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Lampiran 1 Lembar Deskripsi Batuan



Warna	Segar : Putih keabuan
	Lapuk : Putih keabuan
Jenis Batuan	: Batuan sedimen klastik
Struktur	: Perlapisan sedang
Tekstur	: Berbutir kasar
Nama Batuan	: Batupasir





Warna

Segar : Coklat

Lapuk : Coklat

Jenis Batuan : Batuan sedimen klastik

Struktur : Laminasi dan masif

Tekstur : Berbutir halus

Nama Batuan : Batulempung





Warna

Segar : Coklat kehitaman

Lapuk : Coklat kehitaman

Jenis Batuan : Batuan sedimen klastik

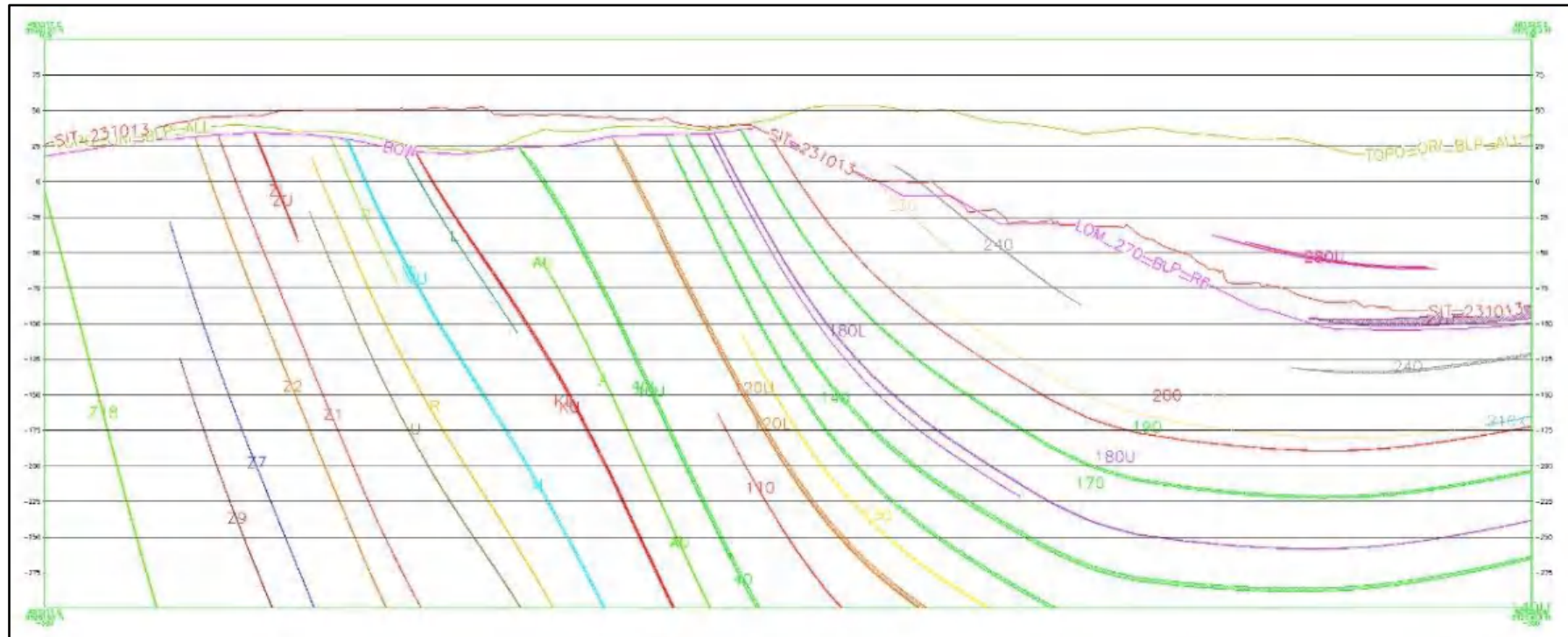
Struktur : Laminasi

Tekstur : Berbutir halus

Nama Batuan : Serpih



Lampiran 2 Penampang 2 Dimensi Seam Batubara



Lampiran 3 Data Pengukuran Orientasi Kekar

Lokasi 1

No	<i>Dip</i> (....°)	<i>Dip Direction</i> (N...°E)	<i>Strike</i> (N...°E)
1	84	318	228
2	85	200	110
3	72	201	111
4	80	390	300
5	79	405	315
6	82	410	320
7	88	415	325
8	70	210	120
9	65	224	134
10	63	215	125
11	67	214	124
12	65	205	115
13	72	215	125
14	72	215	125
15	80	415	325
16	85	416	326
17	76	415	325

Lokasi 2

No	<i>Dip</i> (....°)	<i>Dip Direction</i> (N...°E)	<i>Strike</i> (N...°E)
1	38	350	260
2	65	225	135
3	72	220	130
4	38	348	258
5	40	350	260
6	30	347	257
7	35	344	254



Lampiran 4 Data Pengamatan Kekar

1. Spasi dan bukaan kekar

a. *Seam* 190 lokasi 1

No	Spasi Kekar (m)	Bukaan Kekar (mm)
1	0,16	0
2	0,2	0
3	0,4	0,1
4	0,83	0,1
5	1,12	0
6	1,3	0
7	1,75	0,2
8	2,2	0
9	2,8	0
10	3,17	0
11	3,38	0,1
12	3,48	0
13	3,6	0
14	3,88	0,1
15	3,98	0,1
16	4,05	0,2
17	4,63	0

b. *Seam* 190 lokasi 2

No	Spasi Kekar (m)	Bukaan Kekar (mm)
1	0,22	0,1
2	0,75	0
3	0,93	0
4	0,4	0,2
5	0,53	0
6	0,6	0
7	0,7	0,1



2. *Persistence, Roughness, dan Ground Water Condition*

a. *Seam 190 lokasi 1*

No	<i>Persistence</i> (m)	<i>Roughness</i>	<i>Ground Water</i> <i>Condition</i>
1	0,3	Sangat kasar	Kering
2	0,47	Sangat kasar	Kering
3	0,08	Sangat kasar	Kering
4	0,37	Sangat kasar	Kering
5	0,83	Sangat kasar	Kering
6	0,47	kasar	Kering
7	0,38	Sangat kasar	Kering
8	0,26	Sangat kasar	Kering
9	0,28	Sangat kasar	Kering
10	0,4	Sangat kasar	Kering
11	0,6	Sangat kasar	Kering
12	0,6	Sangat kasar	Kering
13	0,48	Sangat kasar	Kering
14	0,18	Sangat kasar	Kering
15	0,23	Sangat kasar	Kering
16	0,58	kasar	Kering
17	1,2	Sangat kasar	Kering

b. *Seam 190 lokasi 2*

No	<i>Persistence</i> (m)	<i>Roughness</i>	<i>Ground Water</i> <i>Condition</i>
1	0,37	Sangat kasar	Kering
2	0,5	Sangat kasar	Kering
3	0,15	Sangat kasar	Kering
4	0,35	kasar	Kering
5	0,78	Sangat kasar	Kering
6	0,4	Sangat kasar	Kering
7	0,38	Sangat kasar	Kering



Lampiran 5 Perhitungan Nilai Kuat Tekan Batuan (UCS)

Nilai UCS pada penelitian ini dihitung menggunakan rumus standar pengujian ISRM 1981 pada persamaan berikut.

$$\sigma_c = \frac{F}{A}$$

Dimana:

σ_c = Kuat tekan (MPa)

F = Beban (kN)

A = Luas Permukaan Sampel (mm²)

Nilai Kuat Tekan Batuan

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>1. F = 3 kN
A = 1358,75 mm²
Kuat Tekan = $\frac{F}{A}$
$= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1358,75 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000$
$= 2, 207 \text{ MPa}$</p> | <p>F = 3 kN = 3 x 10³ N
A = 1358,75 mm² = 1,358 x 10⁻³ m²
Kuat Tekan = $\frac{F}{A}$
$= \frac{3 \times 10^3 \text{ N}}{1,358 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2}$
$= 2, 207 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$
$= 2, 207 \text{ MPa}$</p> |
| <p>2. F = 9 kN
A = 1435,27 mm²
Kuat Tekan = $\frac{F}{A}$
$= \frac{9 \text{ kN}}{1435,27 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000$
$= 6, 270 \text{ MPa}$</p> | |
| <p>3. F = 10 kN
A = 1425,88 mm²
Kuat Tekan = $\frac{F}{A}$
$= \frac{10 \text{ kN}}{1425,88 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000$
$= 7, 013 \text{ MPa}$</p> | |
| <p>13 kN
÷ 1421,42 mm²</p> | |



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{13 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 9,145 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

5. $F = 2 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1409,20 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1409,20 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 1,419 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

6. $F = 1 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1423,21 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{1 \text{ kN}}{1423,21 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 0,702 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

7. $F = 2 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1400,45 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1400,45 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 1,428 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

8. $F = 2 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1421,42 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 1,407 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$10 \text{ kN}$$

$$: 1419,20 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{at Tekan} = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$= \frac{10 \text{ kN}}{1419,20 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000$$

$$= 7,046 \text{ MPa}$$

10. $F = 9 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1412,53 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kuat Tekan} = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$= \frac{9 \text{ kN}}{1412,53 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000$$

$$= 6,371 \text{ MPa}$$

11. $F = 2 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1390,40 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kuat Tekan} = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1390,40 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000$$

$$= 1,438 \text{ MPa}$$

12. $F = 2 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1392,61 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kuat Tekan} = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1392,61 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000$$

$$= 1,436 \text{ MPa}$$

13. $F = 15 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1419,20 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{Kuat Tekan} = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$= \frac{15 \text{ kN}}{1419,20 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000$$

$$= 10,569 \text{ MPa}$$

14. $F = 3 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1380,62 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\text{at Tekan} = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1380,62 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000$$



$$= 2,172 \text{ MPa}$$

15. $F = 7 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1412,53 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{7 \text{ kN}}{1412,53 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 4,955 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

16. $F = 2 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1421,42 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 1,407 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

17. $F = 2 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1421,42 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 1,407 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

18. $F = 11 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1441,43 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{11 \text{ kN}}{1441,43 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 7,631 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

19. $F = 3 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1422,65 \text{ mm}^2$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{at Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1422,65 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 2,108 \text{ MPa}$$

$$20. F = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1421,42 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 2,110 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$21. F = 4 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1421,42 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{4 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 2,814 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$22. F = 8 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1395,15 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{8 \text{ kN}}{1395,15 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 5,734 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$23. F = 2 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1443,79 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1443,79 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 1,385 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$24. F = 4 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1378,15 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{4 \text{ kN}}{1378,15 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 2,901 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$



25. $F = 3 \text{ kN}$

$A = 1473,13 \text{ mm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1473,13 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 2,036 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$

26. $F = 4 \text{ kN}$

$A = 1434,71 \text{ mm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{4 \text{ kN}}{1434,71 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 2,788 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$

27. $F = 2 \text{ kN}$

$A = 1421,43 \text{ mm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1421,43 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 1,407 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$

28. $F = 9 \text{ kN}$

$A = 1439,30 \text{ mm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{9 \text{ kN}}{1439,30 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 6,253 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$

29. $F = 3 \text{ kN}$

$A = 1400,45 \text{ mm}^2$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1400,45 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 2,142 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$



3 kN

$$A = 1422,65 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1422,65 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 2,108 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$31. F = 2 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1421,42 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 1,407 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$32. F = 2 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1422,65 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{1422,65 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 1,405 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$33. F = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1355,37 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1335,37 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 2,213 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$34. F = 10 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1439,30 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{10 \text{ kN}}{1439,30 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 6,947 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$



$$5 \text{ kN}$$

$$: 1421,42 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{5 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 3,517 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$36. F = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1423,65 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1423,65 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 2,107 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$37. F = 9 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1439,30 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{9 \text{ kN}}{1439,30 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 6,253 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$38. F = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1422,65 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1422,65 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 2,108 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$39. F = 3 \text{ kN}$$

$$A = 1421,42 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\
 &= \frac{3 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\
 &= 2,110 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$



11 kN

: 1439,30 mm²

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{11 \text{ kN}}{1439,30 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 7,642 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$

41. $F = 4 \text{ kN}$

$$A = 1421,42 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Kuat Tekan} &= \frac{F}{A} \\ &= \frac{4 \text{ kN}}{1421,42 \text{ mm}^2} \times 1000 \\ &= 2,814 \text{ MPa}\end{aligned}$$



Nilai UCS Batuan

No	Seam	Lapisan	Litologi	Length (mm)				Diameter (mm)				L/D	Luas penampang (mm2)	Force	UCS	
				1	2	3	Rata-rata	1	2	3	Rata-rata			(KN)	MPa	
1	190		Batubara													
		1	Serpih	100,1	99,18	99,5	99,59	41,7	41,5	41,6	41,59	2,39	1358,75	3	2,208	
		2	Batupasir	94,11	94,04	94,1	94,08	42,7	42,7	42,9	42,74	2,20	1435,27	9	6,271	
		3	Batupasir	97,1	97,07	97,15	97,11	42,8	42,5	42,5	42,60	2,28	1425,88	10	7,013	
		4	Batupasir	91,7	92,4	92,8	92,30	42,7	42,1	42,8	42,53	2,17	1421,42	13	9,146	
		5	Batulempung	87	85,5	86,05	86,18	42,4	42,1	42,6	42,35	2,04	1409,20	2	1,419	
		6	Serpih	87,57	87,97	87,76	87,77	42,6	42,6	42,6	42,56	2,06	1423,21	1	0,703	
2	210		Batubara													5,75
		1	Serpih	96,66	97,11	96,82	96,86	41,5	42,6	42,6	42,22	2,29	1400,45	2	1,428	
		2	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	2	1,407	
		3	Batupasir	93,9	93,8	93,5	93,73	42,8	42,6	42,1	42,50	2,21	1419,20	10	7,046	
3	220		Batubara											5,75		
		1	Batupasir	95,2	95,2	95,2	95,20	42,1	42,5	42,6	42,40	2,25	1412,53	15	6,372	
		2	Batulempung	90,7	90,1	90,6	90,47	41,4	42,2	42,6	42,07	2,15	1390,40	2	1,438	
	240		Batubara											5,75		
		1	Batulempung	95,5	94,7	95,9	95,37	41,9	41,5	42,9	42,10	2,27	1392,61	2	1,436	
		2	Batupasir	93,9	93,8	93,5	93,73	42,8	42,6	42,1	42,50	2,21	1419,20	15	10,569	
		3	Serpih	98,1	99,18	98,5	98,59	41,7	42,5	41,6	41,92	2,35	1380,62	3	2,173	
		4	Batupasir	92,9	92,7	92	92,53	42,5	42,4	42,3	42,40	2,18	1412,53	7	4,956	
		5	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	2	1,407	
		6	Batupasir	92,9	92,7	92	92,53	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	2	1,407	



No	Seam	Lapisan	Litologi	Length (mm)				Diameter				L/D	Luas Penampang	Force	UCS
				1	2	3	Rata-rata	1	2	3	Rata-rata		(mm ²)	(KN)	(MPa)
5	270		Batubara												5,75
		1	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	2	1,407
		2	Batupasir	95,1	96,2	95,5	95,60	43,1	42,3	43,1	42,83	2,23	1441,43	11	7,631
		3	Serpih	97,66	97,11	97,12	97,30	42,5	42,6	42,6	42,55	2,29	1422,65	2	2,109
		4	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	3	2,111
		5	Serpih	93,5	93,6	93,5	93,53	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,20	1421,42	4	2,814
		6	Batupasir	95,21	96,01	97	96,07	42,1	42,3	42	42,14	2,28	1395,15	8	5,734
		7	Batulempung	92,5	93,6	92,5	92,87	43,5	42,6	42,5	42,87	2,17	1443,79	2	1,385
6	280		Batubara												5,75
		1	Serpih	96,66	97,11	96,12	96,63	41,5	42,6	42,6	42,22	2,29	1400,45	4	2,902
		2	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,8	93,97	43,5	42,9	43,5	43,30	2,17	1473,13	3	2,036
		3	Serpih	96,66	97,11	96,12	96,63	42,5	43,1	42,6	42,73	2,26	1434,71	4	2,788
		4	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	2	1,407
		5	Batupasir	94	94	94	94,00	42,8	42,8	42,8	42,80	2,20	1439,30	9	6,253
		6	Serpih	95,66	97,11	95,12	95,96	42,5	42,6	41,6	42,22	2,27	1400,45	3	2,142
7	290		Batubara												5,75
		1	Serpih	100,1	99,2	98,8	99,37	42,5	42,6	42,6	42,55	2,34	1422,65	3	2,109
		2	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	2	1,407
		3	Serpih	97,66	97,11	97,12	97,30	42,5	42,6	42,6	42,55	2,29	1422,65	2	1,406
			Batubara												5,75
		1	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	41,5	41,6	41,5	41,53	2,26	1355,37	3	2,213
		2	Batupasir	94,5	94	95	94,50	42,8	42,8	42,8	42,80	2,21	1439,30	10	6,948



No	Seam	Lapisan	Litologi	Length (mm)				Diameter				L/D	Luas Penampang	Force	UCS
				1	2	3	Rata-rata	1	2	3	Rata-rata		(mm ²)	(KN)	(MPa)
	300	3	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	5	3,518
			Batubara												5,75
9	310	1	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	3	2,107
		2	Batupasir	94	94	94	94,00	42,8	42,8	42,8	42,80	2,20	1439,30	9	6,253
		3	Serpih	97,66	97,11	97,12	97,30	42,5	42,6	42,6	42,55	2,29	1422,65	3	2,109
		4	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	3	2,111
		5	Batupasir	94	94	94	94,00	42,8	42,8	42,8	42,80	2,20	1439,30	11	7,643
		6	Batulempung	94,5	93,6	93,5	93,87	42,5	42,6	42,5	42,53	2,21	1421,42	4	2,814



Lampiran 6 Perhitungan Nilai Berat Volume

Nilai Berat Volume pada penelitian ini dihitung menggunakan rumus pada persamaan berikut.

$$\gamma = \frac{m}{V} g$$

Dimana:

γ = Berat Volume (kN/m³)

m = Massa (kg)

V = Volume (m³)

g = Percepatan Gravitasi (10 m/s²)

Nilai Berat Volume

1. $m = 0,21 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000135 \text{ m}^3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,21 \text{ kg}}{0,000135 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 15.801,05 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 15,80 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

2. $m = 0,25 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000135 \text{ m}^3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,25 \text{ kg}}{0,000135 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 18.510,15 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 18,51 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

3. $m = 0,28 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000138 \text{ m}^3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,28 \text{ kg}}{0,000138 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 19.922,31 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 19,92 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$



4. $m = 0,26 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000131 \text{ m}^3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,26 \text{ kg}}{0,000131 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 20.103,74 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 20,10 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

5. $m = 0,27 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000121 \text{ m}^3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,27 \text{ kg}}{0,000121 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 22.052,00 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 22,05 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

6. $m = 0,18 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000125 \text{ m}^3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,18 \text{ kg}}{0,000125 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 14.517,18 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 14,51 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

7. $m = 0,18 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000136 \text{ m}^3$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,18 \text{ kg}}{0,000136 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 13.201,33 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 13,20 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$



$m = 0,32 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$

at Volume $= \frac{m}{V} \times g$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{0,32 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 &= 23.763,60 \text{ N/m}^3 \\
 &= 23,76 \text{ kN/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

9. $m = 0,28 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$

Berat Volume $= \frac{m}{V} \times g$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{0,28 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 &= 21.014,36 \text{ N/m}^3 \\
 &= 21,01 \text{ kN/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

10. $m = 0,29 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000134 \text{ m}^3$

Berat Volume $= \frac{m}{V} \times g$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{0,29 \text{ kg}}{0,000134 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 &= 21.885,29 \text{ N/m}^3 \\
 &= 21,88 \text{ kN/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

11. $m = 0,27 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000126 \text{ m}^3$

Berat Volume $= \frac{m}{V} \times g$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{0,27 \text{ kg}}{0,000126 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 &= 11.215,16 \text{ N/m}^3 \\
 &= 21,22 \text{ kN/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

12. $m = 0,30 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$

Berat Volume $= \frac{m}{V} \times g$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{0,30 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 &= 22.780,96 \text{ N/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$



$$= 22,78 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$13. m = 0,27 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,27 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 20.733,43 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 20,73 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$14. m = 0,23 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000136 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,23 \text{ kg}}{0,000136 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 16.664,64 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 16,66 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$15. m = 0,26 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000131 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,26 \text{ kg}}{0,000131 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 20.134,94 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 20,13 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$16. m = 0,31 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,31 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 23.572,21 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 23,57 \text{ kN/m}^3$$



$$: 0,28 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,28 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 20.934,85 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 20,93 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$18. m = 0,30 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000138 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,30 \text{ kg}}{0,000138 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 21.885,29 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 21,88 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$19. m = 0,25 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000138 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,25 \text{ kg}}{0,000138 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 17.946,26 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 17,94 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$20. m = 0,27 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,27 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 19.972,98 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 19,97 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$21. m = 0,22 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

at Volume

$$= \frac{m}{V} \times g$$



$$= \frac{0,22 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 16.843,42 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 16,84 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

22. $m = 0,29 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000134 \text{ m}^3$

Berat Volume $= \frac{m}{V} \times g$

$$= \frac{0,29 \text{ kg}}{0,000134 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 21.885,29 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 21,89 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

23. $m = 0,32 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000134 \text{ m}^3$

Berat Volume $= \frac{m}{V} \times g$

$$= \frac{0,32 \text{ kg}}{0,000134 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 24.227,45 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 24,23 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

24. $m = 0,20 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000135 \text{ m}^3$

Berat Volume $= \frac{m}{V} \times g$

$$= \frac{0,20 \text{ kg}}{0,000135 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 14.822,83 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 14,82 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

25. $m = 0,32 \text{ kg}$

$V = 0,000138 \text{ m}^3$

Berat Volume $= \frac{m}{V} \times g$

$$= \frac{0,32 \text{ kg}}{0,000138 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 23.350,84 \text{ N/m}^3$$



$$= 23,35 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$26. m = 0,25 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000139 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,25 \text{ kg}}{0,000139 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 18.256,81 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 18,26 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$27. m = 0,34 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,34 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 25.323,57 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 25,32 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$28. m = 0,27 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000135 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,27 \text{ kg}}{0,000135 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 19.680,09 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 19,68 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$29. m = 0,17 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000134 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,17 \text{ kg}}{0,000134 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 12.970,27 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 12,97 \text{ kN/m}^3$$



$$: 0,19 \text{ kg}$$

$$: 0,000141 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\
 &= \frac{0,19 \text{ kg}}{0,000141 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 &= 13.604,75 \text{ N/m}^3 \\
 &= 13,60 \text{ kN/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$31. m = 0,27 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\
 &= \frac{0,27 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 &= 20.608,08 \text{ N/m}^3 \\
 &= 20,61 \text{ kN/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$32. m = 0,21 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000138 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\
 &= \frac{0,21 \text{ kg}}{0,000138 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 &= 15.203,65 \text{ N/m}^3 \\
 &= 15,20 \text{ kN/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$33. m = 0,31 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000127 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\
 &= \frac{0,31 \text{ kg}}{0,000127 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\
 &= 24.180,52 \text{ N/m}^3 \\
 &= 24,18 \text{ kN/m}^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$34. m = 0,29 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000136 \text{ m}^3$$

at Volume

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\
 &= \frac{0,29 \text{ kg}}{0,000136 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2
 \end{aligned}$$



$$= 21.677,71 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 21,68 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$35. m = 0,29 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,29 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 21.836,25 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 21,83 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$36. m = 0,16 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,16 \text{ kg}}{0,000131 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 11.687,13 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 11,69 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$37. m = 0,29 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000135 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,29 \text{ kg}}{0,000135 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 21.69732 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 21,70 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$38. m = 0,21 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000138 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Berat Volume} = \frac{m}{V} \times g$$

$$= \frac{0,21 \text{ kg}}{0,000138 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 15.406,95 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$= 15,41 \text{ kN/m}^3$$



$$39. m = 0,28 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,28 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 21.280,54 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 21,28 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$40. m = 0,31 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000135 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,31 \text{ kg}}{0,000135 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 23.107,04 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 23,11 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$41. m = 0,28 \text{ kg}$$

$$V = 0,000133 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Berat Volume} &= \frac{m}{V} \times g \\ &= \frac{0,28 \text{ kg}}{0,000133 \text{ m}^3} \times 10 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ &= 21.280,54 \text{ N/m}^3 \\ &= 21,28 \text{ kN/m}^3 \end{aligned}$$



Nilai Berat Volume

No	Seam	Lapisan	Litologi	Tinggi	Diameter	Volume	Massa	Percepatan Gravitasi	Berat Volume
				(m)	(m)	(m ³)	(Kg)	m/s ²	(KN/m ³)
1	190		Batubara					10	
		1	Serpih	0,0996	0,0416	0,000135	0,21	10	15,80
		2	Batupasir	0,0941	0,0427	0,000135	0,25	10	18,51
		3	Batupasir	0,0971	0,0426	0,000138	0,28	10	19,92
		4	Batupasir	0,0923	0,0425	0,000131	0,26	10	20,10
		5	Batulempung	0,0862	0,0424	0,000121	0,27	10	22,05
		6	Serpih	0,0878	0,0426	0,000125	0,18	10	14,52
2	210		Batubara						12,07
		1	Serpih	0,0969	0,0422	0,000136	0,18	10	13,20
		2	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0425	0,000133	0,32	10	23,76
		3	Batupasir	0,0937	0,0425	0,000133	0,28	10	21,01
3	220		Batubara						12,07
		1	Batupasir	0,0952	0,0424	0,000134	0,29	10	21,89
		2	Batulempung	0,0905	0,0421	0,000126	0,27	10	21,22
	240		Batubara						12,07
		1	Batulempung	0,0954	0,0421	0,000133	0,30	10	22,78
		2	Batupasir	0,0937	0,0425	0,000133	0,28	10	20,73
		3	Serpih	0,0986	0,0419	0,000136	0,23	10	16,64
		4	Batupasir	0,0925	0,0424	0,000131	0,26	10	20,13
		5	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0425	0,000133	0,31	10	23,57
			Batubara						



No	Seam	Lapisan	Litologi	Tinggi	Diameter	Volume	Massa	Percepatan Gravitasi	Berat Volume
				(m)	(m)	(m ³)	(Kg)	m/s ²	(KN/m ³)
5	270	1	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0425	0,000133	0,28	10	20,93
		2	Batupasir	0,0956	0,0428	0,000138	0,30	10	21,89
		3	Serpih	0,0973	0,0426	0,000138	0,25	10	17,95
		4	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0425	0,000133	0,27	10	19,97
		5	Serpih	0,0935	0,0425	0,000133	0,22	10	16,84
		6	Batupasir	0,0961	0,0421	0,000134	0,29	10	21,89
		7	Batulempung	0,0929	0,0429	0,000134	0,32	10	24,23
6	280		Batubara						12,07
		1	Serpih	0,0966	0,0422	0,000135	0,20	10	14,82
		2	Batulempung	0,0940	0,0433	0,000138	0,32	10	23,35
		3	Serpih	0,0966	0,0427	0,000139	0,25	10	18,26
		4	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0425	0,000133	0,34	10	25,32
		5	Batupasir	0,0940	0,0428	0,000135	0,27	10	19,68
		6	Serpih	0,0960	0,0422	0,000134	0,17	10	12,97
7	290		Batubara						12,07
		1	Serpih	0,0994	0,0426	0,000141	0,19	10	13,60
		2	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0425	0,000133	0,27	10	20,61
		3	Serpih	0,0973	0,0426	0,000138	0,21	10	15,20
300			Batubara						12,07
		1	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0415	0,000127	0,31	10	24,18
		2	Batupasir	0,0945	0,0428	0,000136	0,29	10	21,68
		3	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0425	0,000133	0,29	10	21,84
			Batubara						12,07



No	Seam	Lapisan	Litologi	Tinggi	Diameter	Volume	Massa	Percepatan Gravitasi	Bobot Isi
				(m)	(m)	(m ³)	(Kg)	m/s ²	(KN/m ³)
9	310	1	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0425	0,000133	0,16	10	11,69
		2	Batupasir	0,0940	0,0428	0,000135	0,29	10	21,70
		3	Serpih	0,0973	0,0426	0,000138	0,21	10	15,41
		4	Batulempung	0,0939	0,0425	0,000133	0,28	10	21,28
		5	Batupasir	0,0940	0,0428	0,000135	0,31	10	23,11
		6	Batulempung	0,0939	11,69	0,000133	0,28	10	21,28
10	320		Batubara						12,07



Lampiran 7 Hasil Pemetaan Geoteknik Lapangan

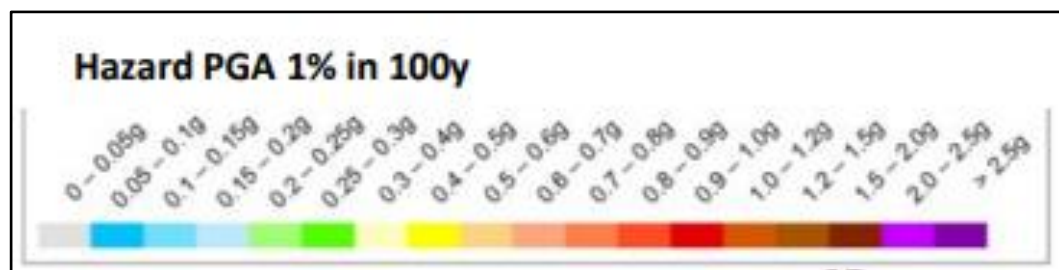
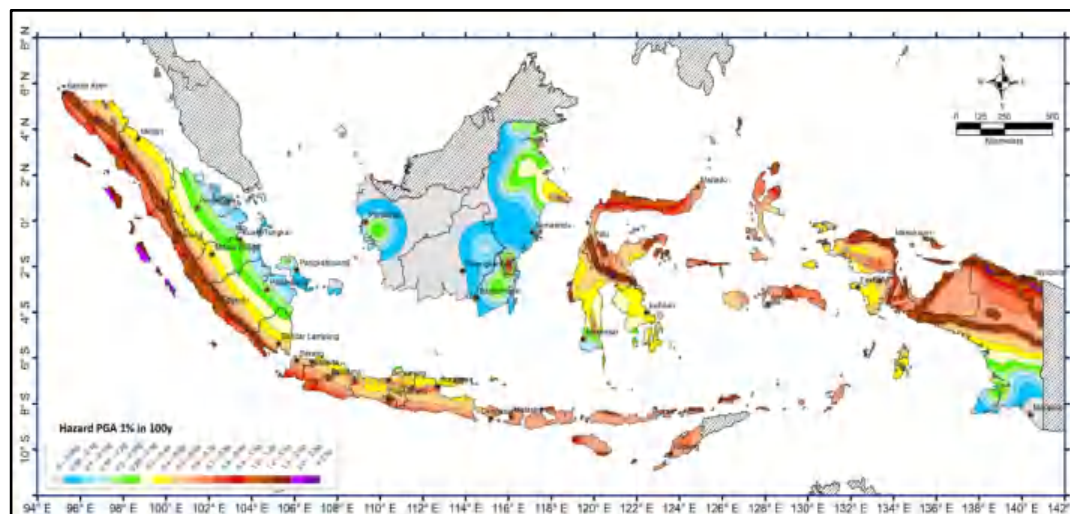
FORM PENGAMATAN DAN PEMETAAN GEOTEKNIK PERMUKAAN			Rock Type.			Tanggal: 14/2/2023		
			Bench No.					
			Lokasi Pit	: 270 (Lokasi 1)				
			Diisi Oleh	: Yulianti Pasande'				
			Diperiksa Oleh	: Grinus Halilintar				
PARAMETER	CODE/VALUE	RATING	PARAMETER		CODE/VALUE	RATING	GSI (1)	
1. Strength of intact rock	R2	2	2. RQD		E	20	63	
3. Spacing of discontinuity	M	10	5. Ground water condition		CD	15		
A. RATING (1+2+3+5)	47		B. RATING (1+2+3)+15		47			
4. Condition of Discontinuity								
Joint Set		SET 1*)		SET 2		SET 3		SET 4
Parameter	CODE/VALUE	RATING	CODE/VALUE	RATING	CODE/VALUE	RATING	CODE/VALUE	RATING
a) Length (persistence)	VL	6	VL	6				
b) Separation (aperture)	VT	5	VT	5				
c) Roughness	SR	3	SR	3				
d) Infilling (gouge)	N	6	N	6				
e) Weathering	SW	5	SW	5				
Joint Orientation (D/DD)								
C. RATING (a+b+c+d+e) =	25							
PERHITUNGAN RMR DAN NILAI GSI								
D. Basic RMR' 89 = (A+C)	72							
E. Basic RMR' 89 (Dry) = (B+C)	72							
F. GSI (2) = E (-5)	67							
*) Set 1 adalah joint dengan nilai frekuensi fracture terbesar								
Foto								
								



FORM PENGAMATAN DAN PEMETAAN GEOTEKNIK PERMUKAAN				Rock Type.	Tanggal: 2/3/2023			
				Lokasi Pit	: 270 (Lokasi 2)			
				Bench No.	Diisi Oleh : Yuliati Pasande'			
				Diperiksa Oleh	: Grinus Halilintar			
	PARAMETER	CODE/VALUE	RATING		PARAMETER	CODE/VALUE	RATING	GSI (1)
1.	Strength of intact rock	R2	2	2.	RQD	P	8	52
3.	Spacing of discontinuity	C	8	5.	Ground water condition	CD	15	
A. RATING (1+2+3+5)		33		B. RATING (1+2+3)+15		33		
4.	Conditon of Discontinuity							
Joint Set		SET 1*)		SET 2		SET 3		SET 4
Parameter		CODE/VALUE	RATING	CODE/VALUE	RATING	CODE/VALUE	RATING	CODE/VALUE RATING
a) Length (persistence)		VL	6	VL	6			
b) Separation (aperture)		N	6	N	6			
c) Roughness		SR	3	SR	3			
d) Infilling (gouge)		N	6	N	6			
e) Weathering		UW	6	UW	6			
Joint Orientation (D/DD)								
C.	RATING (a+b+c+d+e) =	27						
PERHITUNGAN RMR DAN NILAI GSI								
D.	Basic RMR' 89 = (A+C)	60						
E.	Basic RMR'89 (Dry) = (B+C)	60						
F.	GSI (2) = E (-5)	55						
*) Set 1 adalah joint dengan nilai frekuensi fracture terbesar								
Foto								
								



Lampiran 8 Peta Zonasi Gempa di Indonesia



TIM PEMUTAKHIRAN PETA SUMBER DAN BAHAYA GEMPA INDONESIA 2017

- | | |
|--|---|
| • Prof. Dr. Masyhur Irsyam (Ketua) | • Ariska Rudyanto, M.Phil. (Ketua Pokja GMPE) |
| • Ir. Lutfi Faizal (Wakil Ketua) | • Dr. Sri Hidayati (Ketua Pokja SHA) |
| • Dr. Danny Hilman Natawidjaja (Ketua Pokja Geologi) | • Dr. M. Asrurifak |
| • Dr. Irwan Meilano (Ketua Pokja Geodesi) | • Dr. M. Ridwan |
| • Prof. Dr. Sri Widiyantoro (Ketua Pokja Seismologi) | • Prof. Dr. Phil Cummins |
| • Dr. Wahyu Triyoso (Ketua Pokja Katalog) | |

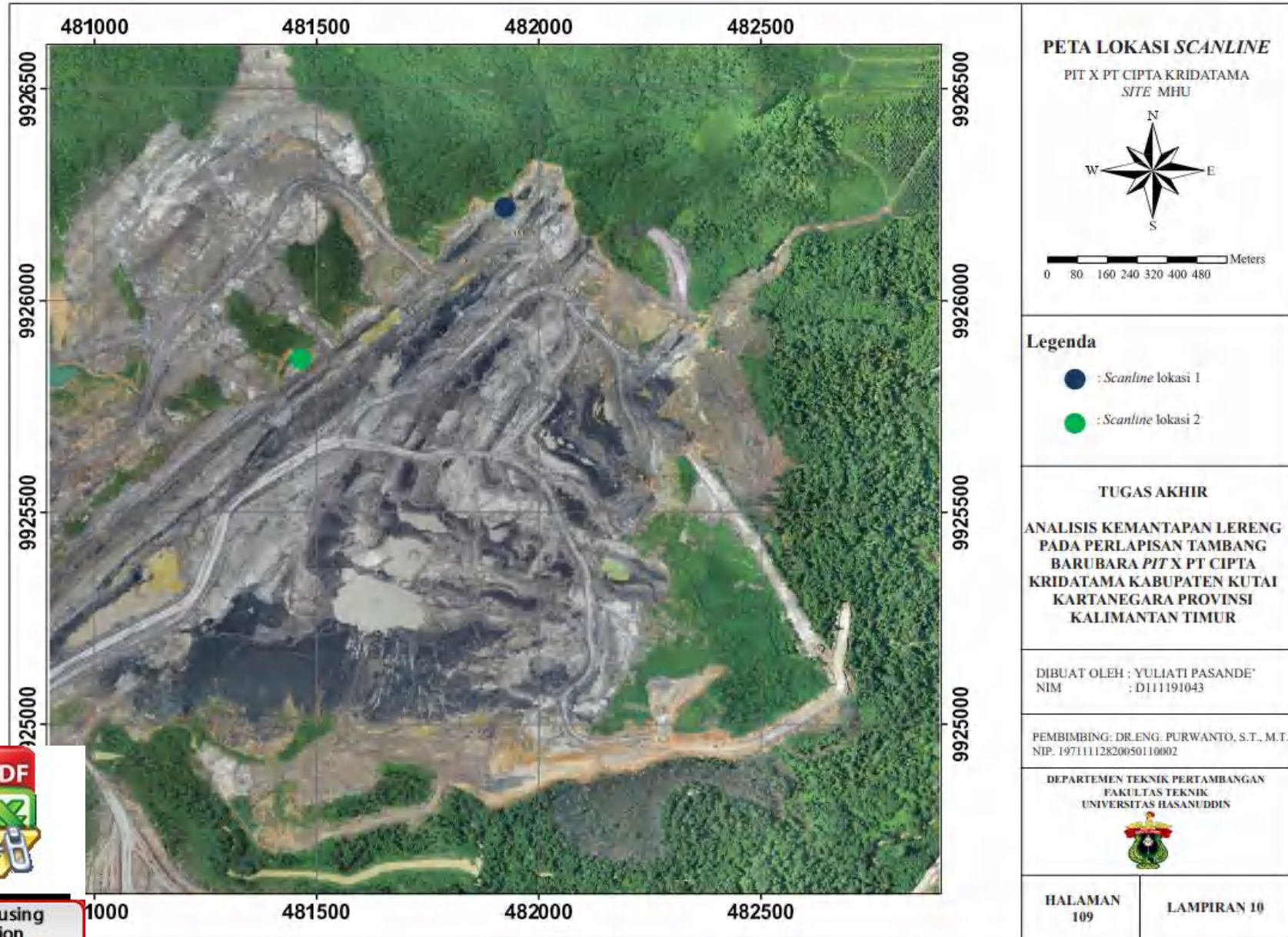


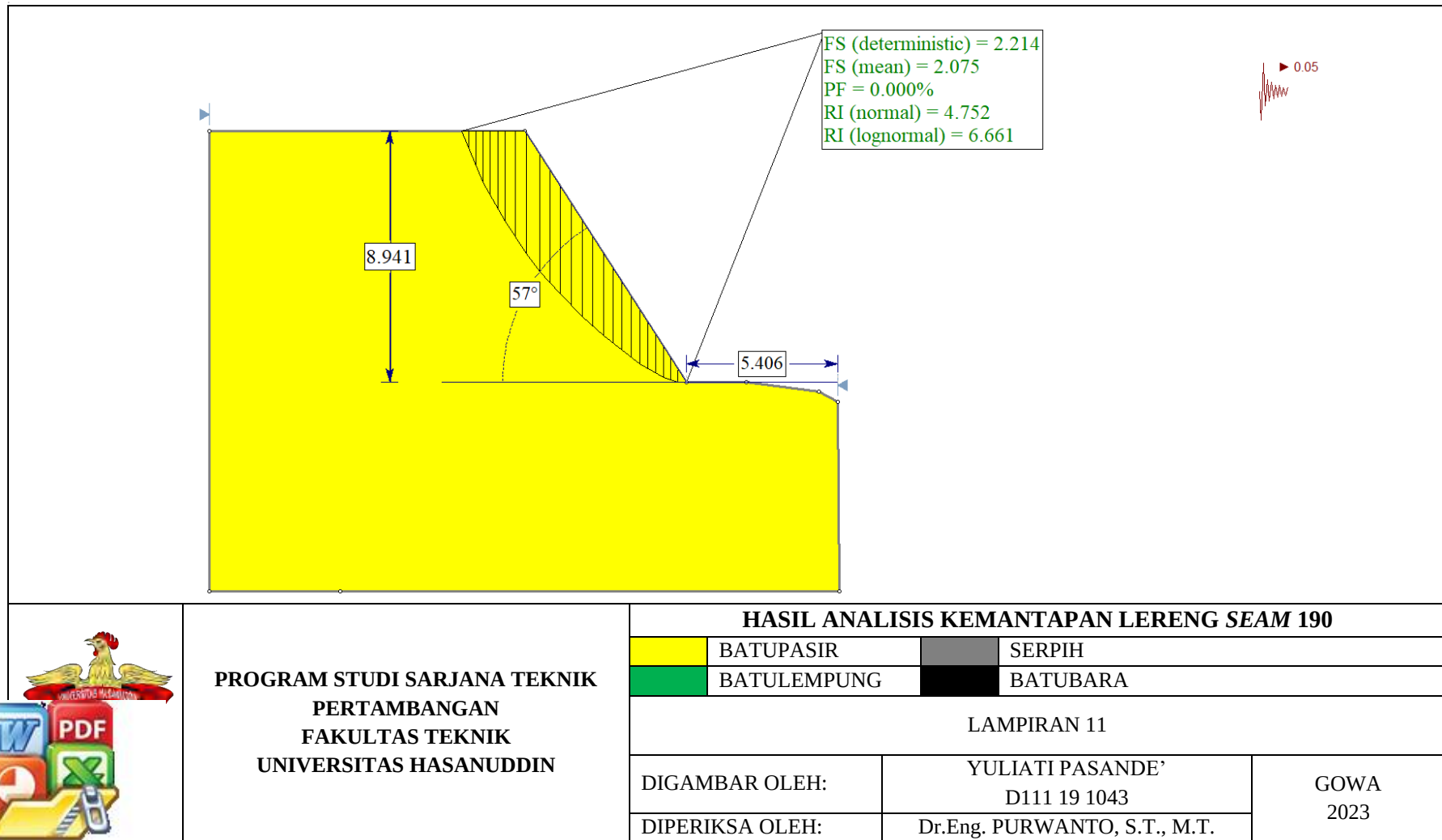
Lampiran 9 Panduan Pengisian Formulir Kegiatan Pengamatan dan Pemetaan Geoteknik Permukaan

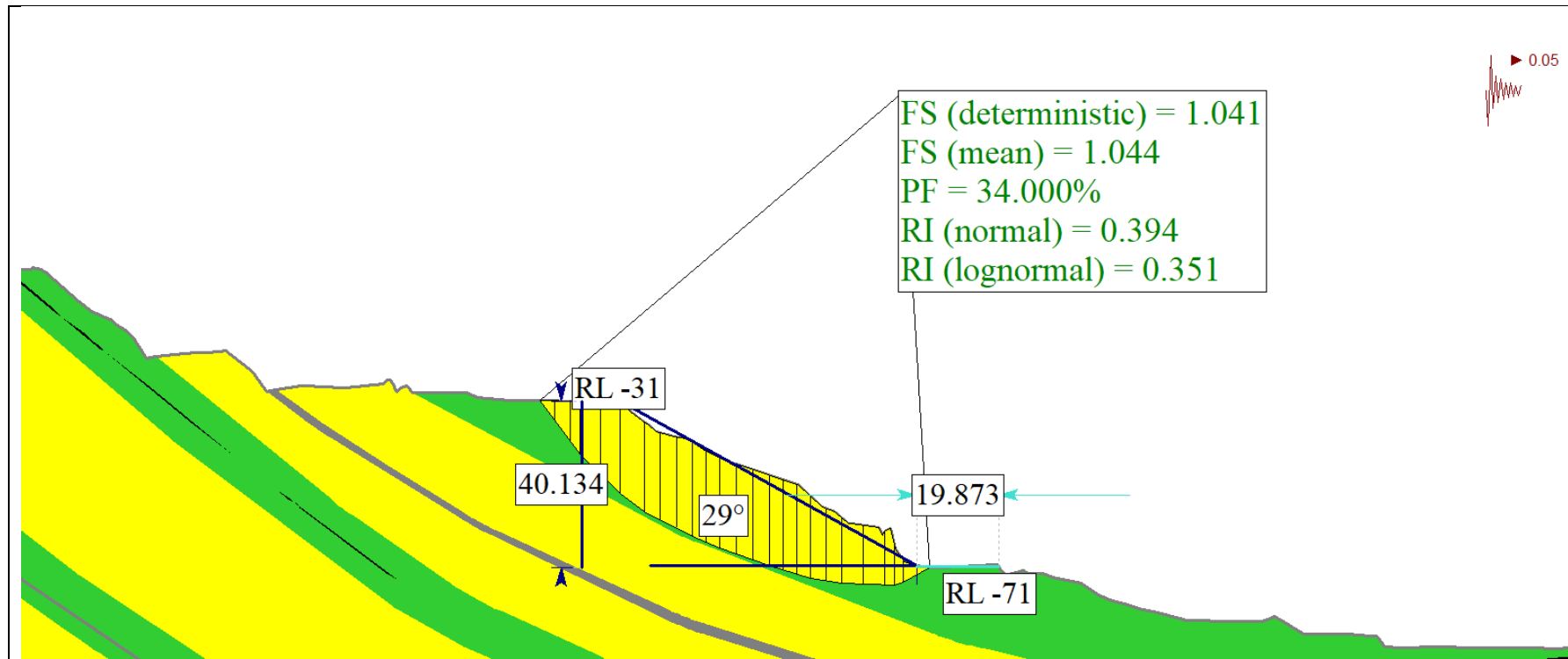
NO.	PARAMETER		RANGE OF VALUE						
1	Strength of intact rock	Term Code Value Rating	Extremely Strong R6 >250 MPa 15	Very Strong R5 100 - 250 MPa 12	Strong R4 50 - 100 MPa 7	Medium Strong R3 25 - 50 MPa 4	Weak R2 5-25 Mpa 2	Very Weak R1 1-5 Mpa 1	Extremely Weak R0 < 1 Mpa 0
2	RQD	Term Code Value Rating	Excellent Quality E 90% - 100% 20	Good Quality G 75% - 90% 17	Fair Quality F 50% - 75% 13	Poor Quality P 25% - 50% 8	Very Poor Quality VP < 25% 3		
3	Spacing of Discontinuities	Term Code Value Rating	Very Wide VW > 2 m 20	Wide W 0.6 - 2 m 15	Moderate M 200 - 600 mm 10	Close C 60 - 200 mm 8	Very Close VC < 60 mm 5		
4a Condition of discontinuities (detailed)									
	a) Discontinuity length (persistence)	Term Code Value Rating	Very Low VL < 1 m 6	Low L 1-3 m 4	Medium M 3-10 m 2	High H 10-20 m 1	Very High VH > 20m 0		
	b) Separation (aperture)	Term Code Value Rating	None N - 6	Very tight joint VT < 0.1 mm 5	Tight joint T 0.1-1.0 mm 4	Moderately Open Joint M 1-5 mm 1	Open Joint O > 5 mm 0		
	c) Roughness	Term Code Roughness Rating	Very Rough VR  6	Rough R  5	Slightly Rough SR  3	Smooth SM  1	Stickenside d SL  0		
	d) Infilling (gouge)	Term Code Rating	None N 6	Hard filling < 5mm H1 4	Hard filling > 5 mm H2 2	Soft filling < 5mm S1 2	Soft filling > 5mm S2 0		
	e) Weathering	Term Code Rating	Unweathered UW 6	Slightly Weathered SW 5	Moderately Weathered MW 3	Highly weathered HW 1	Decompose d 0		
4b Condition of discontinuities (mutually exclusive condition)									
	Condition		Very rough Not continuous No separation Unweathered	Slightly rough Separation <1mm Slightly weathered	Slightly rough Separation <1mm Highly weathered	Stickensided or Gouge <5mm or Separation 1-5mm Continuous	Soft gouge > 5mm or Separation > 5mm Continuous		
	Code Rating		C1 30	C2 25	C3 20	C4 10	C5 0		
5	Ground Water	Code Term Rating	Completely Dry CD 15	Dam DM p10	Wet We t7	Dripping DR g4	Flowing FL g0		

Panduan pengisian formulir kegiatan pengamatan dan pemetaan geoteknik permukaan RMR 1989 (PT Cipta Kridatama)









PROGRAM STUDI SARJANA TEKNIK
 PERTAMBANGAN
 FAKULTAS TEKNIK
 UNIVERSITAS HASANUDDIN

HASIL ANALISIS KEMANTAPAN LERENG KESELURUHAN

BATUPASIR	SERPIH
BATULEMPUNG	BATUBARA

LAMPIRAN 12

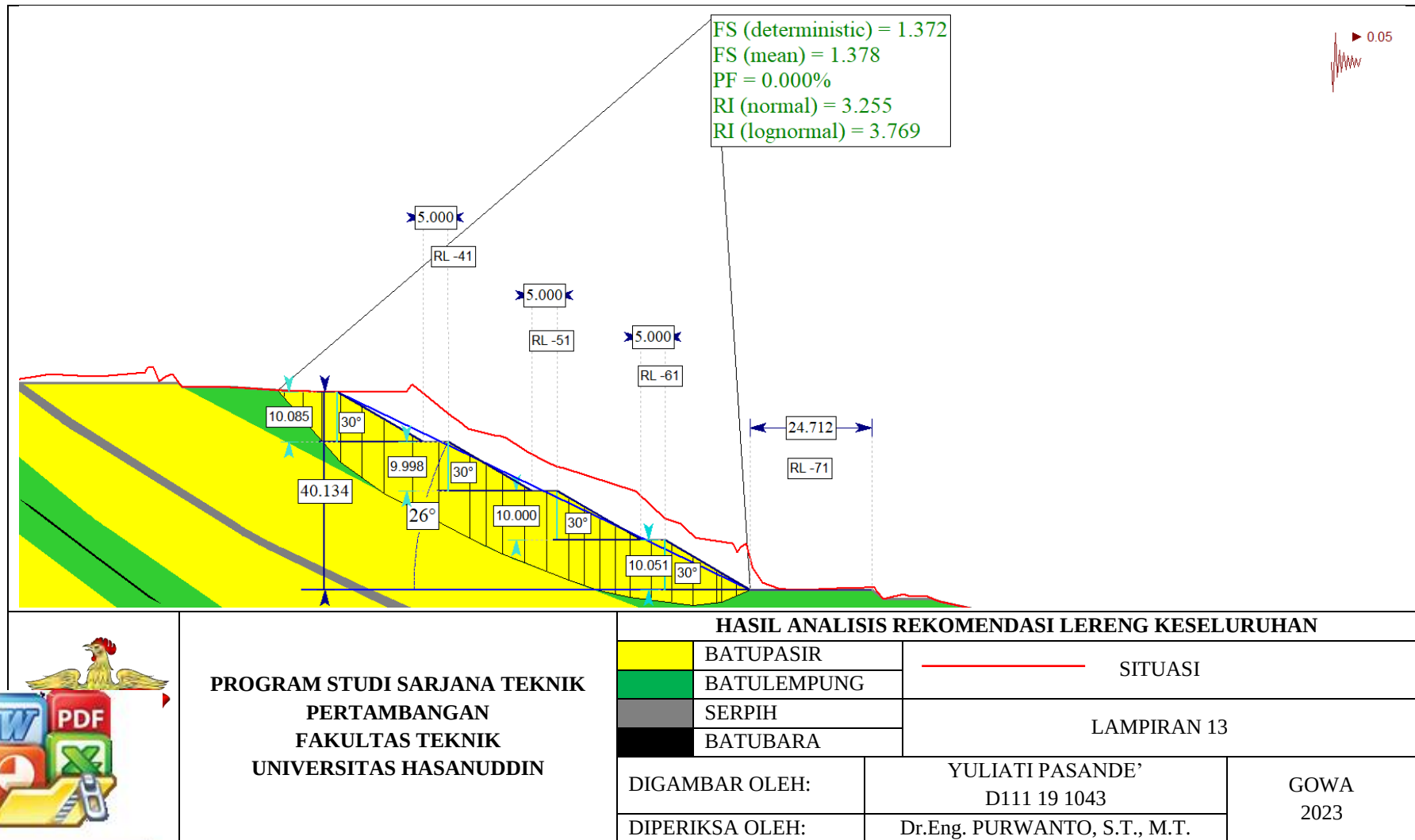
DIGAMBAR OLEH:

YULIATI PASANDE'
 D111 19 1043

GOWA
 2023

DIPERIKSA OLEH:

Dr.Eng. PURWANTO, S.T., M.T.



Lampiran 14 Dokumentasi Longsoran di *Pit X*



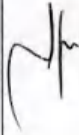
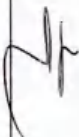
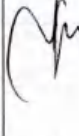
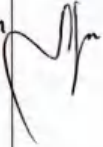
Lampiran 15 Kartu Konsultasi Tugas Akhir

Lampiran B 10

Kartu Konsultasi Tugas Akhir

JUDUL: Analisis Kestabilan Lereng pada Perlapisan Tambang Pit x PT Cipta Hidayatama Kabupaten Kutai Kartanegara Provinsi Kalimantan Timur

(Konsultasi minimal 8 kali)

TANGGAL	MATERI KONSULTASI	PARAF DOSEN
25 Oktober 2023	- Perbaikan Abstrak - BAB I Pendahuluan ↳ - Latar Belakang - Tujuan Penelitian	
6 November 2023	- Perbaikan BAB II - Penambahan tinjauan pustaka - Catatan (penambahan daftar pustaka yang berkaitan dengan penelitian)	
17 November 2023	- Perbaikan BAB III - Bagan Alir - Perbaikan lokasi penelitian	
30 November 2023	- Perbaikan BAB IV - Penambahan analisis kinematika - Perbaikan penggunaan kata	
14 Desember 2023	- Perbaikan BAB IV - Penambahan geometri lereng pada pembahasan dan kesimpulan - poster -	



TANGGAL	MATERI KONSULTASI	PARAF DOSEN
8 Januari 2024	Perbaikan BAB IV * Perbaikan ESI * Orientasi Kekar	
12 Januari 2024	Perbaikan pembahasan pada BAB IV penambahan section A-A pada lampiran	
15 Januari 2024	Perbaikan BAB III Perbaikan BAB IV	
16 Januari 2024	Perbaikan diagram alir	
17 Januari 2024	Perbaikan Peta Perbaikan Kesimpulan Perbaikan BAB III Perbaikan Pembahasan	

