

## DAFTAR PUSTAKA

1. Coimbra R, Davis DP, Hoyt DB. Prehospital airway management: intubation, devices, and controversies. In: *Current Therapy of Trauma and Surgical Critical Care*. First. Elsevier; 2008. hal. 58–63.
2. Smischney N, Kashyap R, Seisa M, Schroeder D, Diedrich D. Endotracheal intubation among the critically ill: protocol for a multicenter, observational, prospective study. *JMIR Res Protoc*. 2018;7(12):111–20.
3. Samuel H, Melekamayhu A, Woldeyohannes M, Tesfaye S. A comparative study between intravenous fentanyl and intravenous lidocaine on attenuation of hemodynamic pressor responses to laryngoscopic intubation: a prospective cohort study, Ethiopia. *Open J Anesthesiol*. 2019;9(112):167–78.
4. Tsai P, Chen B. Comparing the airway scope®, glidescope®, and Macintosh laryngoscopes. *Internet J Anesthesiol*. 2009;24(2):1–6.
5. Xue F, Xu Y, Liu Q, Yang Q, Liu Y, Liao X, et al. Hemodynamic responses to tracheal intubation with the glidescope® videolaryngoscope: a comparison of oral and nasal routes. *Acta Anaesthesiol Taiwanica*. 2008;46(1):8–15.
6. Mendonça FT, Silva SL da, Nilton TM, Alves IRR. Effects of lidocaine and esmolol on hemodynamic response to tracheal intubation: a randomized clinical trial. *Brazilian J Anesthesiol*. 2022;72(1):95–102.
7. Kaur M, Kumari A, Chawla S. Intravenous clonidine with lignocaine nebulization to attenuate the hemodynamic response to laryngoscopy and tracheal intubation: a comparative study. *Curr Trends Diagnosis Treat*. 2021;5(1):26–30.
8. Sarkılar G, Sargın M, Sarıtaş TB, Borazan H, Gök F, Kılıçaslan A, et al. Hemodynamic responses to endotracheal intubation performed with video and direct laryngoscopy in patients scheduled for major cardiac surgery. *Int J Clin Exp Med*. 2015;8(7):11477–83.
9. Padmawar S, Patil M. A comparative study of 2% lignocaine vs 50%

- magnesium sulphate for attenuation of stress responses to related lignocaine laryngoscopy and endotracheal intubation. *Int J Contemp Med Res.* 2016;3(8):2317–21.
10. Ahmed AA, Haider HS. Comparative study between sprayed and inhaled nebulized lidocaine for suppression of hemodynamic response to laryngoscopy and oral endotracheal intubation. *J Univ Shanghai Sci Technol.* 2021;23(9):404–15.
  11. Swamy S, Madhusudhana R. Attenuation of hemodynamic responses to endotracheal extubation with different doses of diltiazem with lignocaine: A placebo-controlled study. *Anesth Essays Res.* 2018;12(2):428.
  12. Soenarto RF, Pryambodho, Adji MP. Comparison between lidocaine and NaCl 0.9% inhalation in heart rate and blood pressure changes during laryngoscopy and intubation. *Bali J Anesthesiol.* 2019;3(1):62–8.
  13. Faqri, Musba AMT, Amin H, Arif SK. Pengaruh pemberian lidokain intravena terhadap perubahan hemodinamik dan kadar norepinefrin pada prosedur laringoskopi dan intubasi effects of intravenous lidocaine on hemodynamic and norepinephrine level changes in laryngoscopy and intubation procedure. *Maj Anest Cri Care.* 2023;41(2):93–101.
  14. Agrawal A, Lele SS, Tendolkar BA. A comparative study of nebulized versus intravenous lignocaine to suppress the haemodynamic response to endotracheal suction in patients on mechanical ventilation. *Int J Res Med Sci.* 2016;4(8):3224–8.
  15. Jokar A, Babaei M, Pourmatin S, Taheri M, Almasi-Hashiani A, Yazdanbakhsh A. Effects of intravenous and inhaled nebulized lignocaine on the hemodynamic response of endotracheal intubation patients: a randomized clinical trial. *Anesth Essays Res.* 2018;12(1):159–164.
  16. Baker PA, Timmermann A. Indications for endotracheal intubation. In: Benumof and Hagberg's Airway Management. Third Edit. Elsevier; 2018. hal. 340–5.
  17. Sachidananda R, Umesh G, Shaikh SI. A review of hemodynamic response to the use of different types of laryngoscopes. *Anaesthesia, Pain Intensive*

- Care. 2019;9(6):1–5.
18. Alvarado A, Panakos P. Endotracheal tube intubation techniques. In: StatPearls Publishing. Treasure Island; 2022. hal. 1–6.
  19. Park DH, Lee CA, Jeong CY, Yang H-S. Nasotracheal intubation for airway management during anesthesia. *Anesth Pain Med.* 2021;16(3):232–47.
  20. Rajan S, Kadapamannil D, Barua K, Tosh P, Paul J, Kumar L. Ease of intubation and hemodynamic responses to nasotracheal intubation using C-MAC videolaryngoscope with D blade: a comparison with use of traditional Macintosh laryngoscope. *J Anaesthesiol Clin Pharmacol.* 2018;34(3):46–50.
  21. Gupta N, Gupta A, Sarma R, Batra A, Madan K. Video laryngoscopy vs. direct laryngoscopy for nasotracheal intubation in oromaxillofacial surgery: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. *Korean J Anesthesiol.* 2021;74(5):439–48.
  22. Staar S, Biesler I, Müller D, Pfortner R, Mohr C, Groeben H. Nasotracheal intubation with three indirect laryngoscopes assisted by standard or modified Magill forceps. *Anaesthesia.* 2013;68(5):467–71.
  23. Gillespie MB, Craig B, Dierdorf SF. Complications of intubation and emergency airway management. In: *Complications in Head and Neck Surgery.* Elsevier Inc.; 2017. hal. 369–85.
  24. Higgs A, Mcgrath BA, Goddard C, Rangasami J, Suntharalingam G, Gale R, et al. Guidelines for the management of tracheal intubation in critically ill adults. *Br J Anaesth.* 2018;120(2):323–52.
  25. Joffe AM, Deem SA. Physiologic and pathophysiologic responses to intubation. In: *Benumof and Hagberg's Airway Management.* Third. Elsevier; 2015. hal. 184–98.
  26. Yoosamran B, Sengnon K. Comparison of hemodynamic response during tracheal intubation between c-Mac videolaryngoscope and conventional direct laryngoscope in normotensive patients: a randomized controlled study. *Thai J Anesth.* 2022;48(1):15–22.
  27. Thakkar S. Comparison of the stress response and intubating performance in

- endotracheal intubation with Macintosh and McCoy laryngoscopes: A randomized study. *Int J Heal Sci.* 2022;6(1):5271–81.
28. Bylund DB, Bylund KC. Norepinephrine. *Encycl Neurol Sci.* 2014;3:614–6.
  29. Donnell JO, Zeppenfeld D, McConnell E, Pena S. Norepinephrine: a neuromodulator that boosts the function of multiple cell types to optimize CNS performance. *Neurochem Res.* 2012;37(11):2496–512.
  30. Foulon P, De Backer D. The hemodynamic effects of norepinephrine: far more than an increase in blood pressure. *Ann Transl Med.* 2018;6(1):25–9.
  31. Fage N, Asfar P, Radermacher P, Demiselle J. Norepinephrine and vasopressin in hemorrhagic shock: a focus on renal hemodynamics. *Int J Mol Sci.* 2023;24(4):1–13.
  32. Wang F, Zhang M, Wang X, Zhong X, Ding P. Effects of norepinephrine on hemodynamics, vascular elasticity, cardiac pump function, and inflammatory factors in patients with septic shock. *Eur J Inflamm.* 2019;17(12):1–6.
  33. Lee H. The pentax airway scope versus the Macintosh laryngoscope: Comparison of hemodynamic responses and concentrations of plasma norepinephrine to tracheal intubation. *Korean J Anesthesiol.* 2013;64(4):315–20.
  34. Kayhan Z, Aldemir D, Mutlu H, Öğüş E. Which is responsible for the haemodynamic response due to laryngoscopy and endotracheal intubation? Catecholamines, vasopressin or angiotensin? *Eur J Anaesthesiol.* 2005;22(10):780–5.
  35. Yoo KY, Jeong CW, Kim SJ, Jeong ST, Kwak SH, Shin MH, et al. Altered cardiovascular responses to tracheal intubation in patients with complete spinal cord injury: Relation to time course and affected level. *Br J Anaesth.* 2010;105(6):753–9.
  36. Weinberg L. Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of lignocaine: a review. *World J Anesthesiol.* 2015;4(2):17.
  37. Beecham GB, Nessel TA, Goyal A. Lidocaine. In: StatPearls Publishing. Treasure Island; 2022. hal. 1–6.

38. Bahar E, Yoon H. Lidocaine: a local anesthetic, its adverse effects and management. *Med.* 2021;57(8).
39. Yang X, Wei X, Mu Y, Li Q, Liu J. A review of the mechanism of the central analgesic effect of lidocaine. *Medicine (Baltimore).* 2020;99(17):98–9.
40. Chu R, Umukoro N, Greer T, Roberts J, Adekoya P, Odonkor CA, et al. Intravenous lidocaine infusion for the management of early postoperative pain: a comprehensive review of controlled trials. *Psychopharmacol Bull.* 2020;50(4):216–59.
41. Torp KD, Metheny E, Simon L V. Lidocaine toxicity. In: StatPearls Publishing. Treasure Island; 2022. hal. 1–8.
42. Özyiğit LP, Erer A, Okumuş G, Çağatay T, Kıryan E, Erkan F. Nebulized lidocaine as an alternative therapy for reactive airway dysfunction syndrome. *Turk Thorac J.* 2016;17:82–3.
43. Artime CA, Sanchez A. Preparation of the patient for awake intubation. In: Benumof and Hagberg's Airway Management. Third Edit. Elsevier; 2013. hal. 243–64.
44. Hofmann T, Montgomery AB, Stapleton K. Targeted delivery of lidocaine and other local anesthetics and a method for treatment of cough, asthma and tussive attacks. In: Gilead Sciences Inc. 2006. hal. 234–44.
45. Becker DE, Reed KL. Local anesthetics: review of pharmacological considerations. *Anesth Prog.* 2012;59(2):90–102.
46. Jain S, Khan RM. Effect of perioperative intravenous infusion of lignocaine on haemodynamic responses to intubation, extubation and postoperative analgesia. *Indian J Anaesth.* 2015;59(6):342–7.
47. Hashemian AM, Zamani Moghadam Doloo H, Saadatfar M, Moallem R, Moradifar M, Faramarzi R, et al. Effects of intravenous administration of fentanyl and lidocaine on hemodynamic responses following endotracheal intubation. *Am J Emerg Med.* 2018;36(2):197–201.
48. Zou Y, Kong G, Wei L, Ling Y, Tang Y, Zhang L, et al. The effect of intravenous lidocaine on hemodynamic response to endotracheal intubation during sufentanil-based induction of anaesthesia. *Anaesthesiol Intensive*

Ther. 2020;52(4):287–91.

49. Sriramka B, Warsi ZH, Sahoo J. Effects of adding dexmedetomidine to nebulized lidocaine on control of hemodynamic responses to laryngoscopy and intubation: A randomized clinical trial. *J Anaesthesiol Clin Pharmacol*. 2018;34(3):46–50.
50. Sklar BZ, Lurie S, Ezri T, Krichelli D, Savir I, Soroker D. Lidocaine inhalation attenuates the circulatory response to laryngoscopy and endotracheal intubation. *J Clin Anesth*. 1992;4(5):382–5.
51. Tonev D. Intravenous Lidocaine in Non-Opioid Multimodal Perioperative Pain Management: Current Controversy and Future Perspectives. Intech Open, Slov Univ Ljubljana. 2023;
52. VHA Pharmacy Benefits Management Strategic Healthcare Group. A Guidance on the Use of Topical Anesthetics for Naso / Oropharyngeal and Laryngotracheal Procedures. *Guid Top Anesth*. 2006;1(1):1–23.
53. Shiga T, Wajima Z, Inoue T, Ogawa R. Prophylactic nebulized lidocaine attenuates hyperdynamic response to abrupt mask inhalation of isoflurane in adults. *J Clin Anesth*. 2004;16(7):493–8.
54. Kurabe M, Furue H, Kohno T. Intravenous administration of lidocaine directly acts on spinal dorsal horn and produces analgesic effect: An in vivo patch-clamp analysis. *Sci Rep*. 2016;6(February):1–13.