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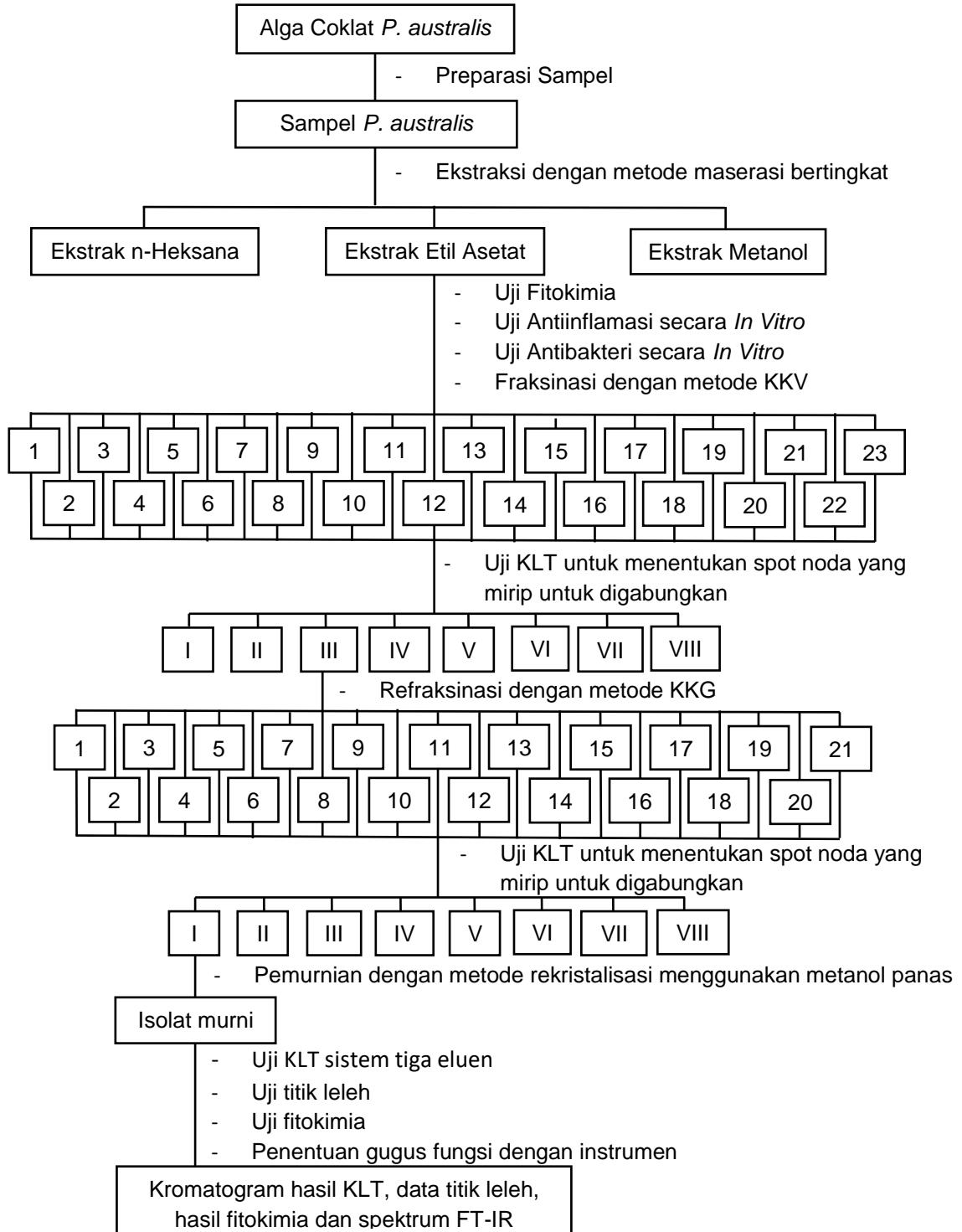
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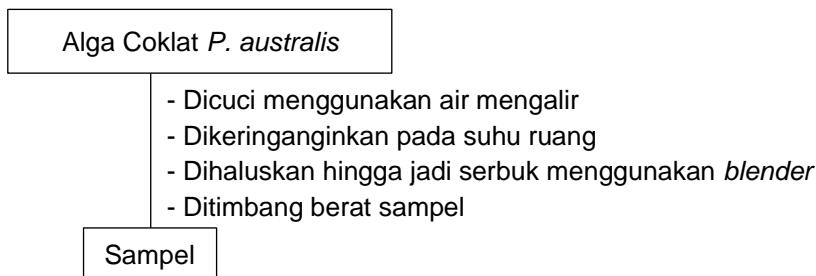
LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Diagram Alir Penelitian

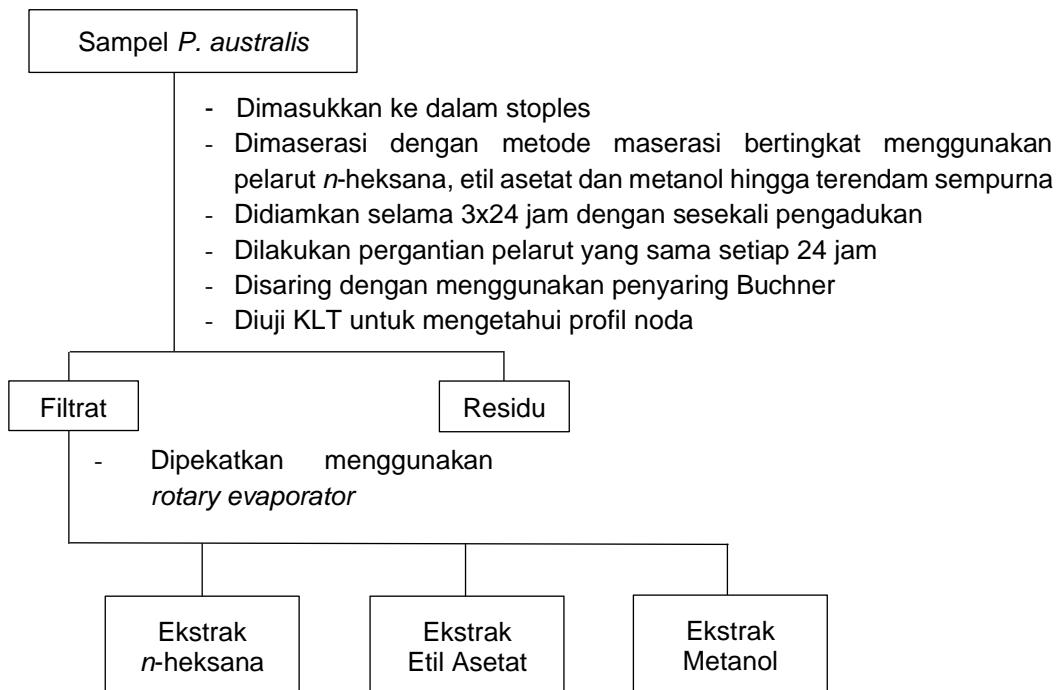


Lampiran 2. Prosedur Penelitian

1. Preparasi Sampel



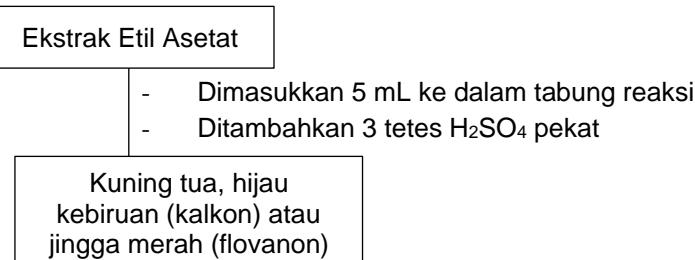
2. Ekstraksi Sampel



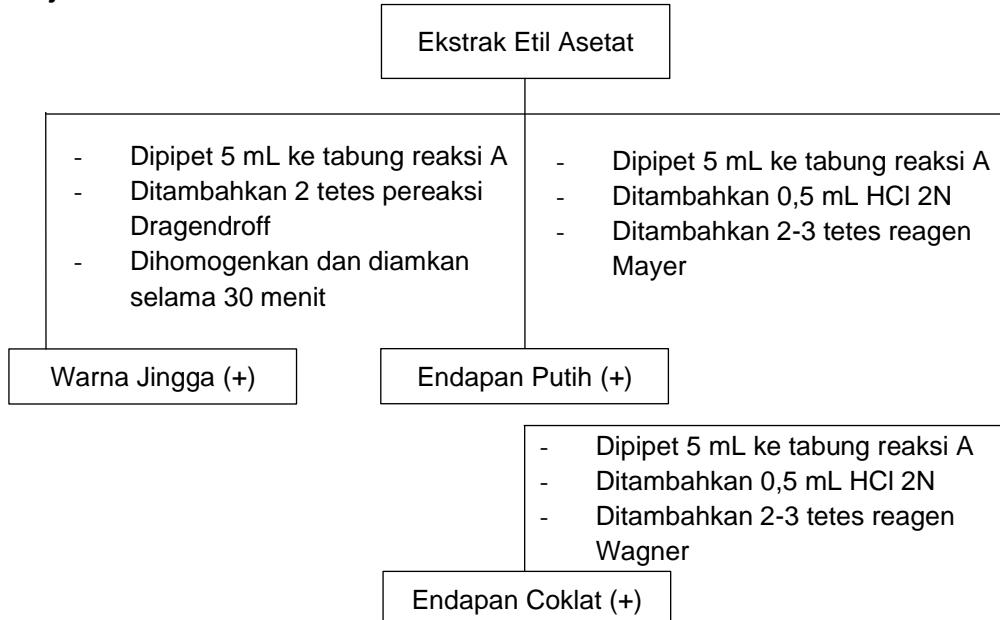
Catatan: proses maserasi dihentikan apabila noda KLT memudar

3. Uji Kandungan Ekstrak

a. Uji Flavonoid



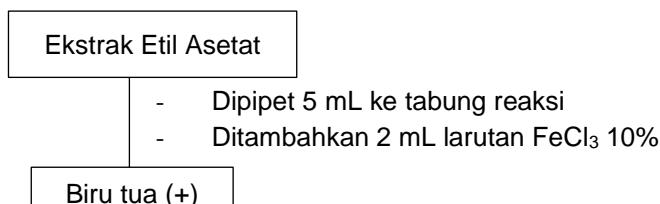
b. Uji Alkaloid



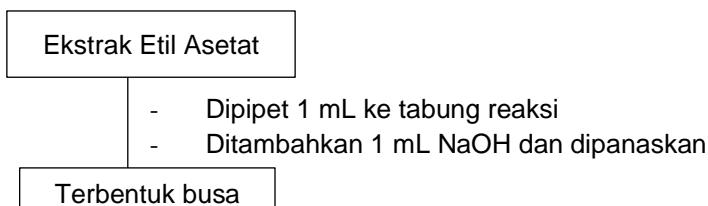
c. Uji Saponin



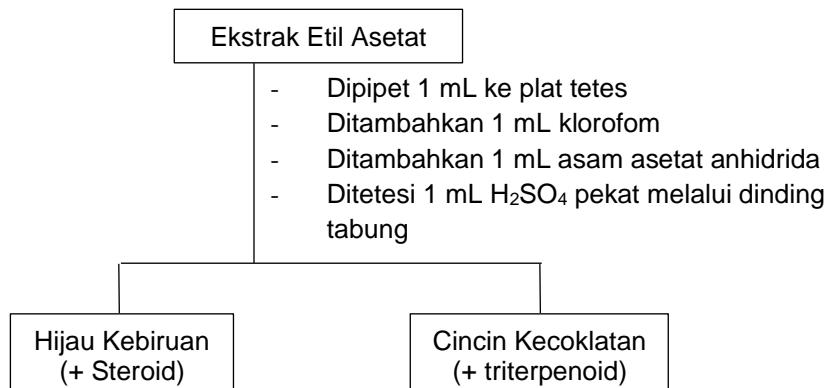
d. Uji Tanin



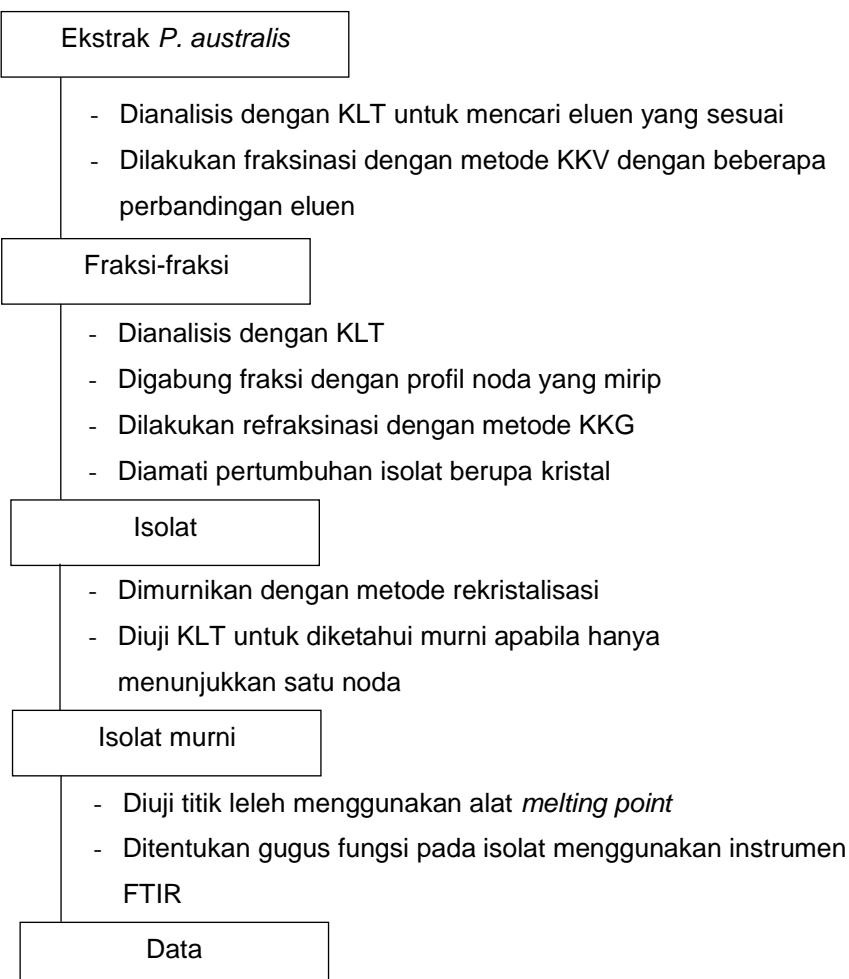
e. Uji Saponifikasi Asam Lemak



f. Uji Steroid/Triterpenoid

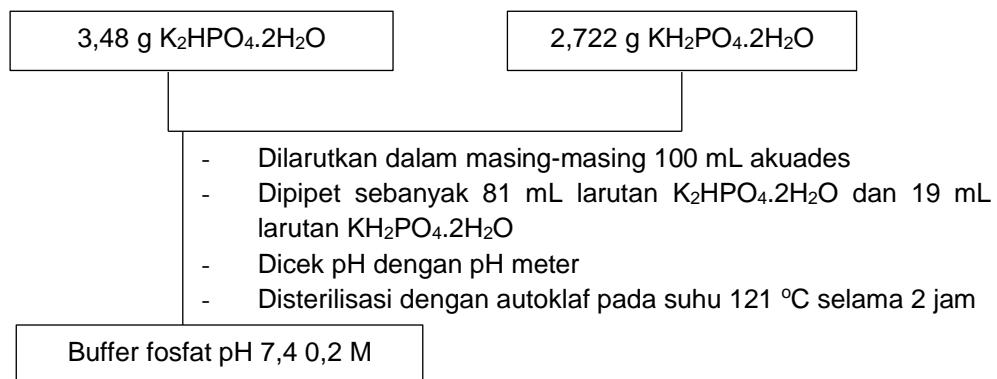


4. Fraksinasi dengan Metode KKV dan Pemurnian Isolat

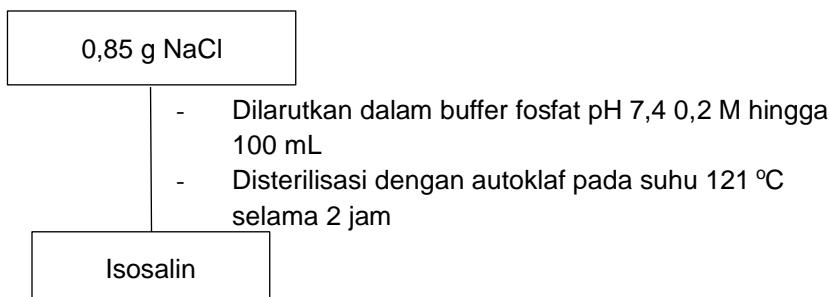


5. Uji Antiinflamasi Ekstrak Etil Asetat Alga Coklat *Padina australis* secara *In Vitro* dengan Metode HRBC

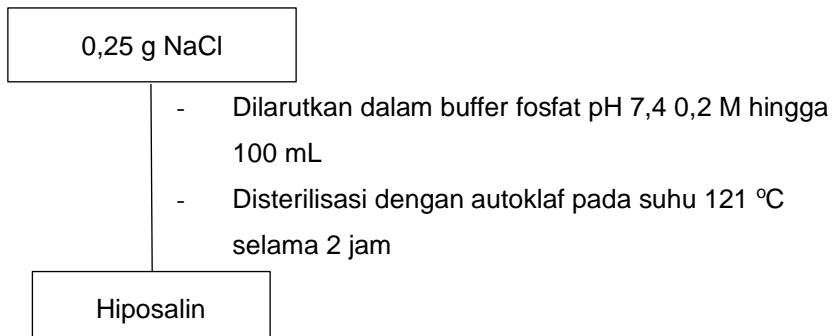
a. Pembuatan Buffer Fosfat pH 7,4 0,2 M



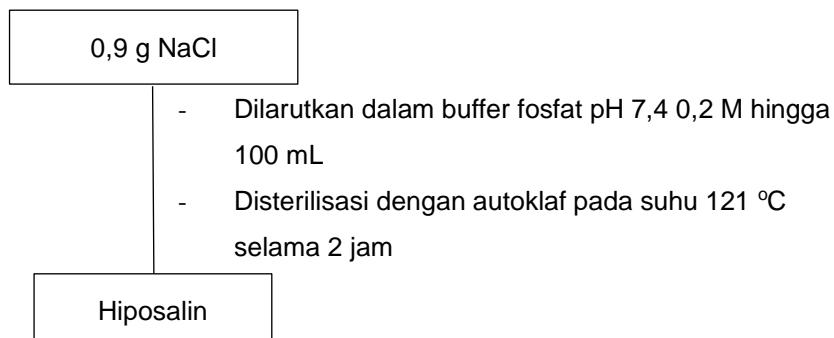
b. Pembuatan Larutan Isosalin



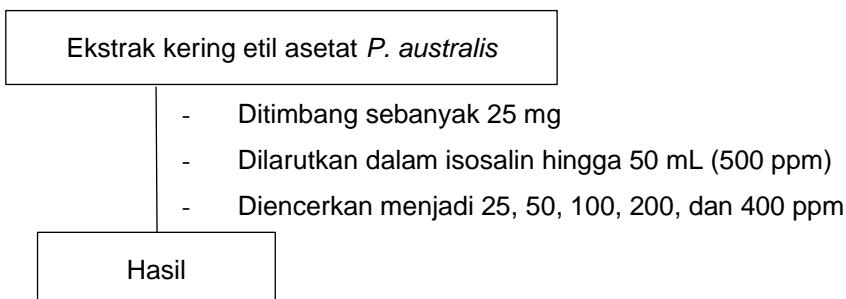
c. Pembuatan Larutan Hiposalin



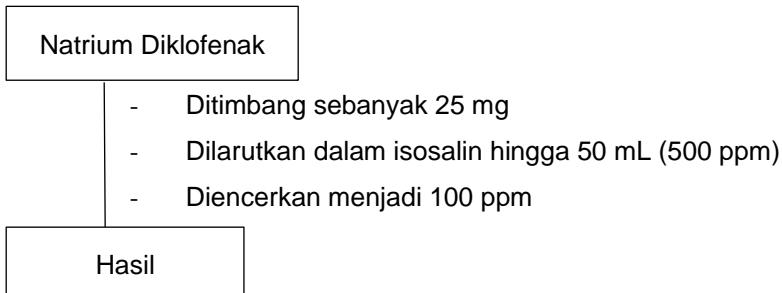
d. Pembuatan Larutan Garam Fisiologis



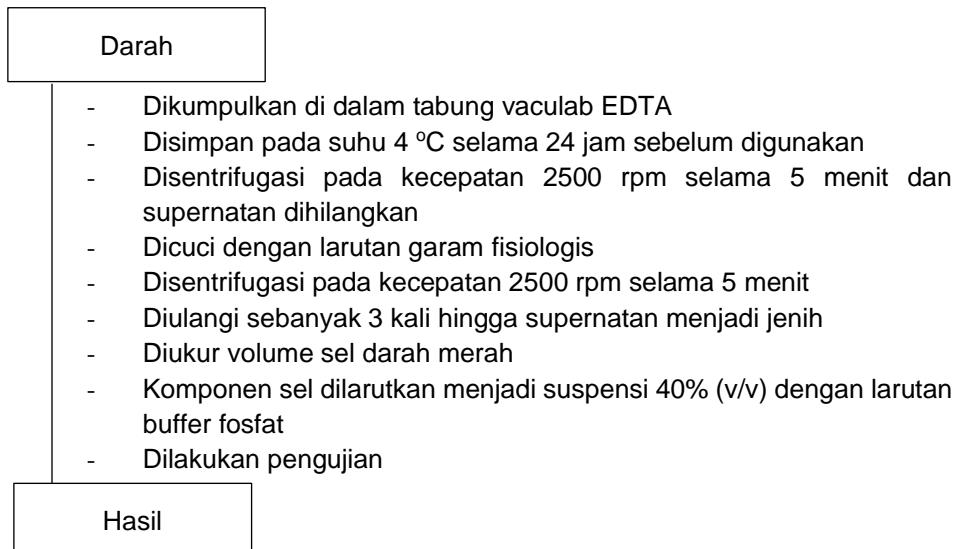
e. Pembuatan Konsentrasi Ekstrak



f. Pembuatan Konsentrasi Natrium Diklofenak

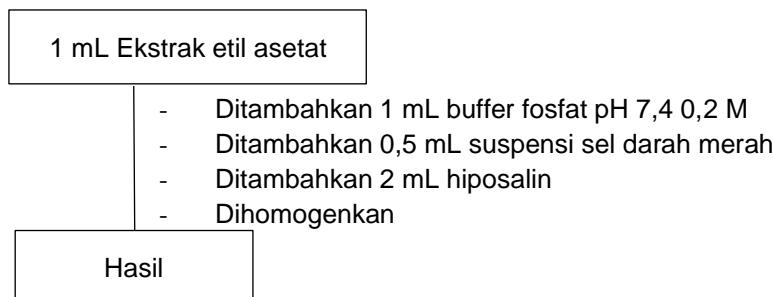


g. Preparasi Suspensi Sel Darah Merah

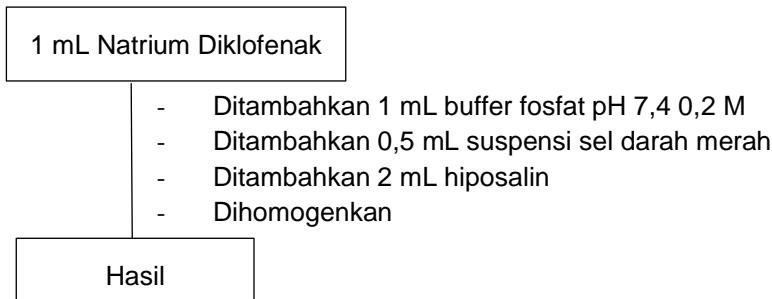


h. Persiapan Larutan untuk Pengujian Aktivitas Antiinflamasi

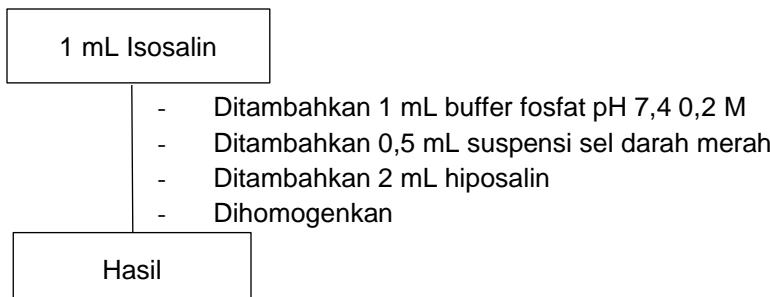
1. Pembuatan Larutan Uji



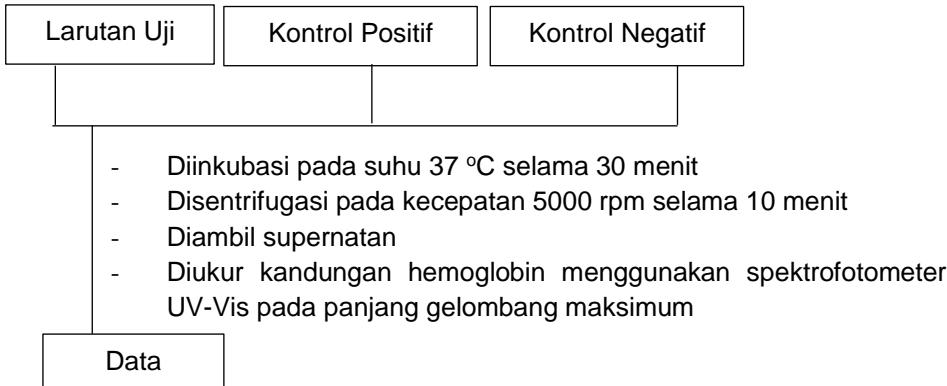
2. Pembuatan Larutan Kontrol Positif



3. Pembuatan Larutan Kontrol negatif

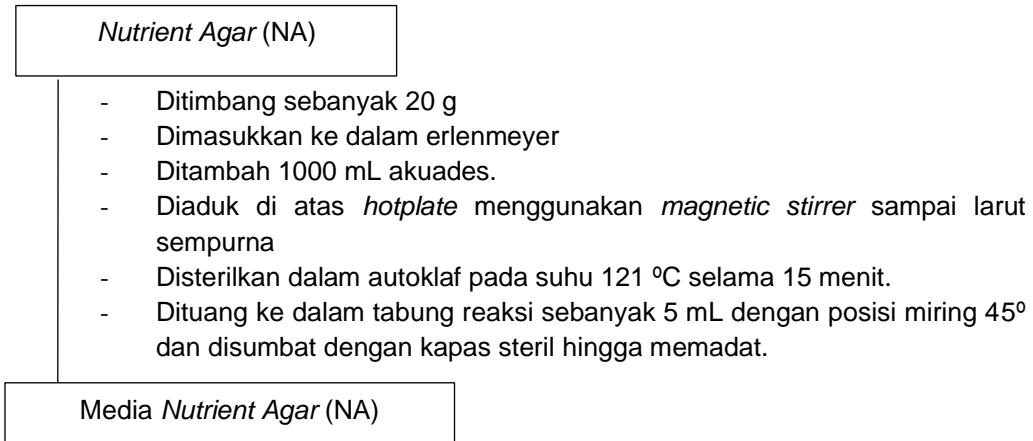


i. Uji Aktivitas Ekstrak Etil Asetat terhadap Stabilitas Membran Eritrosit

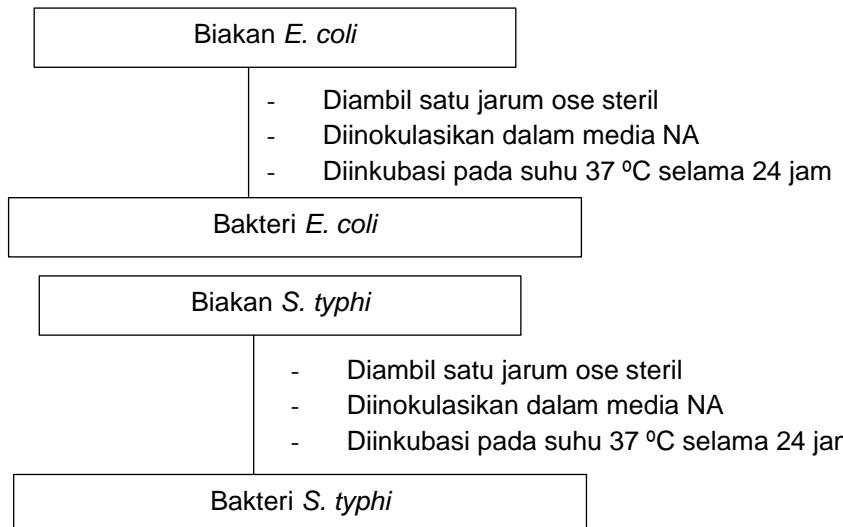


5. Uji Antibakteri Ekstrak Etil Asetat Alga Coklat *Padina australis* secara *In Vitro* dengan Metode Difusi Cakram

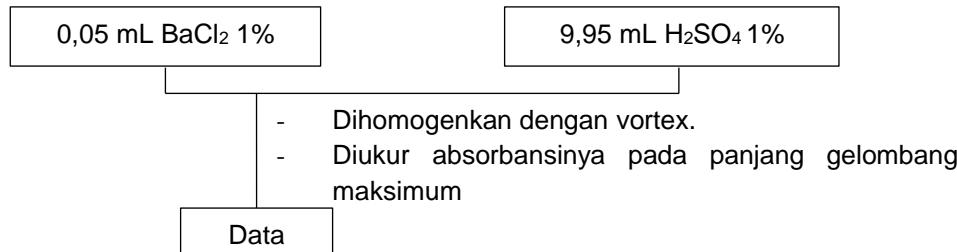
a. Pembuatan Media Nutrient Agar (NA)



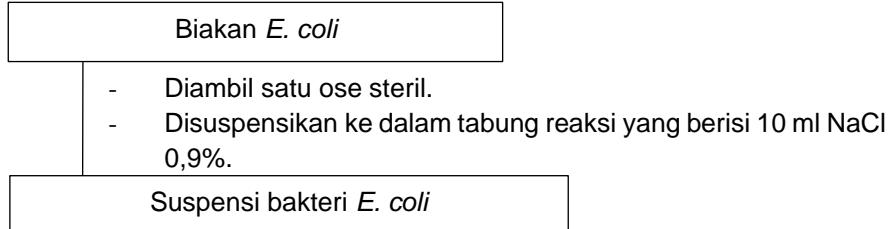
b. Peremajaan Bakteri



c. Pembuatan Larutan Standar Mc Farland

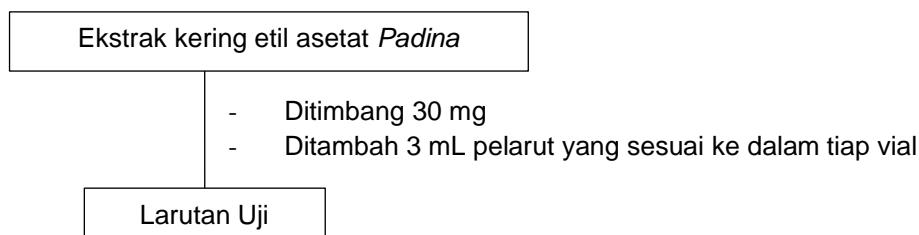


d. Pembuatan Suspensi Bakteri

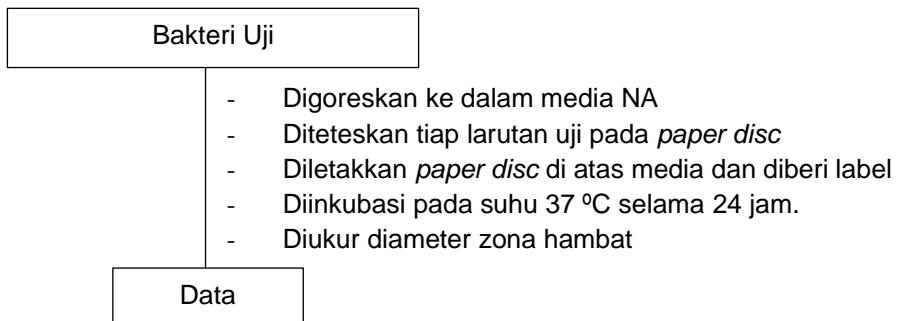


Keterangan : prosedur serupa dilakukan untuk bakteri *S. typhi*

e. Pembuatan Larutan Uji



f. Pengukuran Diameter Zona Hambat



Lampiran 3. Perhitungan Data Penelitian

1. Perhitungan Redemen Ekstrak Alga Colat *Padina australis*

$$\% \text{ Rendemen} = \frac{\text{berat ekstrak (g)}}{\text{berat sampel (g)}} \times 100\%$$

a. Ekstrak n-Heksana

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Rendemen} &= \frac{8,41 \text{ g}}{3200 \text{ g}} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,2628\%\end{aligned}$$

b. Ekstrak Etil Asetat

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Rendemen} &= \frac{28,6 \text{ g}}{3200 \text{ g}} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,8937\%\end{aligned}$$

c. Ekstrak Metanol

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Rendemen} &= \frac{13,7 \text{ g}}{3200 \text{ g}} \times 100\% \\ &= 0,4281\%\end{aligned}$$

2. Pembuatan Larutan Uji Aktivitas Antiinflamasi

a. Larutan Induk 500 ppm dalam 50 mL

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Larutan Induk} &= \frac{\text{berat ekstrak (mg)}}{\text{volume pelarut (L)}} \\ &= \frac{25 \text{ mg}}{0,05 \text{ L}} \\ &= 500 \text{ ppm}\end{aligned}$$

b. Larutan Uji 400 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}V_1 \cdot C_1 &= V_2 \cdot C_2 \\ V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} &= 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 400 \text{ ppm} \\ V_1 &= 20 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

c. Larutan Uji 200 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}V_1 \cdot C_1 &= V_2 \cdot C_2 \\ V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} &= 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 200 \text{ ppm} \\ V_1 &= 10 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

d. Larutan Uji 100 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}V_1 \cdot C_1 &= V_2 \cdot C_2 \\ V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} &= 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 100 \text{ ppm} \\ V_1 &= 5 \text{ mL}\end{aligned}$$

e. Larutan Uji 50 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} = 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 50 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 2,5 \text{ mL}$$

f. Larutan Uji 25 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 500 \text{ ppm} = 25 \text{ mL} \cdot 25 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 1,25 \text{ mL}$$

3. Pembuatan Larutan Uji Aktivitas Antibakteri

a. Larutan Induk 10000 ppm dalam 3 mL

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Larutan Induk} &= \frac{\text{berat ekstrak (mg)}}{\text{volume pelarut (L)}} \\ &= \frac{30 \text{ mg}}{0,003 \text{ L}} \\ &= 10000 \text{ ppm} \end{aligned}$$

b. Larutan Uji 100 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 10000 \text{ ppm} = 3 \text{ mL} \cdot 100 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 0,03 \text{ mL}$$

c. Larutan Uji 500 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 10000 \text{ ppm} = 3 \text{ mL} \cdot 500 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 0,15 \text{ mL}$$

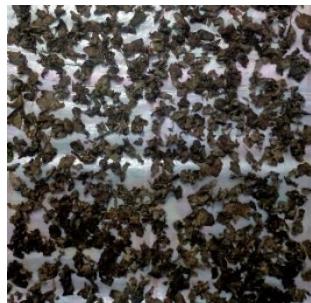
d. Larutan Uji 1000 ppm

$$V_1 \cdot C_1 = V_2 \cdot C_2$$

$$V_1 \cdot 10000 \text{ ppm} = 3 \text{ mL} \cdot 1000 \text{ ppm}$$

$$V_1 = 0,3 \text{ mL}$$

Lampiran 4. Dokumentasi Penelitian



Pengeringan sampel *Padina australis*



Proses maserasi sampel



Pengentalan ekstrak dengan rotary evavorator



Ekstrak kental



Uji fitokimia ekstrak etil asetat *Padina australis*



Fraksinasi metode KKV



Fraksinasi metode KKG



Hasil fraksinasi fraksi EA III



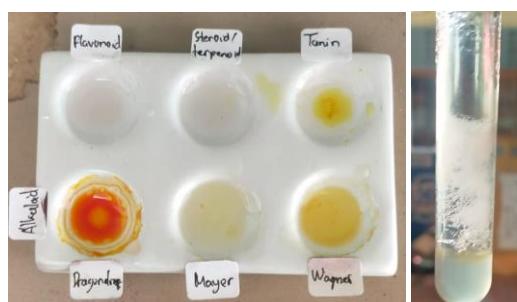
Hasil fraksinasi ekstrak etil asetat *Padina australis*



Kristal isolat 1



Uji titik leleh isolat 1



Uji fitokimia isolat 1



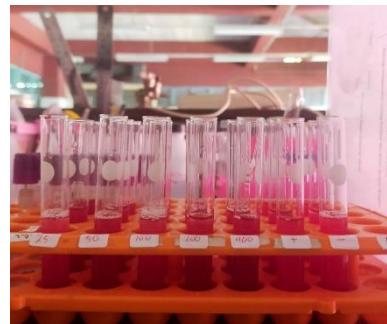
Hasil uji antibakteri ekstrak etil asetat terhadap *E. coli*



Hasil uji antibakteri ekstrak etil asetat terhadap *S. typhi*



Persiapan pengambilan darah tikus



Preparasi sampel ekstrak etil asetat untuk pengujian antiinflamasi

Lampiran 5. Data Analisis Uji Antiinflamasi Metode *Human Red Blood Cell*

1. Tabel Hasil Pengujian UV-Vis Terhadap Larutan Uji

| Konsentrasi (ppm) | Absorbansi (A) = 577 nm | | | Rata-rata |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|
| | Simplo | Duplo | Triplio | |
| 25 | 0,368 | 0,256 | 0,149 | 0,257666667 |
| 50 | 0,376 | 0,176 | 0,187 | 0,246333333 |
| 100 | 0,164 | 0,304 | 0,253 | 0,240333333 |
| 200 | 0,204 | 0,286 | 0,101 | 0,197 |
| 400 | 0,205 | 0,098 | 0,128 | 0,143666667 |
| Kontrol + | 0,017 | 0,023 | 0,038 | 0,026 |
| Kontrol - | 0,337 | 0,366 | 0,373 | 0,35867 |

2. Hasil % Stabilitas Membran Sel Darah Merah

| Konsentrasi (ppm) | Rata-rata | Stabilitas (%) |
|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 25 | 0,257667 | 28,16 |
| 50 | 0,246333 | 31,32 |
| 100 | 0,240333 | 32,99 |
| 200 | 0,197 | 45,07 |
| 400 | 0,143667 | 59,94 |
| Kontrol + | 0,026 | 92,75 |
| Kontrol - | 0,3586 | - |

a. Rumus % Stabilitas

$$\% \text{ Stabilitas} = 100 - \left(\frac{\text{Abs. Larutan Uji}}{\text{Abs. Kontrol Negatif}} \right) \times 100\%$$

b. Larutan Uji 25 ppm

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left(\frac{0,257667}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 28,16\% \end{aligned}$$

c. Larutan Uji 50 ppm

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left(\frac{0,246333}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 31,32\% \end{aligned}$$

d. Larutan Uji 100 ppm

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left(\frac{0,240333}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 32,99\% \end{aligned}$$

e. Larutan Uji 200 ppm

$$\begin{aligned} \% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left(\frac{0,197}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 45,07\% \end{aligned}$$

f. Larutan Uji 400 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left(\frac{0,143667}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 59,94\%\end{aligned}$$

g. Larutan Kontrol Positif

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Stabilitas} &= 100 - \left(\frac{0,026}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 92,75\%\end{aligned}$$

3. Hasil % Inhibisi Hemolisis Membran Sel Darah Merah

| Konsentrasi (ppm) | Rata-rata | Inhibisi Hemolisis (%) |
|-------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| 25 | 0,257667 | 71,8535044 |
| 50 | 0,246333 | 68,6930656 |
| 100 | 0,240333 | 67,0198922 |
| 200 | 0,197 | 54,9358617 |
| 400 | 0,143667 | 40,0632088 |
| Kontrol - | 0,3586 | - |

a. Rumus % Inhibisi Hemolisis

$$\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} = \left(\frac{\text{Abs. Larutan Uji}}{\text{Abs. Kontrol Negatif}} \right) \times 100\%$$

b. Larutan Uji 25 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left(\frac{0,257667}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 71,85\%\end{aligned}$$

c. Larutan Uji 50 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left(\frac{0,246333}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 68,69\%\end{aligned}$$

d. Larutan Uji 100 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left(\frac{0,240333}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 67,01\%\end{aligned}$$

e. Larutan Uji 200 ppm

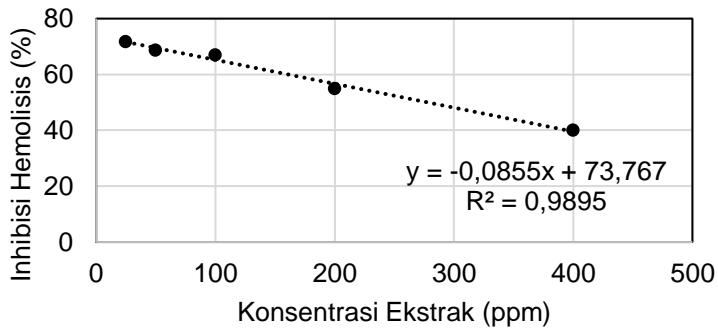
$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left(\frac{0,197}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 54,93\%\end{aligned}$$

f. Larutan Uji 400 ppm

$$\begin{aligned}\% \text{ Inhibisi Hemolisis} &= \left(\frac{0,143667}{0,3586} \right) \times 100\% \\ &= 40,06\%\end{aligned}$$

g. Penentuan Nilai IC₅₀

Nilai IC₅₀ Uji Antiinflamasi Ekstrak Etil Asetat
Padina australis



$$y = ax + b$$

$$y = -0,0855x + 73,767$$

$$IC_{50} = \frac{50 - 73,767}{-0,0855}$$

$$IC_{50} = 277,977 \text{ ppm}$$