

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Abdullah, N. et al. (2020) 'The Effects of Prenatal Yoga for Primagravida with Gen Expression mRNA FKBP5 (FK506-binding Protein 51)', *Indian Journal of Forensic Medicine & Toxicology*, 14(4), pp. 3468–3473.
- ACOEM (2003) 'ACOEM Evidence-based statement: Noise-induced Hearing Loss', *JOEM*, 45(6), pp. 579–581. Available at: <http://journals.lww.com/joem>.
- Adams, G.L., Boies, L.R. and Higler, P.A. (1997) *BOIES Buku Ajar Penyakit THT*. Penerbit Buku Kedokteran EGC. Available at: <https://www.scribd.com/document/360098800/BOIES-Buku-Ajar-Penyakit-THT#> (Accessed: 5 August 2023).
- Ahsan, M. and Waheed, F. (2020) 'Contributions of Common Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms in Noise-induced Hearing Loss', *Pak-Euro Journal of Medical and Life Sciences*, 3(3), pp. 121–130.
- Ali, A. et al. (2022) 'Pelvic organ prolapse and associated factors among women admitted to gynecology ward at the Hiwot Fana Comprehensive Specialized Hospital, Harar, eastern Ethiopia', *SAGE Open Medicine*, 10. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1177/20503121221126363>.
- Bahaloo, M. et al. (2020) 'Effect of myricetin on the gene expressions of NOX3, TGF- β 1, prestin, and HSP-70 and anti-oxidant activity in the cochlea of noise-exposed rats', *Iranian Journal of Basic Medical Sciences*, 23(5), pp. 594–599. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.22038/IJBM.2020.41007.9693>.
- Banjarnahor, P.R.S. et al. (2021) 'The correlation between tn m and YY1 and P53 mRNA expression in nasopharyngeal cancer', *Biomedical and Pharmacology Journal*, 14(1), pp. 105–111. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.13005/bpj/2104>.
- Bashiruddin, J. et al. (2018) 'Relationship between distortion product otoacoustic emission signal-to-noise and hearing threshold change during methylprednisolone therapy for sudden deafness', in *Journal of Physics: Conference Series*. Institute of Physics Publishing. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1073/4/042040>.
- Bashiruddin, J. and Soetirto, I. (2007) 'Gangguan Pendengaran Akibat Bising (Noise Induced Hearing Loss)', in E. Soepardi et al. (eds) *Buku Ajar Ilmu Kesehatan Telinga Hidung Tenggorok Kepala & Leher*. 6th edn. Jakarta: Balai Penerbit FK UI, pp. 49–56.
- Batchelor, E.A. (2020) *Hearing Conservation Measures of Effectiveness Across the Department of Defense*, <https://health.mil/News/Articles/2020/07/01/Hearing-Conservation-2020>. Available at:

- <https://health.mil/News/Articles/2020/07/01/Hearing-Conservation-2020>.
- Behjati, S. and Tarpey, P.S. (2013) 'What is next generation sequencing?', *Archives of Disease in Childhood: Education and Practice Edition*, 98(6), pp. 236–238. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1136/archdischild-2013-304340>.
- Besser, J. et al. (2018) 'Next-generation sequencing technologies and their application to the study and control of bacterial infections', *Clinical Microbiology and Infection*. Elsevier B.V., pp. 335–341. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cmi.2017.10.013>.
- Campbell, K. et al. (2016) 'Guidelines for Auditory Threshold Measurement for Significant Threshold Shift', *Otology and Neurotology*, 37(8), pp. e263–e270. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1097/MAO.0000000000001135>.
- Candra, A. (2015) 'Hubungan faktor pembentuk perilaku dengan kepatuhan penggunaan alat pelindung telinga pada tenaga kerja di PLTD Ampenan', *The Indonesian Journal of Occupational Safety and Health*, 4(1).
- Chang, N.C. et al. (2011) 'Association of polymorphisms of heat shock protein 70 with susceptibility to noise-induced hearing loss in the taiwanese population', *Audiology and Neurotology*, 16(3), pp. 168–174. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1159/000317119>.
- Chen, X.M. et al. (2022) 'The Role of Genetic Variants in the Susceptibility of Noise-Induced Hearing Loss', *Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience*. Frontiers Media S.A. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.3389/fncel.2022.946206>.
- Cumming, C. et al (2005) *Cochlear Anatomy and Central Auditory Pathway in Otolaryngology Head and Neck Surgery*. 4th edn. Maryland: Elsevier Mosby.
- Demirel, R. et al. (2009) 'Noise Induces Oxidative Stress in Rat', *European Journal General Medicine*, 6(1), pp. 20–4.
- Demkow, Urszula (2016) 'Next Generation Sequencing in Undiagnosed Diseases', in Ursula Demkow and R. Ploski (eds) *Clinical Applications for Next-Generation Sequencing*, pp. 259–269.
- Dewi, Y.A. et al. (2012) 'Skrining Gangguan Dengar pada Pekerja Salah Satu Pabrik Tekstil di Bandung', *Majalah Kedokteran Bandung*.
- Dhingra, P. and Dhingra, S. (2014) *Diseases of Ear, Nose and Throat & Head and Neck Surgery*.
- Ding, E. et al. (2018) 'Notch polymorphisms associated with sensitivity of noise induced hearing loss among Chinese textile factory workers', *BMC Medical Genetics*, 19(1). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12881-018-0676-8>.
- Ding, M.T. and Yan, A. (2019) *What is noise-induced hearing loss?*
- Dobie, R.A. (2014) 'Noise-Induced Hearing Loss', in J.T. Johnson and C.A. Rosen (eds) *Bailey's Head and Neck Surgery— Otolaryngology*. 5th edn. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.

- Dwiyanti, R. et al. (2017) 'Association of typhoid fever severity with polymorphisms NOD2, VDR and NRAMP1 Genes in endemic area, Indonesia', *Journal of Medical Sciences (Faisalabad)*, 17(3), pp. 133–139. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.3923/jms.2017.133.139>.
- Elfiza, R. and Marliyawati, D. (2017) 'Hubungan antara lamanya paparan bising dengan gangguan fisiologis dan pendengaran pada pekerja industri tekstil', *Urnal Kedokteran Diponegoro*, 6(2), pp. 1196–1207.
- Elita Pratiwi, F. et al. (2024) *Correlation of SNR Value on DPOAE Examination with HSP70 Levels in Blood and HSP70 Expression in Cochlea of Noise Model Rattus norvegicus as an Indicator of Inner Ear Damage* How to Cite: Correlation of SNR Value on DPOAE Examination with HSP70 Levels in Blood and HSP70 Expression in Cochlea of Noise Model Rattus norvegicus as an Indicator of Inner Ear Damage, Open Access Full Length Research Article Advancements in Life Sciences-International Quarterly Journal of Biological Sciences Advancements in Life Sciences | www.als-journal.com. Available at: www.als-journal.com.
- Elshaer, N., Meleis, D. and Mohamed, A. (2023) 'Prevalence and correlates of occupational noise-induced hearing loss among workers in the steel industry', *Journal of the Egyptian Public Health Association*, 98(1). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1186/s42506-023-00135-7>.
- Fachri, M. et al. (2021) 'The strong correlation between ADAM33 expression and airway inflammation in chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and candidate for biomarker and treatment of COPD', *Scientific Reports*, 11(1). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-021-02615-2>.
- Farsida et al. (2021) 'Relationship between expression mRNA gene Treg, Treg, CD4+, and CD8+ protein levels with TST in tuberculosis children: A nested case-control', *Annals of Medicine and Surgery*, 61, pp. 44–47. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.amsu.2020.12.011>.
- Flock, Å. et al. (1999) 'Supporting Cells Contribute to Control of Hearing Sensitivity', *Journal of Neuroscience*, 19, pp. 4498–4507.
- Gaffar, M., Kuhuwael, F.G. and Yusuf, I. (2009) *A Polymerase Chain Reaction-Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism (PCR-RFLP) Analysis of Connexin 26 (GJB2) Gene Common Mutation (235delC) In Indonesian Patients with Prelingual Nonsyndromic Sensorineural Hearing Loss: A Preliminary Study*, *The Open Otorhinolaryngology Journal*.
- García-Berrocal, J.R. et al. (2010a) 'Heat shock protein 70 and cellular disturbances in cochlear cisplatin ototoxicity model', *The Journal of Laryngology and Otology*, 124(6), pp. 599–609. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0022215110000496>.
- García-Berrocal, J.R. et al. (2010b) 'Heat shock protein 70 and cellular disturbances in cochlear cisplatin ototoxicity model', *Journal of Laryngology and Otology*, 124(6), pp. 599–609. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1017/S0022215110000496>.
- Gelfand, S.A. (2016) 'Essentials of audiology', in. New York: Thieme.

- Gerhardt, K.J. et al. (1987) 'Ear Canal Volume and Variability in the Patterns of Temporary Threshold Shifts', *Ear and Hearing*, 8(6), pp. 316–321.
- Ghazaei, C. (2017) 'Role and mechanism of the Hsp70 molecular chaperone machines in bacterial pathogens', *Journal of Medical Microbiology*. Microbiology Society, pp. 259–265. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1099/jmm.0.000429>.
- Gillespie, P.G. (2006) 'Hair cell function', in *Otolaryngology Basic Science and Clinical Review*. New York: Thieme, pp. 332–338.
- Goines, L. and Hagler, L. (2007) *Noise Pollution: A Modern Plague*, *Southern Medical Journal* •. Available at: www.lhh.org/noise.
- Gratton, M.A. et al. (2011) 'Noise-induced changes in gene expression in the cochleae of mice differing in their susceptibility to noise damage', *Hearing Research*, 277(1–2), pp. 211–226. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.heares.2010.12.014>.
- Gunadi et al. (2016) 'Effects of SEMA3 polymorphisms in Hirschsprung disease patients', *Pediatric Surgery International*, 32(11), pp. 1025–1028. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00383-016-3953-7>.
- Gunadi et al. (2023) 'Exome sequencing identifies novel genes and variants in patients with Hirschsprung disease', *Journal of Pediatric Surgery*, 58(4), pp. 723–728. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpedsurg.2022.11.011>.
- Gupta, N. and Verma, V.K. (2019) 'Next-Generation Sequencing and Its Application: Empowering in Public Health Beyond Reality', in, pp. 313–341. Available at: https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-13-8844-6_15.
- Hassan, M.A., Hosny, N.A. and Soliman, E.F. (2010) *Occupational Hearing Loss Due to Noise Exposure and its Relation with Heat Shock Protein 70 and its Antibody*, Cairo Univ. Available at: www.medicaljournalofcairouniversity.com.
- Hatta, M. et al. (2017) 'Expression of mRNA IL-17F and sIL-17F in atopic asthma patients', *BMC Research Notes*, 10(1). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13104-017-2517-9>.
- Henderson, D. et al. (2006) *The Role of Oxidative Stress in Noise-Induced Hearing Loss, Ear & Hearing*.
- Herwanto, R.Y., Ilyas, S. and Indharty, R.S. (2016) 'HSP70 Gene Expression in Serum and Tissue of Rat Cochlear (*Rattus norvegicus*) Due to Noise Exposure and Heat', *International Journal of PharmTech Research*, 9(11), pp. 58–63.
- Ikwegbue, P.C. et al. (2018) 'Roles of heat shock proteins in apoptosis, oxidative stress, human inflammatory diseases, and cancer', *Pharmaceuticals*. MDPI AG. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.3390/ph11010002>.
- Indra, I.M., Hartono and Akyar, M. (2015) *Hubungan Penggunaan Alat Pelindung Pendengaran dan Masa Kerja Dengan Gangguan Pendengaran Pada Karyawan Yang Terpapar Bising di Bandara Internasional Adisucipto Yogyakarta*. Universitas Sebelas Maret.

- Indzhykulian, A.A. *et al.* (2013) 'Molecular Remodeling of Tip Links Underlies Mechanosensory Regeneration in Auditory Hair Cells', *PLoS Biology*, 11(6). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.1001583>.
- Jabbari, K. *et al.* (2016) 'The Relationship between Occupational Noise Exposure and Noise Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL) in Small-Scale Industries: A Case Study in the City of Damavand, Iran', *Biotechnology and Health Sciences*, 3(4). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.17795/bhs-40735>.
- Jia, S. *et al.* (2009) 'Fate of mammalian cochlear hair cells and stereocilia after loss of the stereocilia', *Journal of Neuroscience*, 29(48), pp. 15277–15285. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1523/JNEUROSCI.3231-09.2009>.
- Karnina, R. *et al.* (2021) 'Systemic lidocaine administration influences NF- κ B gene expression, NF- κ B and TNF- α protein levels on BALB/c mice with musculoskeletal injury', *Annals of Medicine and Surgery*, 69. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.amsu.2021.102660>.
- Kim, J. and Koo, M. (2015) 'Mass and stiffness impact on the middle ear and the cochlear partition', *Korean Journal of Audiology*, 19(1), pp. 1–6. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.7874/jao.2015.19.1.1>.
- Konings, A *et al.* (2009) 'Candidate gene association study for noise-induced hearing loss in two independent noise-exposed populations', *Annals of Human Genetics*, 73(2), pp. 215–224. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1469-1809.2008.00499.x>.
- Konings, Annelies *et al.* (2009) 'Variations in HSP70 genes associated with noise-induced hearing loss in two independent populations', *European Journal of Human Genetics*, 17(3), pp. 329–335. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1038/ejhg.2008.172>.
- Kujawa, S.G. and Liberman, M.C. (2009) 'Adding insult to injury: Cochlear nerve degeneration after "temporary" noise-induced hearing loss', *Journal of Neuroscience*, 29(45), pp. 14077–14085. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1523/JNEUROSCI.2845-09.2009>.
- Kurabi, A. *et al.* (2017) 'Cellular mechanisms of noise-induced hearing loss', *Hearing Research*, 349, pp. 129–137. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.heares.2016.11.013>.
- Van Laer, L. *et al.* (2006) 'The contribution of genes involved in potassium-recycling in the inner ear to noise-induced hearing loss', *Human Mutation*, 27(8), pp. 786–795. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1002/humu.20360>.
- Le, T.N. *et al.* (2017) 'Current insights in noise-induced hearing loss: a literature review of the underlying mechanism, pathophysiology, asymmetry, and management options', *Journal of Otolaryngology - Head and Neck Surgery*. BioMed Central Ltd. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1186/s40463-017-0219-x>.
- Lei, S. *et al.* (2017) 'Association between polymorphisms of heat-shock protein 70 genes and noise-induced hearing loss: A meta-analysis',

- PLoS ONE*, 12(11). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0188539>.
- Li, X. *et al.* (2020) ‘Association between smoking and noise-induced hearing loss: A meta-analysis of observational studies’, *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*. MDPI. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph17041201>.
- Li, Y. *et al.* (2017) ‘Polymorphisms of heat shock protein 70 genes (HSPA1A, HSPA1B and HSPA1L) and susceptibility of noise-induced hearing loss in a Chinese population: A case-control study’, *PLoS ONE*, 12(2). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0171722>.
- Liberman, M.C. (2016) ‘Noise-induced hearing loss: Permanent versus temporary threshold shifts and the effects of hair cell versus neuronal degeneration’, in *Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology*. Springer New York LLC, pp. 1–7. Available at: https://doi.org/10.1007/978-1-4939-2981-8_1.
- Liberman, M.C. and Dodds, L.W. (1984) *Single-neuron labeling and chronic cochlear pathology. III. Stereocilia damage and alterations of threshold tuning curves*, *Hearrtg Research*.
- Lulang, N. and Nasution, F.R. (2017) ‘Pengaruh Intensitas Kebisingan dan Penggunaan Alat Pelindung Diri (APD) Terhadap Daya Dengar Pekerja Di Bagian Produksi PT Master Wovenindo Label’, *Jurnal Persada Husada Indonesia*, 4, pp. 1–9.
- Mao, H. and Chen, Y. (2021) ‘Noise-Induced Hearing Loss: Updates on Molecular Targets and Potential Interventions’, *Neural Plasticity*. Hindawi Limited. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1155/2021/4784385>.
- Mas Rusyati, L.M. *et al.* (2020) ‘Higher Treg FoxP3 and TGF- β mRNA Expression in Type 2 Reaction ENL (Erythema Nodosum Leprosum) Patients in Mycobacterium leprae Infection’, *The Open Microbiology Journal*, 14(1), pp. 304–309. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.2174/1874434602014010304>.
- Masser, A.E. *et al.* (2019) ‘Cytoplasmic protein misfolding titrates Hsp70 to activate nuclear Hsf1’, *eLife Research Article*, pp. 1–27. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.7554/eLife.47791.001>.
- May, L.A. *et al.* (2013a) ‘Inner ear supporting cells protect hair cells by secreting HSP70’, *Journal of Clinical Investigation*, 123(8), pp. 3577–3587. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1172/JCI68480>.
- May, L.A. *et al.* (2013b) ‘Inner ear supporting cells protect hair cells by secreting HSP70’, *Journal of Clinical Investigation*, 123(8), pp. 3577–3587. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1172/JCI68480>.
- Menakertrans (2011) *Peraturan Menteri Tenaga Kerja dan Transmigrasi Republik Indonesia Nomor PER.13/MEN/X/2011*.
- Metidieri, M.M. *et al.* (2013) ‘Noise-Induced Hearing Loss (NIHL): Literature review with a focus on occupational medicine’, *International Archives of Otorhinolaryngology*, pp. 208–212. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.7162/S1809-97772013000200015>.

- Moller, A. (2006) 'Anatomy of The Ear', in *Hearing: Anatomy, Physiology, and Disorders of the Auditory System*. 2nd edn. Elsevier Inc., pp. 3–16.
- Morrill, S. and He, D.Z.Z. (2017) 'Apoptosis in inner ear sensory hair cells', *Journal of Otology*. PLA General Hospital Department of Otolaryngology Head and Neck Surgery, pp. 151–164. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.joto.2017.08.001>.
- Mulyadi, R. et al. (2021) 'Intratumoral and Peritumoral Apparent Diffusion Coefficient and MGMT mRNA Expression in Different Meningioma Histopathological Grade', *Indonesian Biomedical Journal*, 13(1), pp. 97–105. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.18585/inabj.v13i1.1338>.
- Nasir, H. and Rampal, K. (2012) 'Hearing Loss and Contributing Factors Among Airport Workers in Malaysia', *Med J Malaysia*, 67(1).
- Natarajan, N., Batts, S. and Stankovic, K.M. (2023) 'Noise-Induced Hearing Loss', *Journal of Clinical Medicine*. Multidisciplinary Digital Publishing Institute (MDPI). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.3390/jcm12062347>.
- National Safety Council (2010) 'Noise Control: A guide for Employees dan Employers', in *Anatomy and Physiology of the Ear In: Lalwani, Current Diagnosis dan Treatment in Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery*. New York: McGraw-Hill Company, p. 577.
- Nikpour, A. and Fesharaki, M.G. (2022) *Time to Noise-Induced Hearing Loss among Different Type of Shift Work among Steel Workers: A Survival Study*, *Iran J Public Health*. Available at: <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/>.
- Nordmann, A.S., Bohne, B.A. and Harding, G.W. (2000) 'Histopathological differences between temporary and permanent threshold shift 1', *Hearing Research*, 139, pp. 13–30. Available at: www.elsevier.com/locate/heares.
- O'Connell, G.C., Chantler, P.D. and Barr, T.L. (2017) 'High interspecimen variability in nucleic acid extraction efficiency necessitates the use of spike-in control for accurate qPCR-based Measurement of Plasma Cell-Free DNA Levels', *Lab Medicine*, 48(4), pp. 332–338. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1093/labmed/lmx043>.
- Oghalai, J.S. and Brownell, W.E. (2020) 'Anatomy and Physiology of the Ear', in A.K. Lalwani (ed.) *Current Diagnosis & Treatment Otolaryngology—Head and Neck Surgery*. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill Education. Available at: accessmedicine.mhmedical.com/content.aspx?aid=1169078503 (Accessed: 5 August 2023).
- Oley, M.H. et al. (2021) 'Effects of hyperbaric oxygen therapy on vascular endothelial growth factor protein and mRNA in crush injury patients: A randomized controlled trial study', *International Journal of Surgery Open*, 29, pp. 33–39. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijso.2021.01.003>.
- OSHA (2002) *Hearing Conservation OSHA 3074 2002 (Revised)*.

- Ou, H.C., Bohne, B.A. and Harding, G.W. (2000) 'Noise damage in the C57BL/CBA mouse cochlea', *Hearing Research*, 145, pp. 111–122. Available at: www.elsevier.com/locate/heares.
- Pawelczyk, M. et al. (2009) 'Analysis of gene polymorphisms associated with K⁺ ion circulation in the inner ear of patients susceptible and resistant to noise-induced hearing loss', *Annals of Human Genetics*, 73(4), pp. 411–421. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1469-1809.2009.00521.x>.
- Pitoyo, A.J. and Triwahyudi, H. (2017) 'Dinamika perkembangan etnis di Indonesia dalam konteks persatuan negara', *Populasi*, 25(1), pp. 64–81.
- Probst, R., Grevers, G. and Iro, H. (2006) *Basic Otorhinolaryngology A Step-By-Step Learning Guide*. Thieme. Available at: https://www.academia.edu/42931193/Basic_Otorhinolaryngology_A_Step_By_Step_Learning_Guide (Accessed: 5 August 2023).
- Prosen, C.A. et al. (1990) *Apical hair cells and hearing*, *Hearing Research*.
- Purnamanita et al. (2020) 'The effectiveness of triamcinolone injection on risk of postoperative operations with the conjunctiva autograft technique and its association with change of VEGF mRNA Expression', *Biomedical and Pharmacology Journal*, 13(2), pp. 543–549. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.13005/bpj/1916>.
- Qu, B. et al. (2015) 'The detection and role of heat shock protein 70 in various nondisease conditions and disease conditions: a literature review', *Cell Stress and Chaperones*. Cell Stress and Chaperones, pp. 885–892. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12192-015-0618-8>.
- Reastuty, R. and Haryuna, T.S.H. (2021) 'Correlation of SOD and MDA Expression in the Organ of Corti and Changes in the Function of Outer Hair Cells Measured by DPOAE Examination in Noise-Exposed Rat Cochlea', *Reports of Biochemistry & Molecular Biology*, 10(1). Available at: www.RBMB.net.
- Robles, L. and Ruggero, M.A. (2001) 'Mechanics of the Mammalian Cochlea', *Physiological Reviews*, 81, pp. 1305–1352.
- Rosenzweig, R. et al. (2019) 'The Hsp70 chaperone network', *Nature Reviews Molecular Cell Biology*. Nature Publishing Group, pp. 665–680. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41580-019-0133-3>.
- Roughton, J.E. and Mercurio, J.J. (2002) *Developing an Effective Safety Culture: A Leadership Approach*.
- Ryan, A.F. et al. (2016) 'Temporary and Permanent Noise-induced Threshold Shifts: A Review of Basic and Clinical Observations', *Otology and Neurotology*, 37(8), pp. e271–e275. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1097/MAO.0000000000001071>.
- Sai, N. et al. (2022) 'Involvement of NLRP3-inflammasome pathway in noise-induced hearing loss', *Neural Regeneration Research*, 17(12), pp. 2750–2754. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.4103/1673-5374.339499>.

- Shen, H. *et al.* (2014) 'A functional Ser326Cys polymorphism in hOGG1 is associated with noise-induced hearing loss in a Chinese population', *PLoS ONE*, 9(3). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0089662>.
- Shone, G. *et al.* (1991) *The effect of noise exposure on the aging ear, Hearing Research*.
- Sirait, R. *et al.* (2018) 'Systemic lidocaine inhibits high-mobility group box 1 messenger ribonucleic acid expression and protein in BALB/c mice after closed fracture musculoskeletal injury', *Saudi Journal of Anaesthesia*, 12(3), pp. 395–398. Available at: https://doi.org/10.4103/sja.SJA_685_17.
- Skarżyński, H. (2021) 'The role of next generation sequencing in predicting hearing loss', *Expert Review of Molecular Diagnostics*. Taylor and Francis Ltd., pp. 347–348. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1080/14737159.2021.1902313>.
- Soares, M. *et al.* (2020) 'Heat shock response in noise-induced hearing loss: effects of alanyl-glutamine dipeptide supplementation on heat shock proteins status', *Brazilian Journal of Otorhinolaryngology*, 86(6), pp. 703–710. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bjorl.2019.04.012>.
- Soepardi, E. *et al.* (2012) *Buku Ajar Ilmu Kesehatan Telinga Hidung Tenggorok Kepala & Leher*. 7th edn. Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Indonesia.
- Sumantri, S. *et al.* (2020) 'Metformin improves FOXP3 mRNA expression through suppression of interferon gamma levels in pristane-induced murine models of lupus', *F1000Research*, 9. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.12688/f1000research.23471.1>.
- Surachmanto, E.E. *et al.* (2018) 'Association between asthma control and Interleukin-17F expression levels in adult patients with atopic asthma', *Saudi Medical Journal*, 39(7), pp. 662–667. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.15537/smj.2018.7.22055>.
- Suyono, J. (1993) *Deteksi Dini Penyakit Akibat Kerja*. Yogyakarta: EGC.
- Syawal, P. *et al.* (2022) 'Comparison between the triamcinolone and bevacizumab subconjunctivals and changes in Interleukin-1 mRNA expression in pterygium', *Journal of Taibah University Medical Sciences*, 17(1), pp. 67–71. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jtumed.2021.07.009>.
- Takada, Y. *et al.* (2015) 'Ototoxicity-induced loss of hearing and inner hair cells is attenuated by HSP70 gene transfer', *Molecular Therapy Methods and Clinical Development*, 2, p. 15019. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1038/mtm.2015.19>.
- Taleb, M. *et al.* (2008) 'Hsp70 inhibits aminoglycoside-induced hair cell death and is necessary for the protective effect of heat shock', *JARO - Journal of the Association for Research in Otolaryngology*, 9(3), pp. 277–289. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10162-008-0122-2>.

- Taleb, M. et al. (2009) 'Hsp70 inhibits aminoglycoside-induced hearing loss and cochlear hair cell death', *Cell Stress and Chaperones*, 14(4), pp. 427–437. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12192-008-0097-2>.
- Tambunan, S.T.B. and Dhewiberta, H. (2005) *Kebisingan di Tempat Kerja (Occupational noise)*. Yogyakarta: Andi.
- Tommy, T. et al. (2021) 'Effect of folinic acid on serum homocysteine, TNFa, IL-10, and HMGB1 gene expression in head injury model', *Annals of Medicine and Surgery*, 65. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.amsu.2021.102273>.
- Toppila, E., Pyykkö, I. and Starck, J. (2001) *Age and noise-induced hearing loss, Scand Audiol.*
- Tortora, G. and Derrickson, B. (2017) *Principles of Anatomy & Physiology*.
- Tukaj, S. (2020) 'Heat shock protein 70 as a double agent acting inside and outside the cell: Insights into autoimmunity', *International Journal of Molecular Sciences*. MDPI AG, pp. 1–13. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijms21155298>.
- Wackym, P.A. and Snow, J.B. (2016) *Ballenger's Otorhinolaryngology 18 Head and Neck Surgery*.
- Wagner, E.L. and Shin, J.B. (2019) 'Mechanisms of Hair Cell Damage and Repair', *Trends in Neurosciences*. Elsevier Ltd, pp. 414–424. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.tins.2019.03.006>.
- Wang, M. et al. (2020) 'A novel MYH14 mutation in a Chinese family with autosomal dominant nonsyndromic hearing loss', *BMC Medical Genetics*, 21(1). Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12881-020-01086-y>.
- Wang, T.C. et al. (2020) 'Noise induced hearing loss and tinnitus—new research developments and remaining gaps in disease assessment, treatment, and prevention', *Brain Sciences*. MDPI AG, pp. 1–11. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.3390/brainsci10100732>.
- Wang, X. et al. (2017) 'Application of Next-Generation Sequencing to Hearing Loss', in L.J.C. Wong (ed.) *Next Generation Sequencing Based Clinical Molecular Diagnosis of Human Genetic Disorders*. Springer International Publishing.
- WHO (2021) *World report on hearing*. Geneva. Available at: <https://youtu.be/EmXwAnP9puQ>.
- Wibisono, J.J. et al. (2020) 'Yin Yang 1 (YY1) and P53 Gene Expression Analysis in Cervical Cancer and Its Relationship with Cancer Staging', *Biomedical and Pharmacology Journal*, 13(3), pp. 1095–1101. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.13005/bpj/1977>.
- Wu, Y.H. et al. (2018) 'Characteristics of real-world signal to noise ratios and speech listening situations of older adults with mild to moderate hearing loss', in *Ear and Hearing*. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, pp. 293–304. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1097/AUD.0000000000000486>.
- Zare, S. et al. (2015) 'Evaluation of Distortion Product Otoacoustic Emissions (DPOAEs) among workers at an Industrial Company

exposed to different industrial noise levels in 2014.', *Electronic physician*, 7(3), pp. 1126–34. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.14661/2015.1126-1134>.
Zimatore, G., Stanzial, D. and Patrizia, M. (2013) 'Otoacoustic Emissions', in *Acoustic Emission - Research and Applications*. InTech. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.5772/55254>.

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Ethical Clearance



KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN, KEBUDAYAAN, RISET DAN TEKNOLOGI
UNIVERSITAS HASANUDDIN FAKULTAS KEDOKTERAN
KOMITE ETIK PENELITIAN UNIVERSITAS HASANUDDIN
RSPTN UNIVERSITAS HASANUDDIN
RSUP Dr. WAHIDIN SUDIROHUSODO MAKASSAR
Sekretariat : Lantai 2 Gedung Laboratorium Terpadu
JL.PERINTIS KEMERDEKAAN KAMPUS TAMALANREA KM.10 MAKASSAR 90245.
Contact Person: dr. Agussalim Bukhari.,MMed,PhD, SpGK TELP. 081241850858, 0411 5780103, Fax : 0411-581431



REKOMENDASI PERSETUJUAN ETIK

Nomor : 36/UN4.6.4.5.31/ PP36 / 2024

Tanggal: 12 Januari 2024

Dengan ini Menyatakan bahwa Protokol dan Dokumen yang Berhubungan Dengan Protokol berikut ini telah mendapatkan Persetujuan Etik :

No Protokol	UH24010001	No Sponsor	
Peneliti Utama	dr. Didit Yudhanto, Sp.T.H.T.B.K.L., M.Sc.	Sponsor	
Judul Peneliti	Hubungan Ambang Dengar, Signal To Noise Ratio Dengan Ekspresi mRNA Gen HSP70-1 Pekerja Terpapar Bising		
No Versi Protokol	2	Tanggal Versi	12 Januari 2024
No Versi PSP	2	Tanggal Versi	12 Januari 2024
Tempat Penelitian	Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Hasanuddin, RS Universitas Hasanuddin, PT Wika Beton Indonesia Makassar dan Laboratorium PT. Genomik Solidaritas Indonesia Jakarta		
Jenis Review	<input type="checkbox"/> Exempted <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Expedited <input type="checkbox"/> Fullboard Tanggal	Masa Berlaku 12 Januari 2024 sampai 12 Januari 2025	Frekuensi review lanjutan
Ketua KEP Universitas Hasanuddin	Nama Prof. dr. Muh Nasrum Massi, PhD, SpMK, Subsp. Bakt(K)		
Sekretaris KEP Universitas Hasanuddin	Nama dr. Firdaus Hamid, PhD, SpMK(K)		

Kewajiban Peneliti Utama:

- Menyerahkan Amandemen Protokol untuk persetujuan sebelum di implementasikan
- Menyerahkan Laporan SAE ke Komisi Etik dalam 24 Jam dan dilengkapi dalam 7 hari dan Lapor SUSAR dalam 72 Jam setelah Peneliti Utama menerima laporan
- Menyerahkan Laporan Kemajuan (progress report) setiap 6 bulan untuk penelitian resiko tinggi dan setiap setahun untuk penelitian resiko rendah
- Menyerahkan laporan akhir setelah Penelitian berakhir
- Melaporkan penyimpangan dari protokol yang disetujui (protocol deviation / violation)
- Mematuhi semua peraturan yang ditentukan

Lampiran 2. Hasil pemeriksaan Subjek dan RT-PCR

1) Hasil Pemeriksaan SNR DPOAE pekerja terpapar dan tidak terpapar bising

Tabel lampiran Hasil pengukuran DPOAE Pekerja tidak terpapar bising

LEFT (kHz)												RIGHT (kHz)											
1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	10	11	12	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	10	11	12
10	2	4	15	16	29	9	0	1	13	7	0	10	13	4	13	20	32	16	0	8	14	14	7
19	18	12	14	12	30	24	13	19	32	24	31	0	13	15	8	12	30	26	17	17	27	23	19
15	14	17	19	13	32	13	1	4	16	15	20	16	17	14	22	7	21	0	0	0	14	17	12
16	11	9	2	0	7	0	0	0	10	21	7	11	15	8	16	9	4	0	0	7	17	23	20
14	27	18	16	12	33	15	4	14	8	8	9	19	19	25	19	21	32	22	9	16	20	19	11
14	18	6	7	17	29	12	0	0	3	7	0	17	10	8	11	22	24	9	0	7	17	20	14
3	14	9	5	12	13	0	0	0	3	0	0	23	24	26	-7	20	33	17	1	8	8	3	9
23	10	6	16	20	30	19	0	6	9	12	9	22	9	10	13	13	21	14	0	1	10	12	9
8	14	22	23	5	19	6	0	0	0	-4	-4	8	14	23	14	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	0
15	15	19	18	21	27	0	0	0	4	-1	-2	16	13	18	13	21	32	6	0	0	3	6	3
9	-1	-3	-1	2	29	11	8	13	27	33	34	-2	4	2	7	1	25	17	11	15	20	22	27
-7	-12	8	-2	6	7	5	0	3	10	-14	8	-4	2	1	8	4	20	0	0	0	1	0	-1
11	12	1	2	1	21	8	0	0	0	5	2	-9	3	-2	4	10	25	7	0	0	1	0	1
-3	9	1	6	7	22	15	0	7	8	1	1	11	1	2	0	5	23	14	0	4	6	1	0
2	0	6	22	1	0	0	15	8	8	21	10	12	4	6	7	17	14	0	3	13	10	8	
17	19	4	0	3	9	5	0	0	0	11	1	18	14	0	6	8	9	2	0	0	0	0	-1
-1	8	0	3	6	14	0	0	0	4	0	0	21	26	8	2	1	12	0	0	0	3	3	4
10	8	1	0	7	17	1	0	0	0	5	2	2	19	18	16	20	26	18	0	0	6	2	4
20	17	13	-1	13	31	2	3	15	11	5	11	15	-2	15	6	7	29	12	0	14	15	10	16
16	13	0	0	5	29	12	0	0	2	0	3	23	23	5	14	16	30	9	0	1	8	0	0
1	11	9	10	15	23	15	0	0	0	0	0	-4	11	12	14	22	28	0	1	4	2	2	0
3	15	6	0	7	17	4	0	0	0	0	0	14	14	6	7	16	33	19	0	2	5	3	1
-3	-3	2	9	17	29	16	0	2	4	0	0	5	13	9	4	9	23	8	0	0	3	0	0
1	2	-3	2	1	12	0	0	0	4	3	-10	-2	-1	0	8	1	19	0	0	-1	1	2	6
-12	12	-3	-1	4	14	0	0	0	6	14	4	7	11	13	4	-1	8	0	0	0	2	1	4
2	-2	1	6	10	0	0	-1	4	-7	8	-3	3	3	16	-1	3	4	0	0	0	0	-3	2
23	17	17	16	2	21	0	0	0	-2	0	0	13	20	14	19	21	28	9	0	3	7	-5	4
14	16	11	16	15	32	21	7	15	19	10	-4	15	11	9	19	18	28	23	6	17	21	30	26
13	4	0	1	7	22	14	0	0	0	0	0	8	-3	11	9	16	17	0	0	0	2	2	1
9	5	-4	10	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	26	18	17	13	0	16	9	0	0	0	0	0

Tabel Lampiran Hasil pengukuran DPOAE pekerja terpapar bising

LEFT (kHz/dB)												RIGHT (kHz/dB)											
1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	10	11	12	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0	9.0	10	11	12
-10	-2	-3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	0	0	3	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	5
16	12	19	6	2	20	16	0	0	2	0	3	21	25	20	1	4	14	0	0	0	10	5	0
9	15	18	17	17	27	25	4	15	23	16	12	24	22	10	13	14	29	24	1	11	14	15	13
1	8	5	1	16	28	9	0	4	0	0	0	-4	9	0	0	8	20	3	0	0	0	0	4
6	10	15	17	22	24	15	0	3	16	23	16	19	9	22	20	24	25	16	0	6	22	34	28
2	0	9	5	-7	14	0	0	0	3	8	-3	6	-1	-4	11	1	0	0	0	0	5	13	-1
3	19	17	11	10	26	12	0	7	12	4	-2	1	6	17	11	16	27	14	0	0	1	0	2
12	16	10	15	21	29	16	0	12	17	23	14	9	15	4	4	6	26	4	0	2	0	4	1
5	1	5	7	18	31	15	0	8	4	6	8	13	6	9	9	22	33	15	0	7	9	0	5
12	16	19	8	9	0	0	0	0	2	6	-2	9	6	-1	6	20	10	0	1	13	18	4	
-2	4	6	-3	4	18	0	0	0	0	2	0	12	-2	6	4	0	5	0	0	0	5	3	6
13	4	7	3	15	27	4	0	0	6	3	-1	10	6	8	8	16	15	13	0	5	0	0	0
13	2	5	3	8	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	1	4	3	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	20	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	12	9	20	3	0	0	1	4	2	0	2
-5	5	-4	0	5	18	11	0	12	20	14	5	3	-5	7	3	10	16	10	0	9	16	23	5
6	3	6	13	0	7	5	0	0	0	0	5	10	-4	-3	6	2	5	0	0	0	0	5	5
7	-4	-2	-2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	-2	10	16	19	14	12	0	0	0	5	0	3
14	14	14	11	24	34	22	2	14	18	19	12	11	16	26	0	16	22	19	3	15	20	18	0
-2	-2	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	28	-4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	13	6	-1	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	-1	12	3	1	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0
-4	3	1	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	6	5	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	-4	9	3	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	7	11	0	5	18	0	0	0	0	1	1
24	23	14	-4	0	7	4	0	0	17	10	15	-9	5	2	2	2	-2	0	0	0	1	0	-1
15	22	11	9	2	20	14	0	10	20	21	7	17	11	8	6	0	11	12	0	0	4	-3	2
17	14	18	21	33	17	0	12	18	8	1	11	14	7	7	1	22	13	0	0	8	13	22	
1	2	6	10	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	19	24	20	21	33	15	2	12	25	27	17
15	19	18	0	13	15	0	0	0	0	-1	0	1	12	9	15	20	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	8	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-1	2	-2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	-4	3	-4	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	3

2) Hasil Pemeriksaan PTA pekerja terpapar dan tidak terpapar bising

Tabel lampiran Hasil pemeriksaan PTA kelompok tidak terpapar bising

AC															
D (kHz/dB)								S (kHz/dB)							
0.25	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	6.0	8.0	0.25	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	6.0	8.0
20	20	25	25	25	25	35	35	20	30	30	30	30	40	40	40
15	15	20	15	20	25	20	20	20	20	20	20	15	20	20	25
5	10	10	10	15	20	25	30	10	10	10	15	20	20	25	30
10	15	15	10	15	20	20	20	15	10	15	20	20	15	20	20
10	10	10	10	10	15	10	10	10	10	15	10	10	10	10	10
10	10	15	10	10	10	5	5	15	10	10	10	10	15	10	5
10	10	15	10	10	10	5	5	15	10	10	10	10	15	10	5
15	15	20	15	20	25	20	20	20	20	20	20	15	20	20	25
15	15	15	20	25	20	20	20	20	10	15	20	20	25	25	25
5	5	0	15	10	10	30	15	5	5	10	5	10	10	20	20
10	10	15	20	15	20	20	30	5	5	10	10	10	15	15	20
30	30	30	20	30	40	55	45	25	40	25	25	45	65	70	65
25	25	20	15	25	20	10	25	25	20	25	15	25	20	20	30
25	25	20	15	25	25	10	25	25	25	20	20	25	25	10	10
20	25	20	10	20	25	25	20	25	25	25	15	20	20	10	15
20	25	25	20	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	20	25	25	25	20
15	20	20	5	15	20	10	0	15	15	20	5	15	20	20	20
10	15	15	15	10	20	20	15	15	20	20	25	25	25	25	25
10	10	15	5	10	10	-5	5	25	25	15	10	15	5	15	10
20	20	15	25	25	25	20	25	20	25	20	20	20	25	10	10
10	20	20	10	15	20	5	15	15	20	20	15	25	10	15	25
10	10	20	15	15	15	10	0	10	10	15	10	15	20	25	25
10	15	15	5	5	10	20	2-0	20	15	20	15	5	5	15	20
10	10	10	15	10	15	20	25	10	15	15	20	20	20	25	25
10	10	15	15	20	20	25	25	15	15	15	15	20	20	20	20
10	10	10	15	15	20	20	25	10	15	15	20	20	20	25	25
15	15	20	25	25	20	25	25	20	20	15	20	20	25	25	30
10	10	15	20	20	25	20	25	20	15	15	15	15	20	20	25
25	25	15	10	20	25	20	30	15	20	15	15	20	25	15	30
15	5	10	10	5	10	25	20	10	10	10	15	10	15	25	20

Tabel lampiran Hasil pemeriksaan PTA kelompok terpapar bising

AC															
D (kHz/dB)								S (kHz/dB)							
0.25	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	6.0	8.0	0.25	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	6.0	8.0
50	50	50	55	60	65	55	60	45	45	50	55	65	80	70	80
35	35	30	30	30	35	30	25	30	30	35	25	35	30	25	25
15	15	15	25	15	20	15	20	45	55	55	60	45	45	60	60
50	50	40	30	50	55	55	40	30	35	35	40	35	45	40	45
15	25	25	25	20	20	30	10	30	35	35	35	30	35	35	30
40	35	30	25	20	40	45	20	35	35	30	30	35	55	60	25
30	30	35	40	40	45	45	40	20	35	40	40	35	35	40	40
30	30	35	30	35	45	50	50	25	30	40	45	50	55	60	60
30	30	40	40	35	35	35	35	25	30	35	35	35	35	40	45
25	35	30	40	40	45	50	50	25	30	35	35	35	35	40	45
25	35	35	30	35	40	45	50	25	30	35	35	35	35	40	45
25	35	35	35	30	35	40	50	25	30	35	35	35	35	40	45
25	35	35	35	35	35	35	50	25	30	35	35	35	35	40	45
20	25	30	30	25	355	40	40	25	25	30	35	40	45	50	55
15	20	25	25	35	35	55	55	20	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
20	25	35	25	30	40	45	35	30	35	35	25	40	65	45	35
40	40	30	35	30	25	35	40	40	35	30	30	35	30	35	40
30	40	30	25	35	40	50	50	25	35	35	35	35	30	45	25
35	35	50	50	55	60	60	60	40	40	55	55	60	65	65	65
25	35	30	40	40	50	60	60	30	30	40	40	40	55	60	60
25	25	20	25	35	35	50	50	20	30	25	30	30	30	45	50
20	25	45	40	55	50	50	50	30	35	35	30	30	40	55	60
25	25	30	30	25	50	50	60	20	20	40	40	30	40	40	40
20	25	35	25	40	45	45	45	25	30	30	30	30	45	50	50
50	50	55	60	65	80	80	85	45	45	50	50	60	60	70	65
20	25	35	35	35	40	35	55	30	30	30	35	40	30	50	50
20	15	20	25	25	35	40	45	25	30	30	30	35	30	40	50
30	35	40	40	40	40	35	50	25	35	45	45	40	35	55	55
40	40	55	50	50	65	65	65	25	30	50	50	55	50	65	55
30	30	20	15	20	60	40	50	25	20	15	20	50	60	85	80
20	20	20	25	25	35	30	40	15	20	20	25	25	4	60	50
20	25	30	30	35	35	40	45	20	25	30	35	40	40	40	40

3) Rata ambang dengar dan diagnosis fungsi pendengaran pekerja terpapar dan tidak terpapar bising

Tabel lampiran Rerata ambang dengar 4 frekuensi dan diagnosis gangguan pendengarannya

Tepapar Bising				Tidak Tepapar Bising			
D		S		D		S	
Rerata (dB)	Diagnosis	Rerata (dB)	Diagnosis	Rerata (dB)	Diagnosis	Rerata (dB)	Diagnosis
55	Moderate SNHL	57.5	Moderate SNHL	23.75	Normal Hearing	32.5	Mild CHL
32.5	Mild SNHL	30	Mild SNHL	18.75	Normal Hearing	20	Normal Hearing
18.75	Normal Hearing	53.75	Moderate SNHL	12.5	Normal Hearing	13.75	Normal Hearing
43.75	Moderate SNHL	38.75	Mild SNHL	15	Normal Hearing	15	Normal Hearing
23.75	Normal Hearing	35	Mild SNHL	11.25	Normal Hearing	11.25	Normal Hearing
32.5	Mild SNHL	32.5	Mild SNHL	11.25	Normal Hearing	11.25	Normal Hearing
37.5	Mild SNHL	37.5	Mild SNHL	11.25	Normal Hearing	11.25	Normal Hearing
35	Mild SNHL	38.75	Mild SNHL	18.75	Normal Hearing	20	Normal Hearing
36.5	Mild SNHL	31.25	Mild SNHL	12.5	Normal Hearing	16.25	Normal Hearing
35	Mild SNHL	28.75	Mild SNHL	7.5	Normal Hearing	7.5	Normal Hearing
31.25	Mild SNHL	37.5	Mild SNHL	16.25	Normal Hearing	10	Normal Hearing
30	Mild SNHL	28.75	Mild SNHL	30	Mild CHL	38.75	Mild CHL
28.25	Mild SNHL	28.75	Mild SNHL	20	Normal Hearing	20	Normal Hearing
31.25	Mild SNHL	40	Mild SNHL	21.25	Normal Hearing	22.5	Normal Hearing
32.5	Mild SNHL	31.25	Mild SNHL	20	Normal Hearing	21.25	Normal Hearing
33.75	Mild SNHL	33.75	Mild SNHL	23.75	Normal Hearing	23.75	Normal Hearing
48.75	Moderate SNHL	52.5	Moderate SNHL	16.25	Normal Hearing	15	Normal Hearing
38.75	Mild SNHL	41.25	Moderate SNHL	16.25	Normal Hearing	22.5	Normal Hearing
26.25	Mild SNHL	28.75	Mild SNHL	10	Normal Hearing	13.75	Normal Hearing
45	Mild SNHL	40	Mild SNHL	21.25	Normal Hearing	22.5	Normal Hearing
33.75	Mild SNHL	35	Mild SNHL	17.5	Normal Hearing	16.25	Normal Hearing
32.5	Mild SNHL	33.75	Mild SNHL	15	Normal Hearing	13.75	Normal Hearing
61.25	Severe SNHL	51.25	Moderate SNHL	11.25	Normal Hearing	13.75	Normal Hearing
33.75	Mild SNHL	28.75	Mild SNHL	12.5	Normal Hearing	17.5	Normal Hearing
23.75	Normal Hearing	30	Mild SNHL	15	Normal Hearing	16.25	Normal Hearing
37.5	Mild SNHL	40	Mild SNHL	13.75	Normal Hearing	17.5	Normal Hearing
51.5	Moderate SNHL	45	Moderate SNHL	20	Normal Hearing	20	Normal Hearing
33.125	Mild SNHL	44.375	Moderate SNHL	17.5	Normal Hearing	16.25	Normal Hearing
26.8	Mild SNHL	31.25	Mild SNHL	18.75	Normal Hearing	18.75	Normal Hearing
30	Mild MHL	31.35	Mild MHL	8.75	Normal Hearing	12.5	Normal Hearing

4) Hasil Pemeriksaan RTPCR gen HSPA1A pekerja terpapar dan tidak terpapar bising

HASIL PEMERIKSAAN RTPCR GEN HSPA1A
dr. DIDIT YUDHANTO

Kontrol			Terpapar Bising		
NO	Sampel	Ekspresi (Fold change)	NO	Sampel	Ekspresi (Fold change)
1	A4	9.922	1	B01	10.262
2	A8	6.162	2	B02	9.467
3	A9	8.849	3	B03	10.385
4	A10	8.540	4	B04	8.316
5	A11	6.977	5	B06	9.790
6	A12	9.337	6	B07	9.534
7	A13	9.857	7	B08	11.433
8	A14	7.416	8	B10	11.990
9	A15	7.593	9	B11	8.861
10	A16	7.110	10	B12	9.187
11	A17	6.728	11	B13	8.107
12	A18	7.313	12	B15	10.672
13	A19	8.266	13	B16	8.107
14	A20	8.470	14	B17	9.876
15	A21	9.067	15	B18	8.789
16	A22	8.853	16	B19	10.850
17	A23	7.743	17	B20	8.653
18	A24	7.430	18	B21	9.182
19	A25	6.836	19	B23	8.681
20	A26	10.193	20	B24	11.132
21	A27	7.371	21	B28	8.505
22	A28	7.633	22	B29	12.219
23	A29	7.370	23	B30	10.073
24	A30	9.669	24	B31	11.652
25	A31	7.922	25	B32	11.737
26	A32	7.424	26	B33	8.625
27	A33	8.569	27	B34	9.212
28	A34	6.283	28	B35	11.923
29	A35	9.831	29	B36	12.042
30	A36	6.820	30	B37	12.188

5) Hasil pemeriksaan PTA subjek yang diperiksa WES

Tabel Hasil pemeriksaan PTA subjek yang diperiksa WES

Subjek	Rata-rata ambang dengar (dB)		Diagnosis	
	AD	AS	AD	AS
K1	32.5	30	Mild SNHL	Mild SNHL
K2	43.75	38.75	Moderate SNHL	Mild SNHL
K3	32.5	32.5	Mild SNHL	Mild SNHL
K4	55	57.5	Moderate SNHL	Moderate SNHL

6) Hasil pemeriksaan NGS WES pekerja terpapar bising dengan GPAB

Tabel Data interpretasi varian

Gene	K1				K2				K3		
	OGG1	GJB2	GJB2	CDH23	CDH23	CDH23	NOTCH1	SLC12A2	AUTS2	GDSME	NOTCH 1
Transcript	NM_016820.4	NM_004004.6	NM_004004.6	NM_022124.6	NM_022124.6	NM_022124.6	NM_017617.5	NM_001046.3	N/A	NM_001127453	NM_017617.5
dbSNP, rsid	rs551965289	rs72474224	rs111033222	N/A	rs952103854	N/A	rs144061423	rs71949635	N/A	N/A	rs374453977
Variants	chr3-9757113 C>T	chr13- 20189473 C>T	chr13- 20189571 C>T	chr10- 71808006 G>C	chr10- 71797124 C>T	chr10- 71813332 A>C	chr9- 136496583 G>A	chr5- 128188289 CTT>C	chr7:7076474 7 G>A	chr7-24749698 T>C, p.Asn26Ser	chr9- 136496802 G>A, p.Arg2313Trp
AA change	p.Gln340*	p.Val37Ile	p.Gly4Asp	p.Met2907Ile	p.Pro2245Ser	p.His3241Pro	p.Gln2386*				
Zygoticity	Heterozygous	Heterozygous	Heterozygous	Heterozygous	Heterozygous	Heterozygous	Heterozygous	Heterozygous	Heterozygous	Heterozygous	Heterozygous
Mode of Inheritance	N/A	AD	AD	AD	AD						
HAF (highest allele frequency)	<0.01%	0.25%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	N/A	<0.01%	<0.01%	N/A	<0.01%
In silico prediction	Benign	Deleterious	Uncertain	Benign	Uncertain	Uncertain	N/A	Benign	Benign	Uncertain	Uncertain
Classification	VUS	Likely Pathogenic	Likely Benign	VUS	VUS	VUS	VUS	Likely Benign	VUS	VUS	VUS
Variant type	Stop Gain	Missense	Missense	Missense	Missense	Missense	Stop Gain	UTR 3'	Splice Region Variant	Missense	Missense

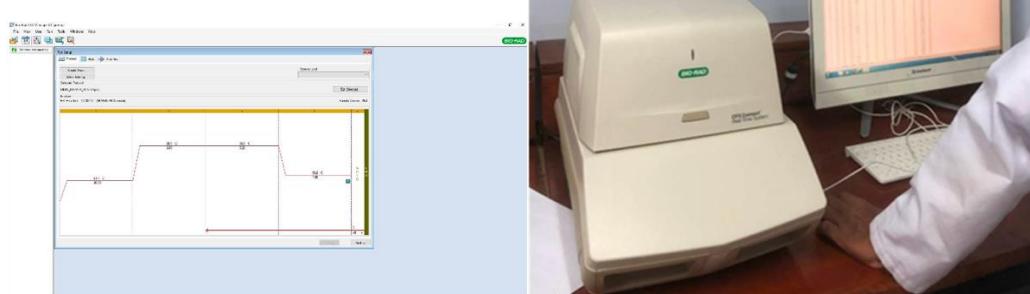
Note:

- dbSNP rsid in green means that the variant matched with the gene and variant requested
- variants not listed in the table means that they are classified as Benign
- only VUS, LB, LP variants are included in this table

Lampiran 3. Dokumentasi Penelitian







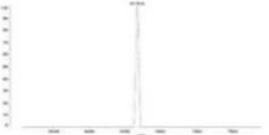
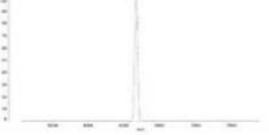
Mochammad Hatta
Makassar, South Sulawesi
BTN Antara Blok B6 NO.6, PERINTIS KEMERDEKAAN, KM 9
90245

OG20240115 - 325

Order date : 2024/01/15

Packing date : 2024/01/18

Page : 1/1

Oligo	HSPA1A_forward													
SEQ	5'-ACC TTC GAC GTG TCC ATC CTG A-3' (22mer)													
GC%	MW		Yield		scale (umoles)	Tm(c)								
	Calculated	measured	OD	nmol										
54,27	7466,9	7401,5	8,8	30,0	0,05	65,3								
vol. for 100pmol/ul		Purification		Modification										
300,0		MOPC												
Oligo	HSPA1A_reverse													
SEQ	5' - TCC TCC ACG AAG TGG TTC ACC A-3' (22mer)													
GC%	MW		Yield		scale (umoles)	Tm(c)								
	Calculated	measured	OD	nmol										
54,45	7420,2	7466,8	6,8	30,0	0,05	67,2								
vol. for 100pmol/ul		Purification		Modification										
300,0		MOPC												
Oligo	GAPDH_forward													
SEQ	5' - CTT CAT TGA CCT CAA GAC A- 3' (19mer)													
GC%	MW		Yield		scale (umoles)	Tm(c)								
	Calculated	measured	OD	nmol										
60,61	6582	6569,6	6,4	30,0	0,05	68,6								
vol. for 100pmol/ul		Purification		Modification										
300,0		MOPC												
Oligo	GAPDH_reverse													
SEQ	5' - ACT CCA CGA CAT ACT CAG C- 3' (19mer)													
GC%	MW		Yield		scale (umoles)	Tm(c)								
	Calculated	measured	OD	nmol										
60,89	6586,4	6528,2	7,4	30,0	0,05	66,3								
vol. for 100pmol/ul		Purification		Modification										
300,0		MOPC												



Lampiran 4. Informed Consent dan kuesioner

KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN, KEBUDAYAAN, RISET DAN TEKNOLOGI
UNIVERSITAS HASANUDDIN FAKULTAS KEDOKTERAN

KOMITE ETIK PENELITIAN KESEHATAN
RSPTN UNIVERSITAS HASANUDDIN
RSUP Dr. WAHIDIN SUDIROHUSODO MAKASSAR



Sekretariat : Lantai 2 Gedung Laboratorium Terpadu

JL.PERINTIS KEMERDEKAAN KAMPUS TAMALANREA KM.10 MAKASSAR 90245.

Contact Person: dr. Agussalim Bukhari.,MMed,PhD, SpGK TELP. 081241850858, 0411 5780103, Fax : 0411-581431

LAMPIRAN 1

FORMULIR PERSETUJUAN SETELAH PENJELASAN (PSP) (INFORMED CONSENT)

Selamat pagi Bapak / Ibu /Saudara(i), saya Didit Yudhanto, bermaksud untuk melakukan penelitian **Hubungan Ambang Dengar, Signal To Noise Ratio Dengan Ekspresi mRNA Gen HSP70-1 Pekerja Terpapar Bising**

Penelitian ini bertujuan mengetahui hubungan ambang dengar (suara paling lemah yang masih dapat didengar oleh subjek) dan SNR (signal to noise rasio yaitu rasio sinyal dan bising pada pemeriksaan saraf sensor pendengaran dengan alat otoacoustic emission) dengan ekspresi mRNA gen HSP70-1 (ekspresi gen dari protein heat stroke 70-1 yang dihasilkan oleh tubuh manusia, yang diduga berpengaruh terhadap kerentanan individu terhadap tuli akibat bising). Penelitian ini juga bertujuan mengidentifikasi novel gen (gen baru, gen adalah informasi yang dimiliki setiap sel makhluk hidup yang dapat diwariskan kepada keturunannya) yang berkontribusi terhadap tuli akibat bising. Mengetahui individu yang secara genetik rentan terhadap gangguan pendengaran akibat bising, upaya pencegahan dan tatalaksana kejadian tuli akibat bising dan sebagai acuan dalam pengelolaan kesehatan yang dapat meringankan beban kesakitan tuli akibat bising.

Penelitian ini akan merekrut 32 pekerja yang terpapar bising dengan tuli akibat bising yang didiagnosis dengan pemeriksaan pendengaran audiometri nada murni dan 32 subjek kontrol yaitu pekerja yang dengan ambang pendengaran dengar normal.

Semua subjek dalam penelitian ini akan dilakukan wawancara mengenai identitas, riwayat sosial dan riwayat kesehatan, pemeriksaan fisik oleh dokter THT/PPDS THT untuk memeriksa telinga hidung dan tenggorokan, kemudian jika memenuhi kriteria subjek penelitian maka akan dilanjutkan dengan pemeriksaan pendengaran dengan alat audiometri nada murni, pemeriksaan ada tidaknya gangguan saraf pendengaran pada telinga

dalam dengan alat *otoacoustic emission* dan juga pengambilan darah vena untuk pemeriksaan laboratorium. Perlakuan yang mungkin berisiko adalah pengambilan darah berupa hematoma/bengkak disekitar pengambilan darah dan juga risiko syok anafilaktik (pingsan akibat gangguan darah dalam tubuh). Untuk menghindari hal tersebut pengambilan darah dilakukan oleh petugas yang sudah berpengalaman dan didampingi peneliti atau dokter yang dapat melakukan bantuan hidup dasar jika sewaktu-waktu terjadi komplikasi yang serius.

Partisipasi dalam penelitian ini bersifat sukarela, dapat menolak untuk tidak mengikuti penelitian ini dan dapat mengundurkan diri kapan saja tanpa adanya sanksi maupun konsekuensi dan tidak mengurangi hak mendapatkan pelayanan kesehatan.

Pada penelitian dilakukan pengambilan darah, yang akan dilakukan oleh petugas yang sudah berpengalaman, darah akan diambil pada lipatan siku sebanyak lebih kurang 2 sendok teh (8 ml). Sampel darah akan diperiksa di laboratorium untuk 1 sendok teh (4 ml) untuk pemeriksaan mRNA HSP70-1 dan 1 sendok teh (4ml) untuk pemeriksaan DNA diambil sebanyak 1 kali selama penelitian. Efek samping tindakan pengambilan sampel antara nyeri, hematom/bengkak dan syok anafilaktik/pingsan yang dapat membahayakan jiwa. Nyeri bersifat ringan sehingga tidak memerlukan pengobatan, jika terjadi hematom/bengkak dapat dikompres dingin dan hematom akan sembuh dalam beberapa hari, komplikasi syok anafilaktik/pingsan yang dapat membahayakan jiwa akan ditangani oleh peneliti dan tim.

Setiap Subjek akan dilakukan wawancara, pemeriksaan fisik dan pemeriksaan penunjang yang membutuhkan waktu lebih kurang 2 jam.

Pembentangan penelitian, prosedur, pengambilan sampel, pemeriksaan sampel, penanganan efek samping, sampai kepada biaya RS jika harus masuk rumah sakit, ganti rugi jika terjadi kecacatan, kematian, efek samping berat gratis dan ditanggung peneliti.

Partisipan yang mengikuti penelitian ini akan mendapatkan kompensasi berupa unag transport sebesar Rp.100.000,-

Data partisipan dalam penelitian ini dijamin kerahasiannya dan hanya digunakan untuk kepentingan penelitian.

Identitas Peneliti:

Nama : Didit Yudhanto

Alamat : BTP Blok AA Jl. Keindahan 10 No. 132

No Hp : 081917373738

Kuisisioner Penelitian Pekerja Terpapar Bising

KODE SUBJEK			
NOMOR HP			
I. KARATERISTIK SUBJEK			
1.	Nama Subjek		
2.	Tempat/Tanggal Lahir		
3.	Usia Tahun, Bulan	
4.	Jenis kelamin	1. Laki-laki	2. Perempuan
5.	Alamat Lengkap		
6.	Suku bangsa	1. Bugis 2. Makassar 3. Toraja 4. Mandar 5. Jawa 6. Lainnya, sebutkan.....	
7.	Pendidikan (pendidikan tertinggi yang dicapai):	1. Tidak sekolah 2. Tidak tamat SD 3. Tamat SD / Sederajat 4. Tamat SLTP / Sederajat 5. Tamat SLTA / Sederajat 6. Akademi / Diploma 7. Perguruan Tinggi	
8.	Unit/Bagian Kerja/Seksi Area:		
9.	Lama Bekerja di Perusahaan ini : Tahun,Bulan	
10	Riwayat Pekerjaan	A. Apakah sebelumnya pernah kerja di tempat bising 1. Ya 0. Tidak B. Jika Ya, sudah berapa lama kerja ditempat bising?(tahun)	
II. RIWAYAT GANGGUAN PENDENGARAN DAN SAKIT TELINGA			
1.	Apakah Anda menderita gangguan pendengaran?	1. Ya 0. Tidak	
2.	Jika Ya, bagaimana perjalanan gangguan pendengaran tersebut dirasakan?	1. Perlaha-lahan (makin lama makin memburuk) 0. Mendadak (tiba-tiba)	
3.	Kapan gangguan pendengaran tersebut mulai dirasakan?	1. Setelah bekerja di perusahaan ini 0. Sebelum bekerja diperusahaan ini	
4.	Apakah Saudara pernah menderita sakit telinga ?	2. Ya 0. Tidak	
5	Jika Iya sebutkan sakitnya:		
6	Jika Iya, obat apa yang saudara minum? Sebutkan.....		
7	Dari mana obat tersebut saudara peroleh?	1. Dokter 2. Perusahaan 3. Apotek/beli sendiri 4. Lain-lain, sebutkan....	
III. RIWAYAT MINUM OBAT			

1.	Apakah ada pada jenis obat yang pernah atau sedang anda konsumsi saat ini?
	1. Ya 0. Tidak
	Eryhromycin
	Gentamycin
	Streptomycin
	Netilmycin
	Amikacin
	Neomycin (obat tetes telinga)
	Kanamycin
	Etiomycin
IV. PERILAKU PEKERJA	
A.	Penggunaan APT (alat Pelindung Telinga)
1.	Apakah di tempat kerja Saudara bekerja disediakan alat pelindung telinga ? 1. Ya 0. Tidak
2.	Jika Ya, Apakah Saudara menggunakan/memakainya pada saat sedang bekerja ? 1. Selalu 2. Kadang-kadang 0. Tidak pernah
3.	Bila Saudara menggunakan alat pelindung telinga, jenis apakah alat pelindung telinga yang sering Saudara gunakan? (pilih satu jawaban yang paling sering) 1. Ear Muff (tutup telinga) 0. Ear Plug (sumbat telinga)
4.	Bila Saudara tidak memakainya, apakah alasan Saudara ? 1. Ya, sebutkan..... 0. Tidak Ada
B	Kebiasaan Merokok
1.	Apakah saudara merokok ? 1. Ya 0. Tidak
2.	Jika Ya, Berapa batang saudara merokok per hari ?
3.	Sudah berapa lama (Tahun) saudara merokok?
4.	Jenis rokok apa yang biasa dikonsumsi ? 1. Kretek 0. Filter
V. KAREKTERISTIK KERJA	
A	Lama Pajanan
1	Berapa lamakah waktu saudara berkerja di perusahaan dalam sehari? (pilih satu jawaban) 1. 8 jam 2. >8 jam 0. < 8 jam
B	Pelatihan
1.	Apakah di tempat kerja Saudara pernah mendapatkan pelatihan Keselamatan & Kesehatan Kerja ? 1. Pernah 0. Tidak Pernah
2.	Jika pernah, berapa kali ?
3.	Apakah Saudara pernah mendapatkan pengetahuan tentang bahaya kebisingan di tempat kerja ? 1. Pernah 0. Tidak Pernah

VI. GANGGUAN PENDENGARAN	
1.	Apakah Saudara merasa terganggu oleh bunyi (bising) di tempat Saudara bekerja saat ini ? (pilih satu jawaban)
	1. Ya 0. Tidak
2.	Apakah Saudara mengalami keluhan pendengaran setelah selesai bekerja ?
	1. Ya 0. Tidak
3.	Jika iya, apakah keluhan yang anda rasakan?
	1. Ya 0. Tidak
	Kurang mendengar
	Berdenging/berdengung
	Telinga terasa penuh
	Lainnya, sebutkan.....
VII. GANGGUAN FISIOLOGIS	
1	Apakah jenis gangguan/keluhan yang dirasakan tersebut ?
	1. Ya 0. Tidak
	Pusing
	Mual
	Menjadi lekas marah
	Menjadi mudah tersinggung
	Sulit tidur
	Lelah
	Mata menjadi tidak enak
	Dada terasa sakit
	Sesak nafas
	Lainnya, sebutkan.....
	VIII GANGGUAN PSIKOLOGIS
1.	Apakah mengganggu saudara dalam beraktivitas ?
	1. Ya 0. Tidak
	Tidak bisa bekerja
	Sulit berkonsentrasi
	Sulit melakukan pekerjaan
2.	Apakah bunyi (bising) yang tidak dikehendaki tersebut menganggu ketentraman Saudara bekerja ?
	1. Ya 0. Tidak
	Merasa tidak nyaman dalam bekerja
	Tidak bisa bekerja
Sangat menganggu	
IX. GANGGUAN KOMUNIKASI.	
1.	Apakah saudara mengalami gejala dibawah ini ?
	1. Ya 0. Tidak
	Sulit berkomunikasi
	Tidak dapat mendengar suara lawan bicara
	Harus berteriak
	Harus memperkeras suara

X. RIWAYAT PENYAKIT	
1.	Apakah Saudara sekarang menderita penyakit di bawah ini? 1. Ya 0. Tidak
	Hipertensi/Tekanan darah tinggi
	Diabetus melitus/Penyakit gula darah/Kencing manis
	Penyakit jantung
XI. RIWAYAT PENYAKIT KELUARGA	
1.	Apakah terdapat anggota keluarga Saudara yang sedarah yang menderita gangguan pendengaran? 1. Ya 0. Tidak
2.	Jika Ya, apakah gangguan pendengaran anggota keluarga anda tersebut diderita sejak lahir? 1. Ya 0. Tidak

Makassar, Januari 2024
 Kolektor data

(_____)

Lampiran 5. Hasil data statistik

1. Data Demografi Sampel

Report					
Group Subjek		Usia Responden	Lama Bekerja	Lama merokok	Jumlah batang rokok perhari
Tidak Terpapar Bising	Mean	35.7667	9.4000	6.4667	5.7000
	N	30	30	30	30
	Std. Deviation	8.50835	6.66747	8.49232	6.74741
	Minimum	22.00	1.00	.00	.00
	Maximum	55.00	28.00	28.00	24.00
	Range	33.00	27.00	28.00	24.00
	Median	34.0000	8.0000	3.0000	4.5000
Terpapar Bising	Mean	37.4667	10.5333	5.5667	4.2000
	N	30	30	30	30
	Std. Deviation	7.23847	4.50083	7.22392	5.90966
	Minimum	24.00	5.00	.00	.00
	Maximum	51.00	23.00	20.00	24.00
	Range	27.00	18.00	20.00	24.00
	Median	39.0000	10.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Total	Mean	36.6167	9.9667	6.0167	4.9500
	N	60	60	60	60
	Std. Deviation	7.87851	5.66873	7.82974	6.33373
	Minimum	22.00	1.00	.00	.00
	Maximum	55.00	28.00	28.00	24.00
	Range	33.00	27.00	28.00	24.00
	Median	36.5000	10.0000	2.5000	1.5000

Crosstab

Suku Subjek	Bugis	Group Subjek			Total
		Tidak Terpapar Bising	Terpapar Bising		
	Bugis	Count	11	11	22
		% within Suku Subjek	50.0%	50.0%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	36.7%	36.7%	36.7%
	Makassar	Count	7	15	22
		% within Suku Subjek	31.8%	68.2%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	23.3%	50.0%	36.7%
	Toraja	Count	3	1	4
		% within Suku Subjek	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	10.0%	3.3%	6.7%
	Lainnya	Count	9	3	12
		% within Suku Subjek	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	30.0%	10.0%	20.0%
Total	Total	Count	30	30	60
		% within Suku Subjek	50.0%	50.0%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Pendidikan Subjek * Group Subjek

Crosstab

		Group Subjek		
		Tidak Terpapar Bising	Terpapar Bising	Total
Pendidikan Subjek	Tidak Tamat SD	Count	1	1 2
		% within Pendidikan Subjek	50.0%	50.0% 100.0%
	Tamat SD/sederajat	% within Group Subjek	3.3%	3.3% 3.3%
		Count	2	1 3
		% within Pendidikan Subjek	66.7%	33.3% 100.0%
	Tamat SLTP/sederajat	% within Group Subjek	6.7%	3.3% 5.0%
		Count	0	5 5
		% within Pendidikan Subjek	0.0%	100.0% 100.0%
	Tamat SLTA/sederajat	% within Group Subjek	0.0%	16.7% 8.3%
		Count	12	23 35
		% within Pendidikan Subjek	34.3%	65.7% 100.0%
	Perguruan Tinggi	% within Group Subjek	40.0%	76.7% 58.3%
		Count	15	0 15
		% within Pendidikan Subjek	100.0%	0.0% 100.0%
	Total	% within Group Subjek	50.0%	0.0% 25.0%
		Count	30	30 60
		% within Pendidikan Subjek	50.0%	50.0% 100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	100.0%	100.0% 100.0%

Merokok * Group Subjek

Crosstab

		Group Subjek		
		Tidak Terpapar Bising	Terpapar Bising	Total
Merokok	Tidak	Count	14	10 24
		% within Merokok	58.3%	41.7% 100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	46.7%	33.3% 40.0%
	Ya	Count	16	20 36
		% within Merokok	44.4%	55.6% 100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	53.3%	66.7% 60.0%
	Total	Count	30	30 60
		% within Merokok	50.0%	50.0% 100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	100.0%	100.0% 100.0%

Hipertensi * Group Subjek

Crosstab

		Group Subjek			Total
		Tidak Terpapar Bising	Terpapar Bising		
Hipertensi	Tidak	Count	30	29	59
		% within Hipertensi	50.8%	49.2%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	100.0%	96.7%	98.3%
Ya	Ya	Count	0	1	1
		% within Hipertensi	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	0.0%	3.3%	1.7%
Total	Total	Count	30	30	60
		% within Hipertensi	50.0%	50.0%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Diabetus melitus * Group Subjek

Crosstab

		Group Subjek			Total
		Tidak Terpapar Bising	Terpapar Bising		
Diabetus melitus	Tidak	Count	30	30	60
		% within Diabetus melitus	50.0%	50.0%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Total	Total	Count	30	30	60
		% within Diabetus melitus	50.0%	50.0%	100.0%
		% within Group Subjek	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Frequency Table

Ketersediaan APT di tempat kerja

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Tidak	2	6.7	6.7	6.7
	Ya	28	93.3	93.3	100.0
	Total	30	100.0	100.0	

Jenis APT uang dipakai

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Ear Plug	22	73.3	73.3	73.3
	Ear Muff	8	26.7	26.7	100.0
	Total	30	100.0	100.0	

Menggunakan APT saat bekerja

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Tidak pernah	4	13.3	13.3	13.3
	Selalu	11	36.7	36.7	50.0
	Kadang-kadang	15	50.0	50.0	100.0
	Total	30	100.0	100.0	

Frequency Table

Kurang mendengar

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Tidak pernah	27	90.0	90.0	90.0
	Pernah	3	10.0	10.0	100.0
	Total	30	100.0	100.0	

Berdenging/berdengung

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Tidak pernah	26	86.7	86.7	86.7
	Pernah	4	13.3	13.3	100.0
	Total	30	100.0	100.0	

Telinga terasa penuh

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Tidak pernah	27	90.0	90.0	90.0
	Pernah	3	10.0	10.0	100.0
	Total	30	100.0	100.0	

Sulit berkomunikasi

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Tidak pernah	28	93.3	93.3	93.3
	Pernah	2	6.7	6.7	100.0
	Total	30	100.0	100.0	

Tidak dapat mendengar suara lawan bicara

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Tidak pernah	28	93.3	93.3	93.3
	Pernah	2	6.7	6.7	100.0
	Total	30	100.0	100.0	

Harus berteriak

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Tidak pernah	30	100.0	100.0	100.0

Harus memperkeras suara

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Tidak pernah	27	90.0	90.0	90.0
	Pernah	3	10.0	10.0	100.0
	Total	30	100.0	100.0	

Uji normalitas data

Tests of Normality

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Usia Responden	.065	60	.200*	.981	60	.464
Lama Bekerja	.148	60	.002	.931	60	.002
Jumlah batang rokok perhari	.249	60	.000	.785	60	.000
Lama merokok	.262	60	.000	.776	60	.000

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Tests of Normality

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
1.5 kHz (left)	.108	53	.183	.977	53	.390
2.0 kHz (left)	.093	53	.200*	.981	53	.548
3.0 kHz (left)	.106	53	.200*	.955	53	.046
4.0 kHz (left)	.178	53	.000	.908	53	.001
5.0 kHz (left)	.128	53	.031	.941	53	.011
6.0 kHz (left)	.131	53	.024	.930	53	.004
7.0 kHz (left)	.195	53	.000	.859	53	.000
8.0 kHz (left)	.476	53	.000	.411	53	.000
9.0 kHz (left)	.343	53	.000	.687	53	.000
10 kHz (left)	.218	53	.000	.851	53	.000
11 kHz (left)	.176	53	.000	.884	53	.000
12 kHz (left)	.207	53	.000	.810	53	.000
1.5 kHz (right)	.080	53	.200*	.974	53	.313
2.0 kHz (right)	.066	53	.200*	.980	53	.528
3.0 kHz (right)	.091	53	.200*	.966	53	.136
4.0 kHz (right)	.111	53	.131	.969	53	.192
5.0 kHz (right)	.122	53	.049	.919	53	.002
6.0 kHz (right)	.097	53	.200*	.945	53	.017
7.0 kHz (right)	.250	53	.000	.830	53	.000
8.0 kHz (right)	.467	53	.000	.345	53	.000
9.0 kHz (right)	.321	53	.000	.696	53	.000
10 kHz (right)	.192	53	.000	.825	53	.000
11 kHz (right)	.257	53	.000	.789	53	.000
12 kHz (right)	.231	53	.000	.759	53	.000

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Tests of Normality

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
250Hz (AC-D)	.165	59	.000	.913	59	.000
500Hz (AC-D)	.135	59	.009	.941	59	.006
1 kHz (AC-D)	.188	59	.000	.938	59	.005
2 kHz (AC-D)	.171	59	.000	.922	59	.001
3 kHz (AC-D)	.163	59	.001	.931	59	.002
4 kHz (AC-D)	.273	59	.000	.392	59	.000
6 kHz (AC-D)	.125	59	.023	.971	59	.179
8 kHz (AC-D)	.155	59	.001	.968	59	.117
250Hz (AC-S)	.140	59	.006	.952	59	.021
500Hz (AC-S)	.117	59	.045	.966	59	.100
1 kHz (AC-S)	.141	59	.005	.933	59	.003
2 kHz (AC-S)	.150	59	.002	.904	59	.000
3 kHz (AC-S)	.129	59	.016	.950	59	.017
4 kHz (AC-S)	.135	59	.009	.949	59	.015
6 kHz (AC-S)	.193	59	.000	.938	59	.005
8 kHz (AC-S)	.164	59	.000	.952	59	.021

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Tests of Normality

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
250Hz (BC-D)	.209	60	.000	.900	60	.000
500Hz (BC-D)	.176	60	.000	.904	60	.000
1 kHz (BC-D)	.178	60	.000	.916	60	.001
2 kHz (BC-D)	.197	60	.000	.891	60	.000
3 kHz (BC-D)	.169	60	.000	.940	60	.006
4 kHz (BC-D)	.191	60	.000	.924	60	.001
6 kHz (BC-D)	.176	60	.000	.950	60	.015
8 kHz(BC-D)	.135	60	.008	.937	60	.004
250Hz (BC-S)	.166	60	.000	.942	60	.007
500Hz (BC-S)	.216	60	.000	.855	60	.000
1 kHz (BC-S)	.187	60	.000	.899	60	.000
2 kHz (BC-S)	.195	60	.000	.887	60	.000
3 kHz (BC-S)	.130	60	.014	.938	60	.004
4 kHz (BC-S)	.143	60	.004	.918	60	.001
6 kHz (BC-S)	.181	60	.000	.925	60	.001
8 kHz (BC-S)	.161	60	.001	.927	60	.001

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Tests of Normality

	Kolmogorov-Smirnov ^a			Shapiro-Wilk		
	Statistic	df	Sig.	Statistic	df	Sig.
Ekspresi mRNA Gen HSP70-1A	.080	60	.200*	.965	60	.082
Rerata SNR DPOAE Left	.124	60	.023	.940	60	.005
Rerata SNR DPOAE Right	.107	60	.085	.939	60	.005
Rerata ambang dengar (AC-D)	.142	60	.004	.928	60	.002
Rerata ambang dengar (AC-S)	.158	60	.001	.943	60	.007
Rerata ambang dengar (BC-S)	.120	60	.030	.923	60	.001
Rerata ambang dengar (BC-D)	.110	60	.067	.933	60	.003
Interaksi EkspxDPOAE_L	.122	60	.026	.929	60	.002
Interaksi EkspxDPOAE_R	.098	60	.200*	.951	60	.017
Interaksi EkspxMAC_D	.126	60	.019	.923	60	.001
Interaksi EkspxMAC_S	.161	60	.001	.935	60	.003
Interaksi EkspxMBC_D	.149	60	.002	.921	60	.001
Interaksi EkspxMBC_S	.110	60	.069	.921	60	.001

*. This is a lower bound of the true significance.

a. Lilliefors Significance Correction

Uji komparatif data demografi

1. Usia

T-Test

Group Statistics								
Group Subjek	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean				
Usia Responden	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	35.7667	8.50835	1.55340			
	Terpapar Bising	30	37.4667	7.23847	1.32156			

Independent Samples Test									
		Levene's Test for Equality of ...		t-test for Equality of Means					
		F	Sig.	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	Std. Error Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference
Usia Responden	Equal variances assumed	.686	.4	-.83	58	.408	-1.70000	2.03950	-5.7825 2.38251
	Equal variances not assumed			-.83	56.548	.408	-1.70000	2.03950	-5.7847 2.38474

2. Lama bekerja

→ NPar Tests

Mann-Whitney Test

Ranks				
Group Subjek	N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks	
Lama Bekerja	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	27.58	827.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	33.42	1002.50
	Total	60		
Jumlah batang rokok perhari	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	31.90	957.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	29.10	873.00
	Total	60		
Lama merokok	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	31.32	939.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	29.68	890.50
	Total	60		

Test Statistics^a

	Lama Bekerja	Jumlah batang rokok perhari	Lama merokok
Mann-Whitney U	362.500	408.000	425.500
Wilcoxon W	827.500	873.000	890.500
Z	-1.301	-.656	-.385
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.193	.512	.700

a. Grouping Variable: Group Subjek

3. Kebiasaan merokok

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)	Exact Sig. (2-sided)	Exact Sig. (1-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.111 ^a	1	.292		
Continuity Correction ^b	.625	1	.429		
Likelihood Ratio	1.115	1	.291		
Fisher's Exact Test				.430	.215
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.093	1	.296		
N of Valid Cases	60				

a. 0 cells (0.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 12.00.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

4. Suku, pendidikan, lama merokok dan jumlah batang rokok perhari
NPar Tests

Mann-Whitney Test

Ranks				
Group Subjek		N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks
Suku Subjek	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	33.03	991.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	27.97	839.00
	Total	60		
Pendidikan Subjek	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	38.02	1140.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	22.98	689.50
	Total	60		
Jumlah batang rokok perhari	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	31.90	957.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	29.10	873.00
	Total	60		
Lama merokok	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	31.32	939.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	29.68	890.50
	Total	60		

Test Statistics ^a				
	Suku Subjek	Pendidikan Subjek	Jumlah batang rokok perhari	Lama merokok
Mann-Whitney U	374.000	224.500	408.000	425.500
Wilcoxon W	839.000	689.500	873.000	890.500
Z	-1.189	-3.762	-.656	-.385
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.235	.000	.512	.700

a. Grouping Variable: Group Subjek

5. Uji komparatif ekspresi mRNA gen HSP70-1A
T-Test

Group Statistics					
	Group Subjek	N	Mean	Std. Deviation	Std. Error Mean
Ekspresi mRNA Gen HSP70-1A	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	8.0518	1.15155	.21024
	Terpapar Bising	30	10.0483	1.37596	.25121

Independent Samples Test									
		Levene's Test for Equality of Variances		t-test for Equality of Means					
		F	Sig.	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	Std. Error Difference	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference
Ekspresi mRNA Gen HSP70-1A	Equal variances assumed	1.746	.192	-6.095	58	.000	-1.99653	.32758	-2.65226 -1.34080
	Equal variances not assumed			-6.095	56.25	.000	-1.99653	.32758	-2.65270 -1.34037

6. Uji Komparai SNR DPOAE

NPar Tests

Mann-Whitney Test

Ranks

Group Subjek		N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks
1.5 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	29	31.79	922.00
	Terpapar Bising	27	24.96	674.00
	Total	56		
2.0 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	29	32.72	949.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	27.37	821.00
	Total	59		
3.0 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	28.62	858.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	32.38	971.50
	Total	60		
4.0 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	32.83	985.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	28.17	845.00
	Total	60		
5.0 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	32.68	980.50
	Terpapar Bising	29	27.22	789.50
	Total	59		
6.0 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	34.48	1034.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	26.52	795.50
	Total	60		
7.0 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	32.00	960.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	29.00	870.00
	Total	60		
8.0 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	32.12	963.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	28.88	866.50
	Total	60		
9.0 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	30.75	922.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	30.25	907.50
	Total	60		
10 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	32.03	961.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	28.97	869.00
	Total	60		
11 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	30.97	929.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	30.03	901.00
	Total	60		
12 kHz (left)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	30.90	927.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	30.10	903.00
	Total	60		

NPar Tests

Mann-Whitney Test

Ranks

Group Subjek		N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks
1.5 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	31.83	955.00
	Terpapar Bising	27	25.85	698.00
	Total	57		
2.0 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	34.03	1021.00
	Terpapar Bising	29	25.83	749.00
	Total	59		
3.0 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	34.18	1025.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	26.82	804.50
	Total	60		
4.0 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	34.25	1027.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	26.75	802.50
	Total	60		
5.0 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	34.47	1034.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	26.53	796.00
	Total	60		
6.0 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	36.18	1085.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	24.82	744.50
	Total	60		
7.0 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	33.73	1012.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	27.27	818.00
	Total	60		
8.0 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	32.13	964.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	28.87	866.00
	Total	60		
9.0 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	33.68	1010.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	27.32	819.50
	Total	60		
10 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	35.18	1055.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	25.82	774.50
	Total	60		
11 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	33.03	991.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	27.97	839.00
	Total	60		
12 kHz (right)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	33.55	1006.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	27.45	823.50
	Total	60		

Test Statistics^a

	1.5 kHz (left)	2.0 kHz (left)	3.0 kHz (left)	4.0 kHz (left)
Mann-Whitney U	296.000	356.000	393.500	380.000
Wilcoxon W	674.000	821.000	858.500	845.000
Z	-1.567	-1.199	-.837	-1.040
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.117	.230	.402	.298

Test Statistics^a

	1.5 kHz (right)	2.0 kHz (right)	3.0 kHz (right)	4.0 kHz (right)
Mann-Whitney U	320.000	314.000	339.500	337.500
Wilcoxon W	698.000	749.000	804.500	802.500
Z	-1.360	-1.837	-.1.636	-1.166
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.174	.066	.102	.095

Test Statistics^a

	5.0 kHz (left)	6.0 kHz (left)	7.0 kHz (left)	8.0 kHz (left)
Mann-Whitney U	354.500	330.500	405.000	401.500
Wilcoxon W	789.500	795.500	870.000	866.500
Z	-1.226	-1.769	-.683	-1.154
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.220	.077	.495	.248

Test Statistics^a

	5.0 kHz (right)	6.0 kHz (right)	7.0 kHz (right)	8.0 kHz (right)
Mann-Whitney U	331.000	279.500	353.000	401.000
Wilcoxon W	796.000	744.500	818.000	866.000
Z	-1.763	-2.523	-1.490	-1.166
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.078	.012	.136	.244

Test Statistics^a

	9.0 kHz (left)	10 kHz (left)	11 kHz (left)	12 kHz (left)
Mann-Whitney U	442.500	404.000	436.000	438.000
Wilcoxon W	907.500	869.000	901.000	903.000
Z	-.127	-.703	-.212	-.181
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.899	.482	.832	.856

Test Statistics^a

	9.0 kHz (right)	10 kHz (right)	11 kHz (right)	12 kHz (right)
Mann-Whitney U	354.500	309.500	374.000	358.500
Wilcoxon W	819.500	774.500	839.000	823.500
Z	-1.561	-2.104	-.1.149	-1.365
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.118	.035	.251	.172

a. Grouping Variable: Group Subjek

Mann-Whitney Test

Ranks				
	Group Subjek	N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks
Rerata SNR DPOAE Left	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	33.35	1000.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	27.65	829.50
	Total	60		
Rerata SNR DPOAE Right	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	36.38	1091.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	24.62	738.50
	Total	60		

Test Statistics ^a		
	Rerata SNR DPOAE Left	Rerata SNR DPOAE Right
Mann-Whitney U	364.500	273.500
Wilcoxon W	829.500	738.500
Z	-1.264	-2.610
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.206	.009

a. Grouping Variable: Group Subjek

7. Uji Komparai Ambang Dengar AC

NPar Tests

Mann-Whitney Test

Ranks				
	Group Subjek	N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks
250Hz (AC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	18.65	559.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	42.35	1270.50
	Total	60		
500Hz (AC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	18.05	541.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	42.95	1288.50
	Total	60		
1 kHz (AC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	17.38	521.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	43.62	1308.50
	Total	60		
2 kHz (AC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	16.67	500.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	44.33	1330.00
	Total	60		
3 kHz (AC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	17.83	535.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	43.17	1295.00
	Total	60		
4 kHz (AC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	17.08	512.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	43.92	1317.50
	Total	60		
6 kHz (AC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	17.15	514.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	43.85	1315.50
	Total	60		
8 kHz (AC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	29	17.83	517.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	41.77	1253.00
	Total	59		

Test Statistics ^a				
	250Hz (AC-D)	500Hz (AC-D)	1 kHz (AC-D)	2 kHz (AC-D)
Mann-Whitney U	94.500	76.500	56.500	35.000
Wilcoxon W	559.500	541.500	521.500	500.000
Z	-5.331	-5.594	-5.897	-6.213
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000
Z	-5.331	-5.594	-5.897	-6.213
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

Test Statistics ^a				
	250Hz (AC-S)	500Hz (AC-S)	1 kHz (AC-S)	2 kHz (AC-S)
Mann-Whitney U	92.000	82.000	37.500	27.000
Wilcoxon W	557.000	547.000	502.500	492.000
Z	-5.376	-5.502	-6.155	-6.307
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

Test Statistics ^a				
	3 kHz (AC-S)	4 kHz (AC-S)	6 kHz (AC-S)	8 kHz (AC-S)
Mann-Whitney U	29.000	71.000	39.000	64.500
Wilcoxon W	494.000	536.000	504.000	529.500
Z	-6.269	-5.638	-6.113	-5.739
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

a. Grouping Variable: Group Subjek

8. Uji Komparasi Ambang Dengar BC

a. Grouping Variable: Group Subjek

NPar Tests

Mann-Whitney Test

Ranks

	Group Subjek	N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks
250Hz (BC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	21.15	634.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	39.85	1195.50
	Total	60		
500Hz (BC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	20.40	612.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	40.60	1218.00
	Total	60		
1 kHz (BC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	18.40	552.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	42.60	1278.00
	Total	60		
2 kHz (BC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	18.12	543.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	42.88	1286.50
	Total	60		
3 kHz (BC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	19.67	590.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	41.33	1240.00
	Total	60		
4 kHz (BC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	18.80	564.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	42.20	1266.00
	Total	60		
6 kHz (BC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	17.97	539.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	43.03	1291.00
	Total	60		
8 kHz(BC-D)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	18.58	557.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	42.42	1272.50
	Total	60		

Mann-Whitney Test

Ranks

	Group Subjek	N	Mean Rank	Sum of Ranks
250Hz (BC-S)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	19.38	581.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	41.62	1248.50
	Total	60		
500Hz (BC-S)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	19.38	581.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	41.62	1248.50
	Total	60		
1 kHz (BC-S)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	17.15	514.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	43.85	1315.50
	Total	60		
2 kHz (BC-S)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	16.43	493.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	44.57	1337.00
	Total	60		
3 kHz (BC-S)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	16.85	505.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	44.15	1324.50
	Total	60		
4 kHz (BC-S)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	16.10	483.00
	Terpapar Bising	30	44.90	1347.00
	Total	60		
6 kHz (BC-S)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	16.05	481.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	44.95	1348.50
	Total	60		
8 kHz (BC-S)	Tidak Terpapar Bising	30	17.15	514.50
	Terpapar Bising	30	43.85	1315.50
	Total	60		

Test Statistics^a

	250Hz (BC-D)	500Hz (BC-D)	1 kHz (BC-D)	2 kHz (BC-D)
Mann-Whitney U	169.500	147.000	87.000	78.500
Wilcoxon W	634.500	612.000	552.000	543.500
Z	-4.247	-4.600	-5.456	-5.586
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

Test Statistics^a

	250Hz (BC-S)	500Hz (BC-S)	1 kHz (BC-S)	2 kHz (BC-S)
Mann-Whitney U	116.500	116.500	49.500	28.000
Wilcoxon W	581.500	581.500	514.500	493.000
Z	-5.022	-5.051	-6.017	-6.325
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

Test Statistics^a

	3 kHz (BC-D)	4 kHz (BC-D)	6 kHz (BC-D)	8 kHz(BC-D)
Mann-Whitney U	125.000	99.000	74.000	92.500
Wilcoxon W	590.000	564.000	539.000	557.500
Z	-4.861	-5.246	-5.606	-5.319
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

Test Statistics^a

	3 kHz (BC-S)	4 kHz (BC-S)	6 kHz (BC-S)	8 kHz (BC-S)
Mann-Whitney U	40.500	18.000	16.500	49.500
Wilcoxon W	505.500	483.000	481.500	514.500
Z	-6.109	-6.447	-6.471	-5.983
Asymp. Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000	.000	.000

a. Grouping Variable: Group Subjek

9. Uji Korelasi ambang dengar dan SNR DPOAE dengan dengan HSP70-1A

Nonparametric Correlations

Correlations

		Group Subjek	
Spearman's rho	Group Subjek	Correlation Coefficient	1.000
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.
		N	60
	Interaksi EkspxMDPOAE_L	Correlation Coefficient	-.046
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.726
		N	60
	Interaksi EkspxMDPOAE_R	Correlation Coefficient	-.202
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.121
		N	60
	Interaksi EkspxMAC_D	Correlation Coefficient	.843 **
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.000
		N	60
	Interaksi EkspxMAC_S	Correlation Coefficient	.830 **
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.000
		N	60
	Interaksi EkspzMBC_D	Correlation Coefficient	.735 **
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.000
		N	60
	Interaksi EkspzMBC_S	Correlation Coefficient	.862 **
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.000
		N	60

10. Uji Korelasi Parsial

Partial Corr

Correlations

Control Variables		Group Subjek	
Usia Responden & Lama Bekerja & Suku Subjek & Pendidikan Subjek & Merokok & Jumlah batang rokok perhari & Lama merokok & Hipertensi & Menggunakan APT saat bekerja & Jenis APT uang dipakai	Group Subjek	Correlation	1.000
		Significance (2-tailed)	.
		df	0
	Interaksi EkspxMDPOAE_L	Correlation	.225
		Significance (2-tailed)	.241
		df	27
	Interaksi EkspxMDPOAE_R	Correlation	.106
		Significance (2-tailed)	.584
		df	27
	Interaksi EkspxMAC_D	Correlation	.631
		Significance (2-tailed)	.000
		df	27
	Interaksi EkspxMAC_S	Correlation	.680
		Significance (2-tailed)	.000
		df	27
	Interaksi EkspzMBC_D	Correlation	.523
		Significance (2-tailed)	.004
		df	27
	Interaksi EkspzMBC_S	Correlation	.721
		Significance (2-tailed)	.000
		df	27

11. Uji korelas SNR perdfrekuensi dengan exprese mRNA gen HSP70

Nonparametric Correlations

Correlations			
		Ekspresi mRNA Gen HSP70-1A	1.000
Spearman's rho	Ekspresi mRNA Gen HSP70-1A	Correlation Coefficient	1.000
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.
		N	60
1.5 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.043
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.753
		N	56
2.0 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.001
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.994
		N	59
3.0 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	.009
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.944
		N	60
4.0 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.054
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.684
		N	60
5.0 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.188
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.153
		N	59
6.0 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.126
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.338
		N	60
7.0 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.011
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.932
		N	60
8.0 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.274*
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.034
		N	60
9.0 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.146
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.266
		N	60
10 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.025
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.849
		N	60
11 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	.043
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.744
		N	60
12 kHz (left)		Correlation Coefficient	-.081
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.540
		N	60

Nonparametric Correlations

Correlations			
		Ekspresi mRNA Gen HSP70-1A	1.000
Spearman's rho	Ekspresi mRNA Gen HSP70-1A	Correlation Coefficient	1.000
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.
		N	60
1.5 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	.015
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.912
		N	57
2.0 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.104
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.432
		N	59
3.0 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.272*
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.035
		N	60
4.0 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.229
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.078
		N	60
5.0 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.150
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.254
		N	60
6.0 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.216
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.098
		N	60
7.0 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.192
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.142
		N	60
8.0 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.297*
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.021
		N	60
9.0 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.230
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.077
		N	60
10 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.297*
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.021
		N	60
11 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.187
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.153
		N	60
12 kHz (right)		Correlation Coefficient	-.154
		Sig. (2-tailed)	.240
		N	60