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## Lampiran 1 Script Matlab

### 1. Faktor Lingkungan

```
                                %SUHU
%Faktor lingkungan
Ventilasi = 4                    %Satuan /jam           %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe
Exhalation_mask = 0.5           %Tanpa satuan
Inhalation_mask = 0.5           %Tanpa satuan
Volume = 128                    %Satuan meter kubik %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe
Jarak = 1                       %Satuan meter
Prevalensi = 0.02               %Tanpa satuan
Jumlah_orang = 20
T1 = 15
T2 = 24                       %Satuan derajat Celcius
T3 = 30
RH = 75                         %Satuan persen
UV = 0                          %Tanpa satuan
%Hanya ini input faktor lingkungannya
Decay_rate_of_virus_1 = (7.569+1.411.*((T1-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH-45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV-50)/50)+1.397.*((T1-20.54)/10.66).*(UV-50)/50).*60
Decay_rate_of_virus_2 = (7.569+1.411.*((T2-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH-45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV-50)/50)+1.397.*((T2-20.54)/10.66).*(UV-50)/50).*60
Decay_rate_of_virus_3 = (7.569+1.411.*((T3-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH-45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV-50)/50)+1.397.*((T3-20.54)/10.66).*(UV-50)/50).*60
Deposition_to_surface = 0.3     %Satuan /jam           %Ketetapan
Additional_control_measures = 0 %Satuan /jam           %Ketetapan
Fraction_of_people_mask = 1     %Tanpa satuan         %Ketetapan
Duration_of_event = 240        %Satuan menit
Durasi = 0.8333:0.8333:Duration_of_event./60
Prob_social_distance = (-18.19*log(Jarak)+43.276)/100
Quanta_exhalation_rate = 9.4   %Satuan /jam           %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe
Quanta_exhalation_rate_new = Quanta_exhalation_rate.*Prob_social_distance
Breathing_rate = 0.54         %Satuan meter kubik per jam %Ketetapan
Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian = 1 %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe
Orang_terinfeksi = 1          %Ketetapan
Fraction_of_population_inmune = 0 %Satuan persen %Ketetapan
Susceptible_people = (Jumlah_orang-Orang_terinfeksi)*(1-Fraction_of_population_inmune)
Total_first_order_loss_rate_1 = Ventilasi+Decay_rate_of_virus_1+Deposition_to_surface+Additional_control_measures
Total_first_order_loss_rate_2 = Ventilasi+Decay_rate_of_virus_2+Deposition_to_surface+Additional_control_measures
Total_first_order_loss_rate_3 = Ventilasi+Decay_rate_of_virus_3+Deposition_to_surface+Additional_control_measures
Net_emission_rate = Quanta_exhalation_rate_new.*(1-Exhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask).*Orang_terinfeksi
```

## %SUHU BAGIAN 2

```
Avg_quanta_concentration_1 = Net_emission_rate./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_1./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_1./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_1.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_2 = Net_emission_rate./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_3 = Net_emission_rate./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_3./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_3./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_3.*Durasi)))
Quanta_inhale_per_person_1=Avg_quanta_concentration_1.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_2=Avg_quanta_concentration_2.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_3=Avg_quanta_concentration_3.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)

Infeksi_1a = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_1)
Infeksi_1b = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_2)
Infeksi_1c = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_3)
Infeksi_2a = 1-(1-Infeksi_1a.*Prevalensi).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2b = 1-(1-Infeksi_1b.*Prevalensi).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2c = 1-(1-Infeksi_1c.*Prevalensi).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_3a = 1-(1-Infeksi_2a).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3b = 1-(1-Infeksi_2b).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3c = 1-(1-Infeksi_2c).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian

Hasil1a = Infeksi_1a*100
Hasil2a = Infeksi_2a*100
Hasil3a = Infeksi_3a*100
Hasil1b = Infeksi_1b*100
Hasil2b = Infeksi_2b*100
Hasil3b = Infeksi_3b*100
Hasil1c = Infeksi_1c*100
Hasil2c = Infeksi_2c*100
Hasil3c = Infeksi_3c*100

plot(Durasi, Hasil3a, '-*r', Durasi, Hasil3b, '-*b', Durasi, Hasil3c, '-*g')
xlabel('Durasi (jam)')
ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')
xlim([0 3])
ylim([0 0.3])
title('Pengaruh Suhu Terhadap Risiko Penularan SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol Dalam
    Cafe')
legend('Suhu = 15 derajat Celcius', 'Suhu = 24 derajat Celcius', 'Suhu = 30 derajat
    Celcius')
```

%Sesuaikan dengan Cafe

## %RH

### %Faktor lingkungan

Ventilasi = 4	%Satuan satuan /jam	%Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe
Exhalation_mask = 0.5	%Tanpa satuan	
Inhalation_mask = 0.5	%Tanpa satuan	
Volume = 128	%Satuan meter kubik	%Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe
Jarak = 1	%Satuan mmeter	
Prevalensi = 0.02	%Tanpa satuan	
Jumlah_orang = 20		%Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe
RH <sub>1</sub> = 65		
RH <sub>2</sub> = 75	%Satuan persen	
RH <sub>3</sub> = 85		
T = 24	%Satuan derajat Celcius	
UV = 0	%Tanpa satuan	

### %Hanya ini input faktor lingkungannya

Decay_rate_of_virus_1 =	$(7.569+1.411.*((T-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH_1-45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV-50)/50)+1.397.*((T-20.54)/10.66).*(UV-50)/50).*60$	
Decay_rate_of_virus_2 =	$(7.569+1.411.*((T-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH_2-45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV-50)/50)+1.397.*((T-20.54)/10.66).*(UV-50)/50).*60$	
Decay_rate_of_virus_3 =	$(7.569+1.411.*((T-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH_3-45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV-50)/50)+1.397.*((T-20.54)/10.66).*(UV-50)/50).*60$	
Deposition_to_surface = 0.3	%Satuan /jam	%Ketetapan
Additional_control_measures = 0	%Satuan /jam	%Ketetapan
Fraction_of_people_mask = 1	%Tanpa satuan	%Ketetapan
Duration_of_event = 150	%Satuan menit	
Durasi = 0.8333:0.8333:Duration_of_event./60		
Prob_social_distance = (-18.19*log(Jarak)+43.276)/100		
Quanta_exhalation_rate = 9.4	%Satuan /jam	%Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe
Quanta_exhalation_rate_new = Quanta_exhalation_rate.*Prob_social_distance		
Breathing_rate = 0.52	%Satuan meter kubik per jam	%Ketetapan
Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian = 1		%Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe
Orang_terinfeksi = 1	%Ketetapan	
Fraction_of_population_inmune = 0	%Satuan persen	%Ketetapan
Susceptible_people = (Jumlah_orang-Orang_terinfeksi)*(1-Fraction_of_population_inmune)		
Total_first_order_loss_rate_1 =	Ventilasi+Decay_rate_of_virus_1+ Deposition_to_surface+ Additional_control_measures	
Total_first_order_loss_rate_2 =	Ventilasi+Decay_rate_of_virus_2+ Deposition_to_surface+ Additional_control_measures	
Total_first_order_loss_rate_3 =	Ventilasi+Decay_rate_of_virus_3+ Deposition_to_surface+ Additional_control_measures	
Net_emission_rate =	Quanta_exhalation_rate_new.*(1- Exhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask).*Orang_terinfeksi	

## %RH BAGIAN 2

```
Avg_quanta_concentration_1 = Net_emission_rate./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_1./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_1./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_1.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_2 = Net_emission_rate./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_3 = Net_emission_rate./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2.*Durasi)))
Quanta_inhale_per_person_1=Avg_quanta_concentration_1.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_2=Avg_quanta_concentration_2.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_3=Avg_quanta_concentration_3.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)

Infeksi_1a = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_1)
Infeksi_1b = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_2)
Infeksi_1c = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_3)
Infeksi_2a = 1-(1-Infeksi_1a.*Prevalensi).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2b = 1-(1-Infeksi_1b.*Prevalensi).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2c = 1-(1-Infeksi_1c.*Prevalensi).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_3a = 1-(1-Infeksi_2a).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3b = 1-(1-Infeksi_2b).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3c = 1-(1-Infeksi_2c).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian

Hasil1a = Infeksi_1a*100
Hasil2a = Infeksi_2a*100
Hasil3a = Infeksi_3a*100
Hasil1b = Infeksi_1b*100
Hasil2b = Infeksi_2b*100
Hasil3b = Infeksi_3b*100
Hasil1c = Infeksi_1c*100
Hasil2c = Infeksi_2c*100
Hasil3c = Infeksi_3c*100

plot(Durasi, Hasil3a, '-*r', Durasi, Hasil3b, '-*b', Durasi, Hasil3c, '-*g')
xlabel('Durasi (jam)')
ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')
xlim([0 3])
ylim([0 0.3])
title('Pengaruh RH Terhadap Risiko Penularan SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol Dalam
    Cafe')
legend('RH = 65%', 'RH = 75%', 'RH = 85%')
```

%Sesuaikan dengan Cafe

% UV

%Faktor lingkungan

Ventilasi = 4 %Satuan /jam %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Exhalation\_mask = 0.5 %Tanpa satuan

Inhalation\_mask = 0.5 %Tanpa satuan

Volume = 128 %Satuan meter kubik %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Jarak = 1 %Satuan meter

Prevalensi = 0.02 %Tanpa satuan

Jumlah\_orang = 20 %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

UV<sub>1</sub> = 0

UV<sub>2</sub> = 2.5 %Tanpa Satuan

UV<sub>3</sub> = 3.5

T = 24 %Satuan derajat Celcius

RH = 75 %Satuan persen

%Hanya ini input faktor lingkungannya

Decay\_rate\_of\_virus\_1 =  $(7.569+1.411.*((T-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH-45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV_1-50)/50)+1.397.*((T-20.54)/10.66).*(UV_1-50)/50).*60$

Decay\_rate\_of\_virus\_2 =  $(7.569+1.411.*((T-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH-45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV_2-50)/50)+1.397.*((T-20.54)/10.66).*(UV_2-50)/50).*60$

Decay\_rate\_of\_virus\_3 =  $(7.569+1.411.*((T-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH-45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV_3-50)/50)+1.397.*((T-20.54)/10.66).*(UV_3-50)/50).*60$

Deposition\_to\_surface = 0.3 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan

Additional\_control\_measures = 0 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan

Fraction\_of\_people\_mask = 1 %Tanpa satuan %Ketetapan

Duration\_of\_event = 240 %Satuan menit

Durasi = 0.8333:0.8333:Duration\_of\_event./60

Prob\_social\_distance =  $(-18.19*\log(\text{Jarak})+43.276)/100$

Quanta\_exhalation\_rate = 9.4 %Satuan /jam %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new = Quanta\_exhalation\_rate.\*Prob\_social\_distance

Breathing\_rate = 0.52 %Satuan meter kubik per jam %Ketetapan

Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian = 1 %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Orang\_terinfeksi = 1 %Ketetapan

Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune = 0 %Satuan persen %Ketetapan

Susceptible\_people =  $(\text{Jumlah\_orang}-\text{Orang\_terinfeksi})*(1-\text{Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune})$

Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_1 = Ventilasi+Decay\_rate\_of\_virus\_1+ Deposition\_to\_surface+

Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_2 = Ventilasi+Decay\_rate\_of\_virus\_2+ Deposition\_to\_surface+

Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_3 = Ventilasi+Decay\_rate\_of\_virus\_3+ Deposition\_to\_surface+

Additional\_control\_measures

Net\_emission\_rate =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new}.*(1-\text{Exhalation\_mask}.*\text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask})*\text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$

## %UV BAGIAN 2

```
Avg_quanta_concentration_1 = Net_emission_rate./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_1./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_1./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_1.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_2 = Net_emission_rate./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_3 = Net_emission_rate./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate_2.*Durasi)))
Quanta_inhale_per_person_1=Avg_quanta_concentration_1.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_2=Avg_quanta_concentration_2.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_3=Avg_quanta_concentration_3.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)

Infeksi_1a = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_1)
Infeksi_1b = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_2)
Infeksi_1c = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_3)
Infeksi_2a = 1-(1-Infeksi_1a.*Prevalensi).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2b = 1-(1-Infeksi_1b.*Prevalensi).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2c = 1-(1-Infeksi_1c.*Prevalensi).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_3a = 1-(1-Infeksi_2a).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3b = 1-(1-Infeksi_2b).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3c = 1-(1-Infeksi_2c).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian

Hasil1a = Infeksi_1a*100
Hasil2a = Infeksi_2a*100
Hasil3a = Infeksi_3a*100
Hasil1b = Infeksi_1b*100
Hasil2b = Infeksi_2b*100
Hasil3b = Infeksi_3b*100
Hasil1c = Infeksi_1c*100
Hasil2c = Infeksi_2c*100
Hasil3c = Infeksi_3c*100

plot(Durasi, Hasil3a, '-*r', Durasi, Hasil3b, '-*b', Durasi, Hasil3c, '-*g')
xlabel('Durasi (jam)')
ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')
xlim([0 3])
ylim([0 0.2])
title('Pengaruh UV Terhadap Risiko Penularan SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol Dalam
    Cafe')
legend('UV = 0', 'UV = 2.5', 'UV = 3.5')
```

%Sesuaikan dengan Cafe



## %PREVALENSI

### %Faktor lingkungan

UV = 0 %Tanpa satuan  
T = 24 %Satuan derajat Celcius  
RH = 75 %Satuan persen  
Ventilasi = 4 %Satuan /jam %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Exhalation\_mask = 0.5  
Inhalation\_mask = 0.5  
Volume = 128 %Satuan meter kubik %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Jarak = 1 %Satuan meter  
Prevalensi\_1 = 0.01  
Prevalensi\_2 = 0.03 %Tanpa satuan  
Prevalensi\_3 = 0.05  
Jumlah\_orang = 20 %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe

### %Hanya ini input faktor lingkungannya

Decay\_rate\_of\_virus =  $(7.569+1.411*((T-20.54)/10.66)+0.022*((RH-45.235)/28.665)+7.553*((UV-50)/50)+1.397*((T-20.54)/10.66)*(UV-50)/50)*60$   
Deposition\_to\_surface = 0.3 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan  
Additional\_control\_measures = 0 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan  
Fraction\_of\_people\_mask = 1 %Tanpa satuan %Ketetapan  
Duration\_of\_event = 240 %Satuan menit  
Durasi = 0.8333:0.8333:Duration\_of\_event./60  
Prob\_social\_distance =  $(-18.19*\log(\text{Jarak})+43.276)/100$   
Quanta\_exhalation\_rate = 9.4 %Satuan /jam %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new = Quanta\_exhalation\_rate.\*Prob\_social\_distance  
Breathing\_rate = 0.52 %Satuan meter kubik per jam %Ketetapan  
Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian = 1 %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Orang\_terinfeksi = 1 %Ketetapan  
Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune = 0 %Satuan persen %Ketetapan  
Susceptible\_people =  $(\text{Jumlah_orang}-\text{Orang_terinfeksi})*(1-\text{Fraction_of_population_inmune})$   
Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate = Ventilasi+Decay\_rate\_of\_virus\_1+ Deposition\_to\_surface+ Additional\_control\_measures  
Net\_emission\_rate =  $\text{Quanta_exhalation_rate\_new}*(1-\text{Exhalation\_mask}.*\text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask})*\text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$   
Avg\_quanta\_concentration =  $\text{Net\_emission\_rate}/(\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate}/\text{Volume}*(1-(1/\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate}/\text{Durasi})*(1-\exp(-\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate}.*\text{Durasi}))))$   
Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person =  $\text{Avg\_quanta\_concentration}.*\text{Breathing\_rate}.*\text{Durasi}*(1-\text{Inhalation\_mask}.*\text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask})$   
Infeksi\_1a =  $1-\exp(-\text{Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person})$   
Infeksi\_2a =  $1-(1-\text{Infeksi\_1a}.*\text{Prevalensi\_1}).^{\wedge}\text{Susceptible\_people}$   
Infeksi\_2b =  $1-(1-\text{Infeksi\_1b}.*\text{Prevalensi\_2}).^{\wedge}\text{Susceptible\_people}$   
Infeksi\_2c =  $1-(1-\text{Infeksi\_1c}.*\text{Prevalensi\_3}).^{\wedge}\text{Susceptible\_people}$   
Infeksi\_3a =  $1-(1-\text{infeksi\_2a}).^{\wedge}\text{Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian}$   
Infeksi\_3b =  $1-(1-\text{infeksi\_2b}).^{\wedge}\text{Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian}$   
Infeksi\_3c =  $1-(1-\text{infeksi\_2c}).^{\wedge}\text{Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian}$   
  
Hasil1a = Infeksi\_1a\*100  
Hasil2a = Infeksi\_2a\*100  
Hasil3a = Infeksi\_3a\*100

## %PREVALENSI BAGIAN 2

Hasil1b = Infeksi\_1b\*100

Hasil2b = Infeksi\_2b\*100

Hasil3b = Infeksi\_3b\*100

Hasil1c = Infeksi\_1c\*100

Hasil2c = Infeksi\_2c\*100

Hasil3c = Infeksi\_3c\*100

plot(Durasi, Hasil3a, '-\*r', Durasi, Hasil3b, '-\*b', Durasi, Hasil3c, '-\*g')

xlabel('Durasi (jam)')

ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')

xlim([0 3])

ylim([0 0.6])

%Sesuaikan dengan Cafe

title('Pengaruh Prevalensi Terhadap Risiko Penularan SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol  
Dalam Cafe')

legend('Prevalensi = 0.01', 'Prevalensi = 0.03', 'Prevalensi = 0.05')

## % VENTILASI

### %Faktor lingkungan

UV = 0 %Tanpa satuan  
T = 24 %Satuan derajat Celcius  
RH = 75 %Satuan persen  
Ventilasi\_1 = 2  
Ventilasi\_2 = 4 %Satuan /jam %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Ventilasi\_3 = 6  
Exhalation\_mask = 0.5  
Inhalation\_mask = 0.5  
Volume = 128 %Satuan meter kubik %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Jarak = 1 %Satuan meter  
Prevalensi = 0.02 %Tanpa satuan  
Jumlah\_orang = 20 %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe

### %Hanya ini input faktor lingkungannya

Decay\_rate\_of\_virus =  $(7.569 + 1.411 * ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) + 0.022 * ((RH - 45.235) / 28.665) + 7.553 * ((UV - 50) / 50) + 1.397 * ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) * ((UV - 50) / 50)) * 60$   
Deposition\_to\_surface = 0.3 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan  
Additional\_control\_measures = 0 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan  
Fraction\_of\_people\_mask = 1 %Tanpa satuan %Ketetapan  
Duration\_of\_event = 240 %Satuan menit  
Durasi =  $0.8333 : 0.8333 : \text{Duration\_of\_event} / 60$   
Prob\_social\_distance =  $(-18.19 * \log(\text{Jarak}) + 43.276) / 100$   
Quanta\_exhalation\_rate = 9.4 %Satuan /jam %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new = Quanta\_exhalation\_rate \* Prob\_social\_distance  
Breathing\_rate = 0.52 %Satuan meter kubik per jam %Ketetapan  
Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian = 1 %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Orang\_terinfeksi = 1 %Ketetapan  
Fraction\_of\_population\_immune = 0 %Satuan persen %Ketetapan  
Susceptible\_people =  $(\text{Jumlah\_orang} - \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}) * (1 - \text{Fraction\_of\_population\_immune})$   
Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_1 = Ventilasi\_1 + Decay\_rate\_of\_virus + Deposition\_to\_surface + Additional\_control\_measures  
Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_2 = Ventilasi\_2 + Decay\_rate\_of\_virus + Deposition\_to\_surface + Additional\_control\_measures  
Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_3 = Ventilasi\_3 + Decay\_rate\_of\_virus + Deposition\_to\_surface + Additional\_control\_measures  
Net\_emission\_rate = Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new \* (1 - Exhalation\_mask \* Fraction\_of\_people\_mask) \* Orang\_terinfeksi  
Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_1 =  $\text{Net\_emission\_rate} / (\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_1} / \text{Volume} * (1 - (1 - \text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_1} / \text{Durasi}) * (1 - \exp(-\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_1} * \text{Durasi}))))$   
Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_2 =  $\text{Net\_emission\_rate} / (\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_2} / \text{Volume} * (1 - (1 - \text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_2} / \text{Durasi}) * (1 - \exp(-\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_2} * \text{Durasi}))))$   
Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_3 =  $\text{Net\_emission\_rate} / (\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_3} / \text{Volume} * (1 - (1 - \text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_3} / \text{Durasi}) * (1 - \exp(-\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate\_3} * \text{Durasi}))))$

## % VENTILASI BAGIAN 2

$Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_1 = Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_1 * Breathing\_rate * Durasi * (1 - Inhalation\_mask * Fraction\_of\_people\_mask)$

$Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_2 = Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_2 * Breathing\_rate * Durasi * (1 - Inhalation\_mask * Fraction\_of\_people\_mask)$

$Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_3 = Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_3 * Breathing\_rate * Durasi * (1 - Inhalation\_mask * Fraction\_of\_people\_mask)$

$Infeksi\_1a = 1 - \exp(-Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_1)$

$Infeksi\_1b = 1 - \exp(-Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_2)$

$Infeksi\_1c = 1 - \exp(-Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_3)$

$Infeksi\_2a = 1 - (1 - Infeksi\_1a * Prevalensi\_1)^{Susceptible\_people}$

$Infeksi\_2b = 1 - (1 - Infeksi\_1b * Prevalensi\_2)^{Susceptible\_people}$

$Infeksi\_2c = 1 - (1 - Infeksi\_1c * Prevalensi\_3)^{Susceptible\_people}$

$Infeksi\_3a = 1 - (1 - infeksi\_2a)^{Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian}$

$Infeksi\_3b = 1 - (1 - infeksi\_2b)^{Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian}$

$Infeksi\_3c = 1 - (1 - infeksi\_2c)^{Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian}$

$Hasil1a = Infeksi\_1a * 100$

$Hasil2a = Infeksi\_2a * 100$

$Hasil3a = Infeksi\_3a * 100$

$Hasil1b = Infeksi\_1b * 100$

$Hasil2b = Infeksi\_2b * 100$

$Hasil3b = Infeksi\_3b * 100$

$Hasil1c = Infeksi\_1c * 100$

$Hasil2c = Infeksi\_2c * 100$

$Hasil3c = Infeksi\_3c * 100$

`plot(Durasi, Hasil3a, '-*r', Durasi, Hasil3b, '-*b', Durasi, Hasil3c, '-*g')`

`xlabel('Durasi (jam)')`

`ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')`

`xlim([0 3])`

`ylim([0 0.6])`

**%Sesuaikan dengan Cafe**

`title('Pengaruh Ventilasi Terhadap Risiko Penularan SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol Dalam Cafe')`

`legend('Ventilasi = 2/jam', 'Ventilasi = 4/jam', 'Ventilasi = 6/jam')`

## %JARAK FISIK

### %Faktor lingkungan

UV = 0 %Tanpa Satuan  
T = 24 %Dalam derajat Celcius  
RH = 75 %Dalam persen  
Ventilasi = 4 %Dalam satuan /jam %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Exhalation\_mask = 0.5  
Inhalation\_mask = 0.5  
Volume = 128 %Dalam meter kubik %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Jarak\_1 = 0.2  
Jarak\_2 = 0.5 %Dalam meter  
Jarak\_3 = 1  
Prevalensi = 0.02  
Jumlah\_orang = 20 %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe

### %Hanya ini input faktor lingkungannya

Decay\_rate\_of\_virus =  $(7.569 + 1.411 \cdot ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) + 0.022 \cdot ((RH - 45.235) / 28.665) + 7.553 \cdot ((UV - 50) / 50) + 1.397 \cdot ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) \cdot ((UV - 50) / 50)) \cdot 60$

Deposition\_to\_surface = 0.3 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan  
Additional\_control\_measures = 0 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan  
Fraction\_of\_people\_mask = 1 %Tanpa satuan %Ketetapan  
Duration\_of\_event = 150 %Satuan menit  
Durasi =  $0.8333 : 0.8333 : \text{Duration\_of\_event} / 60$

Prob\_social\_distance\_1 =  $(-18.19 \cdot \log(\text{Jarak\_1}) + 43.276) / 100$   
Prob\_social\_distance\_2 =  $(-18.19 \cdot \log(\text{Jarak\_2}) + 43.276) / 100$   
Prob\_social\_distance\_3 =  $(-18.19 \cdot \log(\text{Jarak\_3}) + 43.276) / 100$

Quanta\_exhalation\_rate = 9.4 %Satuan /jam %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new\_1 = Quanta\_exhalation\_rate \* Prob\_social\_distance\_1  
Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new\_2 = Quanta\_exhalation\_rate \* Prob\_social\_distance\_2  
Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new\_3 = Quanta\_exhalation\_rate \* Prob\_social\_distance\_3

Breathing\_rate = 0.52 %Satuan meter kubik per jam %Ketetapan  
Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian = 1 %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Orang\_terinfeksi = 1 %Ketetapan  
Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune = 0 %Satuan persen %Ketetapan  
Susceptible\_people =  $(\text{Jumlah\_orang} - \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}) \cdot (1 - \text{Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune})$   
Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate = Ventilasi + Decay\_rate\_of\_virus + Deposition\_to\_surface + Additional\_control\_measures

Net\_emission\_rate\_1 =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new\_1} \cdot (1 - \text{Exhalation\_mask} \cdot \text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask}) \cdot \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$   
Net\_emission\_rate\_2 =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new\_2} \cdot (1 - \text{Exhalation\_mask} \cdot \text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask}) \cdot \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$   
Net\_emission\_rate\_3 =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new\_3} \cdot (1 - \text{Exhalation\_mask} \cdot \text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask}) \cdot \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$

## %JARAK FISIK BAGIAN 2

```
Avg_quanta_concentration_1 = Net_emission_rate_1./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_2 = Net_emission_rate_2./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_3 = Net_emission_rate_3./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate.*Durasi)))

Quanta_inhale_per_person_1=Avg_quanta_concentration_1.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_2=Avg_quanta_concentration_2.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_3=Avg_quanta_concentration_3.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask.*Fraction_of_people_mask)

Infeksi_1a = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_1)
Infeksi_1b = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_2)
Infeksi_1c = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_3)

Infeksi_2a = 1-(1-Infeksi_1a.*Prevalensi_1).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2b = 1-(1-Infeksi_1b.*Prevalensi_2).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2c = 1-(1-Infeksi_1c.*Prevalensi_3).^Susceptible_people

Infeksi_3a = 1-(1-infeksi_2a).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3b = 1-(1-infeksi_2b).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3c = 1-(1-infeksi_2c).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian

Hasil1a = Infeksi_1a*100
Hasil2a = Infeksi_2a*100
Hasil3a = Infeksi_3a*100

Hasil1b = Infeksi_1b*100
Hasil2b = Infeksi_2b*100
Hasil3b = Infeksi_3b*100

Hasil1c = Infeksi_1c*100
Hasil2c = Infeksi_2c*100
Hasil3c = Infeksi_3c*100

plot(Durasi, Hasil3a, '-*r', Durasi, Hasil3b, '-*b', Durasi, Hasil3c, '-*g')
xlabel('Durasi (jam)')
ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')
xlim([0 3])
ylim([0 0.6])
title('Pengaruh Jarak Terhadap Risiko Penularan SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol Dalam
Cafe')
% Sesuaikan dengan Cafe
```

## %EFISIENSI MASKER

### %Faktor lingkungan

UV = 0 %Tanpa Satuan  
T = 24 %Dalam derajat Celcius  
RH = 75 %Dalam persen  
Ventilasi = 1.5 %Dalam satuan /jam %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Exhalation\_mask\_1 = 0.23  
Exhalation\_mask\_2 = 0.5  
Exhalation\_mask\_3 = 0.9  
Inhalation\_mask\_1 = 0.23  
Inhalation\_mask\_2 = 0.5  
Inhalation\_mask\_3 = 0.9  
Volume = 128 %Dalam meter kubik %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Jarak = 1 %Dalam meter  
Prevalensi = 0.02  
Jumlah\_orang = 20 %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe

### %Hanya ini input faktor lingkungannya

Decay\_rate\_of\_virus =  $(7.569 + 1.411 * ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) + 0.022 * ((RH - 45.235) / 28.665) + 7.553 * ((UV - 50) / 50) + 1.397 * ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) * ((UV - 50) / 50) * 60$

Deposition\_to\_surface = 0.3 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan  
Additional\_control\_measures = 0 %Satuan /jam %Ketetapan  
Fraction\_of\_people\_mask = 1 %Tanpa satuan %Ketetapan  
Duration\_of\_event = 150 %Satuan menit  
Durasi =  $0.8333 : 0.8333 : \text{Duration\_of\_event} / 60$   
Prob\_social\_distance =  $(-18.19 * \log(\text{Jarak}) + 43.276) / 100$

Quanta\_exhalation\_rate = 9.4 %Satuan /jam %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate} * \text{Prob\_social\_distance}$   
Breathing\_rate = 0.52 %Satuan meter kubik per jam %Ketetapan  
Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian = 1 %Sesuaikan dengan Cafe  
Orang\_terinfeksi = 1 %Ketetapan  
Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune = 0 %Satuan persen %Ketetapan  
Susceptible\_people =  $(\text{Jumlah\_orang} - \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}) * (1 - \text{Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune})$   
Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate =  $\text{Ventilasi} + \text{Decay\_rate\_of\_virus} + \text{Deposition\_to\_surface} + \text{Additional\_control\_measures}$

Net\_emission\_rate\_1 =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new} * (1 - \text{Exhalation\_mask\_1} * \text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask}) * \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$   
i

Net\_emission\_rate\_2 =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new} * (1 - \text{Exhalation\_mask\_2} * \text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask}) * \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$   
i

Net\_emission\_rate\_3 =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new} * (1 - \text{Exhalation\_mask\_3} * \text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask}) * \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$   
i

## %EFISIENSI MASKER BAGIAN 2

```
Avg_quanta_concentration_1 = Net_emission_rate_1./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_2 = Net_emission_rate_2./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate.*Durasi)))
Avg_quanta_concentration_3 = Net_emission_rate_3./
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Volume.*(1-(1/
    Total_first_order_loss_rate./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
    Total_first_order_loss_rate.*Durasi)))

Quanta_inhale_per_person_1=Avg_quanta_concentration_1.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask_1.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_2=Avg_quanta_concentration_2.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask_2.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Quanta_inhale_per_person_3=Avg_quanta_concentration_3.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1
    -Inhalation_mask_3.*Fraction_of_people_mask)

Infeksi_1a = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_1)
Infeksi_1b = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_2)
Infeksi_1c = 1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person_3)

Infeksi_2a = 1-(1-Infeksi_1a.*Prevalensi_1).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2b = 1-(1-Infeksi_1b.*Prevalensi_2).^Susceptible_people
Infeksi_2c = 1-(1-Infeksi_1c.*Prevalensi_3).^Susceptible_people

Infeksi_3a = 1-(1-infeksi_2a).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3b = 1-(1-infeksi_2b).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
Infeksi_3c = 1-(1-infeksi_2c).^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian

Hasil1a = Infeksi_1a*100
Hasil2a = Infeksi_2a*100
Hasil3a = Infeksi_3a*100
Hasil1b = Infeksi_1b*100
Hasil2b = Infeksi_2b*100
Hasil3b = Infeksi_3b*100
Hasil1c = Infeksi_1c*100
Hasil2c = Infeksi_2c*100
Hasil3c = Infeksi_3c*100

plot(Durasi, Hasil3a, '-*r', Durasi, Hasil3b, '-*b', Durasi, Hasil3c, '-*g')
xlabel('Durasi (jam)')
ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')
xlim([0 3])
ylim([0 0.6])
title('Pengaruh Efisiensi Masker Terhadap Risiko Penularan SARS-CoV-2 Melalui
    Aerosol Dalam Cafe')
legend('Efisiensi Masker = 23%', 'Efisiensi Masker = 50%', 'Efisiensi Masker = 90%')
```

%Sesuaikan dengan Cafe



## % VOLUME RUANGAN

### %Faktor lingkungan

UV = 0

%Tanpa Satuan

T = 24

%Dalam derajat Celcius

RH = 75

%Dalam persen

Ventilasi = 4

%Dalam satuan /jam %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Exhalation\_mask = 0.5

Inhalation\_mask = 0.5

Volume\_1 = 96

Volume\_2 = 112

%Dalam meter kubik %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Volume\_3 = 128

Jarak = 1

%Dalam meter

Prevalensi = 0.02

Jumlah\_orang = 20

%Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Decay\_rate\_of\_virus =  $(7.569 + 1.411 \cdot ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) + 0.022 \cdot ((RH - 45.235) / 28.665) + 7.553 \cdot ((UV - 50) / 50) + 1.397 \cdot ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) \cdot ((UV - 50) / 50)) \cdot 60$

Deposition\_to\_surface = 0.3

%Satuan /jam

%Ketetapan

Additional\_control\_measures = 0

%Satuan /jam

%Ketetapan

Fraction\_of\_people\_mask = 1

%Tanpa satuan

%Ketetapan

Duration\_of\_event = 150

%Satuan menit

Durasi =  $0.8333 : 0.8333 : \text{Duration\_of\_event} / 60$

Prob\_social\_distance =  $(-18.19 \cdot \log(\text{Jarak}) + 43.276) / 100$

Quanta\_exhalation\_rate = 9.4

%Satuan /jam

%Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate} \cdot \text{Prob\_social\_distance}$

Breathing\_rate = 0.52

%Satuan meter kubik per jam

%Ketetapan

Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian = 1

%Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Orang\_terinfeksi = 1

%Ketetapan

Fraction\_of\_population\_innune = 0

%Satuan persen

%Ketetapan

Susceptible\_people =  $(\text{Jumlah\_orang} - \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}) \cdot (1 - \text{Fraction\_of\_population\_innune})$

Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate =  $\text{Ventilasi} + \text{Decay\_rate\_of\_virus} + \text{Deposition\_to\_surface} + \text{Additional\_control\_measures}$

Net\_emission\_rate =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new} \cdot (1 - \text{Exhalation\_mask} \cdot \text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask}) \cdot \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$

Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_1 =  $\text{Net\_emission\_rate} /$

$\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} / \text{Volume\_1} \cdot (1 - (1 - \text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} / \text{Durasi}) \cdot (1 - \exp(-\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} \cdot \text{Durasi})))$

Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_2 =  $\text{Net\_emission\_rate} /$

$\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} / \text{Volume\_2} \cdot (1 - (1 - \text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} / \text{Durasi}) \cdot (1 - \exp(-\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} \cdot \text{Durasi})))$

Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_3 =  $\text{Net\_emission\_rate} /$

$\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} / \text{Volume\_3} \cdot (1 - (1 - \text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} / \text{Durasi}) \cdot (1 - \exp(-\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} \cdot \text{Durasi})))$

## %VOLUME RUANGAN BAGIAN 2

Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_1=Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_1.\*Breathing\_rate.\*Durasi.\*(1  
-Inhalation\_mask\_1.\*Fraction\_of\_people\_mask)

Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_2=Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_2.\*Breathing\_rate.\*Durasi.\*(1  
-Inhalation\_mask\_2.\*Fraction\_of\_people\_mask)

Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_3=Avg\_quanta\_concentration\_3.\*Breathing\_rate.\*Durasi.\*(1  
-Inhalation\_mask\_3.\*Fraction\_of\_people\_mask)

Infeksi\_1a = 1-exp(-Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_1)

Infeksi\_1b = 1-exp(-Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_2)

Infeksi\_1c = 1-exp(-Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person\_3)

Infeksi\_2a = 1-(1-Infeksi\_1a.\*Prevalensi\_1).^Susceptible\_people

Infeksi\_2b = 1-(1-Infeksi\_1b.\*Prevalensi\_2).^Susceptible\_people

Infeksi\_2c = 1-(1-Infeksi\_1c.\*Prevalensi\_3).^Susceptible\_people

Infeksi\_3a = 1-(1-infeksi\_2a).^Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian

Infeksi\_3b = 1-(1-infeksi\_2b).^Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian

Infeksi\_3c = 1-(1-infeksi\_2c).^Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian

Hasil1a = Infeksi\_1a\*100

Hasil2a = Infeksi\_2a\*100

Hasil3a = Infeksi\_3a\*100

Hasil1b = Infeksi\_1b\*100

Hasil2b = Infeksi\_2b\*100

Hasil3b = Infeksi\_3b\*100

Hasil1c = Infeksi\_1c\*100

Hasil2c = Infeksi\_2c\*100

Hasil3c = Infeksi\_3c\*100

plot(Durasi, Hasil3a, '-\*r', Durasi, Hasil3b, '-\*b', Durasi, Hasil3c, '-\*g')

xlabel('Durasi (jam)')

ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')

xlim([0 3])

ylim([0 0.25])

%Sesuaikan dengan Cafe

title('Pengaruh Volume Ruang Terhadap Risiko Penularan SARS-CoV-2 Melalui  
Aerosol Dalam Cafe')

legend('Volume = 96 meter kubik ', 'Volume = 112 meter kubik, 'Volume = 128 meter  
kubik')

## %JUMLAH ORANG

### %Faktor lingkungan

UV = 0 %Tanpa Satuan  
T = 24 %Dalam derajat Celcius  
RH = 75 %Dalam persen  
Ventilasi = 4 %Dalam satuan /jam %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe  
Exhalation\_mask = 0.5  
Inhalation\_mask = 0.5  
Volume = 128 %Dalam meter kubik %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe  
Jarak = 1 %Dalam meter

Prevalensi = 0.02  
Jumlah\_orang\_1 = 10 %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Jumlah\_orang\_2 = 15

Jumlah\_orang\_3 = 20

Decay\_rate\_of\_virus =  $(7.569 + 1.411 \cdot ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) + 0.022 \cdot ((RH - 45.235) / 28.665) + 7.553 \cdot ((UV - 50) / 50) + 1.397 \cdot ((T - 20.54) / 10.66) \cdot ((UV - 50) / 50)) \cdot 60$

Deposition\_to\_surface = 0.3 %Ketetapan

Additional\_control\_measures = 0 %Ketetapan

Fraction\_of\_people\_mask = 1 %Ketetapan

Duration\_of\_event = 240 %Dalam menit

Durasi =  $0.8333 : 0.8333 : \text{Duration\_of\_event} / 60$

Prob\_social\_distance =  $(-18.19 \cdot \log(\text{Jarak}) + 43.276) / 100$

Quanta\_exhalation\_rate = 9.4 %Sesuaiakan dengan Cafe

Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate} \cdot \text{Prob\_social\_distance}$

Breathing\_rate = 0.52 %Ketetapan

Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian = 1

Orang\_terinfeksi = 1 %Ketetapan

Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune = 0 %Ketetapan

Susceptible\_people\_1 =  $(\text{Jumlah\_orang\_1} - \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}) \cdot (1 - \text{Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune})$

Susceptible\_people\_2 =  $(\text{Jumlah\_orang\_2} - \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}) \cdot (1 - \text{Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune})$

Susceptible\_people\_3 =  $(\text{Jumlah\_orang\_3} - \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}) \cdot (1 - \text{Fraction\_of\_population\_inmune})$

Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate =  $\text{Ventilasi} + \text{Decay\_rate\_of\_virus} + \text{Deposition\_to\_surface} + \text{Additional\_control\_measures}$

Net\_emission\_rate =  $\text{Quanta\_exhalation\_rate\_new} \cdot (1 - \text{Exhalation\_mask} \cdot \text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask}) \cdot \text{Orang\_terinfeksi}$

Avg\_quanta\_concentration =  $\text{Net\_emission\_rate} / (\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} / \text{Volume} \cdot (1 - (1 / (\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} / \text{Durasi}) \cdot (1 - \exp(-\text{Total\_first\_order\_loss\_rate} \cdot \text{Durasi}))))$

Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person =  $\text{Avg\_quanta\_concentration} \cdot \text{Breathing\_rate} \cdot \text{Durasi} \cdot (1 - \text{Inhalation\_mask\_1} \cdot \text{Fraction\_of\_people\_mask})$

## %JUMLAH ORANG BAGIAN 2

Infeksi\_1a = 1-exp(-Quanta\_inhale\_per\_person)

Infeksi\_2a = 1-(1-Infeksi\_1a.\*Prevalensi\_1).^Susceptible\_people

Infeksi\_2b = 1-(1-Infeksi\_1b.\*Prevalensi\_2).^Susceptible\_people

Infeksi\_2c = 1-(1-Infeksi\_1c.\*Prevalensi\_3).^Susceptible\_people

Infeksi\_3a = 1-(1-infeksi\_2a).^Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian

Infeksi\_3b = 1-(1-infeksi\_2b).^Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian

Infeksi\_3c = 1-(1-infeksi\_2c).^Jumlah\_pengulangan\_kejadian

Hasil1a = Infeksi\_1a\*100

Hasil2a = Infeksi\_2a\*100

Hasil3a = Infeksi\_3a\*100

Hasil1b = Infeksi\_1b\*100

Hasil2b = Infeksi\_2b\*100

Hasil3b = Infeksi\_3b\*100

Hasil1c = Infeksi\_1c\*100

Hasil2c = Infeksi\_2c\*100

Hasil3c = Infeksi\_3c\*100

plot(Durasi, Hasil3a, '-\*r', Durasi, Hasil3b, '-\*b', Durasi, Hasil3c, '-\*g')

xlabel('Durasi (jam)')

ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')

xlim([0 3])

ylim([0 0.6])

%Sesuaikan dengan Cafe

title('Pengaruh Jumlah Orang Terhadap Risiko Penularan SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol  
Dalam Cafe')

legend('Jumlah Orang = 10', 'Jumlah Orang = 15', 'Jumlah Orang = 20')

## 2. Pengacakan Faktor Lingkungan

```
%RANDOM GENERATOR
%Halmar Halide, Departemen Geofisika Unhas

clear
clc
rng default
r = randi(3,1000,9) %Acak untuk 1000 kejadian, ada 9 input, dan masing-masing
                    % input terdapat 3 kategori
                    %1 = minimum, 2 = medium, 3 = maksimum

[mm, nn]=size(r);
in1=r(:,1) ;in2=r(:,2) ;in3=r(:,3) in4=r(:,4) ;in5=r(:,5) ;in6=r(:,6)
in7=r(:,7) ;in8=r(:,8) ;in9=r(:,9)
%Loop untuk deklarasi semua input dengan 3 kategori: min, med, maks
for i = 1:mm
    if in1(i)==1
        suhu(i)=15;
    else if in1(i)==2;
        suhu(i)=24;
    else
        suhu(i)=30;
    end
end
end
for j = 1:mm
    if in2(j)==1
        rh(j)=65;
    else if in2(j)==2;
        rh(j)=75;
    else
        rh(j)=85;
    end
end
end
for k = 1:mm
    if in3(k)==1
        uv(k)=0;
    else if in3(k)==2;
        uv(k)=2.5;
    else
        uv(k)=3.5;
    end
end
end
for l = 1:mm
    if in4(l)==1
        jarak(l)=0.2;
    else if in4(l)==2;
        jarak(l)=0.5;
    else
        jarak(l)=1;
    end
end
end
end
```

%RANDOM GENERATOR BAGIAN 2  
%Halmar Halide, Departemen Geofisika Unhas

```
for m = 1:mm
    if in5(m)==1
        ventilasi(m)=2;
    else if in5(m)==2;
        ventilasi(m)=4;
    else
        ventilasi(m)=6;
    end
end
end
for n = 1:mm
    if in6(n)==1
        exhalationmask(n)=0.23;
    else if in6(n)==2;
        exhalationmask(n)=0.5;
    else
        exhalationmask(n)=0.9;
    end
end
end
for o = 1:mm
    if in7(o)==1
        prevalensi(o)=0.01;
    else if in7(o)==2;
        prevalensi(o)=0.03;
    else
        prevalensi(o)=0.05;
    end
end
end
for p = 1:mm
    if in8(p)==1
        inhalationmask(p)=0.23;
    else if in8(p)==2;
        inhalationmask(p)=0.5;
    else
        inhalationmask(p)=0.9;
    end
end
end
for q = 1:mm
    if in9(q)==1
        durasi(q)=240;
    else if in9(q)==2;
        durasi(q)=360;
    else
        durasi(q)=480;
    end
end
end
```

%RANDOM GENERATOR BAGIAN 3  
%Halmar Halide, Departemen Geofisika Unhas

```

T=suhu'
RH=rh'
UV=uv'
Ventilasi=ventilasi'
Decay_rate_of_virus = (7.569+1.411.*((T-20.54)/10.66)+0.022.*((RH-
45.235)/28.665)+7.553.*((UV-50)/50)+1.397.*((T-
20.54)/10.66).*(UV-50)/50).*60
Deposition_to_surface=0.3
Additional_control_measures=0
Exhalation_mask_efficiency=exhalationmask'
Fraction_of_people_mask=1
Inhalation_mask_efficiency=inhalationmask'
Panjang=30          %Satuan meter
Lebar=20            %Satuan meter
Tinggi=7           %Satuan meter
Volume=Panjang*Lebar*Tinggi
Durasi=durasi'
Quanta_exhalation_rate=65.1
Prob_social_distance=(-18.19*log(jarak')+43.276)/100
Quanta_exhalation_rate_new=Quanta_exhalation_rate*Prob_social_distance
Breathing_rate=0.52
Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian=1
Prevalensi=0.02
Jumlah_orang=100
Infective_people=1
Fraction_of_population_inmune=0
Susceptible_poople=(Jumlah_orang-Infective_people)*(1-
Fraction_of_population_inmune)
Total_first_order_loss_rate=Ventilasi+Decay_rate_of_virus+Deposition_to_surface+Add
itional_control_measures
Net_emission_rate=Quanta_exhalation_rate_new.*(1- Exhalation_mask_efficiency.*
Fraction_of_people_mask).* Infective_people
Avg_quanta_concentration=Net_emission_rate./
Total_first_order_loss_rate./Volume.*(1-(1./
Total_first_order_loss_rate./Durasi).*(1-exp(-
Total_first_order_loss_rate.*Durasi)))
Quanta_inhale_per_person=Avg_quanta_concentration.*Breathing_rate.*Durasi.*(1-
Inhalation_mask_efficiency.*Fraction_of_people_mask)
Infeksi_1=1-exp(-Quanta_inhale_per_person)
Infeksi_2=1-(1-Infeksi_1.*prevalensi').^susceptible_people
Infeksi_3=1-(1-Infeksi_2)^Jumlah_pengulangan_kejadian
hasil1=Infeksi_1*100
hasil2=Infeksi_2*100
hasil3=Infeksi_3*100
hasil=[suhu' rh' uv' jarak' ventilasi' maskerout' maskerin' durasi' hasil3']
formatSpec= '%10.2f %10.2f %10.2f %10.2f %10.2f %10.4f\n';
fprintf(formatSpec,hasil')

```

### 3. Metode Stepwise

```
% KALKULATOR PERSENTASE KEBENARAN MODEL STEPWISE
% Halmar Halide, Departemen Geofisika Unhas
load rank1000.txt % Sesuaikan dengan nama file .txt
factors=rank1000(:,1:9);
aerosol=rank1000(:,10);
mdl=stepwiselm(factors,aerosol,'PEnter',0.05)
% Output
% Linear regression model:
%  $y \sim 1 + x^9 + x^3 \cdot x^4 + x^3 \cdot x^7 + x^3 \cdot x^{10} + x^4 \cdot x^7 + x^4 \cdot x^{10}$ 
% Estimated Coefficients:
%
% Estimate SE tStat pValue
% (Intercept) 0.27593 0.24167 1.1417 0.25662
% x3 0.07762 0.06198 1.2523 0.21376
% x4 0.04571 0.12066 0.3789 0.70570
% x7 -0.39145 0.12349 -3.1699 0.00209
% x9 -0.00090 0.00032 -2.6381 0.00984
% x10 0.00126 0.00440 0.28729 0.77456
% x3:x4 -0.07044 0.01311 -5.3714 6.1845e-07
% x3:x7 0.18754 0.03371 5.5630 2.7555e-07
% x3:x10 -0.00268 0.07607 -3.5351 0.00065
% x4:x7 -0.00287 0.00109 -2.6434 0.00969
% x4:x10 0.00722 0.00234 3.0758 0.00278
% Number of observations: 100, Error degrees of freedom: 89
% Root Mean Squared Error: 0.136
% R-squared: 0.739, Adjusted R-squared: 0.71
% F-statistics vs. Constant model: 25.2, pValue: 6.64e-22
```



#### 4. Pemodelan Risiko Terinfeksi SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol

##### 4.1. Grafik Data Observasi dan Prediksi Risiko Infeksi SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol

```
clc;

load plotk1000.txt           %Sesuaikan dengan nama file .txt
obs=plotk1000(:,1);
preb=plotk1000(:,2);
eve=plotk1000(:,3);
[m,n]=size(obs);time=1:m

figure(1);
plot(eve,obs,'o',eve.preb,'-x');

hold on
axis([0 1000 -3 40])
xlabel('Kejadian')
ylabel('Kemungkinan Terinfeksi (%)')
title({'Kemungkinan Risiko Terinfeksi SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol';'Dalam GPIB
      Immanuel Makassar untuk 1000 Kejadian' })
legend('Observasi','Prediksi')
text(20,32, 'Prediktor = Suhu, RH, UV, durasi, jarak, ventilasi, masker, prevalensi')
text(20,28, 'R = 0.81')
text(20,24, 'Volume ruang = 4200 meter kubik')
text(20,20, 'Jumlah jemaat = 100 orang')
print -dtiff GrafikPrediksi1000.tif   %Sesuaikan dengan nama file .tif
```

## 4.2. Diagram Tebar Data Observasi dan Prediksi Risiko Terinfeksi SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol

```
clear;
clc

load plotk500.txt
obs=plotk500(:,1);
preb=plotk500(:,2);

satu=ones(size(obs));

[m,n]=size(obs);
time=1:m;

t=1:m;

data=obs;
tetha=45;
R=[cosd(tetha) sind(tetha);-sind(tetha) cosd(tetha)];

pls=preb;
dp1s=[obs(t) pls(t)];
nip1s=(R*dp1s');
jp1s=nip1s(:,2);
jrk_p1s=norm(jp1s);
sjp1s=std(jp1s);
RMSE_preb=sqrt(mean((pls(t)-obs(t)).^2));
korr_preb=xcorr(pls(t),obs(t),'coeff');
k_preb=korr_preb(m);

axis('square')
xa=min(preb):max(obs);
ya=min(preb):max(obs);
figure (1);
axis('square');
plot(data,preb,'ob'),hold on
plot(xa,ya,'-r','LineWidth',1),hold off
xlabel('Observasi')
ylabel('Prediksi')
axis square([{'Diagram Tebar Data Observasi dan Data Prediksi';'Risiko Terinfeksi
SARS-CoV-2 Melalui Aerosol di Cafe (500 Kejadian' ]])
text(-0.5,8,{'Prediktor = Suhu, RH, UV, durasi, jarak, ','ventilasi, masker, prevalensi' })
text(-0.5,7,'R = 0.789')

axis([min(preb) max(preb) min(preb) max(preb)])
print -dtiff DiagramTebar500.tif %Sesuaikan dengan nama file.tif
```