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LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1. Pembuatan Larutan Baku CGA (Asam Klorogenat)

- Larutan Baku CGA 1000 ppm

$$M_1 \times V_1 = M_2 \times V_2$$

$$M_1 \times 1000 \text{ ml} = 1000 \text{ ppm} \times 250 \text{ ml}$$

$$M_1 = \frac{1000 \text{ ppm} \times 250 \text{ ml}}{1000 \text{ ml}}$$

$$M_1 = 250 \text{ mg}$$

- Pengenceran 10 kali dari 1000 ppm CGA
V_{total}

$$FP = \frac{V_{CGA} \text{ 1000 ppm}}{25 \text{ ml}}$$

$$10 = \frac{V_{CGA} \text{ 1000 ppm}}{1000 \text{ ml}}$$

$$V_{CGA} \text{ 1000 ppm} =$$

$$V_{CGA} \text{ 1000 ppm} = \frac{25 \text{ ml}}{10} = 2,5 \text{ mL}$$

Lampiran 2. Perhitungan Spektrofotometri UV-Vis

1. Pembuatan Kurva Standar 100 ppm

- Larutan standar 2 mg/L

$$M_1 \times V_1 = M_2 \times V_2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V_1 = 2 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{2 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ ppm}}$$

$$V_1 = 0,1 \text{ mL}$$

- Larutan standar 4 mg/L

$$M_1 \times V_1 = M_2 \times V_2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V_1 = 4 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{4 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ ppm}}$$

$$V_1 = 0,2 \text{ mL}$$

- Larutan standar 6 mg/L

$$M_1 \times V_1 = M_2 \times V_2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V_1 = 6 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{6 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ ppm}}$$

$$V_1 = 0,3 \text{ mL}$$

- Larutan standar 8 mg/L

$$M_1 \times V_1 = M_2 \times V_2$$

$$100 \text{ ppm} \times V_1 = 8 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL}$$

$$V_1 = \frac{8 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ ppm}}$$

$$V_1 = 0,4 \text{ mL}$$

- Larutan standar 10 mg/L

$$\begin{aligned} M_1 \times V_1 &= M_2 \times V_2 \\ 00 \text{ ppm} \times V_1 &= 10 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL} \\ V_1 &= \frac{10 \text{ ppm} \times 5 \text{ mL}}{100 \text{ ppm}} \\ V_1 &= 0,5 \text{ mL} \end{aligned}$$

2. Perhitungan Kadar Asam Klorogenat (CGA)

Kadar CGA pada *green bean* kopi arabika diperoleh dari analisis berdasarkan persamaan $Y = ax + b$, sehingga X bisa didapatkan dari persamaan (Mulyani, dkk., 2022) :

$$X = \frac{y-b}{a} \dots \text{Pers (1)}$$

Dimana;

Y : absorbansi

a : slope

b : intersep

x : konsentrasi CGA

Selanjutnya kadar CGA dalam mg/L dapat dihitung menggunakan persamaan 2

$$\%CGA = \frac{c \times Fp \times V}{m}$$

Keterangan:

c : kadar total CGA (mg/L)

Fp : Faktor Pengenceran

V : Volume total pengujian

m : Massa bobot sampel (g)

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C1 (Wet Wash Fermented) Ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.217 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.126 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\%CGA = \frac{0.126 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 6,33 \%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C1 (Wet Wash Fermented) Ulangan 2

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.216 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.120 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\%CGA = \frac{0.120 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 6,00 \%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C1 (Wet Wash Fermented) Ulangan 3

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.218 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.133 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\% \text{CGA} = \frac{0.133 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 6,67 \%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C2 (Wet non Wash Fermented) Ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.215 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.113 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\% \text{CGA} = \frac{0.113 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 5,67 \%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C2 (Wet non Wash Fermented) Ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.213 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.100 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\% \text{CGA} = \frac{0.100 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 5,00 \%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C2 (Wet non Wash Fermented) Ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.216 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.120 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\% \text{CGA} = \frac{0.120 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 6,04 \%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C3 (Dry Wash Fermented) Ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.219 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.140 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\% \text{CGA} = \frac{0.140 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 7,00 \%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C3 (Dry Wash Fermented) Ulangan 2

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.221 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.153 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\% \text{CGA} = \frac{0.153 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 7,76 \%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C3 (Dry Wash Fermented) Ulangan 3

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.220 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.146 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\% \text{CGA} = \frac{0.146 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 7,33 \%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C4 (Dry Wash non Fermented) Ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.2103 - 0.198}{0.1499} = 0.082 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\%CGA = \frac{0.082 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 4,10\%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C4 (Dry Wash non Fermented) Ulangan 2

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.212 - 0.198}{0.1498} = 0.093 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\%CGA = \frac{0.093 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 4,66\%$$

- Kadar Asam Klorogenat C4 (Dry Wash non Fermented) Ulangan 3

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{a}{0.209 - 0.198} = 0.073 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\%CGA = \frac{0.073 \times 100 \times 5}{10} = 3,66\%$$

3. Perhitungan Kadar Sukrosa

Kadar sukosa pada *green bean* kopi arabika diperoleh dari analisis berdasarkan persamaan $Y = ax + b$, sehingga X bisa didapatkan dari persamaan (Mulyani, dkk., 2022) :

$$X = \frac{y-b}{a} \dots \text{Pers (1)}$$

a
Dimana:

Y : absorbansi

a : slope

b : intersep

x : konsentrasi sukrosa

Selanjutnya kadar sukrosa dalam mg/ml dapat dihitung menggunakan persamaan 2

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.f.5.T}{v}$$

Dimana:

E · faktor koreksi (0,9)

T : Jumlah (mg) sukrosa dalam green bean kopi arabika

V : volume sampel (mL)

- Kadar Sukrosa C1 (Wet Wash Fermented) Ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.572 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.852 \text{ mg/mL}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.852}{5} = 8.33\%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C1 (Wet Wash Fermented) Ulangan 2

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.546 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.764 \text{ mg/mL}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.764}{5} = 7.93\%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C1 (Wet Wash Fermented) Ulangan 3

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.557 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.801 \text{ mg/mL}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.801}{5} = 8.10\%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C2 (Wet Wash Fermented) Ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.495 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.590 \text{ mg/mL}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.590}{5} = 7.15 \%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C2 (Wet Wash Fermented) Ulangan 2

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.491 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.577 \text{ mg/mL}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.577}{5} = 7.09 \%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C2 (Wet Wash Fermented) Ulangan 3

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.456 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.458 \text{ mg/mL}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.458}{5} = 6.56 \%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C3 (Dry Wash Fermented) Ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.632 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 2.056 \text{ mg/mL}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.2.056}{5} = 9.25 \%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C3 (Dry Wash Fermented) ulangan 2

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.621 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 2.018 \text{ mg/mL}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.2.018}{5} = 9.08 \%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C3 (Dry Wash Fermented) ulangan 3

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.611 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.984 \text{ mg/ml}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.984}{5} = 8.93 \%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C4 (Dry Wash non Fermented) ulangan 1

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.474 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.519 \text{ mg/ml}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.519}{5} = 6.83\%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C4 (Dry Wash non Fermented) ulangan 2

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.469 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.502 \text{ mg/ml}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.502}{5} = 6.76\%$$

- Kadar Sukrosa C4 (Dry Wash non Fermented) ulangan 3

$$X = \frac{y - b}{a}$$

$$X = \frac{0.448 - 0.0265}{0.2945} = 1.431 \text{ mg/ml}$$

$$\% \text{ sukrosa} = \frac{5000.0.9.5.1.431}{5} = 6.44\%$$

Lampiran 3. Proses Pengolahan *Green Bean Kopi Arabika Meotde Wet Wash*



Lokasi penanaman sampel di Kampung Sanggaratimoro, Desa Kampala, Kecamatan Eremerasa, Kabupaten Bantaeng, Sulawesi Selatan.



Panen dan pemetikan buah kopi



Pulping



Fermentasi



Pencucian

Lanjutan Lampiran 3.



Penjemuran



Hulling



Green bean wet wash fermented



Green bean wet wash non fermented

Lampiran 4. Pengolahan *Green Bean* Arabika Dengan Metode *Dry Wash*



Panen dan pemetikan buah kopi



Fermentasi



Penjemuran



Hulling



Sampel *Green Bean Dry Fermented*



Sampel *Green Bean Dry Non Fermented*

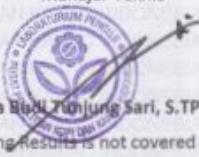
Lampiran 5. Hasil Uji Organoleptik

1. *Green Bean Wet Wash Fermented*

	LABORATORIUM PENGUJI (Laboratory for Testing) PUSAT PENELITIAN KOPI DAN KAKAO INDONESIA (Indonesian Coffee and Cocoa Research Institute) “LP PUSLITKOKA”																																	
LAPORAN HASIL UJI CITARASA (Report of Cup Testing)		FR-LP.5.10.01.02.01-C2																																
No. 02.22.1.0560 - C		 0 2 . 2 2 . 1 . 0 5 6 0																																
<p>No. Contoh (Sample number) : 02.22.1.0560 Tanggal Penerimaan Contoh (Sample received) : 19-12-2022 Tanggal Pengujian (Date of testing) : 20-12-2022 — 20-12-2022 Jenis Contoh (Kind of sample) : Biji kopi/green beans Arabica Identitas Contoh (Sample identity) : Kopi Arabika Wet Wash Fermentasi Bantaeng.</p>																																		
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Jember, 20-12-2022		Manajer Teknis  Ariza Budi Tunggul Sari, S.TP, M.Si																																

Lanjutan Lampiran 5.

2. *Green Bean Wet Wash non Fermented*

		LABORATORIUM PENGUJI (Laboratory for Testing) PUSAT PENELITIAN KOPI DAN KAKAO INDONESIA (Indonesian Coffee and Cocoa Research Institute) "LP PUSLITKOKA"																																	
		FR-LP. 5.10.01.02.01-C2																																	
LAPORAN HASIL UJI Citarasa (Report of Cup Testing)																																			
No. 02.22.1.0561 - C																																			
No. Contoh (Sample number)	: 02.22.1.0561																																		
Tanggal Penerimaan Contoh (Sample received)	: 19-12-2022																																		
Tanggal Pengujian (Date of testing)	: 20-12-2022 — 20-12-2022																																		
Jenis Contoh (Kind of sample)	: Biji kopi/green beans Arabica																																		
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 Manajer Teknis Ariza Budi Gunjung Sari, S.TP, M.Si																																			

Lanjutan Lampiran 5.

3. Green Bean Dry Wash Fermented

	LABORATORIUM PENGUJI <i>(Laboratory for Testing)</i> PUSAT PENELITIAN KOPI DAN KAKAO INDONESIA <i>(Indonesian Coffee and Cocoa Research Institute)</i> “LP PUSLITKOKA”																																
LAPORAN HASIL UJI CITARASA <i>(Report of Cup Testing)</i>																																	
No. 02.22.1.0562 - C																																	
FR-LP. 5.10.01.02.01-C2																																	
 0 2 . 2 2 . 1 . 0 5 6 2																																	
No. Contoh (Sample number) : 02.22.1.0562																																	
Tanggal Penerimaan Contoh (Sample received) : 19-12-2022																																	
Tanggal Pengujian (Date of testing) : 20-12-2022 — 20-12-2022																																	
Jenis Contoh (Kind of sample) : Biji kopi/green beans Arabica																																	
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 Ariza Budhi Darmung Sari, S.TP, M.Si Manajer Teknis																																	

Lanjutan Lampiran 5.

4. *Green Bean Dry Non Wash Fermented*

**LABORATORIUM PENGUJI
(Laboratory for Testing)**
PUSAT PENELITIAN KOPI DAN KAKAO INDONESIA
(Indonesian Coffee and Cocoa Research Institute)
“LP PUSLITKOKA”

LAPORAN HASIL UJI CITARASA
(Report of Cup Testing)

No. 02.22.1.0563 - C

No. Contoh (Sample number) : 02.22.1.0563

Tanggal Penerimaan Contoh (Sample received) : 19-12-2022

Tanggal Pengujian (Date of testing) : 20-12-2022 — 20-12-2022

Jenis Contoh (Kind of sample) : Biji kopi/green beans Arabica

Identitas Contoh (Sample identity) : Kopi Arabika Dry Non Fermentasi Bantaeng.

Skor Citarasa (Cup testing Score)*

Karakteristik (Characteristic)	Skor Citarasa (Cup testing Score)*	Karakteristik (Characteristic)	Skor Citarasa (Cup testing Score)*
Fragrance/aroma	6.75	Balance	6.75
Flavor	6.75	Clean cup	10.00
Aftertaste	6.75	Sweetness	10.00
Acidity	6.50	Overall	6.75
Body	7.50	Taint/Defect:	0.00
Uniformity	10.00	Final Score**	77.75

Comments: Brown Sugar, Rather Woody, Coffee Pulp Aroma, Rather Rubbery.

* Keterangan skor: 6.00 - 6.75 = Good; 7.00 - 7.75 = Very good; 8.00 - 8.75 = Excellent; 9.00 - 9.75 = Outstanding
(Score notation)

** Final Score notation: Nilai minimum untuk (Minimum Value for) Specialty Grade = 80

Jember, 20-12-2022

Catatan (Notes):

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Hasil analisis ini hanya berlaku selama 3 bulan (This results valid within 3 months).

Ariza Budi Hujung Sari, S.TP, M.Si
Manajer Teknis

Lampiran 6. Pengujian Kandungan Sukrosa

1. Pembuatan Larutan Standar



Penimbangan bahan larutan larutan standar



Pengukuran konsentrasi larutan standar



Larutan standar sebelum di panaskan



Proses pemanasan menggunakan Water Bath



Sampel larutan standar



Pengukuran panjang gelombang dan absorbansi

2. Pembuatan Ekstrak *Green Bean* Kopi Arabika



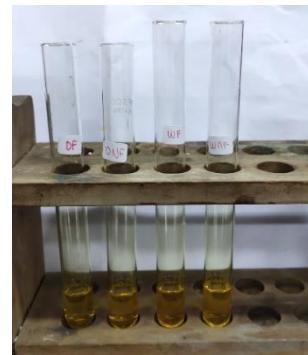
Proses grinder *green bean* kopi arabika



Proses penimbangan sampel *green bean*



Pembuatan ekstrak *green bean* kopi arabika



Pembuatan konsentrasi tiap sampel



Pemanasan menggunakan water bath



Sampel kopi arabika



Pengukuran absorbansi sampel

Lampiran 7. Uji Kandungan Lemak



Proses Grinder sampel



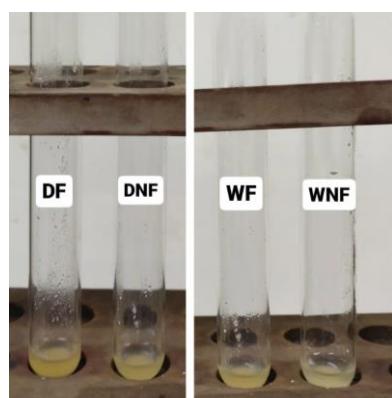
Proses penimbangan bahan



Penambahan KHSO₄ ke dalam sampel



Proses pemansan menggunakan bunsen



Sampel Green Bean Kopi Arabika

Lampiran 8. Pengujian Kandungan Asam Klorogenat

1. Pembuatan Larutan Standar



Proses penimbangan bahan



Proses pembuatan larutan standar



Larutan standar asam klorogenat



Pengukuran Panjang gelombang dan absorbansi

2. Uji Kandungan Asam Klorogenat Pada Sampel *Green Bean* Kopi Arabika



Proses penimbangan bahan



Proses ekstraksi metode soxhlet



Rangkaian alat soxhletasi



Sampel pengukuran absorbansi

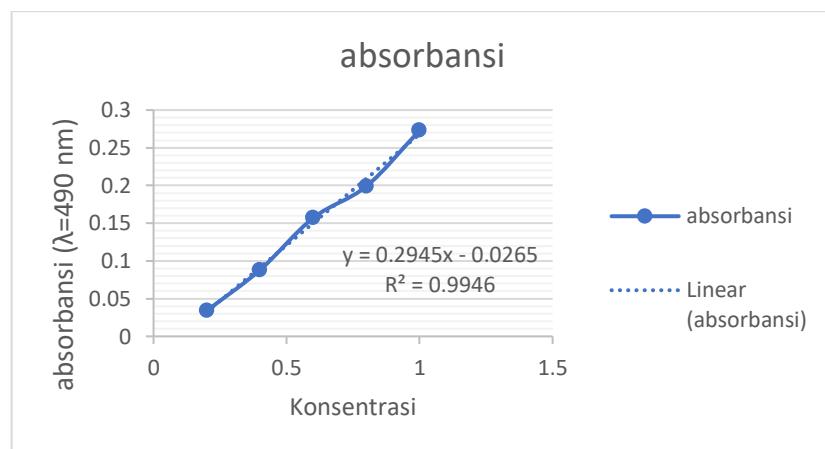


Pengukuran absorbansi sampel

Lampiran 9. Data Hasil Uji Spektrofotometri UV-Vis

1. Tabel dan grafik larutan standar sukrosa

Konsentrasi (mg/ml)	Absorbansi ($\lambda=490\text{nm}$)
0.2	0.034
0.4	0.088
0.6	0.157
0.8	0.199
1	0.273



2. Tabel Kadar Sukrosa *Green Bean Kopi Arabika*

Sampel	Absorbansi	Rata-rata	Kadar sukrosa (mg/ml)	Rata-rata (mg/mL)	Kadar Sukrosa (%)	Rata-rata (%)
C1	0.572	0.558	1.852	1.805	8.335	8.12
C1	0.546		1.764		7.938	
C1	0.557		1.801		8.106	
C2	0.495	0.480	1.590	1.542	7.158	6.93
C2	0.491		1.577		7.097	
C2	0.456		1.458		6.562	
C3	0.632	0.621	2.056	2.019	9.252	9.08
C3	0.621		2.018		9.084	
C3	0.611		1.984		8.931	
C4	0.474	0.463	1.519	1.484	6.837	6.67
C4	0.469		1.502		6.761	
C4	0.448		1.431		6.440	

Keterangan: C1 *wet wash fermented*, C2 *wet wash non fermented*, C3 *dry wash fermented*, dan C4 *dry wash non fermented*

Lampiran 10. Hasil Uji Anova dan Uji Lanjut Tukey Uji ANOVA

Hipotesis:

1. Uji ANOVA

ANOVA

Kandungan Kadar Sukrosa

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.450	3	.150	19.115	.001
Within Groups	.063	8	.008		
Total	.513	11			

- $H_0 = \text{tidak terdapat perbedaan signifikan}$
Syarat ($\text{Sig/P-value} > 0.05$)
- $H_1 = \text{terdapat perbedaan signifikan}$
Syarat ($\text{Sig/P-value} < 0.05$)

Kesimpulan Variabel Perlakuan, $0,000 < 0,05$, mempunyai arti bahwa ada perbedaan yang nyata antar kandungan sukrosa pada setiap sampel.

2. Uji Tukey

Kandungan Kadar Sukrosa

Tukey HSD ^a		Subset for alpha = 0.05	
Perlakuan	N	1	2
DNF	3	1.122241	
WNF	3	1.202603	
WF	3		1.466327
DF	3		1.601019
Sig.		.694	.315

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3.000.

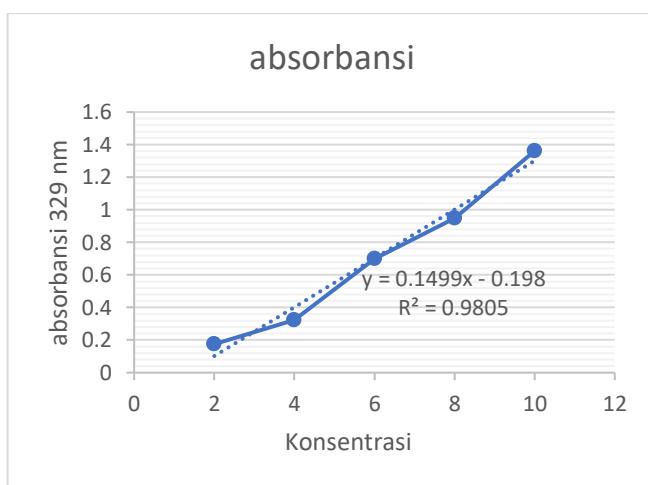
Lampiran 11. Hasil Uji Akrolein Pada Sampel *Green Bean* Kopi Arabika

Sampel	Perubahan Bau		Keterangan
	Sebelum	Sesudah	
C1 (Wet Wash Fermented))	Bau biji-bijian	Bau tengik	(+) Akrolein
C2 (Wet Wash Non Fermented)	Bau biji-bijian	Bau tengik	(+) Akrolein
C3 (Dry Wash Fermented)	Bau biji-bijian	Bau tengik	(+) Akrolein
C4 (Dry Wash Non Fermented)	Bau biji-bijian	Bau tengik	(+) Akrolein

Lampiran 12. Data hasil Uji Spektrofotometri UV-Vis

1. Tabel dan grafik larutan standar

Konsentrasi (ppm)	Absorbansi ($\lambda=329\text{nm}$)
2	0.175
4	0.323
6	0.699
8	0.949
10	1.361



2. Tabel Kadar Asam Klorogenat (CGA) pada *Green Bean Kopi Arabika*

Sampel	Absorbansi	Rata-rata	Kadar CGA (mg/L)	Rata-rata (mg/L)	Kadar CGA (%)	Rata-rata (%)
C1	0.217	0.217	0.126	0.126	6.337	6.34
C1	0.216		0.120		6.004	
C1	0.218		0.133		6.671	
C2	0.215	0.214	0.113	0.111	5.670	5.56
C2	0.213		0.100		5.003	
C2	0.216		0.120		6.004	
C3	0.219	0.220	0.140	0.146	7.004	7.33
C3	0.221		0.153		7.671	
C3	0.220		0.146		7.338	
C4	0.210	0.210	0.082	0.082	4.102	4.15
C4	0.212		0.093		4.669	
C4	0.209		0.073		3.669	

Keterangan: C1 *wet wash fermented*, C2 *wet wash non fermented*, C3 *dry wash fermented*, dan C4 *dry wash non fermented*

Lampiran 13. Hasil Uji Anova dan Uji Lanjut Tukey

1. Uji ANOVA

ANOVA

Kandungan Asam Klorogenat

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.007	3	.002	29.629	.000
Within Groups	.001	8	.000		
Total	.007	11			

Hipotesis:

- H_0 = tidak terdapat perbedaan signifikan
Syarat ($\text{Sig/P-value} > 0.05$)
- H_1 = terdapat perbedaan signifikan
Syarat ($\text{Sig/P-value} < 0.05$)

Kesimpulan Variabel Perlakuan, $0,000 < 0,05$, mempunyai arti bahwa ada perbedaan nyata antar kandungan asam klorogenat pada setiap sampel.

2. Uji Lanjut Tukey

Kandungan Asam Klorogenat

Tukey HSD^a

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05		
		1	2	3
DNF	3	.082944		
WNF	3		.111185	
WF	3		.126751	.126751
DF	3			.146765
Sig.		1.000	.196	.081

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3.000.