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LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1 Dokumentasi Proses pembuatan rangka dan perakitan komponen

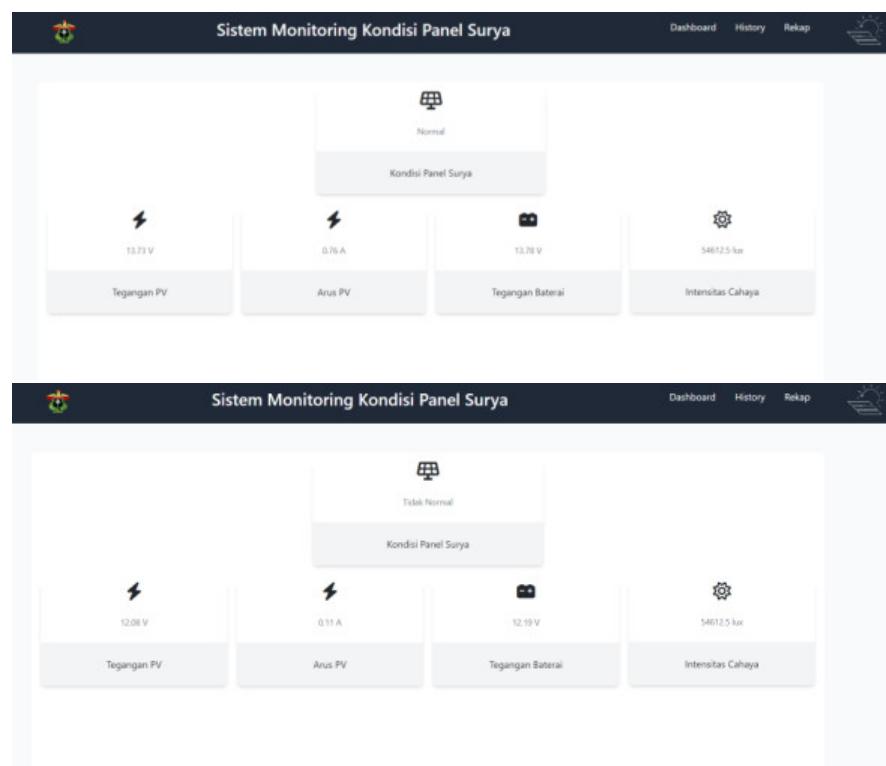


Lampiran 2 Dokumentasi proses pengambilan data

1. Pengambilan Dataset:



2. Pengujian pengaruh debu dengan beban motor DC 12 Volt





3. Pengujian sistem:



Lampiran 3 Kode program Mikrokontroller

1. Kode Arduino nano

```
#include <Wire.h>
#include "ACS712.h"
#include <BH1750.h>
#include <SoftwareSerial.h>
BH1750 lightMeter;
ACS712 currentSensor(ACS712_05B, A0);
const int analogPinPV = A1;
const int analogPinBattery = A2;
const int relay = 4;
float Vmodul = 0.0;
float Vbattery = 0.0;
float hasilPV = 0.0;
float hasilBattery = 0.0;
float R1 = 30000.0; // 30k ohm resistor
float R2 = 7500.0; // 7500 ohm resistor
float R1B = 30000.0; // 29.8k ohm resistor
float R2B = 7500.0; // 7500 ohm resistor
```



```

int valuePV = 0;
int valueBattery = 0;
SoftwareSerial espSerial(2,3); // RX (2), TX (3)
void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    Wire.begin();
    lightMeter.begin();
    pinMode(relay, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(analogPinPV, INPUT);
    pinMode(analogPinBattery, INPUT);
    digitalWrite(relay, HIGH);
    delay(2000);
    digitalWrite(relay, LOW);
    espSerial.begin(9600); // Inisialisasi komunikasi dengan ESP32
    int zero = currentSensor.calibrate();
    Serial.println("Zero point = " + String(zero));
    delay(1000);
}

void loop() {
    digitalWrite(relay, LOW);
    float currentPV = currentSensor.getCurrentDC();
    if (currentPV < 0) {
        currentPV = 0;
    }
    float lux = lightMeter.readLightLevel();
    // Mengukur tegangan PV
    valuePV = analogRead(analogPinPV);
    Vmodul = (valuePV * 5.0) / 1023.0;
    hasilPV = Vmodul / (R2 / (R1 + R2));
    // Mengukur tegangan baterai
    valueBattery = analogRead(analogPinBattery);
    Vbattery = (valueBattery * 5.0) / 1023.0;
    hasilBattery = Vbattery / (R2B / (R1B + R2B));
    // Menampilkan hasil pengukuran di Serial Monitor
    Serial.print("V_PV: ");
    Serial.print(hasilPV, 2);
    Serial.print(" volt, V_BAT: ");
    Serial.print(hasilBattery, 2);
    Serial.print(" volt, I_PV = ");
    Serial.print(currentPV, 2);
    Serial.print(" A, Cahaya: ");
    .al.print(lux);
    .al.println(" LUX");
    lengirim data ke ESP32 melalui Software Serial
    Serial.print("PV=");
    Serial.print(hasilPV, 2);
}

```



```

    espSerial.print(" BAT=");
    espSerial.print(hasilBattery, 2);
    espSerial.print(" CURRENT=");
    espSerial.print(currentPV, 2);
    espSerial.print(" LUX=");
    espSerial.println(lux);
    delay(30000);
}

```

2. Kode Esp32

```

#include <WiFi.h>
#include <HTTPClient.h>
HardwareSerial arduinoserial(2); // RX2 = 16 dan TX2 = 17
const char *ssid = "BSB";
const char *password = "Robot2024";
const char *serverUrl = "http://192.168.1.9:80/api/input"; //koneksi
ke server

void setup() {
    Serial.begin(115200);
    arduinoserial.begin(9600);
    // Connect to WiFi
    WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
    Serial.print("Connecting to WiFi");
    while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
        delay(1000);
        Serial.print(".");
    }
    Serial.println("Connected to WiFi");
    Serial.println("IP address: ");
    Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
    Serial.println();
    delay(1000);
}

void loop() {
    if (arduinoserial.available() > 0) {
        float teganganPV, teganganBat, arusPV, intensitasCahaya;
        // Parsing data dari Arduino
        sscanf(arduinoserial.readStringUntil('\n').c_str(), "PV=%f
BAT=%f CURRENT=%f LUX=%f",
               &teganganPV, &teganganBat, &arusPV,
               &intensitasCahaya);

        // Menampilkan data yang diparsing dari Arduino
        Serial.print("Tegangan PV: ");
    }
}

```



```

Serial.print(teganganPV);
Serial.print(" V, Tegangan Bat: ");
Serial.print(teganganBat);
Serial.print(" V, Arus PV: ");
Serial.print(arusPV);
Serial.print(" A, Intensitas Cahaya: ");
Serial.print(intensitasCahaya);
Serial.println(" LUX");
// Mengirimkan data ke server melalui HTTP POST request
HTTPClient http;
String url = String(serverUrl);
String postData = "tegangan_pv=" + String(teganganPV) +
    "&tegangan_bat=" + String(teganganBat) +
    "&arus_pv=" + String(arusPV) +
    "&intensitas_cahaya=" +
String(intensitasCahaya);

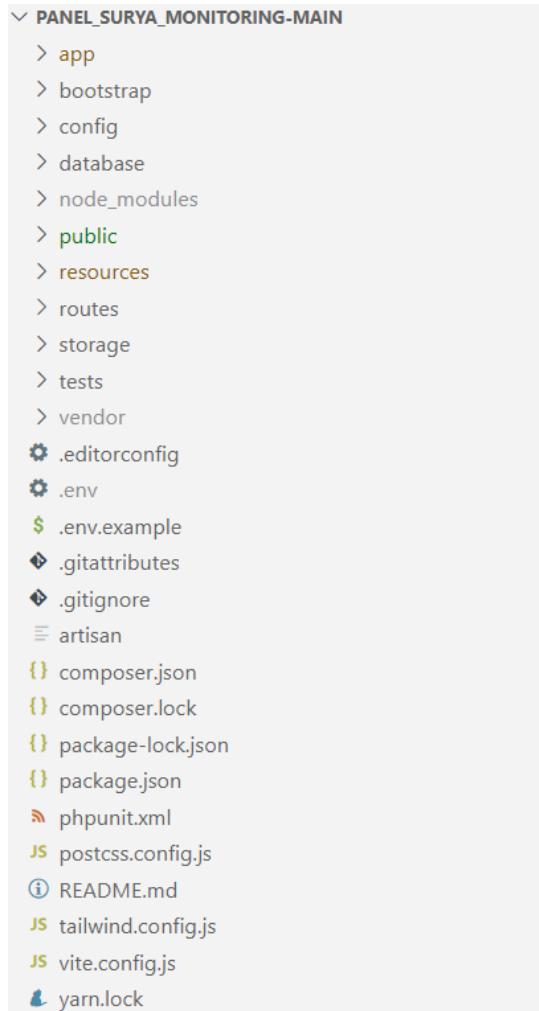
// Mulai koneksi HTTP
http.begin(url);
http.addHeader("Content-Type", "application/x-www-form-
urlencoded");
int httpResponseCode = http.POST(postData);
if (httpResponseCode > 0) {
    Serial.print("HTTP Response code: ");
    Serial.println(httpResponseCode);
    String response = http.getString();
    Serial.println(response);
} else {
    Serial.print("HTTP Error code: ");
    Serial.println(httpResponseCode);
}
http.end();
}
delay(20000);
}

```

Lampiran 4 Kode Program *Website*

Kode berikut merupakan sebagian kode yang merupakan inti kode dari keseluruhan kode untuk *website* yang di masukkan pada lampiran. Berikut keseluruhan direktori yang dibuat menggunakan *framework laravel*:





1. Koneksi endpoint dengan ESP32 (API.php)

```
<?php
use Illuminate\Http\Request;
use Illuminate\Support\Facades\Route;
use App\Http\Controllers\DataInputController;
use App\Http\Controllers\DashboardController;
Route::middleware('auth:sanctum')->get('/user', function (Request $request) {
    return $request->user();
});
Route::post('/input', [DataInputController::class, 'input'])->name('input');
Route::get('/getsensor', [DashboardController::class, 'getSensor']);
Route::get('/getsensorcondition', [DashboardController::class, 'getSensorCondition']);
```



2. RealtimeSensor.php

```
<?php
namespace App\Models;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Factories\HasFactory;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Model;
class realtimeSensor extends Model
{
    use HasFactory;
    protected $guarded = ['id'];
}
```

3. Untuk backend (ReadingCondition.php)

```
<?php
namespace App\Models;
use Carbon\Carbon;
use DateTime;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Factories\HasFactory;
use Illuminate\Database\Eloquent\Model;
class ReadingCondition extends Model
{
    protected $fillable = ['voltage', 'lux', 'time'];

    public static function evaluateCondition($voltage, $lux, $time)
    {
        $thresholds = [
            ["range_time" => "08:00-10:00", "threshold_voltage" => 12.10,
            "threshold_lux" => 25000],
            ["range_time" => "10:00-12:00", "threshold_voltage" =>
            12.10, "threshold_lux" => 50000],
            ["range_time" => "12:00-14:00", "threshold_voltage" =>
            12.10, "threshold_lux" => 50000],
            ["range_time" => "14:00-16:00", "threshold_voltage" =>
            12.10, "threshold_lux" => 50000],
            ["range_time" => "16:00-17:00", "threshold_voltage" =>
            12.10, "threshold_lux" => 35000],
            ["range_time" => "17:00-17:30", "threshold_voltage" =>
            12.00, "threshold_lux" => 2392],
            ["range_time" => "17:30-17:40", "threshold_voltage" =>
            12.00, "threshold_lux" => 1000],
            ["range_time" => "17:41-18:00", "threshold_voltage" =>
            threshold_lux" => 500]
        ];
        $threshold = null;
        $currentTime = DateTime::createFromFormat('H:i', $time);
```



```

foreach ($thresholds as $item) {
    $range = explode('-', $item['range_time']);
    $start = DateTime::createFromFormat('H:i',
trim($range[0]));
    $end = DateTime::createFromFormat('H:i',
trim($range[1]));

    if ($currentTime >= $start && $currentTime <= $end) {
        $threshold = $item;
        break;
    }
}

if (!$threshold) {
    return "Malam Hari";
}

if ($voltage > $threshold['threshold_voltage'] && $lux <
$threshold['threshold_lux']) {
    return "Normal";
} elseif ($voltage < $threshold['threshold_voltage'] && $lux
> $threshold['threshold_lux']) {
    return "Tidak Normal";
} elseif ($voltage < $threshold['threshold_voltage'] && $lux
< $threshold['threshold_lux']) {
    return "Normal";
}
return "Tidak Normal";
}}
```

4. Untuk Frontend (Dashboard.blade.php)



```

; > views > 📈 Dashboard.blade.php
@extends('template.Main')
@section('head')
<script
src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/Chart.js/2.9.4/Chart.js">
</script>
{{-- <style>
#dashboard-main{
| background-image: url('/assets/img/Energy_panel_power_solar_light-512.webp');
background-repeat: no-repeat;
background-origin: content-box;
background-size: 10% auto;
background-position-x: right;
background-position-y: bottom;
| -->}}
</style>
@endsection
@section('content')
<div id="dashboard-main" class='bg-white container-sm my-5 rounded-md h-full p-3 space-y-7' >
    <div class='w-full flex justify-center text-center'>
        @include('component.Card', [
            'title' => 'Kondisi Panel Surya',
            'icon' => '<i class="fa-solid fa-solar-panel text-3xl"></i>',
            'value' => '<span id="panel_value"></span>'
        ])
    </div>
    <div class='w-full text-center d-flex justify-content-center gap-3'>
        <div class='w-full'>
            @include('component.Card', [
                'title' => 'Tegangan PV',
                'icon' => '<i class="fa-solid fa-bolt text-3xl"></i>',
                'value' => '<span id="tegangan_value"></span>'
            ])
        </div>
        <div class='w-full'>
            @include('component.card', [
                'title' => 'Arus PV',
                'icon' => '<i class="fa-solid fa-bolt text-3xl"></i>',
                'value' => '<span id="arus_value"></span>'
            ])
        </div>
        <div class='w-full'>
            @include('component.Card', [
                'title' => 'Tegangan Baterai',
                'icon' => '<i class="fa-solid fa-car-battery text-3xl"></i>',
                'value' => '<span id="batt_value"></span>'
            ])
        </div>
        <div class='w-full'>
            @include('component.Card', [
                'title' => 'Intensitas Cahaya',
                'icon' => '<i class="fa-regular fa-sun text-3xl"></i>',
                'value' => '<span id="lux_value"></span>'
            ])
        </div>
    </div>
</div>

    <div class='w-full flex justify-center'>
        {{-- <canvas id="myChart" style="width:100%;max-width:700px"></canvas> --}}
    </div>
</div>
@ston

```



```

@push['script']
<script>
  document.addEventListener("DOMContentLoaded", function(event) {
    const xValues = [50,60,70,80,90,100,110,120,130,140,150];
    const yValues = [7,8,8,9,9,10,11,14,14,15];

    new Chart("myChart", {
      type: "line",
      data: {
        labels: xValues,
        datasets: [
          {
            fill: false,
            lineTension: 0,
            backgroundColor: "rgba(0,0,255,1.0)",
            borderColor: "rgba(0,0,255,0.1)",
            data: yValues
          }
        ],
        options: {
          legend: {display: false},
          scales: {
            yAxes: [{ticks: {min: 6, max:16}}]
          }
        }
      });
    });
  });
</script>

<script type='module'>
  const interval = 30*1000
  function convertTimeToMinutes(time) {
    let [hours, minutes] = time.split(":").map(Number);
    return hours * 60 + minutes;
  }

  function evaluateCondition(voltage, lux, time) {
    let thresholds = [
      { range_time: "08:00-10:00", threshold_voltage: 12.10, threshold_lux: 25000 },
      { range_time: "10:00-12:00", threshold_voltage: 12.10, threshold_lux: 50000 },
      { range_time: "12:00-14:00", threshold_voltage: 12.10, threshold_lux: 50000 },
      { range_time: "14:00-16:00", threshold_voltage: 12.10, threshold_lux: 50000 },
      { range_time: "16:00-17:00", threshold_voltage: 12.10, threshold_lux: 35000 },
      { range_time: "17:00-17:30", threshold_voltage: 12.00, threshold_lux: 2392 },
      { range_time: "17:30-17:40", threshold_voltage: 12.00, threshold_lux: 1000 },
      { range_time: "17:41-18:00", threshold_voltage: 12.00, threshold_lux: 500 }
    ];

    let threshold = null;
    let currentTime = convertTimeToMinutes(time);
    for (let i = 0; i < thresholds.length; i++) {
      let item = thresholds[i];
      let range = item.range_time.split('-');
      let start = convertTimeToMinutes(range[0]);
      let end = convertTimeToMinutes(range[1]);

      if (currentTime >= start && currentTime <= end) {
        threshold = item;
        break;
      }
    }

    if (!threshold) {
      return "Malam Hari";
    }
  }
</script>

```



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```

if (voltage > threshold.threshold_voltage && lux < threshold.threshold_lux) {
| return "Normal";
} else if (voltage < threshold.threshold_voltage && lux > threshold.threshold_lux) {
| return "Tidak Normal";
} else if (voltage < threshold.threshold_voltage && lux < threshold.threshold_lux) {
| return "Normal";
}

return "Tidak Normal";
}

document.addEventListener("DOMContentLoaded", function(event) {
  const getSensorData = () => {
    return axios.get(`${window.location.href}api/getsensor`)
      .then(function (response) {
        const data = response?.data
        const dataPrev = localStorage.hasOwnProperty("prev") ? JSON.parse(localStorage.getItem("prev")) : null
        const isValPrev = localStorage.hasOwnProperty("prev") ? (JSON.stringify(data) === JSON.stringify(dataPrev)) : false
        localStorage.setItem('prev', JSON.stringify(data))

        const timeNow = new Date().getTime();
        const timeApi = new Date(data?.created_at).getTime();

        const difference = Math.round((timeNow - timeApi) / 1000 / 60);
        console.log({difference}, difference > 1, isValPrev)
        console.log({data}, {dataPrev})
        const time = new Date(data.created_at)
        const clock = time.getHours() + ":" + time.getMinutes()
        const condition = evaluateCondition(data?.arus_pv, data?.intensitas_cahaya, clock)

        panel_value.innerText = condition
        lux_value.innerText = `${data?.intensitas_cahaya} lux`
        batt_value.innerText = `${data?.tegangan_bat} V`
        arus_value.innerText = `${data?.arus_pv} A`
        tegangan_value.innerText = `${data?.tegangan_pv} V`

        if(difference > 1 && isValPrev){
          console.log('prev')
          panel_value.innerText = "Sensor Tidak Terhubung"
          lux_value.innerText = 0
          batt_value.innerText = 0
          arus_value.innerText = 0
          tegangan_value.innerText = 0
        }
      })
    getSensorData()
    setInterval(() => {
      getSensorData()
    }, interval);
  });
}
</script>

```

Lampiran 5 Tampilan website kondisi malam hari

The screenshot shows a dashboard titled 'Sistem Monitoring Kondisi Panel Surya'. At the top, there are navigation links for 'Dashboard', 'History', and 'Rekap', along with a sun icon. The main area displays four key metrics for 'Malam Hari' (Night):

- Tegangan PV:** 0.02 V
- Arus PV:** 0 A
- Tegangan Baterai:** 12.6 V
- Intensitas Cahaya:** 0.85 lux

On the left side of the dashboard, there is a sidebar containing icons for Microsoft Word (.docx), Microsoft Excel (.xlsx), Microsoft PowerPoint (.pptx), and Microsoft PDF.

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