

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Adji, Suryo W. (2009), Introduction to Ship Resistance, Resistance & Propulsion Modul 1, Surabaya
- Aris, N. S. S., Gerianto, I. G. G., & Ariana, I. M. (2013), Analisa Pengaruh Trim terhadap Konsumsi Bahan Bakar, Jurnal Teknik ITS, 2(3), G213-G218
- Arwini. (2018), Studi Pengaruh Perubahan Bentuk Lambung Kapal Feri terhadap Kecepatan Kapal, Jurusan Teknik Perkapalan, Fakultas Teknik, Universitas Hasanuddin, Makassar
- Autodesk CFD. (2017). Learning guide: General fluid flow and heat transfer equations. from <https://knowledge.autodesk.com/support/cfd/learn-explore/caas/CloudHelp/cloudhelp/2017/ENU/SimCFD-Learning/files/GUID-83A92AE5-0E9E-4E2D-B61F-64B3696E5F66-htm.html>.
- Baso, S., Ardianti, A., and Rosmani, Anggriani, A. D. E. (2021), An Extended Validation Of Free Cfd Application To Ship Resistance Prediction For Using In Preliminary Design Stage. Journal of Engineering Science and Technology, 16(3), 2544-2561
- Dian, P., (2022), Studi Tahanan Kapal Cepat Akibat Pengaruh Bentuk Stepped U dan Deadrise Angle 5 Derajat Menggunakan Autodesk CFD, Universitas Hasanuddin, Makassar
- Fadillah, A., Pusaka, S., Manullang, Y., Dewanto, A., and Faturachman, D. (2015), Strategy for reducing pollutant emissions from ship activities at the port of Tanjung Perak, WSEAS Trans. Environ. Dev., vol. 2(5), p. 155 162
- Harvald, Sv. Aa. (1992), Tahanan dan Propulsi Kapal, Surabaya: Airlangga University Press
- Hutauruk, R. M., (2013), Simulasi Numerik Tahanan Kapal Gillnet Menggunakan Pendekatan Computational Fluids Dynamics, JPK18.1.JUNI 2013/04/35-47
- ITTC. (2014). Practical guidelines for ship CFD applications (No. 7.5-03-0203), from <https://ittc.info/media/1357/75-03-02-03.pdf>.
- ITTC, R. (2011). procedures and guidelines: practical guidelines for ship CFD applications, 7.5. ITTC: Boulder, CO, USA.

- Kurniawan, A., Malisan, J., and Aznur, M. K. (2018), Desain Kapal Landing Craft Utility Ideal untuk Trayek Perintis dan Tol Laut, *Warta Penelitian Perhubungan*, 30(2), 133-143.
- Larsen, N. L. (2012). *Understanding The Physics Of Trim*, Denmark: FORCE Technology
- Le, T. H., Vu, M. T., Bich, V. N., Phuong, N. K., Ha, N. T. H., Chuan, T. Q., & Tu, T. N. (2021), Numerical investigation on the effect of trim on ship resistance by RANSE method, *Applied Ocean Research* 111, 102642
- Margono, M. A., (2017), *Studi Kasus Analisis Pengaruh Trim Terhadap Penghematan Bahan Bakar Dan Stabilitas Kapal*, Surabaya: Institut Teknologi Sepuluh November
- Bentley Maxsurf. (2021). MAXSURF:Naval Architecture Applications for all Types of Vessels. from <https://www.bentley.com/wp-content/uploads/PLB-MAXSURF-LTR-EN-LR.pdf>
- Nugraha, A. K., Samuel. dan Iqbal, M. (2017), Analisa Peningkatan Performa Hambatan Kapal Katamaran MV. Laganbar menggunakan Centerbulb dan Bulbous Bow dengan Metode Computation Fluid Dynamic (CFD). *Jurnal Teknik Perkapalan Universitas Diponegoro* vol 5, no.1, 48-56.
- Putra, B. S. S., (2018) *Metode Evaluasi Tahanan Kapal*, Jurusan Teknik Sistem Perkapalan, Institut Teknologi Sepuluh November.
- Reichel, M., Minchev, A., and Larsen, N. L. (2014). Trim optimisation-theory and practice. *TransNav: International Journal on Marine Navigation and Safety of Sea Transportation*, 8(3)
- Rhinoceros software. (2018). Rhino 3D Cad Software, from <https://www.rhino3d.software/>
- Sardjadi, D. (2003), *Mekanika Fluida*, Bandung: Art pro bandung
- Santoso, M. A. (2017), *Studi Kasus Analisis Pengaruh Trim Terhadap Penghematan Bahan Bakar dan Stabilitas Kapal*, Surabaya: Teknik Perkapalan, Institut Teknologi Sepuluh November
- Seo, D. W. (2015), Analysis of Resistance Performance for Various Trim Conditions on Container ship Using CFD, *Journal of Ocean Engineering and Technology*, 29(3), 224-230

- Sugianto, E., dan Winarno, A. (2017), Computational Model Tahanan Kapal untuk menentukan kebutuhan daya kapal bulk carrier 8664 DWT
- Undap, R., and Fadillah, A. (2021), The Effect of Trim on Tanker, Container and Bulk Carrier Ship Toward the Reduction of Ship's Exhaust Gas Emission, Kapal: Jurnal Ilmu Pengetahuan dan Teknologi Kelautan, 18(2), 58-68

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1 Hasil *wall calculator drag force* model kapal

- Trim Haluan -1,441 m

Summary			

Total area	19867	cm ²	
TOTAL FX	-6.044	Newton	
TOTAL FY	-0.189008	Newton	
TOTAL FZ	-30.3169	Newton	
Center of Force about X-Axis (Y-Z)	416.863	283.063	cm
Center of Force about Y-Axis (X-Z)	364.381	281.794	cm
Center of Force about Z-Axis (X-Y)	390.059	416.705	cm

- Trim Haluan -1 m

Summary			

Total area	19963.1	cm ²	
TOTAL FX	-5.926	Newton	
TOTAL FY	-0.0355198	Newton	
TOTAL FZ	-29.9126	Newton	
Center of Force about X-Axis (Y-Z)	416.736	283.208	cm
Center of Force about Y-Axis (X-Z)	270.021	285.136	cm
Center of Force about Z-Axis (X-Y)	389.162	416.789	cm

- Trim Haluan -0,5 m

Summary			

Total area	20019.3	cm ²	
TOTAL FX	-5.822	Newton	
TOTAL FY	-0.0280283	Newton	
TOTAL FZ	-29.5605	Newton	
Center of Force about X-Axis (Y-Z)	416.582	283.159	cm
Center of Force about Y-Axis (X-Z)	142.761	268.036	cm
Center of Force about Z-Axis (X-Y)	387.268	416.82	cm

- Even Keel

Summary			

Total area	20082.7	cm ²	
TOTAL FX	-5.740	Newton	
TOTAL FY	-0.0245411	Newton	
TOTAL FZ	-29.0037	Newton	
Center of Force about X-Axis (Y-Z)	416.641	283.103	cm
Center of Force about Y-Axis (X-Z)	327.007	272.433	cm
Center of Force about Z-Axis (X-Y)	384.812	416.845	cm

- Trim Buritan 0,5 m

Summary			

Total area	20152.7	cm ²	
TOTAL FX	-5.674	Newton	
TOTAL FY	0.111884	Newton	
TOTAL FZ	-28.6855	Newton	
Center of Force about X-Axis (Y-Z)	416.534	283.034	cm
Center of Force about Y-Axis (X-Z)	497.734	282.938	cm
Center of Force about Z-Axis (X-Y)	382.558	416.87	cm

- Trim Buritan 1 m

Summary			

Total area	20222.4	cm ²	
TOTAL FX	-5.690	Newton	
TOTAL FY	-0.0473916	Newton	
TOTAL FZ	-28.3387	Newton	
Center of Force about X-Axis (Y-Z)	416.866	283.106	cm
Center of Force about Y-Axis (X-Z)	501.861	293.776	cm
Center of Force about Z-Axis (X-Y)	380.255	416.86	cm

- Trim Buritan 1,441 m

Summary			

Total area	20233.2	cm ²	
TOTAL FX	-5.846	Newton	
TOTAL FY	0.00419925	Newton	
TOTAL FZ	-27.9344	Newton	
Center of Force about X-Axis (Y-Z)	416.73	283.081	cm
Center of Force about Y-Axis (X-Z)	924.844	375.465	cm
Center of Force about Z-Axis (X-Y)	377.401	416.796	cm

Lampiran 2 Penentuan Skala Model

Prosedur pembuatan model kapal mengikuti rekomendasi ITTC. Ukuran model uji menyesuaikan ukuran fasilitas uji towing tank di UPT BPPH – BPPT yang berukuran panjang kolam Tarik 235,4 m, lebar 11 m dan kedalaman 5,5 m.

Penentuan skala dilakukan untuk menghindari terjadinya ombak pada dinding tangki atau yang disebut *blockage effect*, dimana model harus disesuaikan dengan ukuran tangki serta tinggi air dalam tangki dengan sarat model. Menurut Harvald, penentuan lebar model (B_m) adalah sebagai berikut:

$$B_m < (1/10) B \text{ Tangki}$$

Diketahui:

$$\begin{aligned} B \text{ tangki} &= 11 \text{ m} \\ &= (1/10) \times 11 \\ &= 1,1 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

Maka lebar model yang digunakan agar tidak menimbulkan *blockage effect* dan dapat digunakan untuk pengujian model di towing tank yaitu:

$$B_m < 1,1$$

Berdasarkan perhitungan dari persamaan diatas, maka penentuan ukuran lebar model kapal (B_m) maksimal yang memenuhi kriteria yaitu 1,1 m, sehingga skala yang digunakan untuk ukuran model kapal yaitu 1:50. Adapun data ukuran model kapal dari hasil skala model dapat dilihat pada tabel berikut.

Ukuran model kapal skala 1:50		
No.	Ukuran Utama	Nilai (m)
1	Length Over All (LOA)	1,978
2	Length Between Perpendicular ((LBP)	1,840
3	Length Water Line (LWL)	1,890
4	Breadth (B)	0.470
5	Height (H)	0.200
6	Draft (T)	0.130

Lampiran 3 Penentuan Kecepatan Model Kapal

Kesamaan kinematis antara model dan kapal lebih menitik beratkan pada hubungan antara kecepatan model dengan kecepatan kapal sebenarnya. Dengan adanya skala yang menunjukkan hubungan antara kecepatan model dan kecepatan kapal yang sebenarnya maka dapat dikatakan bahwa kesamaan kinematis bisa terpenuhi.

$$Fn = \frac{V}{\sqrt{g.L}}$$

Atau :

$$\frac{Vm}{\sqrt{g.Lm}} = \frac{Vs}{\sqrt{g.Ls}}$$

Maka

$$\begin{aligned} Fns &= \frac{Vs}{\sqrt{g.Ls}} \\ &= \frac{5,658}{\sqrt{9,81 \times 92}} \\ &= 0,188 \end{aligned}$$

$$Fns = Fnm = 0,188$$

Maka,

$$\begin{aligned} Fnm &= \frac{Vm}{\sqrt{g.Lm}} \\ 0,188 &= \frac{Vm}{\sqrt{9,81 \times 1,84}} \\ Vm &= 0,8 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

Lampiran 4 Data *Hydrostatics* dari setiap variasi trim

- Kondisi Trim Haluan

	Draft Amidships m	6.498		Draft Amidships m	6.501		Draft Amidships m	6.502
1	Displacement t	12048	1	Displacement t	12048	1	Displacement t	12048
2	Heel deg	0.0	2	Heel deg	0.0	2	Heel deg	0.0
3	Draft at FP m	7.218	3	Draft at FP m	7.001	3	Draft at FP m	6.752
4	Draft at AP m	5.777	4	Draft at AP m	6.001	4	Draft at AP m	6.252
5	Draft at LCF m	6.511	5	Draft at LCF m	6.506	5	Draft at LCF m	6.503
6	Trim (+ve by stern) m	-1.441	6	Trim (+ve by stern) m	-1.000	6	Trim (+ve by stern) m	-0.500
7	WL Length m	94.038	7	WL Length m	94.619	7	WL Length m	94.513
8	Beam max extents on WL m	23.500	8	Beam max extents on WL m	23.500	8	Beam max extents on WL m	23.500
9	Wetted Area m ²	2902.81	9	Wetted Area m ²	2915.64	9	Wetted Area m ²	2925.63
10	Waterpl. Area m ²	1971.95	10	Waterpl. Area m ²	1988.65	10	Waterpl. Area m ²	1998.68
11	Prismatic coeff. (Cp)	0.781	11	Prismatic coeff. (Cp)	0.789	11	Prismatic coeff. (Cp)	0.805
12	Block coeff. (Cb)	0.738	12	Block coeff. (Cb)	0.756	12	Block coeff. (Cb)	0.784
13	Max Sect. area coeff. (Cm)	0.990	13	Max Sect. area coeff. (Cm)	0.990	13	Max Sect. area coeff. (Cm)	0.994
14	Waterpl. area coeff. (Cwp)	0.892	14	Waterpl. area coeff. (Cwp)	0.893	14	Waterpl. area coeff. (Cwp)	0.900
15	LCB from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	50.597	15	LCB from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	50.102	15	LCB from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	49.529
16	LCF from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	46.869	16	LCF from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	46.448	16	LCF from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	46.103
17	KB m	3.394	17	KB m	3.387	17	KB m	3.382
18	KG m	6.500	18	KG m	6.900	18	KG m	6.900
19	BMT m	7.007	19	BMT m	7.041	19	BMT m	7.080
20	BML m	101.940	20	BML m	104.449	20	BML m	106.389
21	GMT m	3.829	21	GMT m	3.497	21	GMT m	3.549
22	GML m	98.761	22	GML m	100.904	22	GML m	102.859
23	KMT m	10.400	23	KMT m	10.428	23	KMT m	10.462
24	KML m	105.321	24	KML m	107.830	24	KML m	109.770
25	Immersion (TPC) tonne/cm	20.213	25	Immersion (TPC) tonne/cm	20.363	25	Immersion (TPC) tonne/cm	20.486
26	MTC tonne.m	129.334	26	MTC tonne.m	132.141	26	MTC tonne.m	134.700
27	RM at 1deg = GMT.Disp.sin(1) to	805.090	27	RM at 1deg = GMT.Disp.sin(1) to	735.236	27	RM at 1deg = GMT.Disp.sin(1) to	746.299
28	Max deck inclination deg	0.8974	28	Max deck inclination deg	0.6228	28	Max deck inclination deg	0.3114
29	Trim angle (+ve by stern) deg	-0.8974	29	Trim angle (+ve by stern) deg	-0.6228	29	Trim angle (+ve by stern) deg	-0.3114

Trim Haluan -1,441 m

Trim Haluan -1 m

Trim Haluan -0,5 m

- Kondisi Even Keel

	Draft Amidships m	6.502
1	Displacement t	12048
2	Heel deg	0.0
3	Draft at FP m	6.502
4	Draft at AP m	6.502
5	Draft at LCF m	6.502
6	Trim (+ve by stern) m	0.000
7	WL Length m	94.500
8	Beam max extents on WL m	23.500
9	Wetted Area m ²	2933.73
10	Waterpl. Area m ²	2008.88
11	Prismatic coeff. (Cp)	0.818
12	Block coeff. (Cb)	0.814
13	Max Sect. area coeff. (Cm)	0.995
14	Waterpl. area coeff. (Cwp)	0.905
15	LCB from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	48.946
16	LCF from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	45.815
17	KB m	3.381
18	KG m	6.900
19	BMT m	7.119
20	BML m	107.989
21	GMT m	3.599
22	GML m	104.469
23	KMT m	10.499
24	KML m	111.369
25	Immersion (TPC) tonne/cm	20.591
26	MTC tonne.m	136.809
27	RM at 1deg = GMT.Disp.sin(1) to	756.803
28	Max deck inclination deg	0.0000
29	Trim angle (+ve by stern) deg	0.0000

Even Keel

- Kondisi Trim Buritan

	Draft Amidships m	6.500		Draft Amidships m	6.497		Draft Amidships m	6.494
1	Displacement t	12048	1	Displacement t	12048	1	Displacement t	12048
2	Heel deg	0.0	2	Heel deg	0.0	2	Heel deg	0.0
3	Draft at FP m	6.250	3	Draft at FP m	5.997	3	Draft at FP m	5.773
4	Draft at AP m	6.750	4	Draft at AP m	6.997	4	Draft at AP m	7.214
5	Draft at LCF m	6.503	5	Draft at LCF m	6.504	5	Draft at LCF m	6.506
6	Trim (+ve by stern) m	0.500	6	Trim (+ve by stern) m	1.000	6	Trim (+ve by stern) m	1.441
7	WL Length m	94.501	7	WL Length m	94.585	7	WL Length m	94.734
8	Beam max extents on WL m	23.500	8	Beam max extents on WL m	23.500	8	Beam max extents on WL m	23.500
9	Wetted Area m ²	2940.50	9	Wetted Area m ²	2946.02	9	Wetted Area m ²	2949.54
10	Waterpl. Area m ²	2018.31	10	Waterpl. Area m ²	2027.06	10	Waterpl. Area m ²	2034.38
11	Prismatic coeff. (Cp)	0.812	11	Prismatic coeff. (Cp)	0.803	11	Prismatic coeff. (Cp)	0.795
12	Block coeff. (Cb)	0.786	12	Block coeff. (Cb)	0.759	12	Block coeff. (Cb)	0.737
13	Max Sect. area coeff. (Cm)	0.993	13	Max Sect. area coeff. (Cm)	0.991	13	Max Sect. area coeff. (Cm)	0.991
14	Waterpl. area coeff. (Cwp)	0.909	14	Waterpl. area coeff. (Cwp)	0.912	14	Waterpl. area coeff. (Cwp)	0.914
15	LCB from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	48.355	15	LCB from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	47.757	15	LCB from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	47.224
16	LCF from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	45.576	16	LCF from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	45.372	16	LCF from zero pt. (+ve fwd) m	45.227
17	KB m	3.382	17	KB m	3.387	17	KB m	3.394
18	KG m	6.900	18	KG m	6.900	18	KG m	6.900
19	BMt m	7.158	19	BMt m	7.198	19	BMt m	7.231
20	BML m	109.434	20	BML m	110.765	20	BML m	111.879
21	GMt m	3.647	21	GMt m	3.691	21	GMt m	3.726
22	GML m	105.923	22	GML m	107.258	22	GML m	108.374
23	KMt m	10.541	23	KMt m	10.584	23	KMt m	10.624
24	KML m	112.815	24	KML m	114.145	24	KML m	115.260
25	Immersion (TPc) tonne/cm	20.688	25	Immersion (TPc) tonne/cm	20.777	25	Immersion (TPc) tonne/cm	20.852
26	MTc tonne.m	138.712	26	MTc tonne.m	140.461	26	MTc tonne.m	141.923
27	RM at 1deg = GMt.Disp.sin(1) to	766.828	27	RM at 1deg = GMt.Disp.sin(1) to	776.112	27	RM at 1deg = GMt.Disp.sin(1) to	783.409
28	Max deck inclination deg	0.3114	28	Max deck inclination deg	0.6228	28	Max deck inclination deg	0.8974
29	Trim angle (+ve by stern) deg	0.3114	29	Trim angle (+ve by stern) deg	0.6228	29	Trim angle (+ve by stern) deg	0.8974

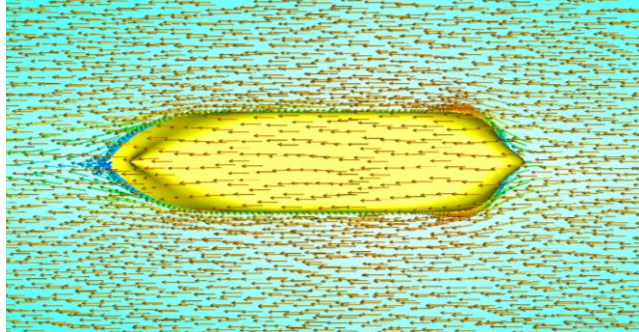
Trim Buritan 0,5 m

Trim Buritan 1 m

Trim Buritan 1,441 m

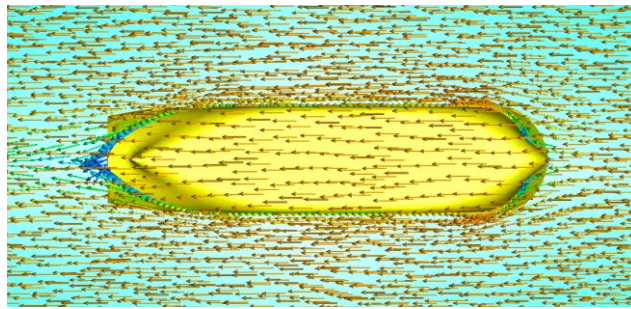
Lampiran 5 Visualisasi *velocity magnitude* tampak bawah disertai dengan vektor

- Kondisi 1



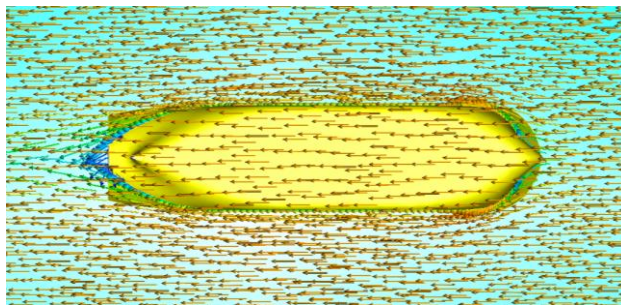
Gambar Visualisasi *velocity magnitude* kondisi trim -1,441 m

- Kondisi 2



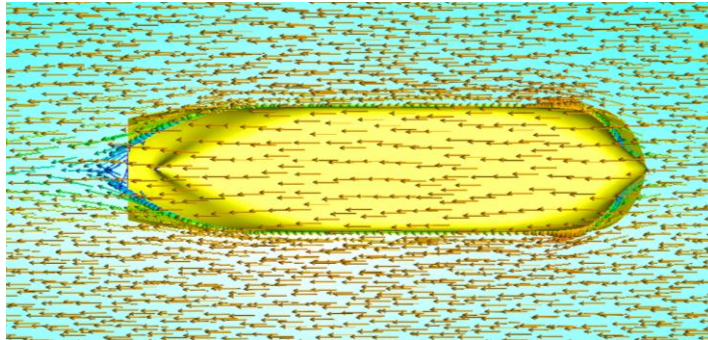
Gambar Visualisasi *velocity magnitude* kondisi trim -1 m

- Kondisi 3



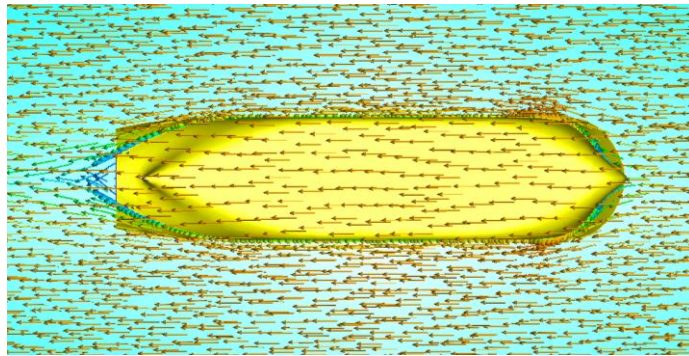
Gambar Visualisasi *velocity magnitude* kondisi trim -0,5 m

- Kondisi 4



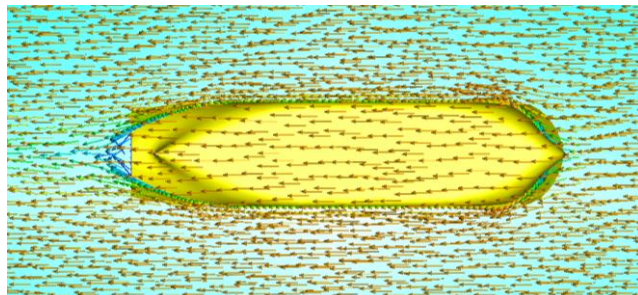
Gambar Visualisasi *velocity magnitude* kondisi even keel

- Kondisi 5



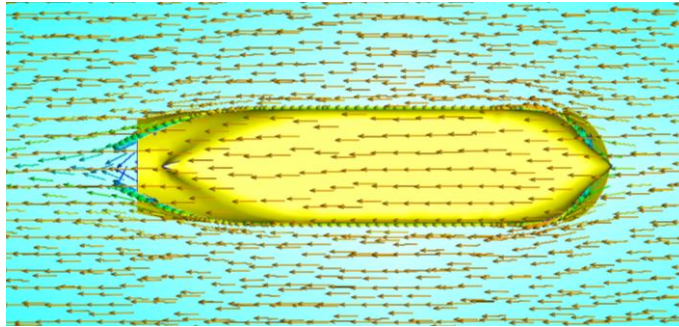
Gambar Visualisasi *velocity magnitude* kondisi trim 0,5 m

- Kondisi 6



Gambar Visualisasi *velocity magnitude* kondisi trim 1 m

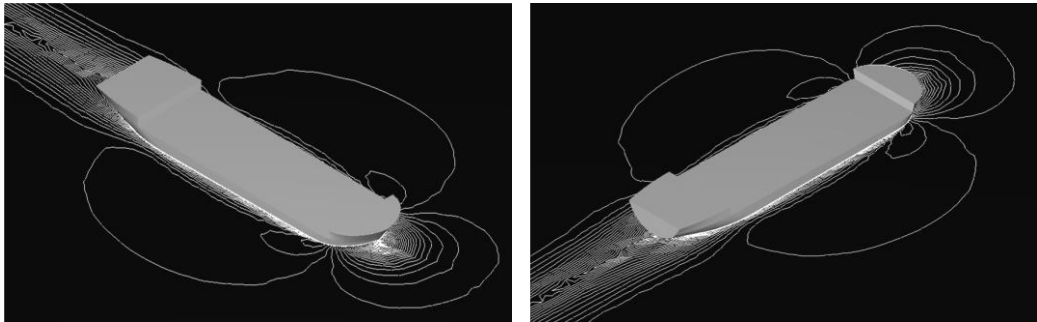
- Kondisi 7



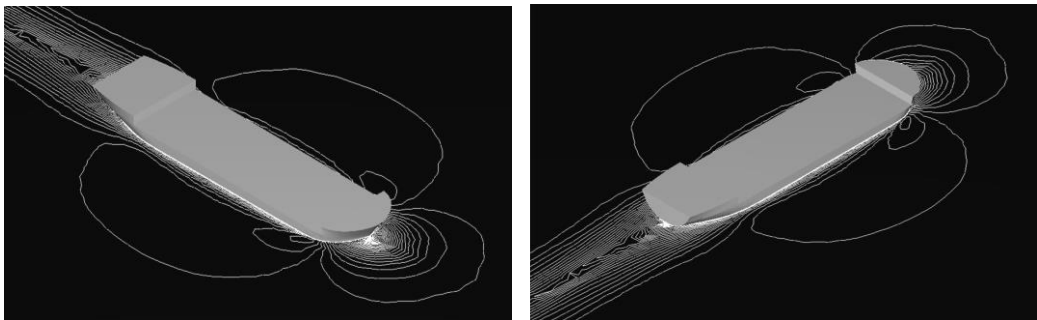
Gambar Visualisasi *velocity magnitude* kondisi trim 1,441 m

Lampiran 6 Visualisasi Pola Gelombang

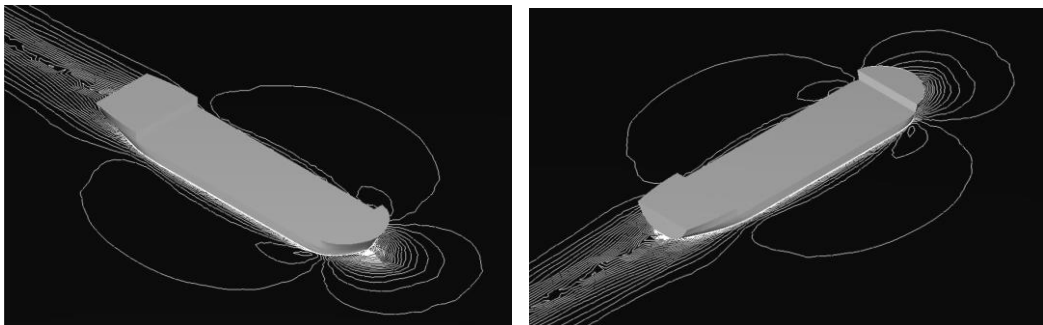
- Kondisi Trim Haluan



Trim -1,441 m



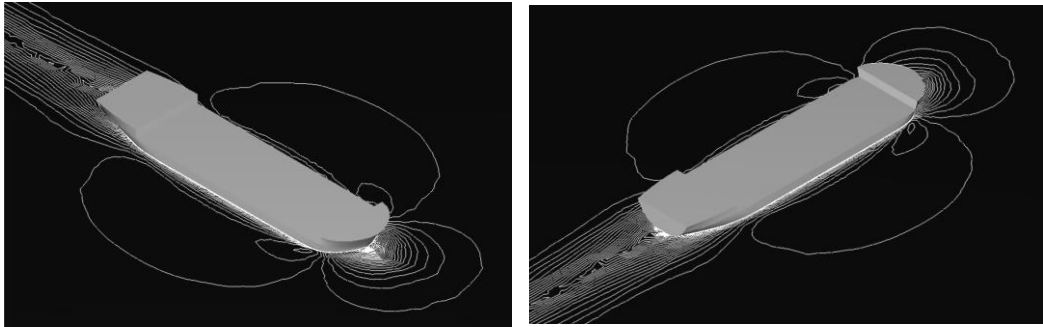
Trim -1 m



Trim -0,5 m

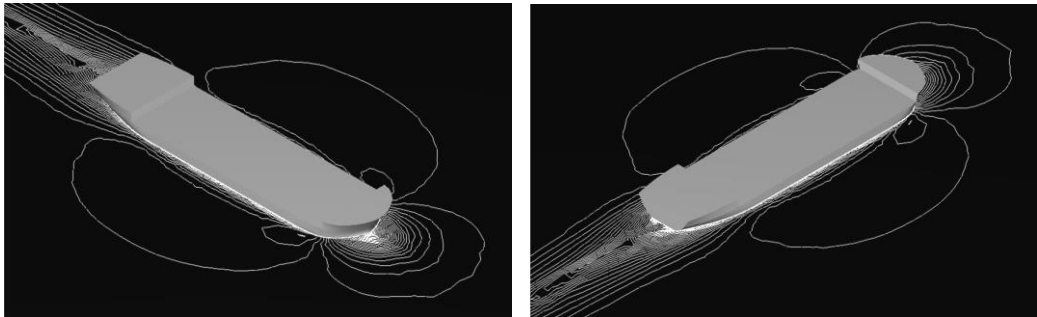
Gambar Visualisasi pola gelombang kondisi trim haluan

- Kondisi *Even Keel*

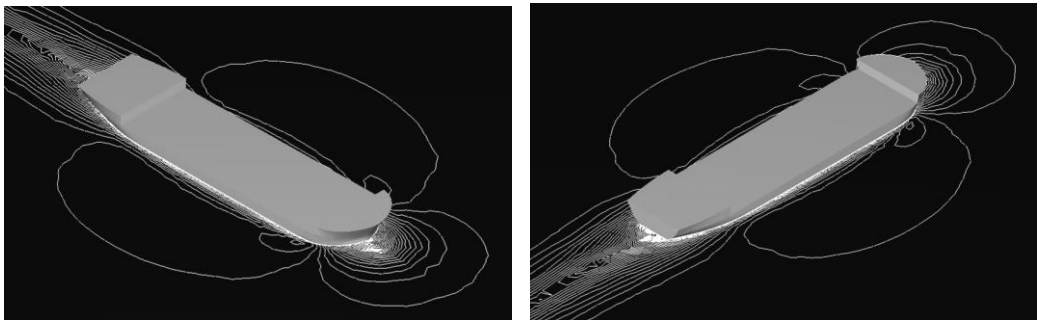


Gambar Visualisasi pola gelombang kondisi *even keel*

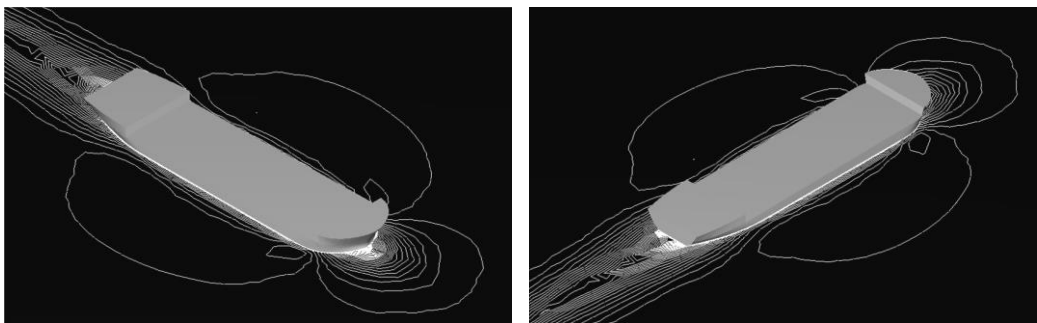
- Kondisi Trim Buritan



Trim 0,5 ,m



Trim 1 m



Trim 1,441 m

Gambar Visualiasi pola gelombang kondisi trim buritan