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## Lampiran

### Lampiran 1. Pembuktian faktor geometri konfigurasi Pole-Dipole

$$K = 2\pi \left( \frac{1}{\left( \frac{1}{r_1} - \frac{1}{r_3} \right)} \right)$$

$$K = 2\pi \left( \frac{1}{\left( \frac{1}{na} \right) - \left( \frac{1}{na + a} \right)} \right)$$

$$K = 2\pi a \left( \frac{1}{\left( \frac{1}{n} \right) - \left( \frac{1}{n+1} \right)} \right)$$

$$K = 2\pi a \left( \frac{1}{\frac{n+1 - (n)}{(n)(n+1)}} \right)$$

$$K = 2\pi a \left( \frac{1}{\frac{1}{n(n+1)}} \right)$$

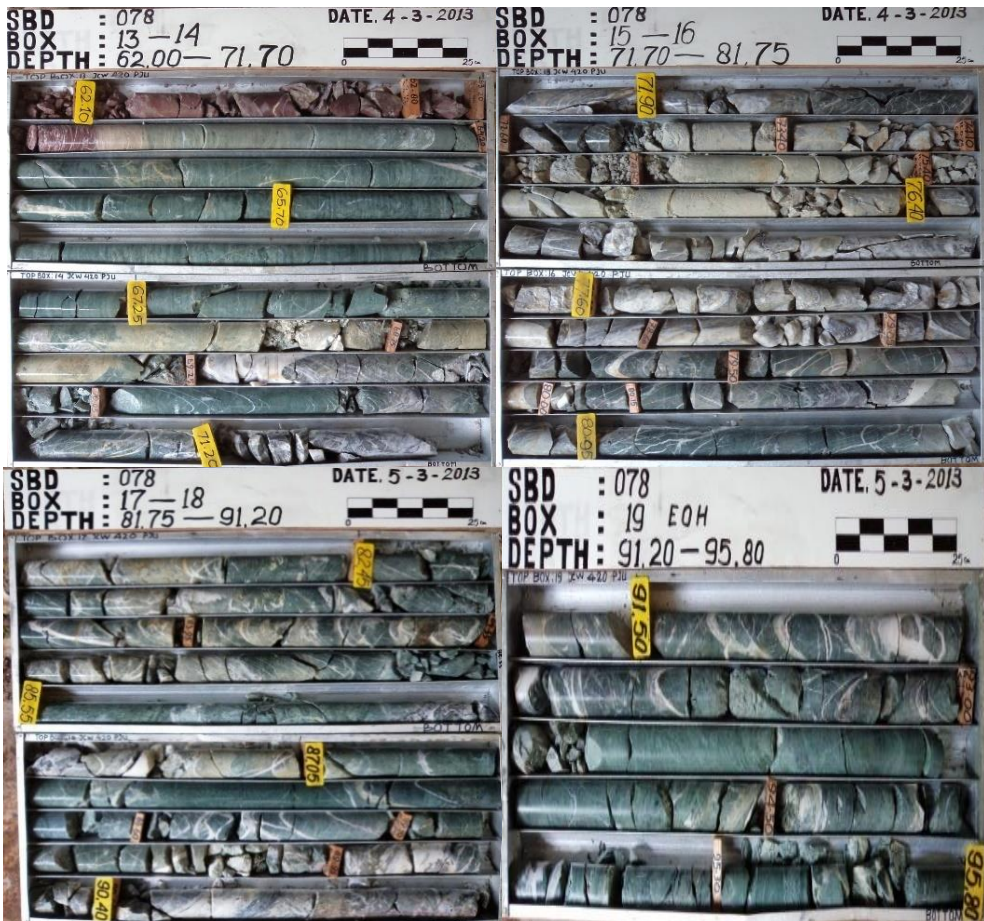
$$K = 2\pi a(n(n+1))$$

$$K = 2\pi a(n^2 + n)$$

Lampiran 2. Gambar FotoCore

1. SBD 078





**2. SBD 134**









3. SBD 002







4. SBD 146





