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LAMPIRAN

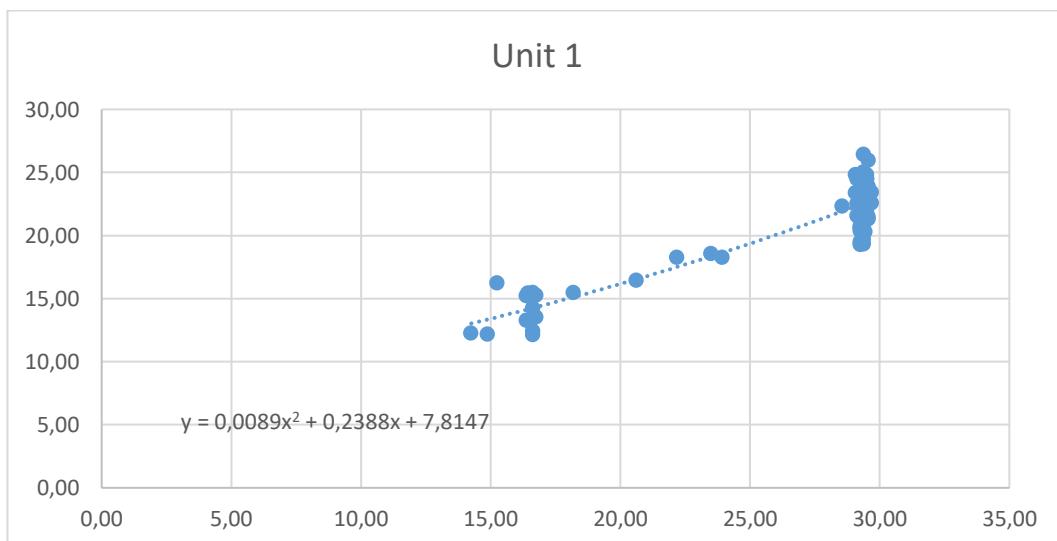
Lampiran 1 Data operasional PLTU PT. Rekind Daya Mamuju

Date	Hours	GGO raw (mWH)		CC (Ton)		TOTAL PEMAKAIAN BATU BARA (TON)
		unit1	unit2	UNIT-1	UNIT-2	
18/10/2022	1:00 AM	28,06	22,63	21,83	20,16	41,98
18/10/2022	2:00 AM	16,50	14,63	13,16	12,09	25,25
18/10/2022	3:00 AM	16,50	14,88	12,41	12,09	24,50
18/10/2022	4:00 AM	16,44	14,56	12,14	13,03	25,17
18/10/2022	5:00 AM	16,50	14,88	13,56	12,09	25,66
18/10/2022	6:00 AM	25,81	23,06	19,31	18,06	37,37
18/10/2022	7:00 AM	29,19	23,88	20,25	20,13	40,37
18/10/2022	8:00 AM	29,19	24,00	21,52	19,08	40,59
18/10/2022	9:00 AM	29,25	23,63	21,39	19,13	40,52
18/10/2022	10:00 AM	29,19	23,25	21,36	19,20	40,56
18/10/2022	11:00 AM	29,19	22,75	20,31	18,16	38,47
18/10/2022	12:00 PM	29,25	21,81	21,36	18,17	39,53
18/10/2022	1:00 PM	29,00	21,63	20,52	17,16	37,67
18/10/2022	2:00 PM	29,25	21,94	21,52	17,14	38,66
18/10/2022	3:00 PM	29,31	22,00	20,80	18,14	38,94
18/10/2022	4:00 PM	29,18	21,94	20,73	17,09	37,83
18/10/2022	5:00 PM	29,13	22,13	20,52	18,16	38,67
18/10/2022	6:00 PM	29,31	21,81	21,39	18,14	39,53
18/10/2022	7:00 PM	29,19	22,63	20,48	17,03	37,52
18/10/2022	8:00 PM	29,25	23,13	20,59	19,13	39,72
18/10/2022	9:00 PM	29,49	23,50	20,33	18,16	38,48
18/10/2022	10:00 PM	29,06	23,63	20,56	18,06	38,62
18/10/2022	11:00 PM	29,38	24,13	21,92	19,13	41,05
19/10/2022	12:00 AM	22,88	19,38	15,40	15,17	30,58

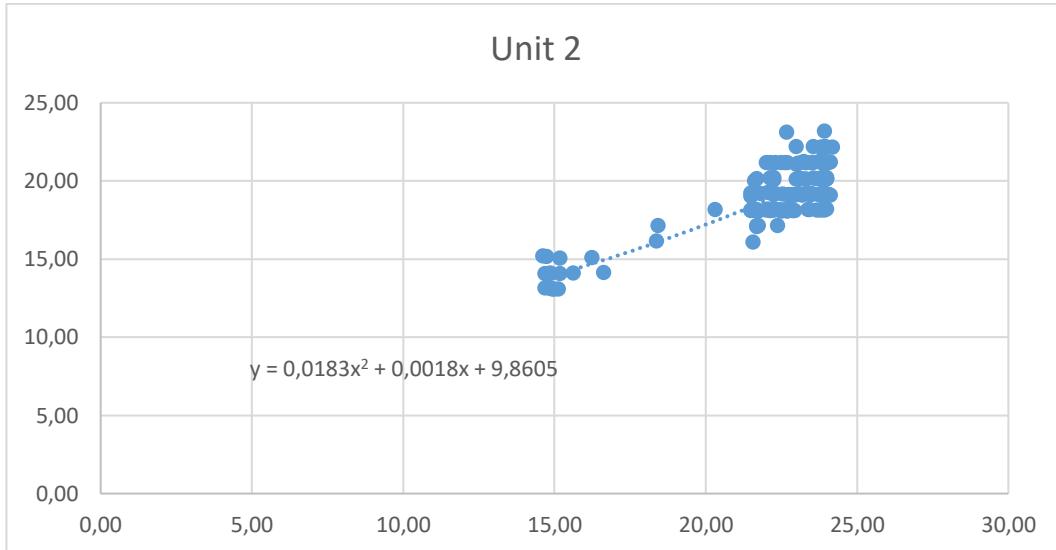
Lampiran 2 Tabel harga batu bara

TABEL HARGA MINERAL DAN BATUBARA ACUAN				
Komoditas	Oktober 2022	November 2022	Desember 2022	Januari 2023
Batubara (USD/ton)	330.97	308.2	281.48	305.21
Batubara (hba 1) (USD/ton)	-	-	-	-
Batubara (hba 2) (USD/ton)	-	-	-	-
Nikel (USD/dmt)	22081.25	22374.77	23907.73	27482.62
Kobalt (USD/dmt)	51264	51510.68	51510.45	51494.76
Timbal (USD/dmt)	1935.83	1943.09	2031	2156.9
Seng (USD/dmt)	3342.58	2994.16	2927.73	3082.81
Alumunium (USD/dmt)	2324.05	2225.5	2282.98	2393.71
Tembaga (USD/dmt)	7901.75	7608.77	7890.73	8235.57
Emas sebagai mineral ikutan (USD/ounce)	1716.37	1666.39	1690.86	1775.03
Perak sebagai mineral ikutan (USD/ounce)	18.79	19.3	20.19	22.31
Mangan (USD/dmt)	4.17	4.03	4.07	4.08
Bijih Besi Laterit/Hematit/Magnetit (USD/dmt)	1.45	1.39	1.27	1.52
Bijih Krom (USD/dmt)	3.74	3.84	4.04	3.92
Konsentrat Ilmenit (USD/dmt)	8.19	7.8	7.65	7.93
Konsentrat Titanium (USD/dmt)	15.33	14.32	14.09	14.2

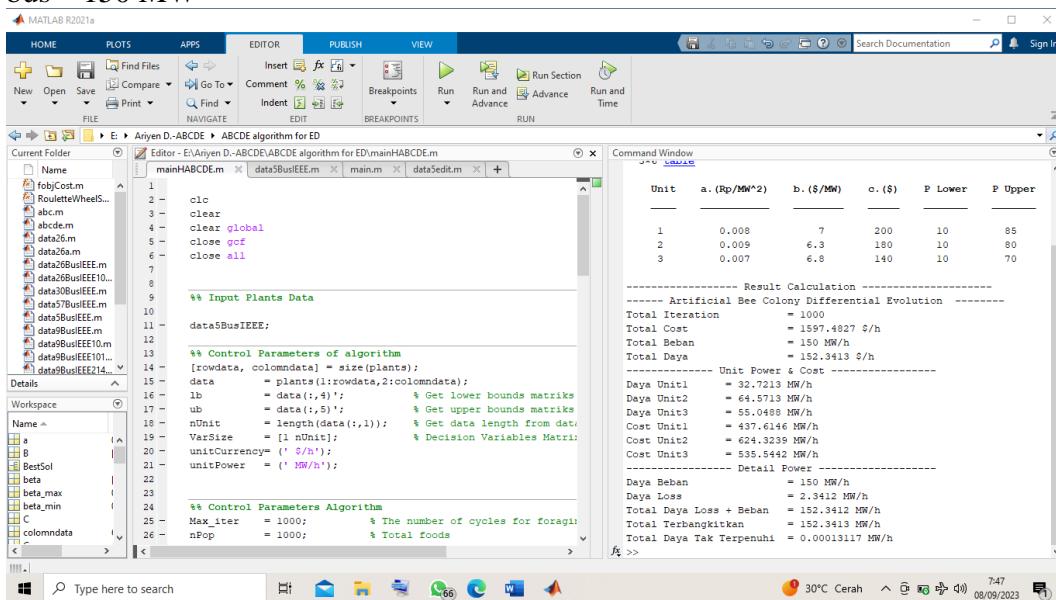
Lampiran 3 Fungsi konsumsi batu bara unit 1 menggunakan metode *least square*



Lampiran 4 Fungsi konsumsi batu bara unit 2 menggunakan metode least square



Lampiran 5 Hasil simulasi optimasi menggunakan metode HABCDE sistem 5 bus – 150 MW



Lampiran 6 Hasil simulasi optimasi menggunakan metode HABCDE sistem 26 bus – 1263 MW

Artificial Bee Colony Differential Evolution --

Iteration	Total Cost	Total Beban	Total Daya
500	1542.4696 \$/h	1263 MW/h	1275.3514 \$/h

Unit Power & Cost

Daya Unit	Power
Unit1	457.2836 MW/h
Unit2	171.0031 MW/h
Unit3	269.4108 MW/h
Unit4	135.5727 MW/h
Unit5	168.236 MW/h
Unit6	73.8453 MW/h
Cost Unit1	4904.7427 MW/h
Cost Unit2	2187.8301 MW/h
Cost Unit3	3163.2308 MW/h
Cost Unit4	1856.7196 MW/h
Cost Unit5	2212.9046 MW/h
Cost Unit6	1117.0419 MW/h

Detail Power

Daya Beban	Power
Daya Loss	12.3503 MW/h
Total Daya Loss + Beban	1275.3503 MW/h
Total Terbangkitan	1275.3514 MW/h
Total Daya Tak Terpenuhi	0.001043 MW/h

Lampiran 7 Hasil simulasi optimasi menggunakan metode HABCDE sistem 30 bus – 283,40 MW

Artificial Bee Colony Differential Evolution --

Iteration	Total Cost	Total Beban	Total Daya
500	799.7513 \$/h	283.4 MW/h	291.5416 \$/h

Unit Power & Cost

Daya Unit	Power
Unit1	173.601 MW/h
Unit2	44.1787 MW/h
Unit3	21.5088 MW/h
Unit4	24.5517 MW/h
Unit5	15.3014 MW/h
Unit6	12 MW/h
Cost Unit1	460.2169 MW/h
Cost Unit2	111.4683 MW/h
Cost Unit3	50.4229 MW/h
Cost Unit4	86.2856 MW/h
Cost Unit5	51.7576 MW/h
Cost Unit6	39.6 MW/h

Detail Power

Daya Beban	Power
Daya Loss	8.0799 MW/h
Total Daya Loss + Beban	291.4799 \$/h
Total Terbangkitan	291.5416 \$/h
Total Daya Tak Terpenuhi	0.061664 MW/h

Lampiran 8 Hasil simulasi optimasi menggunakan metode HABCDE untuk sistem PLTU Mamuju pada hari kerja jam 01:00 am.

The screenshot shows the MATLAB R2021a interface with the following details:

- Editor:** The main window displays the code for "HABCDE file/main.m". The code defines variables like `a=58`, `b=196`, and `nUnit=[0,0,0]` for a 3-unit system. It also sets control parameters such as `Max_iter=500` and `nPop=250`. The algorithm uses a differential evolution approach with a population size of 250 individuals per iteration.
- Command Window:** This window shows the results of the optimization. It lists various parameters and their values, such as:
 - Algorithim Bee Colony: 1. Algorithim Bee Colony
 - Differential Evolution: 2. Differential Evolution
 - Hybrid Algorithm Bee Colony Differential Evolution: 3. Hybrid Algorithim Bee Colony Differential Evolution
 - Input - Output Characteristic: Select the combination you want to run right (1,2,3): 3
 - Result Calculation: -----
 - Algorithm Bee Colony Differential Evolution: -----
 - Total Iteration = 500
 - Total Cost = 214021095.9031 Rp/h
 - Total Beban = 51.75 MW/h
 - Total Daya = 51.75 Rp/h
 - Unit Power & Cost: -----
 - Daya Unit1 = 30 MW/h
 - Daya Unit2 = 21.75 MW/h
 - Cost Unit1 = 118426288.05 MW/h
 - Cost Unit2 = 9554807.8531 MW/h
 - Detail Power: -----
 - Daya Beban = 51.75 MW/h
 - Daya Loss = 0 MW/h
 - Total Daya Loss + Beban = 51.75 Rp/h
 - Total Terbangkitkan = 51.75 Rp/h
 - Total Daya Tak Terpenuhi = 0 MW/h
- Taskbar:** The taskbar at the bottom shows the date and time as 19/07/2023 8:10.

Lampiran 9 Hasil simulasi optimasi menggunakan metode HABCDE untuk sistem PLTU Mamuju pada hari kerja jam 01:00 am.

The screenshot shows the MATLAB R2021a interface with the following details:

- Editor:** The main window displays the code for "HABCDE file/main.m". The code defines variables like `a=62`, `b=76`, and `nUnit=[0,0,0]` for a 3-unit system. It also sets control parameters such as `Max_iter=500` and `nPop=250`. The algorithm uses a differential evolution approach with a population size of 250 individuals per iteration.
- Command Window:** This window shows the results of the optimization. It lists various parameters and their values, such as:
 - Algorithim Bee Colony: 1. Algorithim Bee Colony
 - Differential Evolution: 2. Differential Evolution
 - Hybrid Algorithm Bee Colony Differential Evolution: 3. Hybrid Algorithim Bee Colony Differential Evolution
 - Input - Output Characteristic: Select the combination you want to run right (1,2,3): 3
 - Result Calculation: -----
 - Algorithm Bee Colony Differential Evolution: -----
 - Total Iteration = 500
 - Total Cost = 213774827.8274 Rp/h
 - Total Beban = 51.69 MW/h
 - Total Daya = 51.69 Rp/h
 - Unit Power & Cost: -----
 - Daya Unit1 = 30 MW/h
 - Daya Unit2 = 21.69 MW/h
 - Cost Unit1 = 118426288.05 MW/h
 - Cost Unit2 = 95398539.7774 MW/h
 - Detail Power: -----
 - Daya Beban = 51.69 MW/h
 - Daya Loss = 0 MW/h
 - Total Daya Loss + Beban = 51.69 Rp/h
 - Total Terbangkitkan = 51.69 Rp/h
 - Total Daya Tak Terpenuhi = 0 MW/h
- Taskbar:** The taskbar at the bottom shows the date and time as 19/07/2023 15:10.

Lampiran 10 Program HABCDE

```

clc
clear
clear global
close gcf
close all

%% Input Plants Data

data5BusIEEE;

%% Control Parameters of algorithm
[rowdata, colomndata] = size(plants);
data      = plants(1:rowdata,2:colomndata);
lb        = data(:,4)'; % Get lower bounds matriks
from data variable
ub        = data(:,5)'; % Get upper bounds matriks
from data variable
nUnit     = length(data(:,1)); % Get data length from data
variable
VarSize   = [1 nUnit]; % Decision Variables Matrix
Size
unitCurrency= (' $/h');
unitPower   = (' MW/h');

%% Control Parameters Algorithm
Max_iter   = 1000; % The number of cycles for foraging
{a stopping criteria}
nPop       = 1000; % Total foods

%% Control Parameters of ABC algorithm
nOnlooker  = round(0.2*nPop); % Number of
Onlooker Bees
L          = round(0.5*nPop); % Abandonment Limit Parameter
(Trial Limit)
a          = 0.9; % Acceleration
Coefficient Upper Bound

%% Control Parameters of DE Algorithm
beta_min = 0.2; % Lower Bound of Scaling Factor
beta_max = 0.8; % Upper Bound of Scaling Factor
pCR      = 0.8; % Crossover Probability

%% Running Algorithm

disp '1. Artificial Bee Colony';
disp '2. Differential Evolution';
disp '3. Hybrid Artificial Bee Colony Differential Evolution';

```

```

func = input('Select the combination you want to run right
(1,2,3): ');
disp ('-----');

if (func == 1)
    abc;
    disp('----- Input - Output Characteristic -----');
    display(array2table(plants,'V',{'Unit' 'a.(Rp/MW^2) '
'b.($/MW)' 'c.($)' 'P Lower' 'P Upper'}));
    disp('----- Result Calculation -----');
    disp('----- Artificial Bee Colony -----');
elseif (func == 2)
    de;
    disp('----- Input - Output Characteristic -----');
    display(array2table(plants,'V',{'Unit' 'a.(Rp/MW^2) '
'b.($/MW)' 'c.($)' 'P Lower' 'P Upper'}));
    disp('----- Result Calculation -----');
    disp('----- Differential Evolution -----');
else
    abcde;
    disp('----- Input - Output Characteristic -----');
    display(array2table(plants,'V',{'Unit' 'a.(Rp/MW^2) '
'b.($/MW)' 'c.($)' 'P Lower' 'P Upper'}));
    disp('----- Result Calculation -----');
    disp('----- Artificial Bee Colony Differential Evolution ---');
end

display(['Total Iteration      = ',num2str(Max_iter)]);
display(['Total Cost          = ',num2str(BestSol.Cost)
,unitCurrency]);
display(['Total Beban          = ',num2str(Pd)
,unitPower  ]);
display(['Total Daya           = '
,num2str(sum(BestSol.Position)) ,unitCurrency]);
disp('----- Unit Power & Cost -----');
for i=1:nUnit
display(['Daya Unit', num2str(i), '      =
',num2str(BestSol.Position(i)),unitPower  ]);
end
for i=1:nUnit
display(['Cost Unit', num2str(i), '      =
',num2str(BestSol.unitCost(i)),unitPower  ]);
end
disp('----- Detail Power -----');
display(['Daya Beban          = ',num2str(Pd)
,unitPower  ]);
display(['Daya Loss            = ',num2str(sum(BestSol.Loss))
,unitPower  ]);
display(['Total Daya Loss + Beban = ',num2str((Pd +
sum(BestSol.Loss))),unitPower]);
display(['Total Terbangkitkan   =
',num2str(sum(BestSol.Position)) ,unitPower]);

```

```
display(['Total Daya Tak Terpenuhi = ',num2str(BestSol.Excess)
,unitPower]);
```



```
%% Ploting Data
% Pie
pie(BestSol.Position);
title('Optimal Load sharing between Generators');

% Plot
figure
plot(Convergence_curve) %Plot the PV Generation Profile 'r-*'
title('Iteration Curve')
xlabel('Iteration')
ylabel('Cost ($/h)')
xlim([1,iteration])
```