

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Afroz, M., Rahman, Md. M., & Amin, Md. R. (2021). Insect Plant Interaction with Reference to Secondary Metabolites: A Review. *Agricultural Reviews, Of*. <https://doi.org/10.18805/ag.r-200>
- Ahmad, T., Cawood, M., Iqbal, Q., Ariño, A., Batool, A., Sabir Tariq, R. M., Azam, M., & Akhtar, S. (2019). Phytochemicals in daucus carota and their health benefits—review article. In *Foods* (Vol. 8, Issue 9). MDPI Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute. <https://doi.org/10.3390/FOODS8090424>
- Ardiansyah, D., Tjota, H., & Kiyat, W. El. (2018). *AGRI-TEK: Jurnal Ilmu Pertanian, Kehutanan dan Agroteknologi; Review: Peran Enzim dalam Meningkatkan Kualitas Kopi*. 19. <http://agritek.unmermadiun.ac.id/index.php/agritek>
- Arcott, S. A., & Tanumihardjo, S. A. (n.d.). *Carrots of Many Colors Provide Basic Nutrition and Bioavailable Phytochemicals Acting as a Functional Food*.
- Arcott, S. A., & Tanumihardjo, S. A. (2010). Carrots of many colors provide basic nutrition and bioavailable phytochemicals acting as a functional food. *Comprehensive Reviews in Food Science and Food Safety*, 9(2), 223–239. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1541-4337.2009.00103.x>
- Asare, R., & David, S. (2010). *Planting, replanting and tree diversification in cocoa systems Learning about Sustainable Cocoa Production: A Guide for Participatory Farmer Training*.
- Ayelo, P. M., Pirk, C. W. W., Yusuf, A. A., Chailleux, A., Mohamed, S. A., & Deletre, E. (2021). Exploring the Kairomone-Based Foraging Behaviour of Natural Enemies to Enhance Biological Control: A Review. In *Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution* (Vol. 9). Frontiers Media S.A. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fevo.2021.641974>
- Aziz, M. M., Siregar, A. Z., & Hasanuddin, H. (2018). PENGGUNAAN ATRAKTAN ASAM KLOGENAT PADA PERANGKAP DALAM MENGENDALIKAN PBKo (*Hypothenemus Hampei* Ferr.) PADA PERKEBUNAN KOPI DI KABUPATEN DAIRI. *Jurnal Agroteknologi*, 9(1), 17. <https://doi.org/10.24014/ja.v9i1.3937>

- Bourgaud, F., Gravot, A., Milesi, S., & Gontier, E. (2001). Production of plant secondary metabolites: a historical perspective. In *Plant Science* (Vol. 161). www.elsevier.com/locate/plantsci
- Bruinsma, M., van Loon, J. J. A., & Dicke, M. (2010). Increasing insight into induced plant defense mechanisms using elicitors and inhibitors. *Plant Signaling and Behavior*, 5(3), 271–274. <https://doi.org/10.4161/psb.5.3.10623>
- Conchou, L., Lucas, P., Meslin, C., Proffit, M., Staudt, M., & Renou, M. (2019). Insect odorscapes: From plant volatiles to natural olfactory scenes. In *Frontiers in Physiology* (Vol. 10, Issue JUL). Frontiers Media S.A. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fphys.2019.00972>
- Crozier, Alan., Clifford, M. N. (Michael N.), & Ashihara, Hiroshi. (2006). *Plant secondary metabolites : occurrence, structure and role in the human diet*. Blackwell Pub.
- Delgado-Ospina, J., Molina-Hernández, J. B., Chaves-López, C., Romanazzi, G., & Paparella, A. (2021). The role of fungi in the cocoa production chain and the challenge of climate change. In *Journal of Fungi* (Vol. 7, Issue 3). MDPI AG. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jof7030202>
- Divekar, P. A., Narayana, S., Divekar, B. A., Kumar, R., Gadratagi, B. G., Ray, A., Singh, A. K., Rani, V., Singh, V., Singh, A. K., Kumar, A., Singh, R. P., Meena, R. S., & Behera, T. K. (2022). Plant Secondary Metabolites as Defense Tools against Herbivores for Sustainable Crop Protection. In *International Journal of Molecular Sciences* (Vol. 23, Issue 5). MDPI. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms23052690>
- El-Ghany, N. M. A. (2019a). Semiochemicals for controlling insect pests. In *Journal of Plant Protection Research* (Vol. 59, Issue 1, pp. 1–11). Polska Akademia Nauk. <https://doi.org/10.24425/jppr.2019.126036>
- El-Ghany, N. M. A. (2019b). Semiochemicals for controlling insect pests. In *Journal of Plant Protection Research* (Vol. 59, Issue 1, pp. 1–11). Polska Akademia Nauk. <https://doi.org/10.24425/jppr.2019.126036>
- El-Ghany, N. M. A. (2019c). Semiochemicals for controlling insect pests. In *Journal of Plant Protection Research* (Vol. 59, Issue 1, pp. 1–11). Polska Akademia Nauk. <https://doi.org/10.24425/jppr.2019.126036>
- Farhaty, N. (n.d.). *Farmaka TINJAUAN KIMIA DAN ASPEK FARMAKOLOGI SENYAWA ASAM KLOOROGENAT PADA BIJI KOPI : REVIEW*.

- Fatouros, N. E., Dicke, M., Mumm, R., Meiners, T., & Hilker, M. (2008). Foraging behavior of egg parasitoids exploiting chemical information. In *Behavioral Ecology* (Vol. 19, Issue 3, pp. 677–689). <https://doi.org/10.1093/beheco/arn011>
- Figueiredo, A. C., Barroso, J. G., Pedro, L. G., & Scheffer, J. J. C. (2008). Factors affecting secondary metabolite production in plants: Volatile components and essential oils. *Flavour and Fragrance Journal*, 23(4), 213–226. <https://doi.org/10.1002/ffj.1875>
- Francisco J. (2011). Maisin Navies 3c , Monica Pava-Ripoll 4d , Prakash Hebbar 5e 1 IPM, Tropical Perennial Crop Consultant, Laurel, MD. USA 2 Sumatra Bioscience. Bah Lias Research Station. In *Conopomorpha cramerella. Journal of Insect Science* (Vol. 11). <https://academic.oup.com/jinsectscience/article/11/1/52/2492547>
- Harborne, J. B. (2001). Twenty-five years of chemical ecology. In *Natural Product Reports* (Vol. 18, Issue 4, pp. 361–379). <https://doi.org/10.1039/b005311m>
- Honda, K. (1990). Identification of host-plant chemicals stimulating oviposition by swallowtail butterfly, *Papilio protenor*. *Journal of Chemical Ecology*, 16(2), 325–337. <https://doi.org/10.1007/BF01021768>
- Im, Y. R., Kim, I., & Lee, J. (2021). Phenolic composition and antioxidant activity of purple sweet potato (*Ipomoea batatas* (L.) lam.): Varietal comparisons and physical distribution. *Antioxidants*, 10(3), 1–17. <https://doi.org/10.3390/antiox10030462>
- Jaffe, B. D., Guédot, C., & Landolt, P. J. (2018). Mass-trapping codling moth, *Cydia pomonella* (Lepidopteran: Tortricidae), using a kairomone lure reduces fruit damage in commercial apple orchards. *Journal of Economic Entomology*, 111(4), 1983–1986. <https://doi.org/10.1093/jee/toy111>
- Jokić, S., Gagić, T., Knez, E., Ubarić, D., & Kerget, M. (2018). Separation of active compounds from food by-product (Cocoa Shell) using subcritical water extraction. *Molecules*, 23(6). <https://doi.org/10.3390/molecules23061408>
- Kaur, H., & Garg, H. (2014). Pesticides: Environmental Impacts and Management Strategies. In *Pesticides - Toxic Aspects*. InTech. <https://doi.org/10.5772/57399>

- Kristiningrum, N., Cahyanti, Y. N., & Wulandari, L. (n.d.).
DETERMINATION OF TOTAL PHENOLIC CONTENT AND ANTIOXIDANT ACTIVITY IN METHANOLIC EXTRACT OF ROBUSTA AND ARABICA COFFEE LEAVES.
- Kundu, A., & Vadassery, J. (2019). Chlorogenic acid-mediated chemical defence of plants against insect herbivores. *Plant Biology*, 21(2), 185–189. <https://doi.org/10.1111/plb.12947>
- Leskey, T. C., Prokopy, R. J., Wright, S. E., Phelan, P. L., & Haynes, L. W. (2001). Evaluation of individual components of plum odor as potential attractants for adult plum curculios. *Journal of Chemical Ecology*, 27(1), 1–17. <https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1005667430877>
- Marina. (n.d.). *Role of pod shape, color and spatial distribution on egg distribution and egg parasitism of the cocoa pod borer, Conopomorpha cramerella (Snellen) (Lepidoptera: Gracillariidae).*
- Mason, L. J., & Jansson, R. K. (1991). Disruption of Sex Pheromone Communication in *Cylas formicarius* (Coleoptera: Apionidae) as a Potential Means of Control. In *Source: The Florida Entomologist* (Vol. 74, Issue 3).
- Mello, M. O., & Silva-Filho, M. C. (2002). A CROSS-TALK BETWEEN PLANTS AND INSECTS Plant-insect interactions: an evolutionary arms race between two distinct defense mechanisms. In *J. Plant Physiol* (Vol. 14, Issue 2).
- Niogret, J., Ekayanti, A., Kendra, P. E., Ingram, K., Lambert, S., Epsky, N. D., & Marelli, J. P. (2020). Host preferences of the cocoa pod borer, *Conopomorpha cramerella*, the main threat to cocoa production in Southeast Asia. *Entomologia Experimentalis et Applicata*, 168(3), 221–227. <https://doi.org/10.1111/eea.12882>
- Niogret, J., Kendra, P. E., Ekayanti, A., Zhang, A., Marelli, J. P., Tabanca, N., & Epsky, N. (2022). Development of a Kairomone-Based Attractant as a Monitoring Tool for the Cocoa Pod Borer, *Conopomorpha cramerella* (Snellen) (Lepidoptera: Gracillariidae). *Insects*, 13(9). <https://doi.org/10.3390/insects13090813>
- Nishida, R. (2014). Chemical ecology of insect-plant interactions: Ecological significance of plant secondary metabolites. In *Bioscience, Biotechnology and Biochemistry* (Vol. 78, Issue 1, pp. 1–13). Japan Society for Bioscience Biotechnology and Agrochemistry. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09168451.2014.877836>

- Norin, T. (2001). Pheromones and kairomones for control of pest insects. Some current results from a Swedish research program*. In *Pure Appl. Chem* (Vol. 73, Issue 3).
- papranginangin 2019*. (n.d.).
- Pohlan, H. A. J. (n.d.). *GROWTH AND PRODUCTION OF CACAO*.
- Rahmawati, D., Wagiman, F. X., Harjaka, T., & Putra, N. S. (2017). Detection of Cocoa Pod Borer Infestation Using Sex Pheromone Trap and its Control by Pod Wrapping. *Jurnal Perlindungan Tanaman Indonesia*, 21(1), 30. <https://doi.org/10.22146/jpti.22659>
- Ramli, N., Tobing, M. C., & Bakti, D. (2019). The influence of attractant from coffee bean and outer skin of coffee to imago of coffee berry borer *Hypothenemus hampei* Ferr. (Coleoptera: Curculionidae) on the field. *IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science*, 260(1). <https://doi.org/10.1088/1755-1315/260/1/012140>
- Renwick, J. A. A., & Chew, F. S. (1994). Oviposition behavior in lepidoptera. *Annual Review of Entomology*, 39(1), 377–400. <https://doi.org/10.1146/annurev.en.39.010194.002113>
- Serangga Penyerbuk dan Pembentukkan Buah Tanaman Kakao, D., Nugroho, A., Atmowidi, T., & Kahono, S. (2019). *Diversity of Pollinator Insects and Fruit Set of Cacao (Theobroma cacao L.)*. <http://biologi.ipb.ac.id/jurnal/index.php/jsdhayati>
- Shapiro, L. H., Scheffer, S. J., Maisin, N., Lambert, S., Purung, H. bin, Sulistyowati, E., Vega, F. E., Gende, P., Laup, S., Rosmana, A., Djam, S., & Hebban, P. K. (2008). *Conopomorpha cramerella* (Lepidoptera: Gracillariidae) in the Malay Archipelago: Genetic Signature of a Bottlenecked Population? In *Ann. Entomol. Soc. Am* (Vol. 101, Issue 5). <https://academic.oup.com/aesa/article/101/5/930/6365339>
- Stefanello, N., Spanevello, R. M., Passamonti, S., Porciúncula, L., Bonan, C. D., Olabiyi, A. A., Teixeira da Rocha, J. B., Assmann, C. E., Morsch, V. M., & Schetinger, M. R. C. (2019). Coffee, caffeine, chlorogenic acid, and the purinergic system. *Food and Chemical Toxicology*, 123, 298–313. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fct.2018.10.005>
- Suckling, D. M. (n.d.). *Issues affecting the use of pheromones and other semiochemicals in orchards*. <http://www.hortnet.co.nz/>

Tamhankar, A. J., Gahukar, R. T., & Rajendran, T. P. (2000). Pheromones in the management of major lepidopterous and coleopterous pests of cotton. In *Integrated Pest Management Reviews* (Vol. 5).

TEKNOLOGI PENGENDALIAN RAMAH LINGKUNGAN PENGGEREK BUAH KAKAO (Conopomorpha cramerella Snell.) ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY TECHNOLOGY CONTROL OF COCOA POD BORERS (Conopomorpha cramerella Snell.). (n.d.).

Vinson, S. B. (1998). *The General Host Selection Behavior of Parasitoid Hymenoptera and a Comparison of Initial Strategies Utilized by Larvaphagous and Oophagous Species.*

Whitney, H. M., & Federle, W. (2013). Biomechanics of plant-insect interactions. In *Current Opinion in Plant Biology* (Vol. 16, Issue 1, pp. 105–111). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pbi.2012.11.008>

Wianowska, D., & Gil, M. (2019). Recent advances in extraction and analysis procedures of natural chlorogenic acids. In *Phytochemistry Reviews* (Vol. 18, Issue 1, pp. 273–302). Springer Netherlands. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11101-018-9592-y>

Zhang, K., Fu, H., Zhu, S., Li, Z., Weng, Q. F., & Hu, M. Y. (2016). Influence of Gamma-Irradiation on Flight Ability and Dispersal of *Conopomorpha sinensis* (Lepidoptera: Gracillariidae). *Florida Entomologist*, 99, 79–86. <https://doi.org/10.1653/024.099.sp111>

LAMPIRAN

Tabel Lampiran 1. Terjadi perbedaan nyata terhadap serangga PBK yang terperangkap pada masing-masing perlakuan pada pengamatan 1, 2, 4, 8 dan 13

Perlakuan	Pengamatan Ke-															
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
P1K0	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	5,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a
P1K1	1,0 ^a	1,0 ^{ab}	2,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	3,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a
P1K2	1,0 ^a	2,0 ^{abc}	2,0 ^a	11,0 ^{bc}	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	13,0 ^b	2,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	8,0 ^b	3,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	1,0 ^a
P1K3	4,0 ^b	5,0 ^c	0,0 ^a	7,0 ^b	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	6,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	0,0 ^a
P2K0	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	3,0 ^a	3,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a
P2K1	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^{ab}	0,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	3,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	6,0 ^a	3,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	3,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	0,0 ^a
P2K2	1,0 ^a	4,0 ^{bc}	2,0 ^a	8,0 ^{bc}	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	3,0 ^a	5,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	3,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a	0,0 ^a
P2K3	1,0 ^a	3,0 ^{abc}	4,0 ^a	12,0 ^c	1,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	2,0 ^a	14,0 ^b	1,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	4,0 ^a	4,0 ^a	8,0 ^b	4,0 ^a	1,0 ^a	2,0 ^a

Tabel Lampiran 2a. Populasi tangkapan *c.cramerella* selama 16 kali pengamatan pada 2 jenis ekstrak tanaman

Perlakuan	Ulangan					Jumlah	Rata-rata
	1	2	3	4	5		
Kontrol	0	1	3	4	1	9	1,8
Eks.Kopi	25	9	27	15	24	100	20
Eks.Wortel	46	18	10	18	24	116	23,2
Total	71	28	40	37	49	225	45

Tabel Lampiran 2b. Hasil sidik ragam populasi hama penggerak buah kakao pada 2 jenis ekstrak

SK	DB	JK	KT	F Hitung		F Tabel	
						0,05	0,01
Ulangan	4	356,67	89,17	1,12	tn	3,84	7,01
Perlakuan	2	1332,40	666,20	8,34	*	4,46	8,65
Galat	8	638,93	79,87				
Total	14	2328,00					

Tabel Lampiran 3a. Populasi tangkapan *c.cramerella* selama 16 kali pengamatan pada masing-masing konsentrasi 2 jenis ekstrak tanaman

Jenis ekstrak tanaman	Konsentrasi	Ulangan					Total	Rata-rata
		I	II	III	I V	V		
P1	K1	2	0	9	1	3	15	3
	K2	1	4	1	6	1	51	10,2
		3	2	6	6			
K3	9	5	6	8	5	33	6,6	
P2	K1	8	3	0	6	8	25	5
	K2	9	4	4	6	4	27	5,4
	K3	2	1	6	6	1	64	12,8
9		1	2					

Tabel Lampiran 3b. Hasil sidik ragam populasi hama penggerek buah kakao pada setiap konsentrasi jenis ekstrak

SK	DB	JK	KT	F Hitung		F Tabel	
						0,05	0,01
Ulangan	4	191,00	47,75	2,39	tn	2,87	4,43
Perlakuan	5	332,17	66,43	3,33	*	2,71	4,10
Galat	20	399,00	19,95				
Total	29	922,17					

Tabel Lampiran 4a. Populasi tangkapan *c.cramerella* dengan membandingkan konsentrasi terbaik

Perlakuan	Ulangan			Total	Rata-rata
	1	2	3		
Kontrol	0	0	0	0	0,00
Kopi 10%	2	4	4	10	3,33
Kopi 15%	3	2	1	6	2,00
Wortel 10%	0	3	3	6	2,00
Wortel 15%	2	0	2	4	1,33

Tabel Lampiran 4b. Anova rata-rata jumlah tangkapan *c.cramerella* selama 8 kali pengamatan

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: populasi

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
perlakuan	17.600	4	4.400	2.839	.098
Error	12.400	8	1.550 ^a		
ulangan	.933	2	.467	.301	.748
Error	12.400	8	1.550 ^a		

ANOVA

populasi

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	17.600	4	4.400	3.300	.057
Within Groups	13.333	10	1.333		
Total	30.933	14			

Tabel Lampiran 4c. Uji lanjut Duncan rata-rata jumlah tangkapan *c.cramerella*

populasi

	perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
			1	2
Duncan ^a	Kontrol	3	.00	
	wortel15%	3	1.33	1.33
	kopi15%	3	2.00	2.00
	wortel10%	3	2.00	2.00
	Kopi10%	3		3.33
	Sig.			.076

Tabel Lampiran 5a. Populasi tangkapan *c.cramerella* dengan membandingkan kombinasi dan konsentrasi ekstrak

Kombina si	Konsentras i	Pengamatan Ke-							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A1 (1:1)	B1 (Kontrol)	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0
	B2 (10%)	1,0 0	0,0 0	1,0 0	0,0 0	3,0 0	1,0 0	1,0 0	0,0 0
	B3 (15%)	1,0 0	1,0 0	1,0 0	1,0 0	2,0 0	0,0 0	2,0 0	1,0 0
A2 (1:2)	B1 (Kontrol)	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0
	B2 (10%)	3,0 0	2,0 0	1,0 0	1,0 0	3,0 0	1,0 0	1,0 0	1,0 0
	B3 (15%)	1,0 0	2,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	1,0 0	1,0 0	2,0 0	1,0 0
A3 (2:1)	B1 (Kontrol)	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0
	B2 (10%)	2,0 0	1,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	2,0 0	2,0 0	1,0 0	0,0 0
	B3 (15%)	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	6,0 0	0,0 0	0,0 0	1,0 0

Tabel Lampiran 5b. ANOVA rata-rata jumlah tangkapan *c.cramerella* pada kombinasi dan konsentrasi ekstrak

a. Pengamatan 1

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Populasi_P1

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.	
Kombinasi	Hypothesis	.296	2	.148	.516	.606
	Error	4.593	16	.287 ^a		
Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	2.074	2	1.037	3.613	.051
	Error	4.593	16	.287 ^a		
Ulangan	Hypothesis	2.074	2	1.037	3.613	.051
	Error	4.593	16	.287 ^a		
Kombinasi *	Hypothesis	.593	4	.148	.516	.725
Konsentrasi	Error	4.593	16	.287 ^a		

ANOVA

Populasi_P1

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	2.963	8	.370	1.000	.469
Within Groups	6.667	18	.370		
Total	9.630	26			

b. Pengamatan 2

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Populasi_P2

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.	
Kombinasi	Hypothesis	.667	2	.333	2.000	.168
	Error	2.667	16	.167 ^a		
Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.667	2	.333	2.000	.168
	Error	2.667	16	.167 ^a		
Ulangan	Hypothesis	.000	2	.000	.000	1.000
	Error	2.667	16	.167 ^a		
Kombinasi * Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.667	4	.167	1.000	.436
	Error	2.667	16	.167 ^a		

ANOVA

Populasi_P2

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	2.000	8	.250	1.688	.170
Within Groups	2.667	18	.148		
Total	4.667	26			

c. Pengamatan 3

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Populasi_P3

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Kombinasi	Hypothesis	.222	2	.111	1.000	.390
	Error	1.778	16	.111 ^a		
Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.222	2	.111	1.000	.390
	Error	1.778	16	.111 ^a		
Ulangan	Hypothesis	.222	2	.111	1.000	.390
	Error	1.778	16	.111 ^a		
Kombinasi * Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.222	4	.056	.500	.736
	Error	1.778	16	.111 ^a		

ANOVA

Populasi_P3

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.667	8	.083	.750	.649
Within Groups	2.000	18	.111		
Total	2.667	26			

d. Pengamatan 4

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Populasi_P4

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Kombinasi	Hypothesis	.074	2	.037	.471	.633
	Error	1.259	16	.079 ^a		
Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.074	2	.037	.471	.633
	Error	1.259	16	.079 ^a		
Ulangan	Hypothesis	.074	2	.037	.471	.633
	Error	1.259	16	.079 ^a		
Kombinasi * Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.370	4	.093	1.176	.358
	Error	1.259	16	.079 ^a		

ANOVA

Populasi_P4

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.519	8	.065	.875	.555
Within Groups	1.333	18	.074		
Total	1.852	26			

e. Pengamatan 5

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Populasi_P5

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.	
Kombinasi	Hypothesis	.963	2	.481	.491	.621
	Error	15.704	16	.981 ^a		
Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	5.407	2	2.704	2.755	.094
	Error	15.704	16	.981 ^a		
Ulangan	Hypothesis	.296	2	.148	.151	.861
	Error	15.704	16	.981 ^a		
Kombinasi *	Hypothesis	3.926	4	.981	1.000	.436
	Error	15.704	16	.981 ^a		

ANOVA

Populasi_P5

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	10.296	8	1.287	1.448	.244
Within Groups	16.000	18	.889		
Total	26.296	26			

f. Pengamatan 6

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Populasi_P6

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.	
Kombinasi	Hypothesis	.074	2	.037	.229	.798
	Error	2.593	16	.162 ^a		
Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.963	2	.481	2.971	.080
	Error	2.593	16	.162 ^a		
Ulangan	Hypothesis	.074	2	.037	.229	.798
	Error	2.593	16	.162 ^a		
Kombinasi * Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.370	4	.093	.571	.687
	Error	2.593	16	.162 ^a		

ANOVA

Populasi_P6

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	1.407	8	.176	1.188	.359
Within Groups	2.667	18	.148		
Total	4.074	26			

g. Pengamatan 7

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Populasi_P7

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Kombinasi	Hypothesis	.296	2	.148	.492	.620
	Error	4.815	16	.301 ^a		
Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.963	2	.481	1.600	.233
	Error	4.815	16	.301 ^a		
Ulangan	Hypothesis	.519	2	.259	.862	.441
	Error	4.815	16	.301 ^a		
Kombinasi *	Hypothesis	.593	4	.148	.492	.742
	Error	4.815	16	.301 ^a		

ANOVA

Populasi_P7

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	1.852	8	.231	.781	.625
Within Groups	5.333	18	.296		
Total	7.185	26			

h. Pengamatan 8

Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: Populasi_P8

Source		Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Kombinasi	Hypothesis	.074	2	.037	.229	.798
	Error	2.593	16	.162 ^a		
Konsentrasi	Hypothesis	.519	2	.259	1.600	.233
	Error	2.593	16	.162 ^a		
Ulangan	Hypothesis	.074	2	.037	.229	.798
	Error	2.593	16	.162 ^a		
Kombinasi *	Hypothesis	.148	4	.037	.229	.918
	Error	2.593	16	.162 ^a		

ANOVA

Populasi_P8

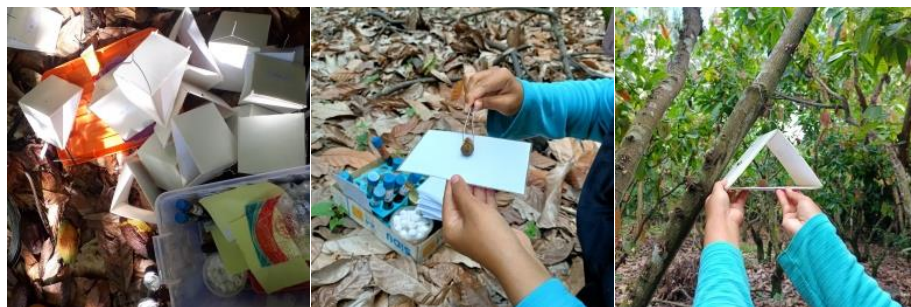
	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.741	8	.093	.625	.746
Within Groups	2.667	18	.148		
Total	3.407	26			

Tabel Lampiran 5c. Uji lanjut Duncan rata-rata jumlah tangkapan *c.cramerella* pada kombinasi dan konsentrasi ekstrak pada pengamatan ke 5

Populasi				
	Interaks i	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
			1	2
Duncan a	A1B1	3	.00	
	A2B1	3	.00	
	A3B1	3	.00	
	A1B2	3	2.33	2.33
	A3B3	3	2.33	2.33
	A2B3	3	2.67	2.67
	A3B2	3	2.67	2.67
	A1B3	3	3.00	3.00
	A2B2	3		4.33
	Sig.			.147



Gambar Lampiran 1. Proses pembuatan ekstrak tanaman

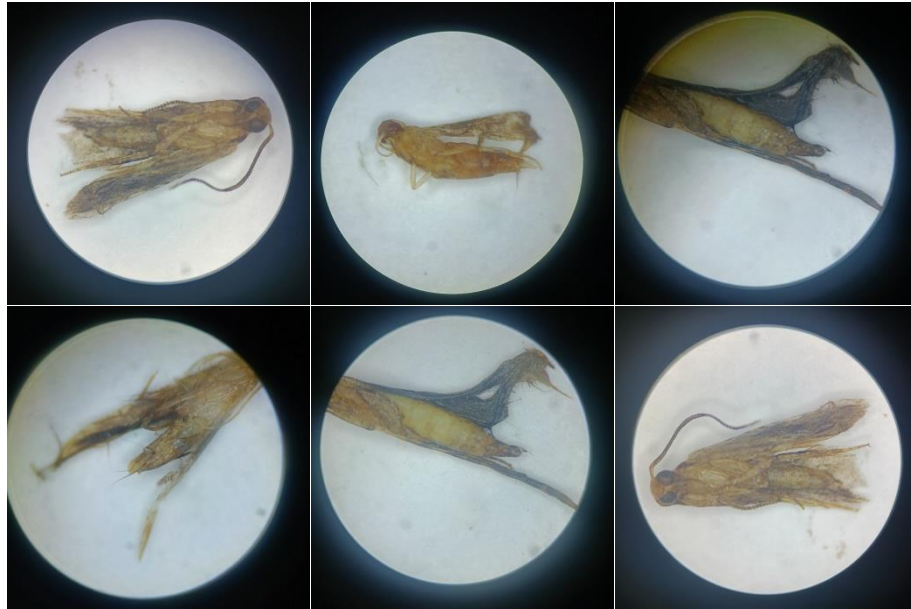




Gambar Lampiran 2. Pemasangan alat di lapangan



Gambar Lampiran 3. Imago Penggerek Buah Kakao secara makroskopis



Gambar Lampiran 4. Imago Betina Penggerek Buah Kakao secara mikroskopis

a. Buah terserang berat



b. Buah terserang sedang



c. Buah terserang ringan



d. Buah sehat



Gambar Lampiran 5. Intensitas Buah Terserang