

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Abdul, H.S., Abdul, M. Andi, S. 2016. Optimasi Pemberian Skeletonema Costatum Yang Dipupuk Cairan Romen Dengan Kepadatan Yang Berbeda Terhadap Sintasan Larva Udang Vennamei (*Litopenaeus vannamei*) Stadia Zoea Sampai Mysis. Jurnal Ilmu Perikanan, 5(1).
- Adiwidjaya, D., Sapto P.R., Sutikno, E, Sugeng, & Subiyanto. 2003. Budidaya udang vaname (*Litopenaeus vannamei*) sistem tertutup yang ramah lingkungan. Departemen Kelautan dan Perikanan. Balai Besar Pengembangan Budidaya Air Payau Jepara, 29 hlm
- Akiyama, D.M, Domny, W.G. & Lawrence, A.L. 1992. Penaeid shrimp nutrition. Elsevier Publication, Amsterdam, 568 pp.
- Al Rizki, Ridho Budi., Setyaningsih, Maryanti., Meltiyani., Irdalisa. 2021. The Effect of Feeding Maggot Fluor (*Hermetia illucens*) on Fish Feed for Growth of Sangkuriang Catfish (*Clarias sp*). IOP Conf. Series: Earth and Environmental Science 755 (2021) 012007 doi:10.1088/1755-1315/755/1/012007.
- Alam, M. S., Watanabe, W.O., Sullivan, K.B., Rezek, T.C. & Seaton, P.J. 2012. Replacement of Menhaden Fish Meal Protein by Solvent-Extracted Soybean Meal Protein in the Diet of Juvenile Black Sea Bass Supplemented with or without Squid Meal, Krill Meal, Methionine, and Lysine. North Am. J. Aquacul., 74(2):251-265.
- Ambas, I., R. Fotedar., dan N. Buller. 2015. Bacillus mycoides Improves Health of Gastrointestinal Tract in Marron (*Cherax cainii*, Austin 2002). Journal of Aquaculture & Marine Biology Volume 2(2):00023.
- Anand, P.S.S., Balasubramanian, C.P., Christina, L., Kumar, S., Biswas, G., De, D., Ghoshal, T.K., Vijayan, K.K. 2019. Substrate based black tiger shrimp, *Penaeus monodon* culture: Stocking density, aeration and their effect on growth performance, water quality and periphyton development. Aquaculture, 507, 411-418. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2019.04.031>
- Anggorodi, R. 2005. Ilmu Makanan Ternak Umum. Gramedia Pustaka. Jakarta.
- AOAC. 2005. Official Methods of Analysis The Association of Official Analytical Chemist. 18thed. Maryland: AOAC International. William Harwitz (ed).
- Arts, M. T., Kohler, C. C. 2009. Health and condition in fish: The influence of lipids on membrane competency and immune response. In M. Kainz (Ed.), *Lipids in aquatic ecosystems* (pp. 237–256)as. New York, NY: Springer New York.
- Ashuri, N. M., Nurhayati, A. P. D., Warmadewanthi, I. D. A. A., Saptarini, D., Putra, A. B. K., Bagastyo, A. Y., & Rachmada, A. F. 2021. Pemanfaatan Limbah Kulit Kerang dan Limbah Sisa Pengolahan Ikan di Kecamatan Bulak Kota Surabaya. *Sewagati*, 5(3), 227-239.
- Aslamyah, S. & Karim, M. Y., 2013. Organoleptic, physical, and chemical tests of artificial feed for milk fish substituted by earthworm meal (*Lumbricus sp.*). Jurnal Akuakultur Indonesia, 11(2): 124, ISSN: 1412-5269, DOI: 10.19027/jai.11.124-

- Aslamyah, S., & Fujaya, Y. 2013. Laju Pengosongan Lambung, Komposisi Kimia Tubuh, Glikogen Hati dan Otot, Molting, dan Pertumbuhan Kepiting bakau pada Berbagai Persentase Pemberian Pakan dalam Budidaya Kepiting Cangkang Lunak. *Dipersentasekan pada Pertemuan Ilmiah Nasional Tahunan X ISOI*. Jakarta, 11-12
- Aslamyah, S., Karim, M. Y., & Badraeni, B. 2018. Pengaruh Dosis Mikroorganisme Mix. dalam Memfermentasi Bahan Baku Pakan yang Mengandung *Sargassum* sp. Terhadap Kinerja Pertumbuhan, Komposisi Kimia Tubuh dan Indeks Hepatosomatik Ikan Bandeng, (*Chanos chanos Forsskal*). *TORANI: Journal of Fisheries and Marine Science*, 1(2), 59-70
- Aslamyah, Siti., Hidayani, Andi Aliah., Badraeni., Azis, Hasni Yulianti dan Fujaya, Yushinta. 2021. The organoleptic, physical and chemical quality of mud crab fattening feed fermented with a microorganism mixture IOP Conf. Ser.: Earth Environ. Sci. 763 012032
- Badan Standarisasi Nasional. 7772. 2013. Pembesaran Udang Vaname (*Litopenaeus vannamei*) Semi Intensif di Tambak. Badan Standarisasi Nasional (BSN), Jakarta.
- Balazs GH, Ross E, Brooks CC. 1973. Preliminary studies on the preparation and feeding of crustacean diets. *Aquaculture* 8: 755-766.
- Barroso, F.G., Sánchez-Muros, M.J., Segura, M., Morote, E., Torres, A., Ramos, R. and Guil, J.L., 2017. Insects as food: enrichment of larvae of *Hermetia illucens* with omega 3 fatty acids by means of dietary modifications. *Journal of Food Composition and Analysis* 62: 8-13. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jfca.2017.04.008>
- Beier S and Bertilsson S. 2013. Bacterial chitin degradation-mechanisms and ecophysiological strategies. *Frontiers in Microbiology*, 4(149): 1-12 from <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3682446/>
- Belghit, I., Liland, N.S., Waagbø, R., Biancarosa, I., Pelusio, N., Li, Y., Krogdahl, Å., Lock, E.-J., 2018. Potential of insect-based diets for Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*). *Aquaculture* 491, 72–81.
- Bou, M., Berge, G. M., Baeverfjord, G., Sigholt, T., Østbye, T., Romarheim, O. H., Ruyter, B. 2017. Requirements of n-3 very long-chain PUFA in Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar* L.): Effects of different dietary levels of EPA and DHA on fish performance and tissue composition and integrity. *British Journal of Nutrition*, 117, 30–47.
- Boyd, C.E. 1990. Water quality in ponds for aquaculture. Auburn University. Alabama USA. 482 p.
- Briggs M., Funge-Smith S., Subasinghe R., Phillips M., 2004. Introductions and movement of *Penaeus vannamei* and *Penaeus stylostris* in Asia and the Pacific. FAO Regional Office for Asia and the Pacific, RAP publication 10, 92 pp.
- Bruni, L., R. Pastorelli, C. Viti, L. Gasco, and G. Parisi, "Characterization of the intestinal microbial communities of rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) fed with *Hermetia illucens* (black soldier fly) partially defatted larva meal as partial dietary protein source," *Aquaculture*, vol. 487, pp. 56–63, 2018.

- Bryand D L, Kadilak A L, and Pani S R. 2006. Good Management Practices for Shrimp Farming in Costa Rica (Costa Rica: Report Costa Rica Project Center) p 144.
- Brzezinska S M, Jankiewicz U, Burkowska A and Walczak M 2014 Chitinolytic microorganisms and their possible application in environmental protection. Current Microbiology, 68(1): 71–81 <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00284-013-0440-4>
- Budiman, R. M. 2014. Analisis Kandungan Bahan Ekstrat Tanpa Nitrogen (BETN) dan Lemak Kasar Pada Rumput Taiwan (*Pennisetum purpureum*) dan Kulit Buah Pisang Kepok yang Difermentasi dengan *Trichoderma* sp., Jurusan Peternakan, Fakultas Pertanian, Peternakan dan Perikanan, UMPAR. Parepare.
- Campenhout, L. Van. 2021. Fermentation technology applied in the insect value chain: making win-win between microbes and insect. Journal of insect as food and feed, 2021; 7(4): 377-381
- Castell, J.D., & Tiews, K. 1980. Report of the EIFAC, IUNS and ICES working group on the standardization of methodology in fish nutrition research. Hamburg. Germany EIFAC Tech. Paper, 24 pp.
- Cavalheiro, T. B., Carvajal, J. C. L., de Lucena, R. F. P., do Nascimento, C. V. C., & Ribeiro, T. T. B. C. (2023). Water parameters correlated with the zootechnical performance of shrimp *Litopenaeus vannamei* grown in oligohaline waters. Acta Scientiarum - Animal Sciences, 45, 1–9. <https://doi.org/10.4025/actascianimsci.v45i1.5770> 0
- Choi, I.H.; Kim, J.M.; Kim, N.J.; Kim, J.D.; Park, C.; Park, J.H.; Chung, T.H. Replacing fish meal by mealworm (*Tenebrio molitor*) on the growth performance and immunologic responses of white shrimp (*Litopenaeus vannamei*). *Acta Sci. Anim. Sci.* 2018, 40.
- Christelle, R., A. Jacqueline, C. Mireille, R. Jean, and K. Sadasivam, "Dietary lipid level, hepatic lipogenesis and flesh quality in turbot (*Psetta maxima*)," Aquaculture, vol. 193, no. 3, 2001.
- Clark DJ, Lawrence AL, Swakon DHD. Apparent chitin digestibility in penaeid shrimp. Aquaculture. 1993; 109:51–57. [https://doi.org/10.1016/0044-8486\(93\)90485-h](https://doi.org/10.1016/0044-8486(93)90485-h).
- Cummins, V.C., Rawles, S.D., Thompson, K.R., Velasquez, A., Kobayashi, Y., Hager, J., and Webster, C.D. 2017. Evaluation of black soldier fly (*Hermetia illucens*) larvae meal as partial or total replacement of marine fish meal in practical diets for pacific white shrimp (*Litopenaeus vannamei*). Journal of Aquaculture 473:337–344. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2017.02.022>
- Cuzon, G., Guillaume, J. and Cahu. C., 1994. Composition, preparation and utilization of feeds for crustaceans. Aquaculture, 124: 253-267.
- David, L.A., Bagau, B., Telleng, M.M. 2021. Pengaruh lama pemeraman berbeda terhadap kualitas fisik dan ph silase sorgum varietas samurai 2 ratun ke satu. Zootec. 41(2), 464–471. <https://doi.org/10.35792/zot.41.2.2021 .36739>.
- Dawood, Mahmoud A.O. and Koshio, Shunsuke. 2019. Application of fermentation strategy in aquafeed for sustainable aquaculture. Reviews in Aquaculture
- Defrizal dan M. Khalil. 2015. Pengaruh Formulasi yang Berbeda pada Pakan Pelet

terhadap Pertumbuhan Ikan Lele Dumbo (*Clarias gariepinus*). Jurnal Acta Aquatica, 2(2): 101-106.

Dhall, W. and D. J. W. Moriarty., 1984. Functional aspects of nutrition and digestion: the midgut. In: The Biology of Crustacea (Ed. D. E. Bliss and L. H. Mantel), , Internal Anatomy and Physiological Regulation. Academic Press, Orlando, FL, 5: 215-251

Diaz, Fernando., Farfan, Claudia., Sierra, Elizabeth., Denisse Re, Ana. 2001. Effects of temperature and salinity fluctuation on the ammonium excretion and osmoregulation of juveniles of *Penaeus vannamei*, Boone, Marine and Freshwater Behaviour and Physiology, 34:2, 93-104, DOI: 10.1080/10236240109379062

Diener S, Studt Solano NM, Roa Gutiérrez F, Zurbrügg C, Tockner K. 2011. Biological treatment of municipal organic waste using Black Soldier Fly larvae. Waste Biomass Valorization. 2:357-36

Djajasewaka dan Djajadiredja. R., 1990. Budidaya Ikan di Indonesia. Cara Pengembangannya. Badan Litbang Pertanian. Lembaga Penelitian perikanan Darat. Jakarta. 48 hal.

Dumas, A., Raggi, T., Barkhouse, J., Lewis, E., Weltzien, E., 2018. The oil fraction and partially defatted meal of black soldier fly larvae (*Hermetia illucens*) affect differently growth performance, feed efficiency, nutrient deposition, blood glucose and lipid digestibility of rainbow trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*). Aquaculture 492, 24–34. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2018.03.038>.

Effendi, H. 2000. Telaah kualitas air : Bagi Pengelolaan Sumberdaya dan Lingkungan Perairan. Institut Pertanian Bogor.

Effendi, I. 2004. Pengantar akuakultur. Jakarta : Penebar Swadaya.

Effendie, M. I. 2002. Biologi Perikanan. Yogyakarta: Yayasan Pustaka Nusatama.

Fasakin, A. M. Balogun, and O. O. Ajayi, "Evaluation of full-fat and defatted maggot meals in the feeding of clariid catfish *Clarias gariepinus* fingerlings," *Aquaculture Research*, vol. 34, no. 9, pp. 733–738, 2003.

Fauzi, R.U.A. & Sari, E.R.N. 2018. Analisis Usaha Budidaya Maggot sebagai Alternatif Pakan Lele. Industria: Jurnal Teknologi dan Manajemen Agroindustri. 7(1):39-46.

Felix, N and Brindo, R Alan. 2008. Fermented feed ingredients as fish meal replacer in aquafeed production. Technology 39: 253-261

Finke MD. 2007. Estimate of chitin in raw whole insects. Zoo Biol. 26:105-115.

Fujaya, Y. 2004. Fisiologi Ikan Dasar Pengembangan Teknik Perikanan. Jakarta: Rineka Cipta.

Gautam., S.S., Mishra, S., Dash, V., Amit, K. and Rath, G. Comparative study of extraction, purification and estimation of bromelain from stem and fruit of pineapple plant. India: Thai J. Pharm. Sci. 34, 2010.

Ghimire, Shlesha. 2021. The effect of black soldier fly (*Hermetia illucens*) larvae fractions

in diets for Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*) on extruder parameters, pellet quality, growth performance and nutrient utilization. Master Thesis Norwegian University of Life Sciences

Gibson, R., Barker, P.L., 1979. The decapod hepatopancreas. Oceanogr. Mar. Biol. 17, 285– 346.

Ginting S. P., dan Rantan K. 2006. Pengaruh fermentasi menggunakan beberapa strain Trichoderma dan masa inkubasi berbeda terhadap komposisi kimiawi bungkil inti sawit. Seminar Nasional Teknologi Peternakan dan Veteriner; 939-944.

Gobbi P, Martínez-Sánchez A, Rojo S. 2013. The effects of larval diet on adult life-history traits of the Black Soldier Fly, *Hermetia illucens* (Diptera: Stratiomyidae). Eur J Entomol. 110:461-468.

Gold, Moritz., Tomberlin, Jeffery K., Diener, Stefan., Zurbrügg, Christian., Mathys,Alexander. Decomposition of biowaste macronutrients, microbes, and chemicals in black soldier fly larval treatment: A review,Waste Management, Volume 82, 2018,Pages 302-318, ISSN 0956-053X,<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.wasman.2018.10.022>.

Gopalakannan, A. and Arul, V., 2006. Immunomodulatory effects of dietary intake of chitin, chitosan and levamisole on the immune system of *Cyprinus carpio* and control of *Aeromonas hydrophila* infection in ponds. Aquaculture 255(1-4): 179-187. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2006.01.012>

Groenewald, N.J., 2018. Comparison of growth performance of Nile tilapia (*Oreochromis niloticus*) fingerlings fed different inclusion levels of black soldier fly (*Hermetia illucens*) pre-pupae meal diets and its effect on the physical characteristics of the feed. Doctoral dissertation, Stellenbosch University, Stellenbosch, South Africa.

Gunarto dan E.A. Hendrajat. 2008. Budidaya Udang Vanamei (*Litopenaeus vannamei*) Pola Semi Intensif dengan Aplikasi Beberapa Jenis Probiotik Komersil. J. Ris. Akuakultur, 3 (3): 339-349.

Haliman. R.W. & Adijaya, D.S. 2005. Udang vaname: Pembudidayaan dan prospek pasar udang putih yang tahan penyakit. Jakarta: Penebar Swadaya, 75 hlm.

Halver, J.E. 1989. Fish Nutrition, Second Edition. Academic Press. San Diego. C.A

Han, S., Wang, B., Liu, M., Wang, M., Jiang, K., Liu, X., & Wang, L. 2018. Adaptation of the white shrimp *Litopenaeus vannamei* to gradual changes to a low-pH environment. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 149, 203–210. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2017.11.052>

Han, S., Wang, B., Wang, M., Liu, Q., Zhao, W., & Wang, L. 2017. Effects of ammonia and nitrite accumulation on the survival and growth performance of white shrimp *Litopenaeus vannamei*. *Invertebrate Survival Journal*, 14(1), 221-232.

Handajani, H., dan Widodo, W. 2010. Nutrisi ikan. Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang. Malang, 271.

Handayani IS, Tampubolon BIM, Subrata A, Pujaningsih RI. Evaluasi Organoleptik Multinutrien Blok yang dibuat dengan Menggunakan Metode Dingin pada Perbedaan Aras Molases. Jurnal Ilmu Nutrisi dan Teknologi Pakan 2019;17(3):64–68.

- Hansen, J.Ø., Shearer, K.D., Øverland, M., Penn, M.H., Krogdahl, Å., Mydland, L.T., Storebakken, T., 2011. Replacement of LT fish meal with a mixture of partially de-shelled krill meal and pea protein concentrates in diets for Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*). *Aquaculture* 315 (3–4), 275–282. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2011.02.038>.
- Harefa, Deseniel., Adelina, Suharman, Indra., Et Al. 2018. Pemanfaatan Fermentasi Tepung Maggot (*Hermetia illucens*) Sebagai Substitusi Tepung Ikan Dalam Pakan Buatan Untuk Benih Ikan Baung (*Hemibagrus nemurus*). Fisheries And Marine Science Faculty, University Of Riau
- Hassaan MS, Soltan MA, Mohammady EY, Elashry MA, El-Haroun ER, Davies SJ. 2018. Growth and physiological responses of Nile tilapia, *Oreochromis niloticus* fed dietary fermented sunflower meal inoculated with *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* and *Bacillus subtilis*. *Aquaculture* 495: 592–601.
- Herawati, Vivi Endar., Susilo, Aan., Pinandoyo., Hutabarat, Johannes., Sugianto, Denny Nugroho., Wirasatriya, Anindya., dan Radjasa, Ocky Karna. 2019. Optimization of Fish Meal Substitution With Maggot Meal (*Hermetia illucens*) for Growth and Feed Utilization Efficiency of Juvenile *Litopenaeus vannamei*. Asian Jr. of Microbiol. Biotech. Env. Sc. Vol. 21, No. (2) : 2019 : 284-297. Global Science Publication.
- Hidayah, N, I.P, Retno dan J.M.T Baginda. 2017. Kualitas Fisik Organoleptik limbah tauge kacang hijau yang difermentasi menggunakan *Trichoderma* dengan aras starter dan lama pemeraman yang berbeda. *Buletin SIntesis*, 21(4): 21-25.
- Hu, J., Wang, G., Huang, W., Zhao, H., Mo, W., and Huang, Y. 2019. Effects of fish meal replacement by black soldier fly (*Hermetia illucens*) larvae meal on growth performance, body composition, serum biochemical indexes and antioxidant ability of juvenile *Litopenaeus vannamei*. *Chin. J. Animal Nutr.* 31, 5292–5300. doi: 10.3969/j.issn.1006-267x.2019.11.046
- Hugues, de V., Komen, H., Quillet, E., Chatain, B., Allal, F., Benzie, J.A.H. & Vandeputte, M. 2018. Improving feed efficiency in fish using selective breeding: a review. *Aquaculture*, 0(4): 833-851. doi: 10.1111/raq.12202.
- Husma, A., 2017. Biologi Pakan Alami. Cv Social Politic Genius (Sign).
- Irungu, F.G., Mutungi, C.M., Faraj, A.K., Affognon, H., Kibet, N., Tanga, C., Ekesi, S., Nakimbugwe, D., Fiaboe, K.K.M., 2018. Physico-chemical properties of extruded aquafeed pellets containing black soldier fly (*Hermetia illucens*) larvae and adult cricket (*Acheta domesticus*) meals. *J. Insects Food Feed.* 4 (1), 19–30. <https://doi.org/10.3920/JIFF2017.0008>.
- Isahak A, Doni F, Zain C R C M, Yusoff W M W, Mohamed W N A W and Ahmad A 2014 Trichoderma In Plant Biodiversity - Based : Research, Innovation and Business Opportunities II, edited by A Abdullah, W K Kee, and S Tih, First Prin, 90–104 BioBiz Innovation Research Group, Selangor .
- Jahan MS, Asaduzzaman M, Sarkar A. Performance of broilers fed on mash, pellets, and crumbles. *Int J. Poultry Sci.* 2006;5(3):265-270.
- Jobling, Malcolm. 2011. Food Intake in Fish. Blackwell Science Ltd

Kantun. W., Malik. A. A., Harianti. 2015. Kelayakan Limbah Padat Tuna Loin Madidihang (*Thunus albacares*) untuk Bahan Baku Produk di Versifikasi. Jurnal Pengolahan Hasil Perikanan, 18(3): 303- 314.

Karlsen, O., Amlund, H., Berg, A., Olsen, R.E., 2017. The effect of dietary chitin on growth and nutrient digestibility in farmed Atlantic cod, Atlantic salmon and Atlantic halibut. Aquac. Res. 48, 123–133.

Katmoko, G. M. D., Risjani, Y., & Masithah, E. D. 2021. Analysis of phytoplankton structure community, water quality and cultivation performance in *Litopenaeus vannamei* intensive pond located in Tembokrejo Village, Muncar, Banyuwangi. The Journal of Experimental Life Sciences, 11(3), 68–76. <https://doi.org/10.21776/ub.jels.2021.011.03.01>

Katya, K., Borsra, M.Z.S., Ganesan, D., Kuppusamy, G., Herriman, M., Salter, A. and Ali, S.A., 2017. Efficacy of insect larval meal to replace fish meal in juvenile barramundi, *Lates calcarifer* reared in freshwater. International Aquatic Research 9(4): 303-312. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40071-017-0178-x>

Kramer KJ, Koga D. 1986. Insect chitin. Physiological state, synthesis, degradation and metabolic regulation. Insect Biochem 1986, 16:851–877.

Krisna,R. 2005. The Effect of Application of tea waste (*Cammelia Sinensis*) Fermented with *Aspergillus niger* on Broiler.JITV,10(1):1-5.

Krisnan, R dan S.P Ginting. 2009. Penggunaan Solid Ex-Decanter sebagai Binder Pembuatan pakan komplit berbentuk pellet: Evaluasi fisik pakan komplit berbentuk pellet. Seminar Nasional Teknologi Peternakan dan Veteriner. Bogor, 13-14 Agustus 2009. Hal : 480-486

Kroeckel, S., Harjes, A.G.E., Roth, I., Katz, H., Wuertz, S., Susenbeth, A., Schulz, C., 2012. When a turbot catches a Fly: evaluation of a pre-pupae meal of the black soldier fly (*Hermetia illucens*) as sh meal substitute - growth performance and chitin degradation in juvenile turbot (*Psetta maxima*). Aquaculture 364–365, 345–352.

Kumar, B.N.; Murthy, H.S.; Patil, P.; Doddamani, P.L.; Patil, R. Enhanced immune response and resistance to white tail disease in chitin-diet fed freshwater prawn, *Macrobrachium rosenbergii*. Aquac. Rep. 2015, 2, 34–38

Kumar, P., Kailasam, M., Sethil, S.N., Sukumaran, K., Biswas, G., Subburaj, R., Thiagarajan, S., Ghoshal, T.K. & Vijayan, K.K. 2017. Effect of dietary L-tryptophan on cannibalism, growth and survival of Asian seabass, *Lates calcarifer* (Bloch, 1790) fry. Indian Journal of Fisheries. 64:28-32. doi: 10.21077/ijf.2017.64.2.61333-05.

Kureshy, N., & Davis, D. A. 2002. Protein requirement for maintenance and maximum weight gain for the Pacific white shrimp, *Litopenaeus vannamei*. Aquaculture, 204(1-2), 125-143.

Lazur, A. 2007. Growout Pond and Water Quality Management. College Park, University of Maryland. USA

Lee SM, Hwang UG, Cho SH. 2000. Effects of feeding frequency and dietary moisture content on growth, body composition and gastric evacuation of juvenile Korean

- rockfish (*Sebastes schlegeli*). *Aquaculture*, 187: 399-409.
- Lee, C., and Lee, K. J. 2018. Dietary protein requirement of Pacific white shrimp *Litopenaeus vannamei* in three different growth stages. *Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences*, 21(1), 1-6.
- Lestariningsih, L., Ansori, S., & Haryuni, N. 2022. Evaluasi Kualitas Fisik Maggot Dengan Level Pemberian *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* Sebagai Kandidat Penganti Tepung Ikan Pada Pakan Ayam. *Jurnal Ilmiah Fillia Cendekia*, 7(2), 135-140.
- Li E, Yu N, Chen L, Zeng C, Liu L, Qin JG. 2010. Dietary vitamin B6 requirement of the Pacific white shrimp, *Litopenaeus vannamei*, at low salinity. *J World Aquac Soc* 41:756e63.
- Lin SM., Mao SH., Guan Y., Lin X., Luo L., 2012. Dietary administration of chitooligosaccharides to enhance growth, innate immune response and disease resistance of *Trachinotus ovatus*. *Fish Shellfish Immunol.* 32:909-913.
- Lin YH., Shiau S-Y., 2005. Dietary selenium requirements of juvenile grouper, *Epinephelus malabaricus*. *Aquaculture* 250:356e63.
- Loya-Javellana, G.N., Fielder, D.R., Thorne, M.J., 1995. Foregut evacuation, return of appetite and gastric fluid secretion in the tropical freshwater crayfish, *Cherax quadricarinatus*. *Aquaculture* 134, 295–306.
- Lucas, J. S. and P. C. Southgate. 2003. Aquaculture Farming Aquatic Animals and Plants. Fishing News Books. Blackwell Publishing Company, Oxford. pp. 404-410.
- Mahendra, dan Widyanti, Reny Nurlina. 2018. Pertumbuhan Dan Sintasan Benih Lobster Air Tawar (*Cherax Quadricarinatus*) Yang Diberi Pakan Silase Limbah Viseral Ikan. *Jurnal Akuakultura Volume 2 Nomor 1 Tahun 2018*.
- Makkar, H.P.S., G. Tran, V. Heuze, and P. Anreas. 2014. State of the art on use of insects as animal feed. *Anim Feed Sci Technol.* 197:1-33.
- McGaw, I. J., & Curtis, D. L. 2013. A review of gastric processing in decapod crustaceans. *Journal of Comparative Physiology B*, 183(4), 443-465.
- Miranda M, del Carmen Flores.,Luna-Gonz alez A., Cort es-Espi- nosa DV, A Ivarez-Ruiz P, Cort es-Jacinto E, Valdez-Gonz alez FJ, et al (2015) Effects of diets with fermented duckweed (*Lemna sp.*) on growth performance and gene expression in the Pacific white shrimp, *Litopenaeus vannamei*. *Aquaculture International* 23: 547–561.
- Mitra A, Flynn KJ .2007. Importance of interaction between food quality, quantity and gut transit time on consumer feeding growth and trophic dynamics. *Am Nat* 169:632–646
- Motte, C. Rios, A. Lefebvre, T., Do, H., Henry, M., Jintasataporn, O. 2019. Replacing fish meal with defatted insect meal (Yellow mealworm *Tenebrio molitor*) improves the growth and immunity of pacific white shrimp (*Litopenaeus vannamei*). *Animals*, 9, E258.
- Muck RE. 2010. Silage microbiology and its control through additives. *Revista Brasileira*

- de Zootecnia, Vol. 39, p. 183-191.
- Mudjiman, A. 2008. Makanan Ikan. Edisi revisi. Jakarta: Penebar Swadaya.
- Mukherjee R., Chakraborty R., Dutta A. 2016. Role of fermentation in improving nutritional quality of soybean meal—a review. Asian-Australasian Journal of Animal Sciences 29(11): 1523.
- Mulia, D. S., Wulandari, F., & Maryanto, H. 2017. Uji Fisik Pakan Ikan yang Menggunakan Binder Tepung Gapplek (Physical Test of Fish Feed Using Cassava Flour Binder). JRST (*Jurnal Riset Sains dan Teknologi*), 1(1), 37-44.
- Mulyani, Y.S dkk. 2014. Pertumbuhan Dan Efisiensi Pakan Ikan Nila (*Oreochromis niloticus*) Yang Dipuaskan Secara Periodik. Jurnal Akuakultur Rawa Indonesia. 2(1) : 01-12.
- Murdinah, 2007. Studi Stabilitas dalam Air dan Daya Pikit Udang Berbentuk Pellet, Disertasi S3 (Tidak Dipublikasikan). Program Pasca Sarjana Institut Pertanian Bogor, Bogor.
- Nafisah, Ainun., Nahrowi., Rita Mutia, and Anuraga Jayanegara. 2019. Chemical composition, chitin and cell wall nitrogen content of Black Soldier Fly (*Hermetia illucens*) larvae after physical and biological treatment. IOP Conf. Series: Materials Science and Engineering 546 (2019) 042028 doi:10.1088/1757-899X/546/4/042028
- Nasution, M.I.A., Yunilas., and Mirwandhono.,E.2020. Black Soldier Fly (*Hermetia illucens*) Prepupa Phase Fermentation by Organic Acids to Decrease Chitin Content. Jurnal Peternakan Integratif Vol. 8, No. 3, 2020.
- Nengsih, E. A., 2015. Pengaruh aplikasi probiotik terhadap kualitas air dan pertumbuhan udang *Litopenaeus vannamei*. JURNAL BIOSAINS, 1(1): 11–16.
- Ng, W. K., Liew, F. L., Ang, L. P., & Wong, K. W. 2001. Potential of mealworm (*Tenebrio molitor*) as an alternative protein source in practical diets for African catfish, *Clarias gariepinus*. *Aquaculture Research*, 32(2001), 273–280.
- Ninsix, R. 2012. Pengaruh ekstraksi lemak terhadap rendemen dan karakteristik tepung ampas kelapa yang dihasilkan. J. Teknologi Pertanian. 1 (1): 1-16.
- Niu, J.; Lin, H.Z.; Jiang, S.G.; Chen, X.; Wu, K.C.; Liu, Y.J.; Tian, L.X. Comparison of effect of chitin, chitosan, chitosan oligosaccharide and N-acetyl-d-glucosamine on growth performance, antioxidant defenses and oxidative stress status of *Penaeus monodon*. *Aquaculture* 2013, 372, 1–8.
- Novriadi, R., Davies, S., Triatmaja, K.I.K, Hermawan, M., Kontara, E.K.M., Tanaka, B., Rinaldy, A., Nugroho, J.E. 2024. Black Soldier Fly (*Hermetia illucens*) as an Alternative to Marine Ingredients Elicits Superior Growth Performance and Resistance to *Vibrio harveyi* Infection for Pacific White Shrimp (*Litopenaeus vannamei*). *Turkish Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences*, 24(1), TRJFAS24343. <https://doi.org/10.4194/TRJFAS24343>
- NRC 2011. Nutrient requirements of fish and shrimp. The National Academic Press, Washington DC, USA.

- Nuhman. 2009. Pengaruh Prosentase Pemberian Pakan terhadap Kelangsungan Hidup dan Laju Pertumbuhan Udang Vaname (*Litopenaeus vannamei*). Jurnal Ilmiah Perikanan dan Kelautan. 1(2):193 – 197.
- Nunes, A.J.P., Parsons, G.J., 2000. Size related feeding and gastric evacuation measurements for the Southern brown shrimp *Penaeus subtilis*. Aquaculture 187, 133–151
- Pamungkas W.2011. Fermentation Technology, Alternative Solutions in Efforts to Use Local Feed Ingredients. *Journal Media Akuakultur* 6(1) 43-48
- Pan-Lu-Qing, Fang bo, Jiang Ling-Xu, & Liu-Jing. 2007a. The Effect of Temperature on Selected Immune Parameters of White Shrimp, (*Litopenaeus vannamei*). Journal of the World Aquaculture Society. 38 (2), 326-332.
- Pan, L. Q., Zhang, L. J., & Liu, H. Y. 2007b. Effects of salinity and pH on ion-transport enzyme activities, survival and growth of *Litopenaeus vannamei* postlarvae. *Aquaculture*, 273(4), 711-720.
- Panjaitan AS, Hadie W, Harijati S, 2014. Pemeliharaan larva udang vannamei (*Litopenaeus vannamei*, Boone 1931) dengan pemberian penis phytoplankton yang berbeda. *jurnal Manajemen perikanan dan kelautan*. 1(1) Badan Penerapan Pengakajian dan Teknologi 5(3): 187-192.
- Pratiwi, R.S., Susanto, T.E., Wardani, Y.A.K., Sutrisno, A. 2014. Enzim kitinase dan aplikasi di bidang industri. *Jurnal Pangan dan Agroindustri*, 3(3), 878-887
- Psarianos, M., Ojha, S., Schneider, R., & Schlüter, O. K. 2022. Chitin Isolation and Chitosan Production from House Crickets (*Acheta domesticus*) by Environmentally Friendly Methods. *Molecules*, 27(15), 5005.
- Purba, C. Y. 2012. Performa Pertumbuhan, Kelulushidupan, Dan Kandungan Nutrisi Larva Udang Vanamei (*Litopenaeus Vannamei*) Melalui Pemberian Pakan Artemia Produk Lokal yang Diperkaya dengan Sel Diatom. *Journal of Aquaculture Management and Technology*. 1(1):102-115.
- Putra, A. N. 2010. Kajian Probiotik, Prebiotik, dan Sinbiotik untuk Meningkatkan Kinerja Pertumbuhan Ikan Nila (*Oreochromis niloticus*) [Tesis]. Institut Pertanian Bogor.Bogor.
- Rachmawati, D., Hutabarat, J., Fiat, A. I., Elfitasari, T., Windarto, S., & Dewi, E. N. C. 2021. Penambahan Asam Amino Triptofan Dalam Pakan Terhadap Tingkat Kanibalisme Dan Pertumbuhan *Litopenaeus vannamei*. *Jurnal Kelautan Tropis*, 24(3), 343-352.
- Rahman, R., Lahming, L., & Fadilah, R. 2018. Evaluasi Komponen Gizi pada Pakan Udang Fermentasi. *Jurnal Pendidikan Teknologi Pertanian*, 4(2), 101-111.
- Rathore AS.,and Gupta RD. 2015. Chitinases from bacteria to human: properties, applications, and future perspectives. *Enzyme Res.* 2015;2015:791907.
- Ravi, H.K., Degrou, A., Costil, J., Trespeuch, C., Chemat, F. and Vian, M.A., 2020. Larvae mediated valorization of industrial, agriculture and food wastes: Biorefinery concept through bioconversion, processes, procedures, and products. *Processes* 8: 857. <https://doi.org/10.3390/pr8070857>

- Reymond, H., Lagarde`re, J.P., 1990. Feeding rhythms and food of *Penaeus japonicus* Bate (Crustacea, Penaeidae) in salt water ponds: role of halophilic entomofauna. Aquaculture 81, 125–143.
- Richardson,A.; Dantas-Lima, J.; Lefranc, M.; Walraven, M. Effect of a Black Soldier Fly Ingredient on the Growth Performance and Disease Resistance of Juvenile Pacific White Shrimp (*Litopenaeus vannamei*). *Animals* 2021, 11,1450. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ani11051450>
- Romadhona, B. Yulianto, & B. Sudarno. 2015. Fluktuasi Kandungan Amonia dan Beban Cemaran Lingkungan Tambak Udang Vannamei Intensif dengan Teknik Panen Parsial dan Panen Total. Indonesian Journal of Fisheries Science and Technology, ISSN : 1858-4748.
- Rust, M.B., 2002. Nutritional physiology. In: Halver, J.E. and Hardy R.W. (eds.) Fish nutrition. Academic Press, New York, NY, USA, pp. 368-446.
- Saade, Edison., Aslamyah, Siti., Salam, Nur Insana. 2011. Kualitas pakan buatan udang windu yang menggunakan berbagai dosis tepung rumput laut (*Gracilaria gigas*) sebagai bahan perekat.Jurnal Akuakultur Indonesia.
- Safitri, Fifit Erliyana. 2014. Pemanfaatan Limbah Padat Surimi Ikan Swanggi (*Priacanthus Macracanthus*) Secara Kimia Terhadap Kandungan Nutrisi Sebagai Alternatif Bahan Pakan Ikan. Skripsi. Universitas Airlangga, Surabaya.
- Sagi, A. and Z. Ra'anana. 1988. Morphotypic differentiation of male of the fresh-water prawn *Macrobrachium rosenbergii*: changes in the midgut glands and the reproductive system. Journal of Crustacean Biology. 8: 43-47.
- Sánchez-Muros, M.J., Barroso, F.G. and Manzano-Agugliaro, F., 2014. Insect meal as renewable source of food for animal feeding: a review. Journal of Cleaner Production 65: 16-27. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2013.11.068>
- Shiau, S.Y. and Yu, Y.P., 1999. Dietary supplementation of chitin and chitosan depresses growth in tilapia, *Oreochromis niloticus* × *O. aureus*. Aquaculture 179(1-4): 439-446. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0044-8486\(99\)00177-5](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0044-8486(99)00177-5)
- Shin J, Lee K-J. 2021. Digestibility of insect meals for Pacific white shrimp (*Litopenaeus vannamei*) and their performance for growth, feed utilization and immune responses. PLoS ONE 16(11): e0260305. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0260305>
- SNI (Standar Nasional Indonesia). 2009. SNI 7549 2009 : Pakan Buatan Udang Vannamei. Badan Standarisasi Nasional. Jakarta. 6 hal
- Soares R., Wasielesky,W., Peixoto S.,, D'Incao, F., 2005. Food consumption and gastric emptying of *Farfantepenaeus paulensis*. Aquaculture 250 (2005) 283–290
- Soetamans, Lise., Uyttebroek, Maarten., Bastiaens, Leen. 2020. Characteristics of chitin extracted from black soldier fly in different life stages. International Journal of Biological Macromolecules 165 3206–3214
- Spranghers, T., Ottoboni, M., Klootwijk, C., Ovyn, A., Deboosere, S., De Meulenaer, B., Michiels, J., Eeckhout, M., De Clercq, P., De Smet, S., 2017. Nutritional composition of black soldier y (*Hermetia illucens*) prepupae reared on different organic waste substrates. J. Sci. Food Agric. 97, 2594–2600.

- St-Hilaire S, Cranfill K, McGuire MA, Mosley EE, Tomberlin JK, Newton L, Sealey W, Sheppard C, Irving S. 2007. Fish offal recycling by the black soldier fly produces a foodstuff high in omega-3 fatty acids. *Journal of the World Aquaculture Society*. 38(2): 309–313
- Sukanya, M., Bolukandura, B.V.T.T., Bandara, L.W.D., Hewavitharana, K.H.I.K., 2022. Chitin extraction from shrimp shell waste using pineapple crude enzyme. Proceedings of the 4th International Conference of Agricultural Sciences. Faculty of Agricultural Sciences. Sabaragamuwa University of Sri Lanka.
- Sukarman, S. 2010. Steam dalam Pembuatan Pakan Untuk Komoditas Akuakultur. *Media Akuakultur*, 5(2), 123-128.
- Sukaryana Y, Atmomarsono U, Yunianto VD, Supriyatna E. 2010. Bioconversions of palm kernel cake and rice bran mixtures by *Trichoderma viride* toward nutritional contents. *J Sci Eng*. 1:27-32.
- Sun H, Tang JW, Yao XH, Wu YF, Wang X, Liu Y et al. 2015. Partial substitution of fish meal with fermented cottonseed meal in juvenile black sea bream (*Acanthopagrus schlegelii*) diets. *Aquaculture* 446: 30–36.
- Sunarto dan Sabariah. 2009. Pemberian pakan buatan dengan dosis berbeda terhadap pertumbuhan dan konsumsi pakan benih ikan semah (*Tor douronensis*) dalam upaya domestikasi. *Jurnal Akuakultur Indonesia*. *Jurnal Akuakultur Indonesia* 8 (1): 67-76
- Supono. 2018. Manajemen Kualitas Air Untuk Budidaya Udang. CV. Anugrah Utama Raharja : Bandar lampung.
- Supriyatna A. & Ukit. 2016. Screening and Isolation of Cellulolytic Bacteria from Gut of Black Soldier Flys Larva (*Hermetia illucens*) Feeding with Rice Straw. *Journal of Biology & Biology Education*. Biosaintifika. 8(3): 314-320.
- Suwoyo. 2010. Aplikasi Probiotik dengan Konsentrasi Berbeda pada Pemeliharaan Udang Vannamei (*Litopenaeus vannamei*). Balai Riset Perikanan Budidaya Air Payau. Sulawesi Selatan
- Syamsuddin, Rajuddin. 2014. Pengelolaan Kualitas Air : Teori dan Aplikasi di Sektor Perikanan. Pijar Press
- T. Nonwachai, Purivirojku, W., Chuchird, N., & Limsuwan, C. 2011. Effect of dissolved oxygen levels on growth, survival and immune response of juvenile pacific white shrimp *Litopenaeus vannamei*. *Kasetsart University Fisheries Research Bulletin*, 35(3), 1–10.
- Thasanee, N, , Purivirojku, W., Chuchird, N., & Limsuwan, C. 2011. Effects of dissolved oxygen levels on growth, survival and immune response of juvenile pacific white shrimp *Litopenaeus vannamei*. *Journal of Fisheries and Environment*, 35(3), 1-10.
- Tilman, A.D., Hartadi, H., Reksohadiprodjo, S., Prawirokusumo, S. dan Lebdosoekodjo, S., 1989. Ilmu Makanan Ternak Dasar. Cetakan ke 4. Gajah Mada University Press. Yogyakarta.
- Tran, G., Heuzé, V. and Makkar, H.P.S., 2015. Insects in fish diets. *Animal Frontiers* 5(2): 37-44. <https://doi.org/10.2527/af.2015-0018>

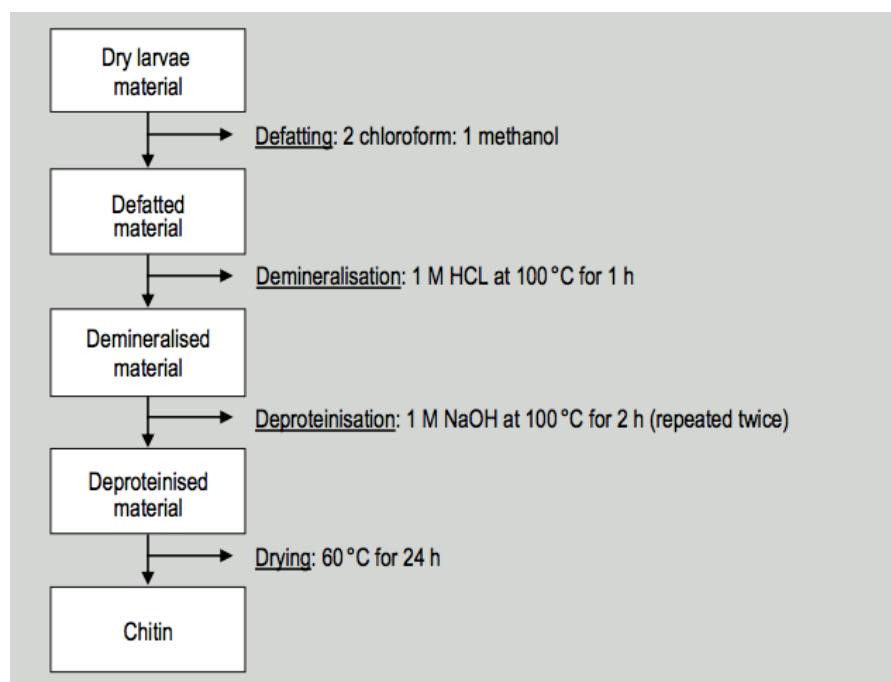
- Ulhoa, C J and Peberdy, J F. 1991. Regulation of chitinase synthesis in *Trichoderma harzianum*. Journal of General Microbiology, 137(9): 2163–2169, doi: 101099/00221287-137-9-2163, from <https://www.microbiologyresearch.org/docserver/fulltext/micro/137/9/mic-137-9-2163>.
- Waites, M.J., N.L. Morgan, J.S. Rocky, dan G. Higton. 2001. Industrial Microbiology: An Introduction. Blackwell Sciene, London
- Wang, G., Peng, K., Hu, J., Mo, W., Wei, Z., & Huang, Y. 2021. Evaluation of defatted *Hermetia illucens* larvae meal for *Litopenaeus vannamei*: effects on growth performance, nutrition retention, antioxidant and immune response, digestive enzyme activity and hepatic morphology. *Aquaculture Nutrition*, 27(4), 986-997.
- Wang, X.D., Li, E.C., Wang, S.F., Qin, J.G., Chen, X.F., Lai, Q.M., Chen, K., Xu, C., Gan, L., Yu, N., Du., Z.Y., & Chen, L.Q. 2015. Protein-sparing effect of carbohydrate in the diet of white shrimp *Litopenaeus vannamei* at low salinity. *Aquaculture Nutrition*, 21; 904-912.
- Wasko A, Bulak P, Berecka MP, Nowak K, Polakowski C, Bieganowski A. 2016. The first report of the physicochemical structure of chitin isolated from *Hermetia illucens*. International Journal of Biological Macromolecules. 2016; (92): 316-320.
- Watanabe T, Kiron V, Satoh S. 1997. Trace minerals in fish nutrition. *Aquaculture* 151:185e207.
- Wei, Zonglu., Zhuang, Yutong., Liu, Xinting., Zou, Danyang., Mai, Kangsen., Sun, Zhenzhu., Ye, Chaoxia., 2023. Leucine promotes protein synthesis of juvenile white shrimp *Litopenaeus vannamei* through TOR signaling pathway, *Aquaculture*, Volume 564,2023,739060, ISSN 0044-8486,<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2022.739060>.
- Weththasinghe, P., Hansen, J.Ø., Nøkland, D., Lagos, L., Rawski, M. and Øverland, M., 2021. Full-fat black soldier fly larvae (*Hermetia illucens*) meal and paste in extruded diets for Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*): effect on physical pellet quality, nutrient digestibility, nutrient utilization and growth performances. *Aquaculture* 530: 735785. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2020.735785>
- Widyanti, W. 2009. Kinerja Pertumbuhan Ikan Nila *Oreochromis niloticus* yang Diberi Berbagai Dosis Enzim Cairan Rumen pada Pakan Berbasis Daun Lamtorogung *Laucaena leucocephala*. Skripsi. Institut Pertanian Bogor.
- Willmer P, Stone G, Johnston. 2005. Environmental physiology of animals, 2nd edn. Blackwell, Malden, p 754
- Woods, M.J., Goosen, N.J., Hoffman, L.C., Pieters, E., 2020. A simple and rapid protocol for measuring the chitin content of *Hermetia illucens* (L.) (Diptera: Stratiomyidae) larvae. *Journal of Insects as Food and Feed*: 6 (3)- Pages: 285 – 290
- Wu, G. 2010. Functional amino acids in growth, reproduction and health. *Advances in Nutrition* 1:31-37. <https://doi.org/10.3945/an.110.1008>
- Wulandari, Anggi., Adelina., Suharman, Indra. 2021. Potensi Pemanfaatan Silase Maggot (*Hermetia illucens*) Sebagai Sumber Protein Pengganti Tepung Ikan

- Dalam Pakan Untuk Meningkatkan Kinerja Pertumbuhan Ikan Baung (*Hemibagrus nemurus*). Berkala Perikanan Terubuk Vol 49 No. 1 Februari 2021.
- Wulansari, R., Andriani, Y., & Haetami, K. 2016. Penggunaan jenis binder terhadap kualitas fisik pakan udang. *Jurnal Perikanan Kelautan*, 7(2).
- Wuryanti. 2004. Isolasi dan Penentuan Aktivitas Spesifik Enzim Bromelin Dari Buah Nanas (*Ananas Comosus L.*). No. Artikel: JKSA. Vol. VII. No.3 Desember 2004. Semarang: Fakultas Matematika dan Ilmu Pengetahuan Alam UNDIP, 2004. <http://www.adobe.com/3327-7158-1-SM.pdf>
- Yao, W.X., X.Q. Li, M.A.K. Chowdhury, J. Wang, X.J. Leng. 2019. Dietary protease, carbohydrate and micro-encapsulated organic acid salts individually or in combination improved growth, feed utilization and intestinal histology of Pacific white shrimp Aquaculture, 503 (2019), pp. 88-95, 10.1016/j.aquaculture.2018.12.064
- Yepiz-Plascencia, G., Gollas-Galván, T., Vargas-Albores, F., García-Bañuelos, M., 2000. Synthesis of hemolymph high-density lipoprotein β -glucan binding protein by *Penaeus vannamei* shrimp hepatopancreas. *Marine Biotechnology*. 2, 485–492.
- Yu, Q., Xie, J., Huang, M., Chen, C., Qian, D., Qin, J. G., ... & Li, E. 2020. Growth and health responses to a long-term pH stress in Pacific white shrimp *Litopenaeus vannamei*. *Aquaculture Reports*, 16, 100280.
- Yuhang He., Xin liu., Naida Zhang., Sizhe wang., Aolin wang., Rantao zuo., Yusheng jiang. 2022. Replacement of Commercial Feed with Fresh Black Soldier Fly (*Hermetia illucens*) larvae in Pacific White Shrimp (*Litopenaeus vannamei*). *Aquaculture nutrition* vol 2022. Article ID 9130400, 8 pages, 2022. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2022/9130400>
- Yulfiperius.. 2011. Evaluasi kualitas pakan ikan. <https://yulfiperius.files.wordpress.com/2011/07/9-evaluasi-kualitas-pakan.pdf>
- Zainuddin., Aslamyah, Siti., dan Haryati. 2016. Aplikasi Pakan Murah, Berkualitas dan Ramah Lingkungan Terhadap Peningkatan Produksi Udang Vannamei (*Litopenaeus vannamei*) di Sulawesi Selatan. Laporan Akhir Penelitian Perguruan Tinggi. Universitas Hasanuddin. Makassar.
- Zainuddin., Aslamyah, Siti., Hadijah. 2018. Efek dari perbedaan sumber karbohidrat pakan terhadap kualitas air, komposisi proksimat dan kandungan glikogen juvenil udang vannamei *Litopenaeus vannamei* (Boone, 1931). *Jurnal Ilmiah Samudra Akuatika* (2018). Vol. 2(1), 1-8
- Zainuddin., Haryati, Aslamyah, Siti., Surianti. 2014. Pengaruh Level Karbohidrat Dan Frekuensi Pakan Terhadap Rasio Konversi Pakan Dan Sintasan Juvenil *Litopenaeus Vannamei*. *Jurnal Perikanan (J. Fish. Sci.) XVI* (1): 29-34 ISSN: 0853-6384
- Zhang, Li-Li., Q. C. Zho, Y. Q. Cheng. 2009. Effect Of Dietary Carbohydrate Level On Growth Performance Of Juvenile Spotted Babylon (*Babylonia Areolata* Link 1807). *Aquaculture* 295 (3-4): 238-242

LAMPIRAN

Lampiran 1 . Metode pengukuran kitin pada maggot

Menurut Woods *et al.* (2020) metode cepat untuk mengukur kandungan kitin pada maggot menggunakan analisis gravimetri sederhana setelah perlakuan kimia dan pelarutan kandungan lainnya seperti lemak, protein dan mineral. *Larva hermetia illucens* umur 16 hari digunakan sebagai bahan sampel dengan perlakuan blansing selama 3 menit pada suhu 95 °C dan dikeringanginkan kemudian dikeringkan pada suhu 60°C selama 24 jam dan diaduk hingga homogen kemudian disimpan pada plastic vakum pada suhu -40°C. Metode analisis terdiri atas perlakuan penghilangan lemak dengan cara ekstraksi pelarut cepat (2:1 kloroform : metanol), dilanjutkan dengan perlakuan dengan 1 M HCL (demineralisasi) dan 1 M NaOH (deproteinisasi). Berikut merupakan alur uji kitinase pada maggot menggunakan metode gravimetric sederhana



Rumus perhitungan kandungan kitin pada maggot (Woods *et al.*, 2020)

a. Kitin % (dihilangkan lemaknya) = $\frac{A}{B} \times 100$

$$= \frac{\text{berat residu yang tersisa setelah demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}{\text{berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}$$

b. Kitin (%) = $\frac{C.(100 - D)}{100}$

$$= \frac{\text{nilai yang diperoleh dari kitin yang dihilangkan lemaknya . (100 - \% lemak)}}{100}$$

Lampiran 2. Rata-rata kitin pada tepung maggot sebelum fermentasi

Perlakuan	Kitin (%)
Tepung maggot sebelum fermentasi	20,312
	20,642
	20,584
Rata-rata	20,513

Perhitungan kitin pada tepung maggot sebelum fermentasi

1. Ulangan Pertama

Diketahui :

- Berat kertas saring Whatman = 0,8077 gram
- Berat kitin maggot + kertas saring Whatman setelah dikeringkan = 1,9287 gram
- Berat kitin maggot = 1,9287 – 0,8077 gram = 1,121 gram (A)
- Berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi = 5 gram (B)
- Kandungan lemak kasar tepung maggot sebelum fermentasi = 9,40% (D)

Perhitungan Kitin :

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a. Kitin \% (dihilangkan lemaknya)} &= \frac{A}{B} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{\text{berat residu yang tersisa setelah demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}{\text{berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{1,121}{5} \times 100 \\
 &= 22,42 \% \quad (\text{C})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{b. Kitin \%} &= \frac{C.(100-D)}{100} \\
 &= \frac{\text{nilai yang diperoleh dari kitin yang dihilangkan lemaknya} \times (100-\% \text{ lemak})}{100} \\
 &= \frac{22,42 \times (100-9,40)}{100} \\
 &= \frac{22,42 \times 90,6}{100} \\
 &= 20,312 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

2. Ulangan Kedua

Diketahui :

- Berat kertas saring Whatman = 0,7942 gram
- Berat kitin maggot + kertas saring Whatman setelah dikeringkan = 1,9334 gram
- Berat kitin maggot = 1,9334 – 0,7942 gram = 1,1392 gram (A)
- Berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi = 5 gram (B)
- Kandungan lemak kasar tepung maggot sebelum fermentasi = 9,40% (D)

Perhitungan kitin :

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{a. Kitin \% (dihilangkan lemaknya)} &= \frac{A}{B} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{\text{berat residu yang tersisa setelah demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}{\text{berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}} \times 100 \\
 &= \frac{1,1392}{5} \times 100 \\
 &= 22,784\%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{b. Kitin \%} &= \frac{C.(100-D)}{100} \\
 &= \frac{\text{nilai yang diperoleh dari kitin yang dihilangkan lemaknya} \times (100-\% \text{ lemak})}{100} \\
 &= \frac{22,784 \times (100-9,40)}{100} \\
 &= \frac{22,784 \times 90,6}{100} \\
 &= 20,642 \%
 \end{aligned}$$

3. Ulangan Ketiga

Diketahui :

- Berat kertas saring Whatman = 0,7968 gram
- Berat kitin maggot + kertas saring Whatman setelah dikeringkan = 1,9453 gram
- Berat kitin maggot = 1,9328 – 0,7968 gram = 1,136 gram (A)
- Berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi = 5 gram (B)
- Kandungan lemak kasar tepung maggot sebelum fermentasi = 9,40% (D)

Perhitungan Kitin :

$$\text{a. Kitin \% (dihilangkan lemaknya)} = \frac{\frac{A}{B} \times 100}{\frac{\text{berat residu yang tersisa setelah demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}{\text{berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{1,136}{5} \times 100 \\ = 22,72\%$$

$$\text{b. Kitin \%} = \frac{\frac{C.(100-D)}{100}}{\frac{\text{nilai yang diperoleh dari kitin yang dihilangkan lemaknya} \times (100-\% \text{ lemak})}{100}}$$

$$= \frac{22,72 \times (100-9,40)}{100} \\ = \frac{22,72 \times 90,6}{100} \\ = 20,584 \%$$

Lampiran 3. Rata-rata kitin pada tepung maggot setelah fermentasi

Perlakuan	Kitin (%)
Tepung maggot setelah fermentasi	18,185
	18,227
	18,309
Rata-rata	18,240

Perhitungan kitin pada tepung maggot setelah fermentasi

1. Ulangan Pertama

Diketahui :

- Berat kertas saring Whatman = 0,8014 gram
- Berat kitin maggot + kertas saring Whatman setelah dikeringkan = 2,1068 gram
- Berat kitin maggot = 2,1068 – 0,8017 gram = 1,3051 gram (A)
- Berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi = 5 gram (B)
- Kandungan lemak kasar tepung maggot setelah fermentasi = 30,33% (D)

Perhitungan kitin :

$$\text{a. Kitin \% (dihilangkan lemaknya)} = \frac{\frac{A}{B} \times 100}{\frac{\text{berat residu yang tersisa setelah demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}{\text{berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{1,3051}{5} \times 100 \\ = 26,102 \%$$

$$\text{b. Kitin \%} = \frac{\frac{C.(100-D)}{100}}{\frac{\text{nilai yang diperoleh dari kitin yang dihilangkan lemaknya} \times (100-\% \text{ lemak})}{100}}$$

$$= \frac{26,102 \times (100-30,33)}{100} \\ = \frac{26,102 \times 69,67}{100} \\ = 18,185 \%$$

2. Ulangan Kedua

Diketahui :

- Berat kertas saring Whatman = 0,7928 gram
- Berat kitin maggot + kertas saring Whatman setelah dikeringkan = 2,1009 gram
- Berat kitin maggot = $2,1009 - 0,7928$ gram = 1,3081 gram (A)
- Berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi = 5 gram (B)
- Kandungan lemak kasar tepung maggot setelah fermentasi = 30,33% (D)

Perhitungan kitin

a. Kitin % (dihilangkan lemaknya)

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{A}{B} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{\text{berat residu yang tersisa setelah demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}{\text{berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{1,3081}{5} \times 100 \\ &= 26,162\% \end{aligned}$$

b. Kitin %

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{C.(100-D)}{100} \\ &= \frac{\text{nilai yang diperoleh dari kitin yang dihilangkan lemaknya} \times (100-\% \text{ lemak})}{100} \\ &= \frac{26,162 \times (100-30,33)}{100} \\ &= \frac{26,162 \times 69,67}{100} \\ &= 18,227 \% \end{aligned}$$

3. Ulangan Ketiga

Diketahui :

- Berat kertas saring Whatman = 0,7920 gram
- Berat kitin maggot + kertas saring Whatman setelah dikeringkan = 2,1006 gram
- Berat kitin maggot = $2,1006 - 0,7920$ gram = 1,314 gram
- Berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi = 5 gram (B)
- Kandungan lemak kasar tepung maggot setelah fermentasi = 30,33% (D)

Perhitungan Kitin

a. Kitin % (dihilangkan lemaknya)

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{A}{B} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{\text{berat residu yang tersisa setelah demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}}{\text{berat sampel sebelum demineralisasi & deproteinisasi}} \times 100 \\ &= \frac{1,314}{5} \times 100 \\ &= 26,28\% \end{aligned}$$

b. Kitin %

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{C.(100-D)}{100} \\ &= \frac{\text{nilai yang diperoleh dari kitin yang dihilangkan lemaknya} \times (100-\% \text{ lemak})}{100} \\ &= \frac{26,28 \times (100-30,33)}{100} \\ &= \frac{26,28 \times 69,67}{100} \\ &= 18,309 \% \end{aligned}$$

Lampiran 4. Data kecepatan pecah pakan uji selama penelitian

Kode	Ulangan	Kecepatan pecah (menit)
A	1	40
	2	35
	3	37
Rata-rata		$37.33 \pm 2,52$
B	1	45
	2	39
	3	38
Rata-rata		$40.67 \pm 1,53$
C	1	45
	2	37
	3	38
Rata-rata		$40 \pm 2,00$
D	1	45
	2	44
	3	46
Rata-rata		$45 \pm 1,00$
E	1	45
	2	40
	3	42
Rata-rata		$42.33 \pm 2,51$

Lampiran 5. Hasil analisis ragam kecepatan pecah pakan uji selama penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	96.933	4	24.233	6.731	.007
Within Groups	36.000	10	3.600		
Total	132.933	14			

Lampiran 6. Uji lanjut W-Tuckey kecepatan pecah pakan uji selama penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terferment asi (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
A (0)	25	-3.33333	1.54919	.272	-8.4319	1.7652
	50	-2.66667	1.54919	.464	-7.7652	2.4319
	75	-7.66667*	1.54919	.004	-12.7652	-2.5681
	100	-5.00000	1.54919	.055	-10.0985	.0985
B (25)	0	3.33333	1.54919	.272	-1.7652	8.4319
	50	.66667	1.54919	.992	-4.4319	5.7652
	75	-4.33333	1.54919	.107	-9.4319	.7652
	100	-1.66667	1.54919	.815	-6.7652	3.4319
C (50)	0	2.66667	1.54919	.464	-2.4319	7.7652
	25	-.66667	1.54919	.992	-5.7652	4.4319
	75	-5.00000	1.54919	.055	-10.0985	.0985
	100	-2.33333	1.54919	.581	-7.4319	2.7652
D (75)	0	7.66667*	1.54919	.004	2.5681	12.7652
	25	4.33333	1.54919	.107	-.7652	9.4319
	50	5.00000	1.54919	.055	-.0985	10.0985
	100	2.66667	1.54919	.464	-2.4319	7.7652
E (100)	0	5.00000	1.54919	.055	-.0985	10.0985
	25	1.66667	1.54919	.815	-3.4319	6.7652
	50	2.33333	1.54919	.581	-2.7652	7.4319
	75	-2.66667	1.54919	.464	-7.7652	2.4319

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
A	3	37.3333	
C	3	40.0000	40.0000
B	3	40.6667	40.6667
D	3	42.3333	42.3333
E	3		45.0000
Sig.		.055	.055

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 7. Data dispersi padatan pakan uji selama penelitian

Kode	Ulangan	Dispersi padatan (%)
A	1	51.57
	2	45.16
	3	60.45
Rata-rata		52.39 ± 2.46
B	1	47.24
	2	21.59
	3	31.58
Rata-rata		33.47 ± 1.83
C	1	31.33
	2	30.89
	3	38.95
Rata-rata		33.72 ± 4.53
D	1	27.32
	2	41.13
	3	35.50
Rata-rata		34.65 ± 2.04
E	1	44.79
	2	24.79
	3	31.32
Rata-rata		33.64 ± 2.24

Lampiran 8. Hasil analisis ragam dispersi padatan pakan uji selama penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	826.085	4	206.521	26.399	.000
Within Groups	78.231	10	7.823		
Total	904.316	14			

Lampiran 9. Uji lanjut W-Tuckey dispersi padatan pakan uji selama penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval Lower Bound	Upper Bound
A (0)	25	18.92333*	2.28373	.000	11.4074	26.4393
	50	18.67000*	2.28373	.000	11.1541	26.1859
	75	17.74333*	2.28373	.000	10.2274	25.2593
	100	18.76000*	2.28373	.000	11.2441	26.2759
B (25)	0	-18.92333*	2.28373	.000	-26.4393	-11.4074
	50	-.25333	2.28373	1.000	-7.7693	7.2626
	75	-1.18000	2.28373	.984	-8.6959	6.3359
	100	-.16333	2.28373	1.000	-7.6793	7.3526
C (50)	0	-18.67000*	2.28373	.000	-26.1859	-11.1541
	25	.25333	2.28373	1.000	-7.2626	7.7693
	75	-.92667	2.28373	.993	-8.4426	6.5893
	100	.09000	2.28373	1.000	-7.4259	7.6059
D (75)	0	-17.74333*	2.28373	.000	-25.2593	-10.2274
	25	1.18000	2.28373	.984	-6.3359	8.6959
	50	.92667	2.28373	.993	-6.5893	8.4426
	100	1.01667	2.28373	.991	-6.4993	8.5326
E (100)	0	-18.76000*	2.28373	.000	-26.2759	-11.2441
	25	.16333	2.28373	1.000	-7.3526	7.6793
	50	-.09000	2.28373	1.000	-7.6059	7.4259
	75	-1.01667	2.28373	.991	-8.5326	6.4993

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
B	3	33.4700	
E	3	33.6333	
C	3	33.7233	
D	3	34.6500	
A	3		52.3933
Sig.		.984	1.000

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 10. Data tingkat kekerasan pakan uji selama penelitian

Kode	Ulangan	Tingkat kekerasan (%)
A	1	98.40
	2	98.00
	3	97.60
Rata-rata		98.00±0,31
B	1	99.40
	2	98.60
	3	97.00
Rata-rata		98.33±0,87
C	1	97.40
	2	96.00
	3	97.20
Rata-rata		96.87±0,76
D	1	97.20
	2	95.40
	3	97.80
Rata-rata		96.80±0,40
E	1	94.20
	2	97.40
	3	96.40
Rata-rata		96.00±0,53

Lampiran 11. Hasil analisis ragam kekerasan pakan uji selama penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	10.907	4	2.727	7.304	.005
Within Groups	3.733	10	.373		
Total	14.640	14			

Lampiran 12. Uji lanjut W-Tuckey kekerasan pakan uji selama penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)			95% Confidence Interval	
			Std. Error	Sig.	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
A (0)	25	.33333	.49889	.959	-1.3085	1.9752
	50	1.46667	.49889	.086	-.1752	3.1085
	75	1.53333	.49889	.070	-.1085	3.1752
	100	2.33333*	.49889	.006	.6915	3.9752
B (25)	0	-.33333	.49889	.959	-1.9752	1.3085
	50	1.13333	.49889	.231	-.5085	2.7752
	75	1.20000	.49889	.191	-.4419	2.8419
	100	2.00000*	.49889	.016	.3581	3.6419
C (50)	0	-1.46667	.49889	.086	-3.1085	.1752
	25	-1.13333	.49889	.231	-2.7752	.5085
	75	.06667	.49889	1.000	-1.5752	1.7085
	100	.86667	.49889	.456	-.7752	2.5085
D (75)	0	-1.53333	.49889	.070	-3.1752	.1085
	25	-1.20000	.49889	.191	-2.8419	.4419
	50	-.06667	.49889	1.000	-1.7085	1.5752
	100	.80000	.49889	.527	-.8419	2.4419
E (100)	0	-2.33333*	.49889	.006	-3.9752	-.6915
	25	-2.00000*	.49889	.016	-3.6419	-.3581
	50	-.86667	.49889	.456	-2.5085	.7752
	75	-.80000	.49889	.527	-2.4419	.8419

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
E	3	96.0000	
D	3	96.8000	96.8000
C	3	96.8667	96.8667
B	3		98.0000
A	3		98.3333
Sig.		.456	.070

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 13. Data kecepatan tenggelam pakan uji selama penelitian

Kode	Ulangan	Kecepatan tenggelam (cm/detik)
A	1	1.18
	2	1.54
	3	1.25
Rata-rata		1.32±0,19
B	1	1.25
	2	1.11
	3	1.54
Rata-rata		1.30±0,22
C	1	0.91
	2	1.11
	3	1.10
Rata-rata		1.01±0,10
D	1	0.54
	2	0.43
	3	0.41
Rata-rata		0.46±0,07
E	1	0.25
	2	0.26
	3	0.27
Rata-rata		0.26±0,01

Lampiran 14 . Hasil analisis ragam kecepatan tenggelam pakan uji selama penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	2.848	4	.712	35.753	.000
Within Groups	.199	10	.020		
Total	3.047	14			

Lampiran 15 . Uji lanjut W-Tuckey kecepatan tenggelam pakan uji selama penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi si (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval Lower Bound	Upper Bound
A (0)	25	.02333	.11522	1.000	-.3559	.4025
	50	.31667	.11522	.115	-.0625	.6959
	75	.86333*	.11522	.000	.4841	1.2425
	100	1.06333*	.11522	.000	.6841	1.4425
B (25)	0	-.02333	.11522	1.000	-.4025	.3559
	50	.29333	.11522	.156	-.0859	.6725
	75	.84000*	.11522	.000	.4608	1.2192
	100	1.04000*	.11522	.000	.6608	1.4192
C (50)	0	-.31667	.11522	.115	-.6959	.0625
	25	-.29333	.11522	.156	-.6725	.0859
	75	.54667*	.11522	.005	.1675	.9259
	100	.74667*	.11522	.001	.3675	1.1259
D (75)	0	-.86333*	.11522	.000	-1.2425	-.4841
	25	-.84000*	.11522	.000	-1.2192	-.4608
	50	-.54667*	.11522	.005	-.9259	-.1675
	100	.20000	.11522	.456	-.1792	.5792
E (100)	0	-1.06333*	.11522	.000	-1.4425	-.6841
	25	-1.04000*	.11522	.000	-1.4192	-.6608
	50	-.74667*	.11522	.001	-1.1259	-.3675
	75	-.20000	.11522	.456	-.5792	.1792

*. The mean difference is significant at the 0.05 level.

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
E	3	.2600	
D	3	.4600	
C	3		1.0067
B	3		1.3000
A	3		1.3233
Sig.		.456	.115

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 16. Data uji organoleptik berbagai jenis tepung maggot selama penelitian

Kode	Parameter								
	Kenampakan			Bau			Konsistensi		
	A1	A2	A3	A1	A2	A3	A1	A2	A3
Nilai Skor	5	7	9	9	7	7	3	5	9
	5	3	7	3	7	7	3	9	7
	5	7	9	9	1	3	1	9	9
	7	7	9	9	7	5	3	5	9
	5	7	9	3	5	9	1	7	9
	5	5	9	5	9	9	1	5	7
	5	7	9	7	5	7	3	7	7
	5	3	9	3	5	9	1	3	7
	3	5	9	3	5	7	1	3	7
	5	3	9	3	9	9	1	5	9
	5	3	9	3	5	9	5	7	3
	7	5	9	9	7	7	7	7	9
	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	7	7
	3	1	9	9	9	3	3	5	7
	5	7	9	5	9	9	3	3	3
	7	7	9	7	9	9	3	7	9
	5	7	9	3	1	7	3	5	9
	5	3	9	7	3	9	3	5	9
	1	5	9	9	3	5	5	7	3
	5	7	9	5	9	5	5	5	7
Rata-rata skor	5,1	5,4	8,9	6,0	6,2	7,2	3,20	5,8	7,30
Hasil	Kurang bersih, sedikit kotor, normal	Kurang bersih, sedikit kotor, normal	Bersih, normal, cerah	Netral, sedikit bau tambah	Netral, sedikit bau tambah	Kurang harum spesifik tepung maggot	Sedikit menggumpal, kurang kering, kasar	Tidak menggumpal, agak kering dan sedikit kasar	Tidak menggumpal, cukup kering dan halus

Semakin tinggi skor maka nilai semakin baik

Keterangan : A1= Tepung maggot komersil

A2=Tepung maggot sebelum fermentasi

A3= Tepung maggot setelah fermentasi

Lampiran 17. Data uji organoleptik pada pakan uji yang mengandung berbagai konsentrasi tepung maggot terfermentasi

Pakan (%Tepung Maggot Terfermen- tasi)	Parameter											
	Kenampakan			Bau			Warna			Tekstur		
	MS	BS	BL	M	KM	TM	CM	CT	K	KK	TK	
A (0%)	17	3	0	4	9	7	20	0	20	0	0	
B (25%)	4	14	2	13	4	3	1	19	12	8	0	
C (50%)	11	8	1	6	12	2	18	2	18	2	0	
D (75%)	11	9	0	7	11	2	15	5	18	1	1	
E (100%)	5	13	2	7	11	2	11	9	14	5	1	

Keterangan :

MS = Mulus; BS = Berserat; BL = Berlubang

M = Menyengat; KM = Kurang Menyengat; TM = Tidak Menyengat

CM = Coklat Muda; CT = Coklat Tua

K= Kompak; K = Kurang Kompak; TK = Tidak Kompak

Lampiran 18. Rata-rata sintasan vannamei pada akhir penelitian

Perlakuan	Sintasan(%)	
	Rata-rata	$\pm SD$
A	50	
	70	
	55	
Rata-rata	$58,333 \pm 2,89$	
B	60	
	55	
	60	
Rata-rata	$58,333 \pm 1,53$	
C	55	
	60	
	65	
Rata-rata	$60,000 \pm 1,00$	
D	65	
	60	
	75	
Rata-rata	$66,667 \pm 2,08$	
E	70	
	65	
	75	
Rata-rata	$70,000 \pm 1,00$	

Lampiran 19. Hasil analisis ragam pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap sintasan udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	343.333	4	85.833	25.245	.000 ^s
Within Groups	34.000	10	3.400		
Total	377.333	14			

s : significant

Lampiran 20. Uji lanjut W-Tuckey pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap sintasan udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung	(J) Dosis tepung			
maggot	maggot			
terfermentasi (%)	terfermentasi (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.
A (0)	25	.00000	1.50555	1.000
	50	-1.66667	1.50555	.800
	75	-8.33333*	1.50555	.002
	100	-11.66667*	1.50555	.000
B (25)	0	.00000	1.50555	1.000
	50	-1.66667	1.50555	.800
	75	-8.33333*	1.50555	.002
	100	-11.66667*	1.50555	.000
C (50)	0	1.66667	1.50555	.800
	25	1.66667	1.50555	.800
	75	-6.66667*	1.50555	.009
	100	-10.00000*	1.50555	.000
D (75)	0	8.33333*	1.50555	.002
	25	8.33333*	1.50555	.002
	50	6.66667*	1.50555	.009
	100	-3.33333	1.50555	.250
E (100)	0	11.66667*	1.50555	.000
	25	11.66667*	1.50555	.000
	50	10.00000*	1.50555	.000
	75	3.33333	1.50555	.250

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
A	3	58.3333	
B	3	58.3333	
C	3	60.0000	
D	3		66.6667
E	3		70.0000
Sig.		.800	.250

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 21 . Rata-rata laju pertumbuhan spesifik udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

Perlakuan	Laju Pertumbuhan Spesifik (%)	
	Rata-rata	+ SD
A	5,014 4,315	
Rata-rata	4,674±0,08	4,695
B	4,757 5,365 5,290	
Rata-rata	5,137±0,20	
C	6,169 4,682 5,234	
Rata-rata	5,361±0,23	
D	4,807 5,108 6,210	
Rata-rata	5,375±0,15	
E	4,972 5,810 4,495	
Rata-rata	5,092±0,17	

Lampiran 22. Hasil analisis ragam pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap laju pertumbuhan spesifik udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.972	4	.243	8.146	.003 ^s
Within Groups	.298	10	.030		
Total	1.270	14			

s : significant

Lampiran 23.Uji lanjut W-Tuckey pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap laju pertumbuhan spesifik udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentas i (%)	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terferme ntasi (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.
A (0)	25	-.46333	.14100	.050
	50	-.68667*	.14100	.005
	75	-.70333*	.14100	.004
	100	-.41667	.14100	.084
B (25)	0	.46333	.14100	.050
	50	-.22333	.14100	.538
	75	-.24000	.14100	.474
	100	.04667	.14100	.997
C (50)	0	.68667*	.14100	.005
	25	.22333	.14100	.538
	75	-.01667	.14100	1.000
	100	.27000	.14100	.369
D (75)	0	.70333*	.14100	.004
	25	.24000	.14100	.474
	50	.01667	.14100	1.000
	100	.28667	.14100	.318
E (100)	0	.41667	.14100	.084
	25	-.04667	.14100	.997
	50	-.27000	.14100	.369
	75	-.28667	.14100	.318
Subset for alpha = 0.05				
Perlakuan	N	1	2	
A	3	4.6733		
E	3	5.0900	5.0900	
B	3	5.1367	5.1367	
C	3		5.3600	
D	3		5.3767	
Sig.		.050	.318	

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 24 . Rata-rata biomassa udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

Perlakuan	Biomassa (gram) Rata-rata + SD
A	18
Rata-rata	23
B	18
Rata-rata	19,67±1,53
C	25
Rata-rata	22
D	22
Rata-rata	25
E	21
Rata-rata	22,67±1,53
D	25
Rata-rata	25,33±2,52
E	28
Rata-rata	24
Rata-rata	26
	26,00±2,00

Lampiran 25. Hasil analisis ragam pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap biomassa udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	75.333	4	18.833	4.956	.018
Within Groups	38.000	10	3.800		
Total	113.333	14			

Lampiran 26. Uji lanjut W-Tuckey pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap biomassa udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.
A (0)	25	-3.33333	1.59164	.293
	50	-3.00000	1.59164	.383
	75	-5.66667*	1.59164	.033
	100	-6.33333*	1.59164	.017
B (25)	0	3.33333	1.59164	.293
	50	.33333	1.59164	.999
	75	-2.33333	1.59164	.604
	100	-3.00000	1.59164	.383
C (50)	0	3.00000	1.59164	.383
	25	-.33333	1.59164	.999
	75	-2.66667	1.59164	.488
	100	-3.33333	1.59164	.293
D (75)	0	5.66667*	1.59164	.033
	25	2.33333	1.59164	.604
	50	2.66667	1.59164	.488
	100	-.66667	1.59164	.993
E (100)	0	6.33333*	1.59164	.017
	25	3.00000	1.59164	.383
	50	3.33333	1.59164	.293
	75	.66667	1.59164	.993

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
A	3	19.6667	
C	3	22.6667	22.6667
B	3	23.0000	23.0000
D	3		25.3333
E	3		26.0000
Sig.		.293	.293

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 27. Rata-rata pertumbuhan berat mutlak udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

Perlakuan	Pertumbuhan Berat Mutlak (g)
	Rata-rata + SD
A	1,400
	1,192
	1,236
Rata-rata	1,276±0,06
B	1,583
	1,600
	1,750
Rata-rata	1,644±0,05
C	1,609
	1,383
	1,523
Rata-rata	1,505±0,02
D	1,292
	1,633
	1,633
Rata-rata	1,519±0,04
E	1,550
	1,650
	1,283
Rata-rata	1,494±0,17 ^{ab}

Lampiran 28. Hasil analisis ragam pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap pertumbuhan berat mutlak udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.212	4	.053	7.169	.005 ^s
Within Groups	.074	10	.007		
Total	.286	14			

s : significant

Lampiran 29. Uji lanjut W-Tuckey pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap pertumbuhan berat mutlak udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.
A (0)	25	-.36833*	.07022	.003
	50	-.22900	.07022	.052
	75	-.24333*	.07022	.038
	100	-.21833	.07022	.066
B (25)	0	.36833*	.07022	.003
	50	.13933	.07022	.338
	75	.12500	.07022	.434
	100	.15000	.07022	.277
C (50)	0	.22900	.07022	.052
	25	-.13933	.07022	.338
	75	-.01433	.07022	1.000
	100	.01067	.07022	1.000
D (75)	0	.24333*	.07022	.038
	25	-.12500	.07022	.434
	50	.01433	.07022	1.000
	100	.02500	.07022	.996
E (100)	0	.21833	.07022	.066
	25	-.15000	.07022	.277
	50	-.01067	.07022	1.000
	75	-.02500	.07022	.996

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
A	3	1.2760	
E	3	1.4943	1.4943
C	3	1.5050	1.5050
D	3		1.5193
B	3		1.6443
Sig.		.052	.277

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 30 . Rata-rata tingkat konsumsi pakan vannamei pada akhir penelitian

Perlakuan	Tingkat Konsumsi Pakan (gram) Rata-rata + SD
A	64,484
	86,828
	73,528
Rata-rata	74,946
B	84
	82,6
	78,372
Rata-rata	81,657
C	81,2
	83,972
	93,044
Rata-rata	86,072
D	88,928
	90,328
	103,628
Rata-rata	94,294
E	99,82
	81,9
	107,744
Rata-rata	96,488

Lampiran 31. Hasil analisis ragam pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap tingkat konsumsi pakan udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	952.342	4	238.085	30.404	.000 ^s
Within Groups	78.308	10	7.831		
Total	1030.649	14			

s : significant

Lampiran 32. Uji lanjut W-Tuckey pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap tingkat konsumsi pakan udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.
A (0)	25	-6.71067	2.28484	.086
	50	-11.12533*	2.28484	.005
	75	-19.34800*	2.28484	.000
	100	-21.54133*	2.28484	.000
B (25)	0	6.71067	2.28484	.086
	50	-4.41467	2.28484	.361
	75	-12.63733*	2.28484	.002
	100	-14.83067*	2.28484	.001
C (50)	0	11.12533*	2.28484	.005
	25	4.41467	2.28484	.361
	75	-8.22267*	2.28484	.031
	100	-10.41600*	2.28484	.007
D (75)	0	19.34800*	2.28484	.000
	25	12.63733*	2.28484	.002
	50	8.22267*	2.28484	.031
	100	-2.19333	2.28484	.867
E (100)	0	21.54133*	2.28484	.000
	25	14.83067*	2.28484	.001
	50	10.41600*	2.28484	.007
	75	2.19333	2.28484	.867

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
A	3	55.8333	
B	3	60.5000	60.5000
C	3	62.5000	62.5000
E	3		67.5333
D	3		67.6667
Sig.		.149	.112

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3.000.

Lampiran 33. Rata-rata rasio konversi pakan udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

Perlakuan	Rasio Konversi Pakan Rata-rata ± SD
A	2,958
	3,108
	3,478
Rata-rata	3,181±0,14
B	3,015
	3,024
	3,223
Rata-rata	3,087±0,19
C	2,787
	3,403
	2,705
Rata-rata	2,965±0,06
D	3,200
	3,057
	2,427
Rata-rata	2,895±0,15
E	2,801
	2,715
	2,918
Rata-rata	2,811±0,10

Lampiran 34 Hasil analisis ragam pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap rasio konversi pakan udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.261	4	.065	3.682	.043
Within Groups	.177	10	.018		
Total	.439	14			

Lampiran 35. Uji lanjut W-Tuckey pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap rasio konversi pakan udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi (%)	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.
A (0)	25	.10000	.10873	.883
	50	.22667	.10873	.297
	75	.28667	.10873	.136
	100	.37000*	.10873	.042
B (25)	0	-.10000	.10873	.883
	50	.12667	.10873	.770
	75	.18667	.10873	.466
	100	.27000	.10873	.171
C (50)	0	-.22667	.10873	.297
	25	-.12667	.10873	.770
	75	.06000	.10873	.979
	100	.14333	.10873	.687
D (75)	0	-.28667	.10873	.136
	25	-.18667	.10873	.466
	50	-.06000	.10873	.979
	100	.08333	.10873	.935
E (100)	0	-.37000*	.10873	.042
	25	-.27000	.10873	.171
	50	-.14333	.10873	.687
	75	-.08333	.10873	.935

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
E	3	2.8133	
D	3	2.8967	2.8967
C	3	2.9567	2.9567
B	3	3.0833	3.0833
A	3		3.1833
Sig.		.171	.136

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 36. Rata-rata indeks hepatosomatik udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

Perlakuan	Indeks Hepatosomatik (%)
	Rata-rata + SD
A	6,030
	7,073
	5,285
Rata-rata	6,129±0,14
B	6,216
	6,737
	5,719
Rata-rata	6,224±0,11
C	7,058
	5,346
	5,761
Rata-rata	6,055±0,11
D	5,635
	5,828
	6,023
Rata-rata	5,829±0,11
E	6,824
	6,004
	5,198
Rata-rata	6,009±0,19

Lampiran 37 Hasil analisis ragam pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap indeks hepatosomatik udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Between Groups	.268	4	.067	3.728	.042
Within Groups	.180	10	.018		
Total	.448	14			

Lampiran 38. Uji lanjut W-Tuckey pengaruh tepung maggot terfermentasi mikroorganisme mix dalam pakan terhadap indeks hepatosomatik udang vannamei pada akhir penelitian

(I) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi	(J) Dosis tepung maggot terfermentasi	Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.
A (0)	25	-.09667	.10950	.897
	50	.07333	.10950	.959
	75	.30333	.10950	.111
	100	.12333	.10950	.790
B (25)	0	.09667	.10950	.897
	50	.17000	.10950	.555
	75	.40000*	.10950	.029
	100	.22000	.10950	.328
C (50)	0	-.07333	.10950	.959
	25	-.17000	.10950	.555
	75	.23000	.10950	.291
	100	.05000	.10950	.990
D (75)	0	-.30333	.10950	.111
	25	-.40000*	.10950	.029
	50	-.23000	.10950	.291
	100	-.18000	.10950	.505
E (100)	0	-.12333	.10950	.790
	25	-.22000	.10950	.328
	50	-.05000	.10950	.990
	75	.18000	.10950	.505

Perlakuan	N	Subset for alpha = 0.05	
		1	2
D	3	5.8267	
E	3	6.0067	6.0067
C	3	6.0567	6.0567
A	3	6.1300	6.1300
B	3		6.2267
Sig.		.111	.328

Means for groups in homogeneous subsets are displayed.

a. Uses Harmonic Mean Sample Size = 3,000.

Lampiran 39. Data Pengukuran Ammonia selama Penelitian

PERLAKUAN	AWAL	TENGAH (mg/L)	AKHIR
A1	0,183	0,346	0,485
A2	0,191	0,430	0,522
A3	0,209	0,438	0,451
B1	0,167	0,382	0,421
B2	0,233	0,369	0,460
B3	0,215	0,458	0,478
C1	0,201	0,361	0,495
C2	0,169	0,338	0,496
C3	0,179	0,358	0,428
D1	0,193	0,373	0,524
D2	0,185	0,376	0,580
D3	0,171	0,393	0,586
E1	0,197	0,435	0,582
E2	0,177	0,411	0,492
E3	0,187	0,412	0,468

LAMPIRAN
Dokumentasi Penelitian

	
<p>1. Pencucian larva maggot dengan air mengalir hingga terpisah dari media hidupnya</p>	<p>2. Blansing larva maggot yang bertujuan membunuh secara perlahan</p>
	
<p>3. Mengeringangkan larva maggot</p>	<p>4. Menimbang larva maggot</p>
	
<p>5. Melakukan pengepresan larva maggot</p>	<p>6. Menimbang maggot yang telah dihilangkan lemaknya</p>



7. Menyiapkan nanas



8. Melakukan penghalusan nanas dengan blender



9. Melakukan penyaringan hasil penghalusan



10. Air nanas yang telah siap digunakan



11. Menambahkan NaCl sebanyak 10%



12. Menambahkan air nanas dan dilakukan pengadukan selama 5 hari



13. Mikroorganisme mix



14. Inokulasi mikroorganisme mix



15. Menyimpan di dalam plastik tertutup rapat



16. Fermentasi maggot selama 7 hari



17. Penjemuran hasil fermentasi



18. Persiapan penghalusan hasil fermentasi maggot menggunakan blender



19. Tepung maggot terfermentasi



20. Penyiapan alat dan bahan pembuatan pakan



21. Pencampuran dan pengadukan bahan baku pakan uji



22. Pencetakan pellet



23. Penjemuran pakan uji



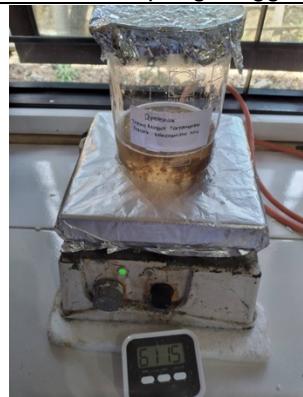
24. Defatting tepung maggot terfermentasi



25. Demineralisasi tepung maggot terfermentasi



26. Penyaringan hasil demineralisasi



27. Proses deproteinisasi



28. Pengeringan hasil deproteinisasi



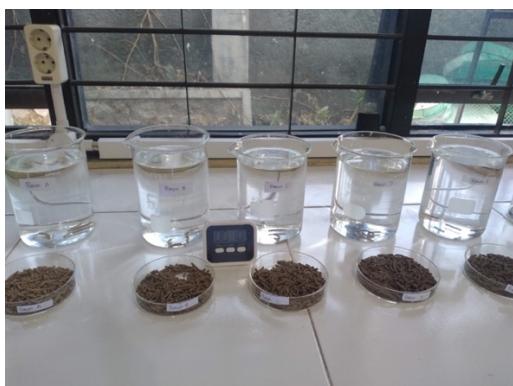
29. Kitin dari tepung maggot terfermentasi



30. Uji kecepatan tenggelam



31. Uji tingkat kekerasan



32. Uji kecepatan pecah pakan



33. Uji dispersi padatan



34. Uji Organoleptik pakan



35. Uji Organoleptik pakan



36. Pengukuran pH pada pagi dan sore hari di semua akuarium penelitian



37. Pengukuran salinitas pada pagi dan sore hari di semua akuarium penelitian



38. Pengukuran suhu pada pagi dan sore hari di semua akuarium penelitian



39. Pengukuran DO pada pagi dan sore hari di semua akuarium penelitian



40. Penimbangan pakan perlakuan



41. Penimbangan pakan perlakuan



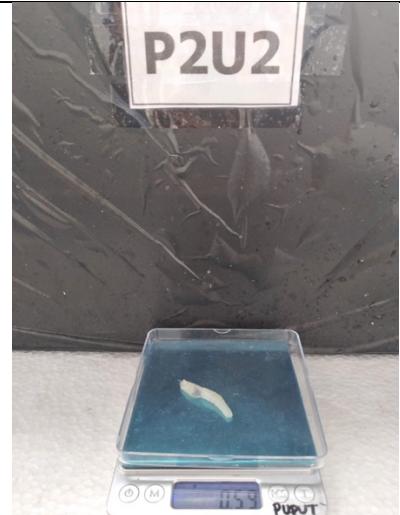
42.. Pemberian pakan uji



43. Penyipiran akuarium



44. Sampling pertumbuhan udang vannamei



45. Pengambilan udang mati pada akuarium penelitian kemudian menimbang dan mencatatnya



46. Persiapan pengukuran ammonia



47. Pengukuran ammonia menggunakan spektrofotometer