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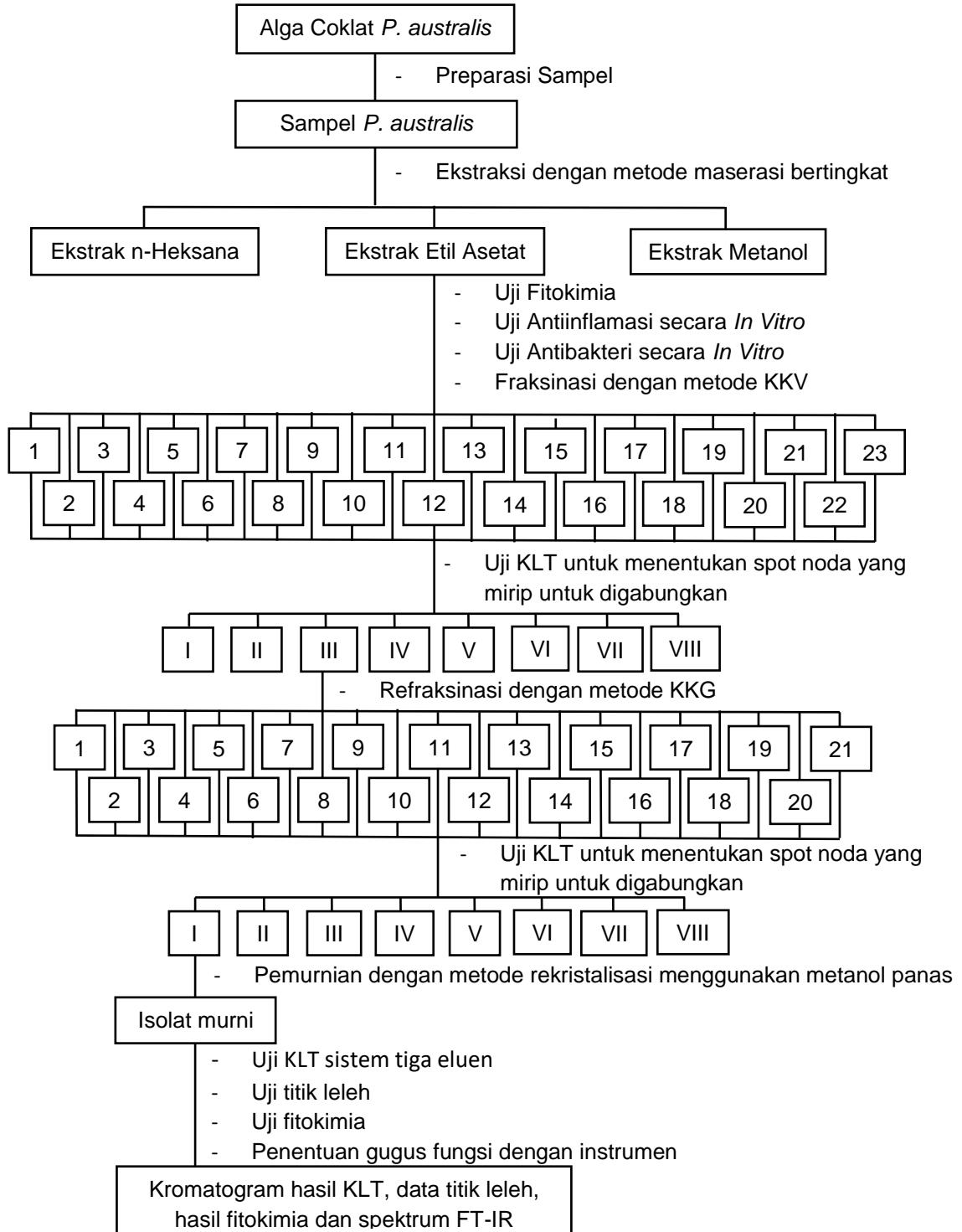
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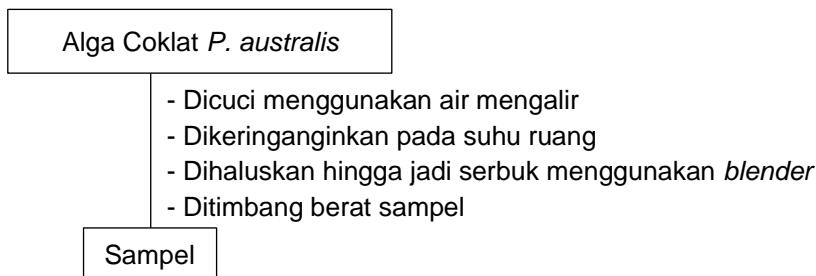
## LAMPIRAN

**Lampiran 1.** Diagram Alir Penelitian

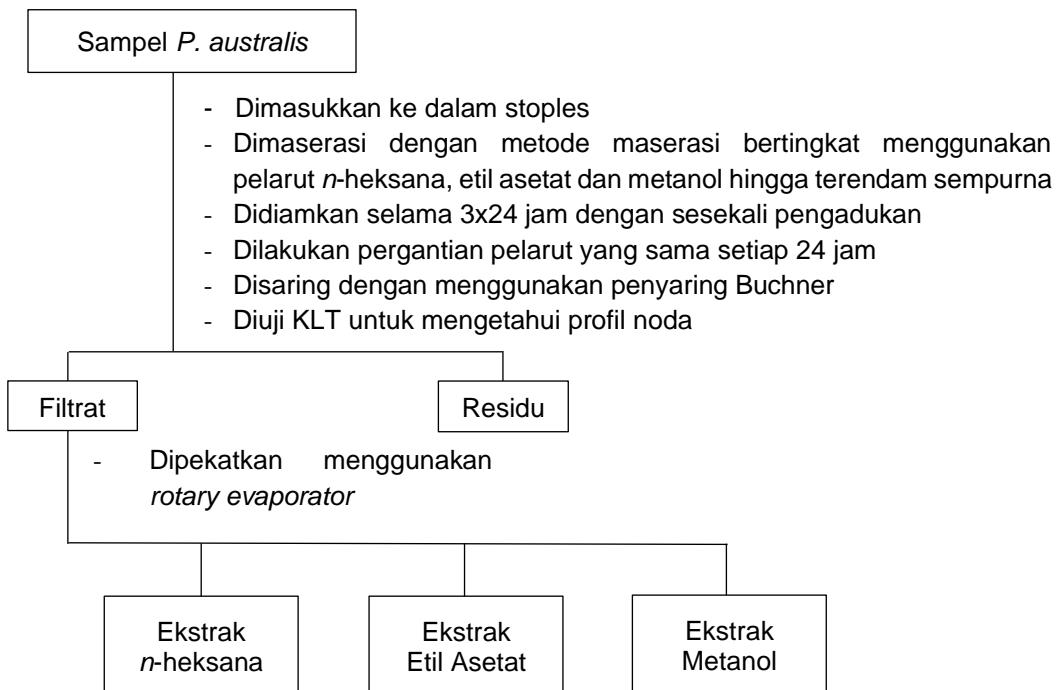


## Lampiran 2. Prosedur Penelitian

### 1. Preparasi Sampel



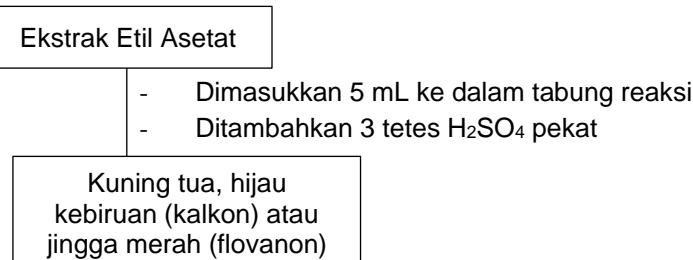
### 2. Ekstraksi Sampel



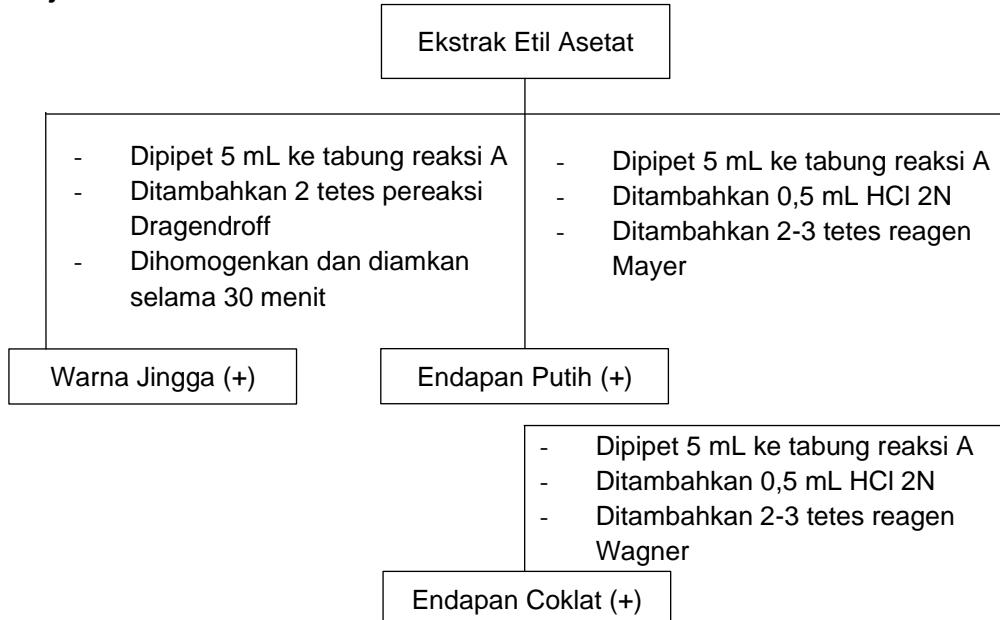
**Catatan:** proses maserasi dihentikan apabila noda KLT memudar

### 3. Uji Kandungan Ekstrak

#### a. Uji Flavonoid



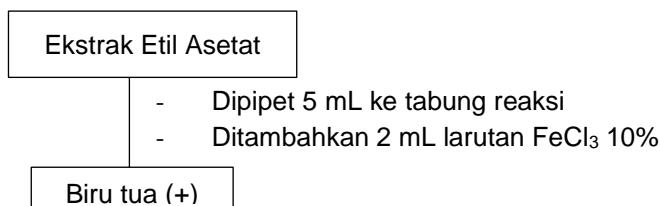
### b. Uji Alkaloid



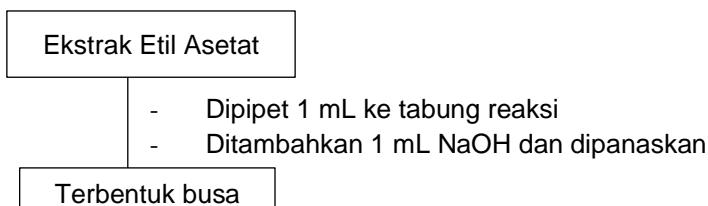
### c. Uji Saponin



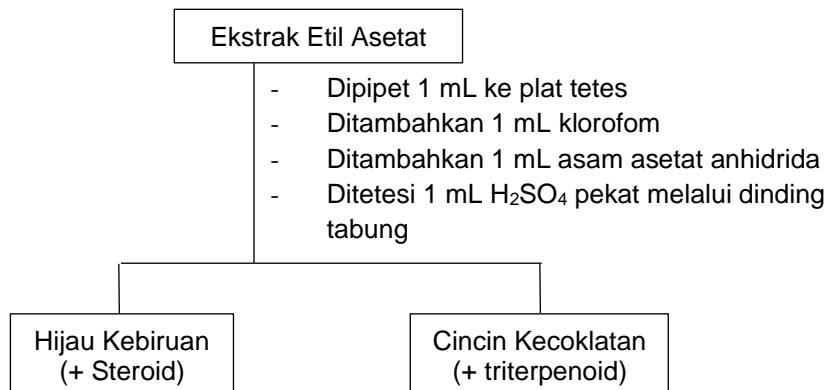
### d. Uji Tanin



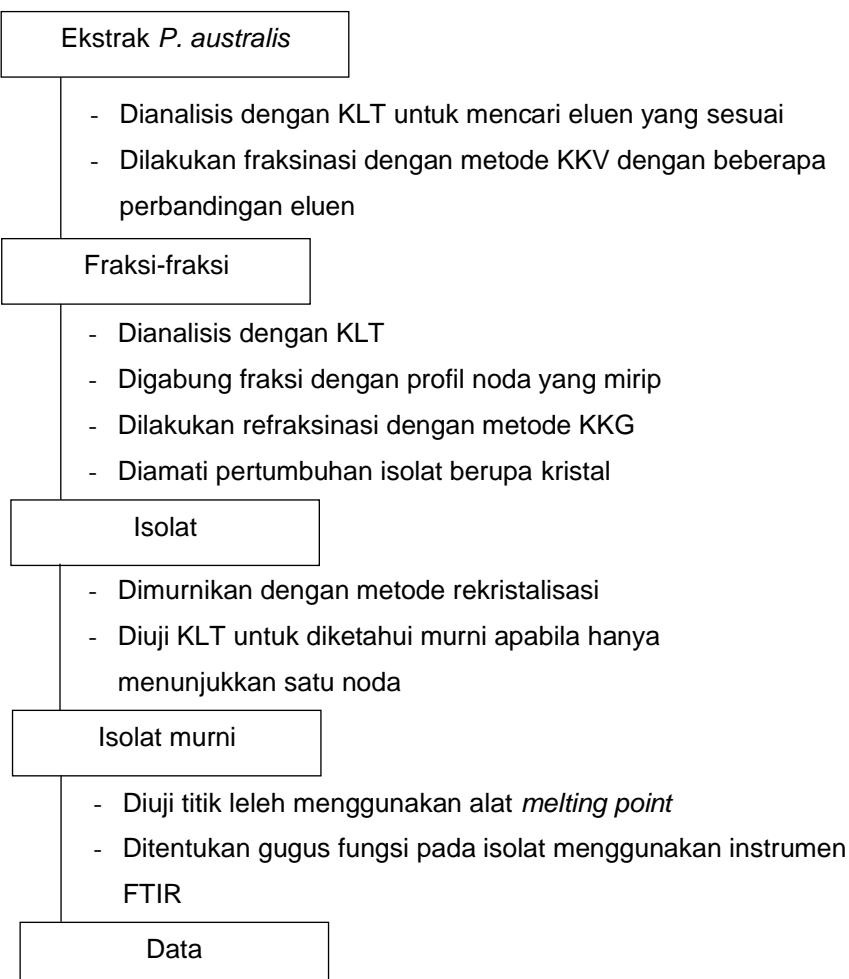
### e. Uji Saponifikasi Asam Lemak



#### f. Uji Steroid/Triterpenoid

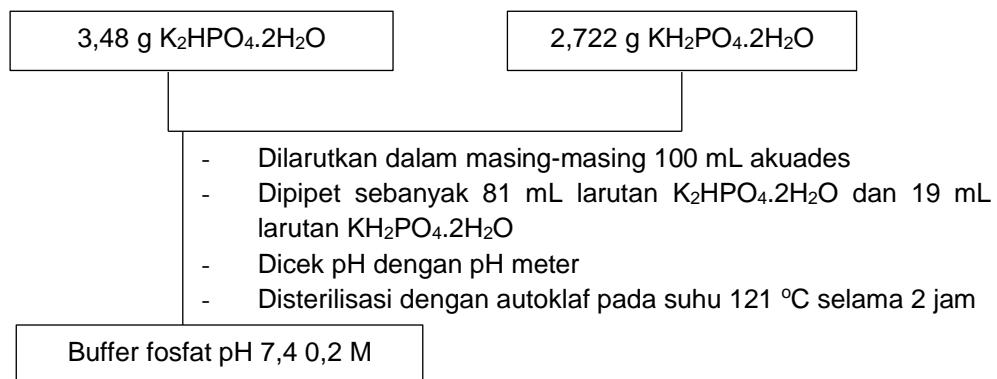


#### 4. Fraksinasi dengan Metode KKV dan Pemurnian Isolat

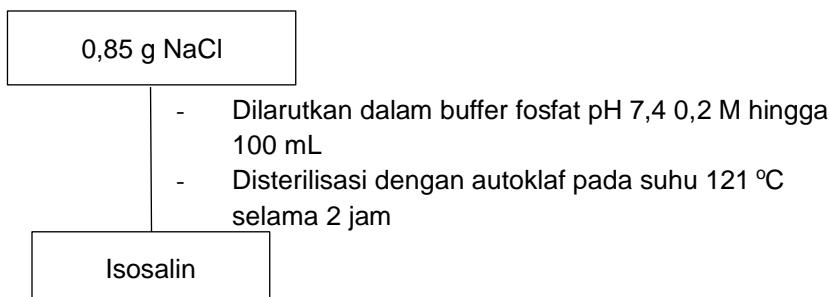


5. Uji Antiinflamasi Ekstrak Etil Asetat Alga Coklat *Padina australis* secara *In Vitro* dengan Metode HRBC

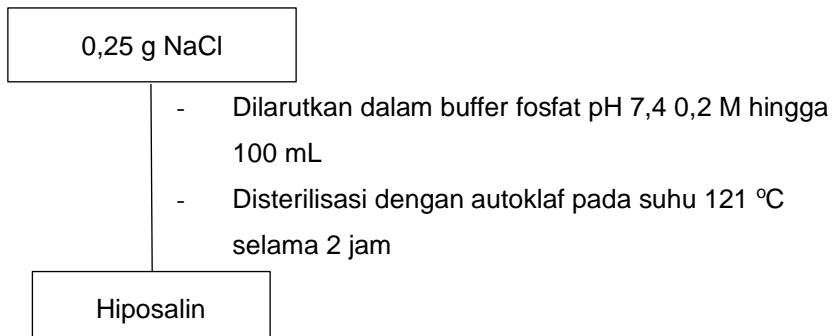
a. Pembuatan Buffer Fosfat pH 7,4 0,2 M



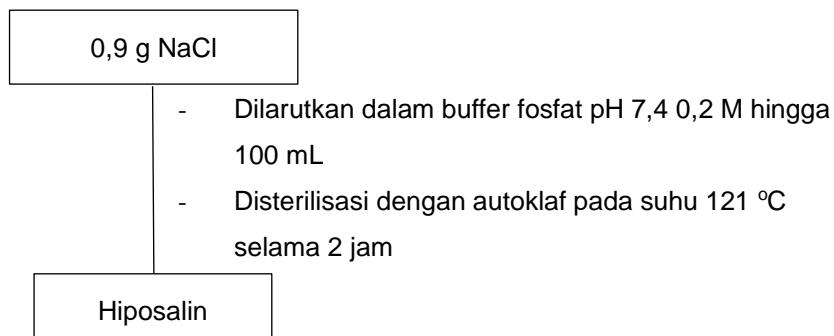
b. Pembuatan Larutan Isosalin



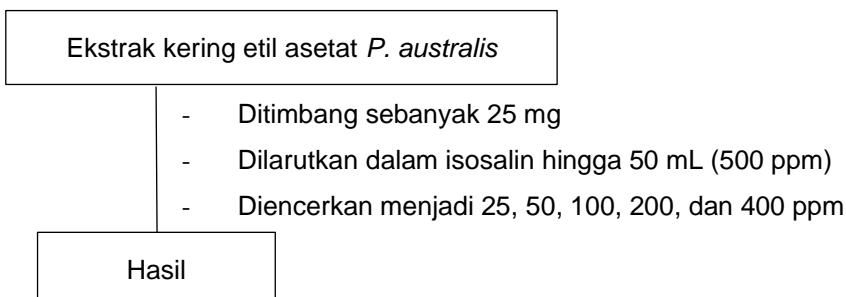
c. Pembuatan Larutan Hiposalin



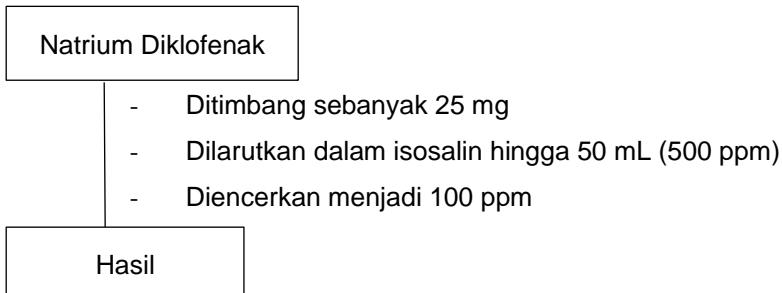
d. Pembuatan Larutan Garam Fisiologis



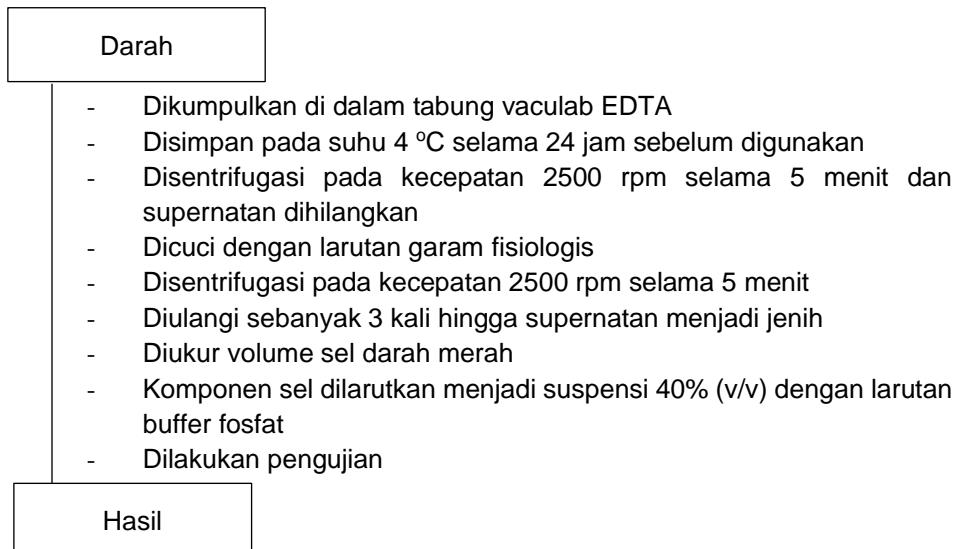
e. Pembuatan Konsentrasi Ekstrak



f. Pembuatan Konsentrasi Natrium Diklofenak

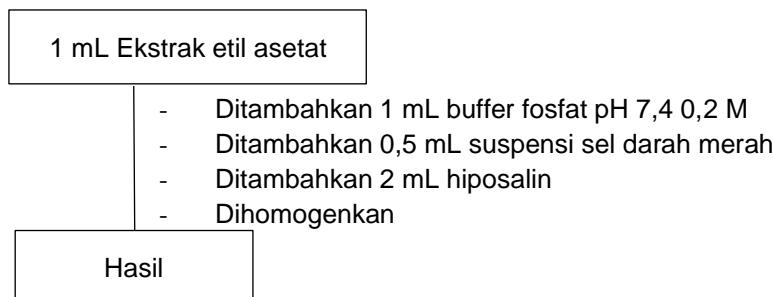


**g. Preparasi Suspensi Sel Darah Merah**

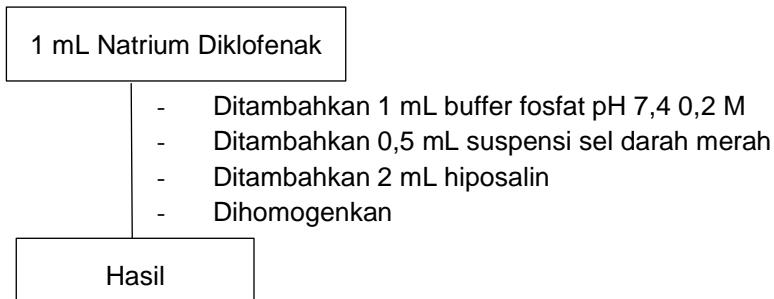


**h. Persiapan Larutan untuk Pengujian Aktivitas Antiinflamasi**

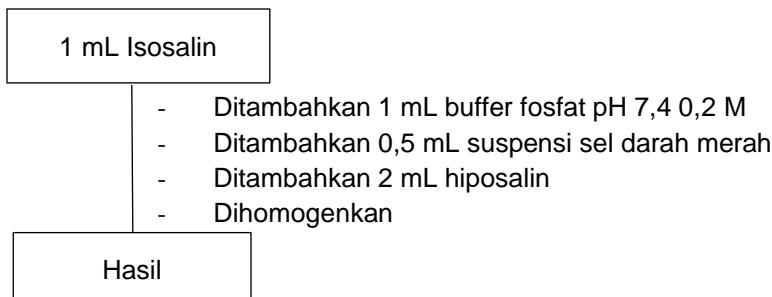
**1. Pembuatan Larutan Uji**



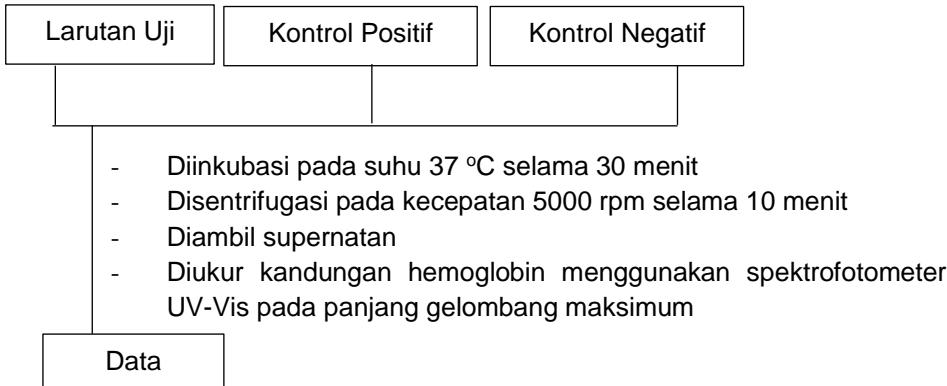
**2. Pembuatan Larutan Kontrol Positif**



### 3. Pembuatan Larutan Kontrol negatif

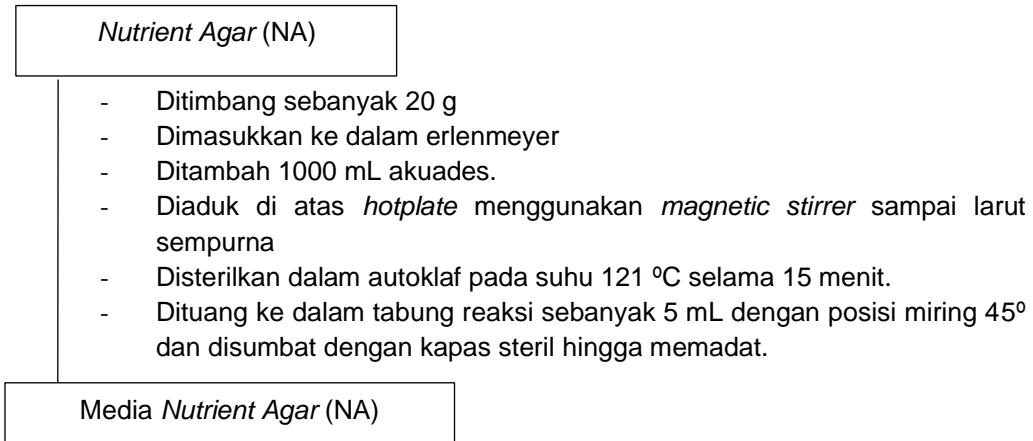


#### i. Uji Aktivitas Ekstrak Etil Asetat terhadap Stabilitas Membran Eritrosit

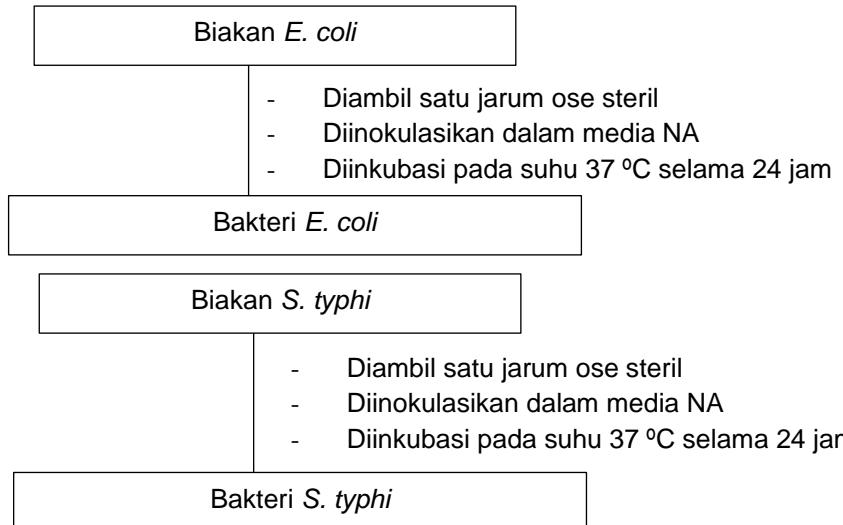


#### 5. Uji Antibakteri Ekstrak Etil Asetat Alga Coklat *Padina australis* secara *In Vitro* dengan Metode Difusi Cakram

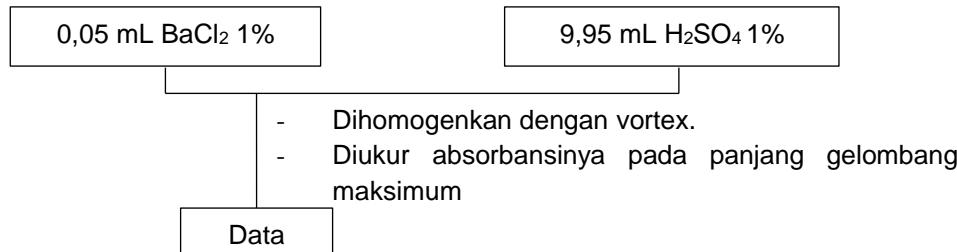
##### a. Pembuatan Media Nutrient Agar (NA)



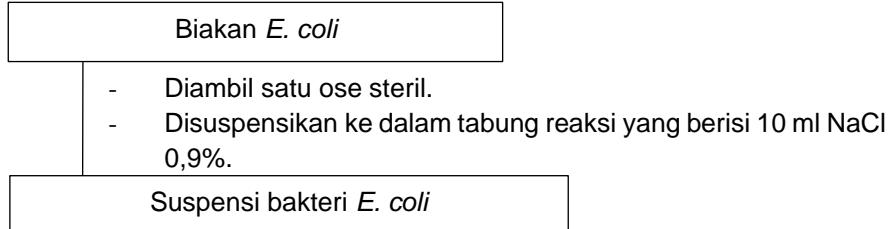
**b. Peremajaan Bakteri**



**c. Pembuatan Larutan Standar Mc Farland**

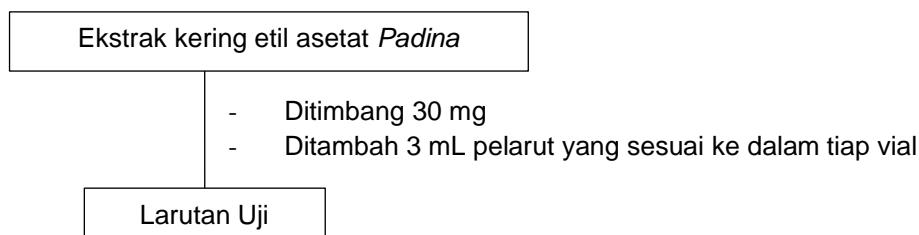


**d. Pembuatan Suspensi Bakteri**

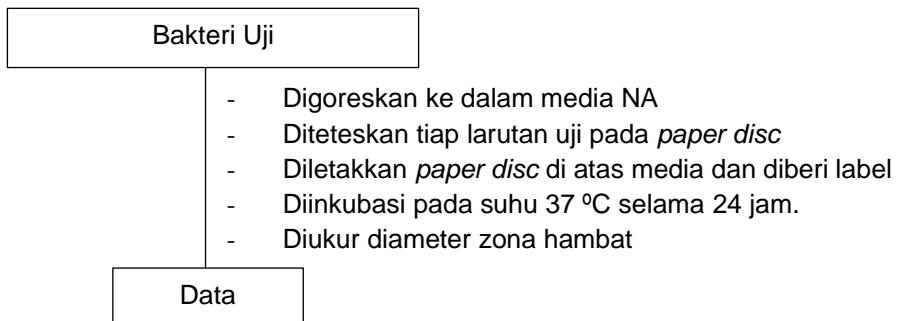


Keterangan : prosedur serupa dilakukan untuk bakteri *S. typhi*

**e. Pembuatan Larutan Uji**



f. Pengukuran Diameter Zona Hambat



### Lampiran 3. Perhitungan Data Penelitian

#### 1. Perhitungan Redemen Ekstrak Alga Colat *Padina australis*

$$\% \text{ Rendemen} = \frac{\text{berat ekstrak (g)}}{\text{berat sampel (g)}} \times 100\%$$

a. Ekstrak n-Heksana

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Rendemen} &= \frac{8,41 \text{ g}}{3200 \text{ g}} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,2628\%\end{aligned}$$

b. Ekstrak Etil Asetat

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Rendemen} &= \frac{28,6 \text{ g}}{3200 \text{ g}} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,8937\%\end{aligned}$$

c. Ekstrak Metanol

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Rendemen} &= \frac{13,7 \text{ g}}{3200 \text{ g}} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,4281\%\end{aligned}$$

#### 2. Pembuatan Larutan Uji Aktivitas Antiinflamasi

a. Larutan Induk 500 ppm dalam 50 mL

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Larutan Induk} &= \frac{\text{berat ekstrak (mg)}}{\text{volume pelarut (L)}} \\ &= \frac{25 \text{ mg}}{0,05 \text{ L}} \\ &= 500 \text{ ppm}\end{aligned}$$

b. Larutan Uji 400 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}V_1 \cdot C_1 &= V_2 \cdot C_2 \\ V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} &= 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 400 \text{ ppm} \\ V_1 &= 20 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

c. Larutan Uji 200 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}V_1 \cdot C_1 &= V_2 \cdot C_2 \\ V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} &= 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 200 \text{ ppm} \\ V_1 &= 10 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

d. Larutan Uji 100 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}V_1 \cdot C_1 &= V_2 \cdot C_2 \\ V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} &= 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 100 \text{ ppm} \\ V_1 &= 5 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

e. Larutan Uji 50 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} = 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 50 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 2,5 \text{ mL}$$

f. Larutan Uji 25 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} = 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 25 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 1,25 \text{ mL}$$

### 3. Pembuatan Larutan Uji Aktivitas Antibakteri

a. Larutan Induk 10000 ppm dalam 3 mL

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Larutan Induk} &= \frac{\text{berat ekstrak (mg)}}{\text{volume pelarut (L)}} \\ &= \frac{30 \text{ mg}}{0,003 \text{ L}} \\ &= 10000 \text{ ppm} \end{aligned}$$

b. Larutan Uji 100 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 10000 \text{ ppm} = 3 \text{ mL} \cdot 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 0,03 \text{ mL}$$

c. Larutan Uji 500 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 10000 \text{ ppm} = 3 \text{ mL} \cdot 500 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 0,15 \text{ mL}$$

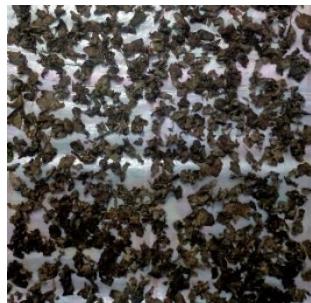
d. Larutan Uji 1000 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 10000 \text{ ppm} = 3 \text{ mL} \cdot 1000 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 0,3 \text{ mL}$$

**Lampiran 4.** Dokumentasi Penelitian



Pengeringan sampel *Padina australis*



Proses maserasi sampel



Pengentalan ekstrak dengan rotary evavorator



Ekstrak kental



Uji fitokimia ekstrak etil asetat *Padina australis*



Fraksinasi metode KKV



Fraksinasi metode KKG



Hasil fraksinasi fraksi EA III



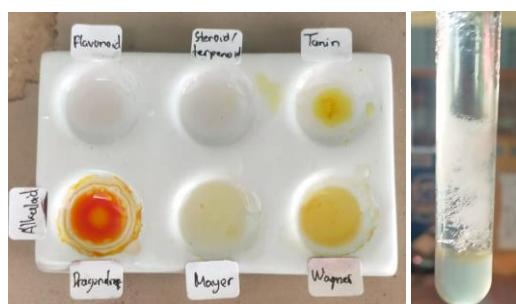
Hasil fraksinasi ekstrak etil asetat *Padina australis*



Kristal isolat 1



Uji titik leleh isolat 1



Uji fitokimia isolat 1



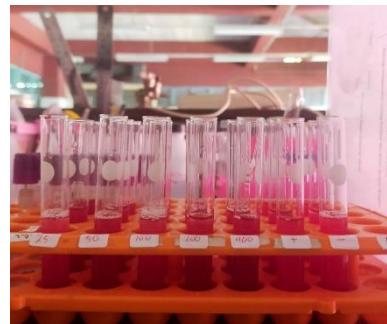
Hasil uji antibakteri ekstrak etil asetat terhadap *E. coli*



Hasil uji antibakteri ekstrak etil asetat terhadap *S. typhi*



Persiapan pengambilan darah tikus



Preparasi sampel ekstrak etil asetat untuk pengujian antiinflamasi

**Lampiran 5.** Data Analisis Uji Antiinflamasi Metode *Human Red Blood Cell*

**1. Tabel Hasil Pengujian UV-Vis Terhadap Larutan Uji**

<b>Konsentrasi (ppm)</b>	<b>Absorbansi (A) = 577 nm</b>			<b>Rata-rata</b>
	<b>Simplo</b>	<b>Duplo</b>	<b>Triplio</b>	
25	0,368	0,256	0,149	0,257666667
50	0,376	0,176	0,187	0,246333333
100	0,164	0,304	0,253	0,240333333
200	0,204	0,286	0,101	0,197
400	0,205	0,098	0,128	0,143666667
Kontrol +	0,017	0,023	0,038	0,026
Kontrol -	0,337	0,366	0,373	0,35867

**2. Hasil % Stabilitas Membran Sel Darah Merah**

<b>Konsentrasi (ppm)</b>	<b>Rata-rata</b>	<b>Stabilitas (%)</b>
25	0,257667	28,16
50	0,246333	31,32
100	0,240333	32,99
200	0,197	45,07
400	0,143667	59,94
Kontrol +	0,026	92,75
Kontrol -	0,3586	-

a. Rumus % Stabilitas

$$\% \text{ Stabilitas} = 100 - \left( \frac{\text{Abs. Larutan Uji}}{\text{Abs. Kontrol Negatif}} \right) \times 100\%$$

b. Larutan Uji 25 ppm

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left( \frac{0,257667}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 28,16\% \end{aligned}$$

c. Larutan Uji 50 ppm

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left( \frac{0,246333}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 31,32\% \end{aligned}$$

d. Larutan Uji 100 ppm

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left( \frac{0,240333}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 32,99\% \end{aligned}$$

e. Larutan Uji 200 ppm

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left( \frac{0,197}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 45,07\% \end{aligned}$$

f. Larutan Uji 400 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left( \frac{0,143667}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 59,94\%\end{aligned}$$

g. Larutan Kontrol Positif

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left( \frac{0,026}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 92,75\%\end{aligned}$$

### 3. Hasil % Inhibisi Hemolisis Membran Sel Darah Merah

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Rata-rata	Inhibisi Hemolisis (%)
25	0,257667	71,8535044
50	0,246333	68,6930656
100	0,240333	67,0198922
200	0,197	54,9358617
400	0,143667	40,0632088
Kontrol -	0,3586	-

a. Rumus % Inhibisi Hemolisis

$$\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} = \left( \frac{\text{Abs. Larutan Uji}}{\text{Abs. Kontrol Negatif}} \right) \times 100\%$$

b. Larutan Uji 25 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left( \frac{0,257667}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 71,85\%\end{aligned}$$

c. Larutan Uji 50 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left( \frac{0,246333}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 68,69\%\end{aligned}$$

d. Larutan Uji 100 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left( \frac{0,240333}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 67,01\%\end{aligned}$$

e. Larutan Uji 200 ppm

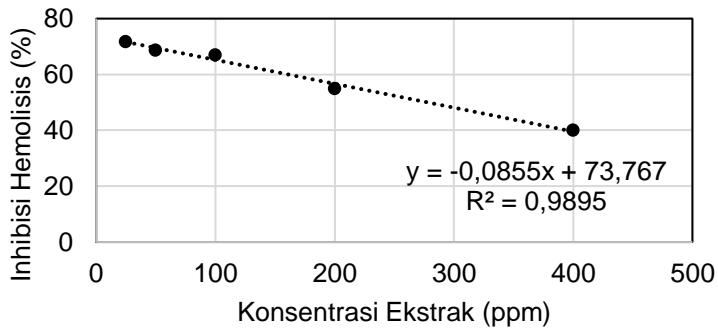
$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left( \frac{0,197}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 54,93\%\end{aligned}$$

f. Larutan Uji 400 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left( \frac{0,143667}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 40,06\%\end{aligned}$$

g. Penentuan Nilai IC<sub>50</sub>

Nilai IC<sub>50</sub> Uji Antiinflamasi Ekstrak Etil Asetat  
*Padina australis*



$$y = ax + b$$

$$y = -0,0855x + 73,767$$

$$IC_{50} = \frac{50 - 73,767}{-0,0855}$$

$$IC_{50} = 277,977 \text{ ppm}$$