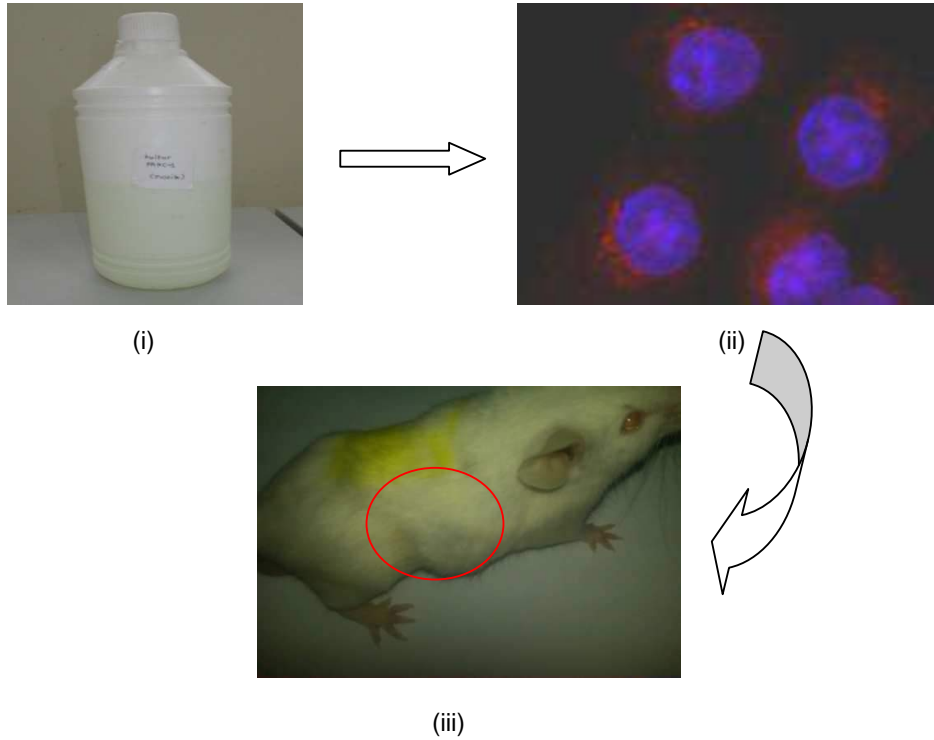


: Sel Normal

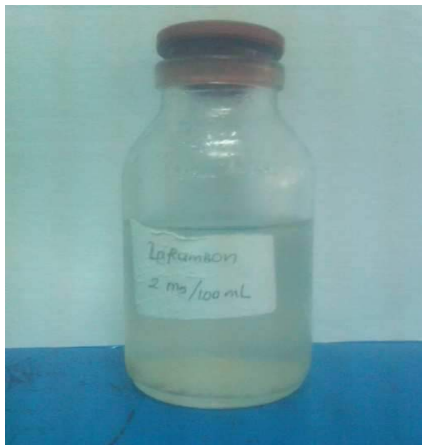


: Sel Nekrotik

LAMPIRAN V
FOTO PENELITIAN



Gambar 15. (i) Kultur sel PANC1, (ii) Sel PANC1
(iii) Hewan coba yang telah mengalami tumor.



Gambar 16. Zerumbon 13-OH

