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**Lampiran 1 : *Informed Consent***

**LEMBAR PERSETUJUAN MENJADI RESPONDEN**

Saya yang bertanda tangan di bawah ini, atas nama sendiri menyatakan setuju/bersedia untuk ikut berpartisipasi sebagai peserta penelitian **“ANALISIS DETERMINAN KINERJA BIDAN DALAM PELAYANAN ANTENATAL CARE DI PUSKESMAS PERAWATAN ALLANG KABUPATEN MALUKU TENGAH”**. Yang dilakukan oleh Mahasiswa an. Josina Hattu, guna menyelesaikan Tesis sebagai mahasiswa Pasca Sarjana Program Program Studi Magister Administrasi dan Kebijakan Kesehatan Fakultas Kesehatan Masyarakat Universitas Hasanuddin Maassar 2023.

Atas dasar pemikiran bahwa penelitian ini dilakukan untuk pengembangan Ilmu Kesehatan Masyarakat, maka saya memutuskan untuk ikut berpartisipasi dalam penelitian ini sebagai responden.Tanda tangan di bawah ini menunjukkan bahwa saya telah diberi penjelasan dan menyatakan setuju / bersedia menjadi responden.

Maluku, 2022

Responden,

(Tanda Tangan)

## **Lampiran 2: Kuesioner Penelitian**

### **ANALISIS DETERMINAN KINERJA BIDAN DALAM PELAYANAN ANTENATAL CARE DI PUSKESMAS PERAWATAN ALLANG KABUPATEN MALUKU TENGAH**

Kode Responden : \_\_\_\_\_

Hari dan tanggal pengisian:

Isilah keterangan di bawah ini dengan memberikan tanda check (✓) dengan data yang relevan pada kotak yang tersedia.

#### **A. Identitas**

1. Nama (inisial) : \_\_\_\_\_
2. Pendidikan : [    ] < D-III Bidan [    ] ≥ D-III Bidan
3. Umur : [    ] < 30 tahun [    ] > 30 tahun
4. Masa Kerja : [    ] ≤ 5 tahun [    ] > 5 tahun
5. Status Pegawai : [    ] Honor/kontrak/PTT [    ] AS

#### **B. Pengetahuan**

Pilihlah salah satu jawaban yang anda anggap paling benar. Dengan memberikan tanda silang pada pilihan jawaban yang disediakan:

1. Menurut ibu pengertian dari pemeriksaan kehamilan adalah:
  - a. Pemeriksaan untuk mempersiapkan kehamilan
  - b. Pemeriksaan menjelang persalinan
  - c. Pemeriksaan kehamilan untuk mengoptimalkan kesehatan ibu hamil
  - d. Pemeriksaan dirumah ibu hamil
2. Sasaran dari pemeriksaan kehamilan adalah :
  - a. Menyelamatkan ibu dan bayi mulai dari kehamilan sampai nifas
  - b. Meningkatkan jumlah ibu hamil
  - c. Meningkatkan pendapatan bidan
  - d. Mengurangi jumlah penduduk
3. Ibu hamil yang harus diperiksakan ke petugas kesehatan adalah :
  - a. Ibu hamil resiko tinggi
  - b. Ibu hamil usia muda (< 20 tahun)

- c. Ibu hamil usia tua (> 35 tahun)
  - d. Semua ibu hamil
4. Kapankah sebaiknya pemeriksaan pertama kali dilakukan pada ibu hamil :
- a. Sejak terlambat haid 1 bulan
  - b. Usia kehamilan 3 bulan
  - c. Pada saat akan melahirkan
  - d. Usia kehamilan 6 bulan
5. Berapa kalikah minimal pemeriksaan kehamilan dilakukan :
- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| a. 1 kali | c. 2 kali |
| b. 3 kali | d. 4 kali |
6. Pada saat usia kehamilan memasuki trimester 2 (14-28 minggu) berapa kalikah minimal ibu hamil memeriksakan kehamilannya :
- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| a. 1 kali | c. 2 kali |
| b. 3 kali | d. 4 kali |
7. Pada saat usia kehamilan memasuki trimester 3 (>28 minggu) berapa kalikah minimal ibu hamil memeriksakan kehamilannya :
- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| a. 1 kali | c. 3 kali |
| b. 2 kali | d. 4 kali |
8. Anamnesa yang dilakukan pada ibu hamil meliputi, kecuali :
- a. Identitas ibu hamil
  - b. Riwayat kontrasepsi/KB
  - c. Kehamilan sebelumnya dan kehamilan sekarang
  - d. Pemeriksaan laboratorium
9. Tanda dan gejala yang mengancam jiwa ibu hamil, kecuali :
- |                            |                       |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| a. Perdarahan per vaginam  | c. Eklamsi/preeklamsi |
| b. Usia ibu hamil 34 tahun | d. Anemia berat       |
10. Yang tidak termasuk tanda dan gejala untuk melakukan rujukan adalah :
- a. Ibu hamil dengan penyakit asma
  - b. Ibu hamil terinfeksi HIV
  - c. Ibu hamil dengan paritas lebih dari 3 kali
  - d. Ibu hamil dengan kehamilan lewat waktu

### C. Sikap

Jawablah pernyataan dibawah ini dengan dua alternatif pilihan jawaban dengan memberikan tanda checklist (✓)

Setuju : S  
Tidak Setuju : TS

| No | Pernyataan  | Jawaban |    |
|----|---|---------|----|
|    |   | S       | TS |
| 1  | Anamnesa yang sesuai dengan standar mulai dari menanyakan identitas, keluhan yang dialami, riwayat haid, riwayat kehamilan, riwayat penyakit, riwayat obstetrik, riwayat ginekologi, riwayat seksual dan riwayat kontrasepsi sampai dokumentasi kebidanan yang ada terlalu banyak sehingga menghabiskan waktu memeriksa |         |    |
| 2  | Anamnesa yang lengkap mulai menanyakan identitas sampai   |         |    |

|    |  |  |  |
|----|--|--|--|
|    | dokumentasi kebidanan sesuai dengan standar sudah bisa ditegakkan diagnosa yang benar  |  |  |
| 3  | Pemeriksaan fisik yang sesuai dengan standar tidak perlu dilaksanakan semuanya karena dengan anamnesa saja sudah bisa dibuat diagnose                  |  |  |
| 4  | Setiap ibu hamil diperiksa, perlu disarankan untuk melakukan pemeriksaan ulang   |  |  |
| 5  | Pemeriksaan fisik yang sesuai dengan standar minimal 10T memakan waktu yang cukup lama bila dilaksanakan   |  |  |
| 6  | Penyuluhan kepada ibu hamil tidak selalu harus dilaksanakan sesuai dengan standar, karena ibu hamil mungkin sudah tahu                                 |  |  |
| 7  | Setiap pemeriksaan, hasil/ keadaan ibu hamil saat itu perlu diberitahukan kepada pasien  |  |  |
| 8  | Pelayanan antenatal terpadu keluarga dan suami hanya cukup mengantar ke pelayanan kesehatan saja, bagaimana menurut anda                               |  |  |
| 9  | Tablet besi tidak perlu diberikan pada ibu hamil karena dengan mengkonsumsi makanan cukup sudah bisa memenuhi kebutuhan ibu akan zat besi:             |  |  |
| 10 | Bila tidak ada keluhan, ibu hamil tidak perlu memeriksa dirinya sesuai dengan standar yaitu 4 kali selama masa kehamilan                               |  |  |
| 11 | Bila K1 dan K4 belum mencapai target, bidan tidak perlu berkunjung ke rumah klien untuk melakukan pemeriksa kehamilan                                  |  |  |
| 12 | Bidan tidak harus bekerjasama dengan kader dan pamong setempat untuk mengetahui semua ibu hamil tercatat karena dapat dilakukan dengan kunjungan rumah |  |  |
| 13 | Untuk memudahkan dalam pencatatan dan pelaporan ibu hamil diwilayah kerja bidan sebaiknya buku KIA di bawa oleh bidan                                  |  |  |
| 14 | Standar Menejemen Kebidanan (SMK) tidak begitu enting untuk dijadikan pedoman dalam memberi pelayanan kebidanan sebagai standar asuhan                 |  |  |
| 15 | Kualitas pelayanan antenatal yang baik hanya dihubungani oleh kinerja bidan  |  |  |

### Motivasi

Berilah tanda checklist (✓) kolom sebelah kanan tentang motivasi kerja dalam pelayaan ANC dengan dua laternatif pilihan jawaban Ya dan tidak

| No | Pernyataan  | Jawaban |       |
|----|---|---------|-------|
|    |   | YA      | Tidak |
| 1  | Saya memperoleh tambahan poin/upah yang sesuai dengan pekerjaan sebagai bidan |         |       |

|    |   |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|
| 2  | Pendidikan terakhir saya tidak sesuai dengan bidang pekerjaan saya                      |  |  |
| 3  | Pemberian instantif meningkatkan gairah kerja   |  |  |
| 4  | Saya sangat termotivasi dalam pelayanan kehamilan yang berkualitas                      |  |  |
| 5  | Saya mampu menggunakan potensi diri sebagai   |  |  |
| 6  | Saya merasa nyaman terhadap kondisi lingkungan kerja sebagai bidan                      |  |  |
| 7  | Saya mampu menyelesaikan tugas sebagai bidan sesuai dengan waktu yang ditentukan        |  |  |
| 8  | Saya dapat bekerjasama dengan rekan kerja yang lain dalam mencapai tujuan kerja         |  |  |
| 9  | Saya mampu melaksanakan pekerjaan secara mudah dan cermat sebagai bidan dalam pelayanan |  |  |
| 10 | Saya merasa aman dalam melaksanakan pekerjaan sebagai bidan                             |  |  |

#### D. Kepemimpinan Kepala Puskesmas

Berilah tanda checklist (✓) pada kolom sebelah kanan tentang keterampilan pimpinan dalam pelayaan ANC dengan dua alternatif pilihan jawaban Ya dan tidak

| No            | Pernyataan   | Jawa |       |
|---------------|--|------|-------|
|               |  | YA   | Tidak |
| 1             | Ada arahan dari pimpinan dalam pelayanan kehamilan   |      |       |
| 2             | Ada bimbingan teknis dari pimpinan dalam pelayanan kebidanan                                 |      |       |
| 3             | Ada koordinasi dari pimpinan dalam pelayanan kebidanan                                       |      |       |
| 4             | Ada standar operasional prosedur yang dibuat dalam pelayanan kehamilan                       |      |       |
| 5             | Ada sanksi yang diberikan kepada bidan bila tidak melaksanakan tugas sesuai dengan fungsinya |      |       |
| <b>Jumlah</b> |  |      |       |

### E. Sarana dan Prasarana

Sarana dan Prasarana Pelayanan Bidan “Bila bidan memiliki fasilitas yang belum sesuai silakan di isi di kotak keterangan.” Apakah bidan memiliki:

| No | Pernyataan  | Jawaban |       |
|----|---|---------|-------|
|    |   | Ya      | Tidak |
| 1  | Tensimeter  |         |       |
| 2  | Stetoskop   |         |       |
| 3  | Stetoskop monokuler (Doppler)                           |         |       |
| 4  | Termometer  |         |       |
| 5  | Timbangan   |         |       |
| 6  | Reflek hamer  |         |       |
| 7  | Alat pemeriksaan Hb (sahli)                             |         |       |
| 8  | Blood lancet (Golongan Darah Test Kid)                  |         |       |
| 9  | Set pemeriksaan urine (protein, reduksi)                |         |       |
| 10 | Kom   |         |       |
| 11 | Bengkok   |         |       |
| 12 | Pita pengukur   |         |       |
| 13 | Bahan habis pakai (kapas, tissue, sarung tangan, sput). |         |       |
| 14 | KMS Ibu Hamil   |         |       |
| 15 | Register Kohort Ibu                                     |         |       |
| 16 | Kantong dan Kartu Waktu Persalinan                      |         |       |
| 17 | Kartu ibu   |         |       |
| 18 | Tempat Tidur  |         |       |
| 19 | Tablet Fe   |         |       |
| 20 | Vaksin TT   |         |       |

### F. Kinerja (Observasi)

| No            | Pernyataan  | Jawaban |       |
|---------------|---|---------|-------|
|               |   | Ya      | Tidak |
| 1             | Penimbangan berat badan dan pengukuran tinggi badan ibu hamil |         |       |
| 2             | Pengukuran tekanan darah ibu hamil                            |         |       |
| 3             | Penilaian gizi ibu hamil                                      |         |       |
| 4             | Pengukuran tinggi fundus uteri                                |         |       |
| 5             | Penentuan presentasi janin dan enyut jantung janin            |         |       |
| 6             | Skrening status immunisasi tetanus                            |         |       |
| 7             | Pemberian tablet Fe   |         |       |
| 8             | Tes laboratorium  |         |       |
| 9             | Penatalaksanaan kasus yang ditemukan                          |         |       |
| 10            | Temu wicara/konseling   |         |       |
| <b>Jumlah</b> |   |         |       |

## Frequency Table

**Pendidikan**

|         |                | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|----------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| kinerja | < d3 kebidanan | 8         | 25,8    | 26,7          | 26,7               |
|         | > d3 kebidanan | 22        | 71,0    | 73,3          | 100,0              |
|         | Total          | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |                    |
|         | System         | 1         | 3,2     |               |                    |
|         |                | 31        | 100,0   |               |                    |

**Umur**

|         |            | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| kinerja | < 30 tahun | 9         | 29,0    | 30,0          | 30,0               |
|         | > 30 tahun | 21        | 67,7    | 70,0          | 100,0              |
|         | Total      | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |                    |
|         | System     | 1         | 3,2     |               |                    |
|         |            | 31        | 100,0   |               |                    |

**masakerja**

|         |           | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | <5 tahun  | 8         | 25,8    | 26,7          | 26,7               |
|         | > 5 tahun | 22        | 71,0    | 73,3          | 100,0              |
|         | Total     | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |                    |
| Missing | System    | 1         | 3,2     |               |                    |
|         |           | 31        | 100,0   |               |                    |

### Status Pegawai

|         |        | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative |
|---------|--------|-----------|---------|---------------|------------|
|         |        |           |         |               | Percent    |
| kinerja | PTT    | 5         | 16,1    | 16,7          | 16,7       |
|         | PNS    | 25        | 80,6    | 83,3          | 100,0      |
|         | Total  | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |            |
|         | System | 1         | 3,2     |               |            |
|         |        | 31        | 100,0   |               |            |

### pengetahuan

|         |        | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative |
|---------|--------|-----------|---------|---------------|------------|
|         |        |           |         |               | Percent    |
| Valid   | kurang | 9         | 29,0    | 30,0          | 30,0       |
|         | baik   | 21        | 67,7    | 70,0          | 100,0      |
|         | Total  | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |            |
| Missing | System | 1         | 3,2     |               |            |
|         | Total  | 31        | 100,0   |               |            |

### sikap

|         |         | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative |
|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------------|------------|
|         |         |           |         |               | Percent    |
| Valid   | negatif | 9         | 29,0    | 30,0          | 30,0       |
|         | positif | 21        | 67,7    | 70,0          | 100,0      |
|         | Total   | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |            |
| Missing | System  | 1         | 3,2     |               |            |
|         | Total   | 31        | 100,0   |               |            |

### motivasi

|         |        | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative |
|---------|--------|-----------|---------|---------------|------------|
|         |        |           |         |               | Percent    |
| Valid   | rendah | 10        | 32,3    | 33,3          | 33,3       |
|         | tinggi | 20        | 64,5    | 66,7          | 100,0      |
|         | Total  | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |            |
| Missing | System | 1         | 3,2     |               |            |
|         | Total  | 31        | 100,0   |               |            |

### kepemimpinan

|         |        | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|--------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | kurang | 10        | 32,3    | 33,3          | 33,3               |
|         | baik   | 20        | 64,5    | 66,7          | 100,0              |
|         | Total  | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |                    |
| Missing | System | 1         | 3,2     |               |                    |
|         | Total  | 31        | 100,0   |               |                    |

### fasilitas

|         |               | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|---------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | tidak memadai | 9         | 29,0    | 30,0          | 30,0               |
|         | memadai       | 21        | 67,7    | 70,0          | 100,0              |
|         | Total         | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |                    |
| Missing | System        | 1         | 3,2     |               |                    |
|         | Total         | 31        | 100,0   |               |                    |

### kinerja

|         |        | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|---------|--------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid   | kurang | 9         | 29,0    | 30,0          | 30,0               |
|         | baik   | 21        | 67,7    | 70,0          | 100,0              |
|         | Total  | 30        | 96,8    | 100,0         |                    |
| Missing | System | 1         | 3,2     |               |                    |
|         | Total  | 31        | 100,0   |               |                    |

## Crosstabs

| Notes                  |   |   |
|------------------------|---|---|
| Output Created         |   | 19-MAR-2023 16:10:41  |
| Comments               |   |   |
| Input                  | Data  | C:\Users\admin\Desktop\josina data_1.sav  |
|                        | Active Dataset  | DataSet1  |
|                        | Filter  | <none>  |
|                        | Weight  | <none>  |
|                        | Split File  | <none>  |
|                        | N of Rows in Working Data File  | 31  |
| Missing Value Handling | Definition of Missing   | User-defined missing values are treated as missing.   |
|                        | Cases Used  | Statistics for each table are based on all the cases with valid data in the specified range(s) for all variables in each table. |
| Syntax                 | <pre>CROSSTABS /TABLES=kinerja BY pendidikan umur masakerja statuspegawai pengetahuan sikap motivasi kepemimpinan fasilitas /FORMAT=AVALUE TABLES /STATISTICS=CHISQ PHI RISK CMH(1) /CELLS=COUNT ROW /COUNT ROUND CELL.</pre> |   |
| Resources              | Processor Time  | 00:00:00,05   |
|                        | Elapsed Time  | 00:00:00,05   |
|                        | Dimensions Requested  | 2   |
|                        | Cells Available   | 524245  |

### Case Processing Summary

|                         | Cases |         |         |         |       |         |
|-------------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------|
|                         | Valid |         | Missing |         | Total |         |
|                         | N     | Percent | N       | Percent | N     | Percent |
| kinerja * pendidikan    | 30    | 96,8%   | 1       | 3,2%    | 31    | 100,0%  |
| kinerja * umur          | 30    | 96,8%   | 1       | 3,2%    | 31    | 100,0%  |
| kinerja * masakerja     | 30    | 96,8%   | 1       | 3,2%    | 31    | 100,0%  |
| kinerja * statuspegawai | 30    | 96,8%   | 1       | 3,2%    | 31    | 100,0%  |
| kinerja * pengetahuan   | 30    | 96,8%   | 1       | 3,2%    | 31    | 100,0%  |
| kinerja * sikap         | 30    | 96,8%   | 1       | 3,2%    | 31    | 100,0%  |
| kinerja * motivasi      | 30    | 96,8%   | 1       | 3,2%    | 31    | 100,0%  |
| kinerja * kepemimpinan  | 30    | 96,8%   | 1       | 3,2%    | 31    | 100,0%  |
| kinerja * fasilitas     | 30    | 96,8%   | 1       | 3,2%    | 31    | 100,0%  |

### kinerja \* pendidikan

#### Crosstab

| kinerja | kurang           | pendidikan     |                  | Total  |  |
|---------|------------------|----------------|------------------|--------|--|
|         |                  | < d3 kebidanan |                  |        |  |
|         |                  | Count          | % within kinerja |        |  |
| kinerja | kurang           | 4              | 44,4%            | 9      |  |
|         | baik             | 7              | 55,6%            | 100,0% |  |
| Total   | Count            | 11             | 14               | 21     |  |
|         | % within kinerja | 33,3%          | 66,7%            | 100,0% |  |
|         |                  | 19             | 30               |        |  |
|         |                  | 36,7%          | 63,3%            | 100,0% |  |

#### Chi-Square Tests

|                                    | Value             | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (1-sided) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Pearson Chi-Square                 | ,335 <sup>a</sup> | 1  | ,563                              |                      |                      |
| Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup> | ,027              | 1  | ,869                              |                      |                      |
| Likelihood Ratio                   | ,331              | 1  | ,565                              |                      |                      |
| Fisher's Exact Test                |                   |    |                                   | ,687                 | ,429                 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association       | ,324              | 1  | ,569                              |                      |                      |
| N of Valid Cases                   | 30                |    |                                   |                      |                      |

a. 1 cells (25,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3,30.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

### Symmetric Measures

|                    |            | Value | Approximate Significance |
|--------------------|------------|-------|--------------------------|
| Nominal by Nominal | Phi        | ,106  | ,563                     |
|                    | Cramer's V | ,106  | ,563                     |
| N of Valid Cases   |            | 30    |                          |

### Risk Estimate

|   | Value | 95% Confidence Interval |       |
|---|-------|-------------------------|-------|
|   |       | Lower                   | Upper |
| Odds Ratio for kinerja<br>(kurang / baik) | 1,600 | ,324                    | 7,905 |
| For cohort pendidikan = < d3<br>kebidanan | 1,333 | ,517                    | 3,442 |
| For cohort pendidikan = > d3<br>kebidanan | ,833  | ,432                    | 1,609 |
| N of Valid Cases                          | 30    |                         |       |

### Tests of Homogeneity of the Odds Ratio

|             | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Breslow-Day | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |
| Tarone's    | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |

### Tests of Conditional Independence

|                 | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-----------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Cochran's       | ,335        | 1  | ,563                              |
| Mantel-Haenszel | ,026        | 1  | ,871                              |

Under the conditional independence assumption, Cochran's statistic is asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution, only if the number of strata is fixed, while the Mantel-Haenszel statistic is always asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution.

Note that the continuity correction is removed from the Mantel-Haenszel statistic when the sum of the differences between the observed and the expected is 0.

### Mantel-Haenszel Common Odds Ratio Estimate

|                                    |                       |        |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Estimate                           |                       | 1,600  |
| In(Estimate)                       |                       | ,470   |
| Standard Error of In(Estimate)     |                       | ,815   |
| Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)  |                       | ,564   |
| Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval | Common Odds Ratio     |        |
|                                    | Lower Bound           | ,324   |
|                                    | Upper Bound           | 7,905  |
|                                    | In(Common Odds Ratio) |        |
|                                    | Lower Bound           | -1,127 |
|                                    | Upper Bound           | 2,067  |

The Mantel-Haenszel common odds ratio estimate is asymptotically normally distributed under the common odds ratio of 1,000 assumption. So is the natural log of the estimate.

### kinerja \* umur

#### Crosstab

| kinerja | kurang |                  | umur       |            | Total  |
|---------|--------|------------------|------------|------------|--------|
|         |        |                  | < 30 tahun | > 30 tahun |        |
| kinerja | kurang | Count            | 3          | 6          | 9      |
|         |        | % within kinerja | 33,3%      | 66,7%      | 100,0% |
|         | baik   | Count            | 6          | 15         | 21     |
|         |        | % within kinerja | 28,6%      | 71,4%      | 100,0% |
| Total   |        | Count            | 9          | 21         | 30     |
|         |        | % within kinerja | 30,0%      | 70,0%      | 100,0% |

### Chi-Square Tests

|                                    | Value             | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (1-sided) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Pearson Chi-Square                 | ,068 <sup>a</sup> | 1  | ,794                              |                      |                      |
| Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup> | ,000              | 1  | 1,000                             |                      |                      |
| Likelihood Ratio                   | ,067              | 1  | ,795                              |                      |                      |
| Fisher's Exact Test                |                   |    |                                   | 1,000                | ,559                 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association       | ,066              | 1  | ,798                              |                      |                      |
| N of Valid Cases                   | 30                |    |                                   |                      |                      |

a. 1 cells (25,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 2,70.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

### Symmetric Measures

|                    | Value | Approximate Significance |
|--------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| Nominal by Nominal |       |                          |
| Phi                | ,048  | ,794                     |
| Cramer's V         | ,048  | ,794                     |
| N of Valid Cases   | 30    |                          |

### Risk Estimate

|   | Value | 95% Confidence Interval |       |
|---|-------|-------------------------|-------|
|   |       | Lower                   | Upper |
| Odds Ratio for kinerja<br>(kurang / baik) | 1,250 | ,233                    | 6,696 |
| For cohort umur = < 30<br>tahun           | 1,167 | ,371                    | 3,666 |
| For cohort umur = > 30<br>tahun           | ,933  | ,546                    | 1,594 |
| N of Valid Cases                          | 30    |                         |       |

### Tests of Homogeneity of the Odds Ratio

|             | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Breslow-Day | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |
| Tarone's    | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |

### Tests of Conditional Independence

|                 | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-----------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Cochran's       | ,068        | 1  | ,794                              |
| Mantel-Haenszel | ,029        | 1  | ,864                              |

Under the conditional independence assumption, Cochran's statistic is asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution, only if the number of strata is fixed, while the Mantel-Haenszel statistic is always asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution. Note that the continuity correction is removed from the Mantel-Haenszel statistic when the sum of the differences between the observed and the expected is 0.

### Mantel-Haenszel Common Odds Ratio Estimate

|                                    |                       |             |        |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------|
| Estimate                           |                       |             | 1,250  |
| In(Estimate)                       |                       |             | ,223   |
| Standard Error of In(Estimate)     |                       |             | ,856   |
| Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)  |                       |             | ,794   |
| Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval | Common Odds Ratio     | Lower Bound | ,233   |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 6,696  |
|                                    | In(Common Odds Ratio) | Lower Bound | -1,455 |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 1,902  |

The Mantel-Haenszel common odds ratio estimate is asymptotically normally distributed under the common odds ratio of 1,000 assumption. So is the natural log of the estimate.

## kinerja \* masakerja

### Crosstab

#### Chi-Square Tests

|                                    | Value              | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (1-sided) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Pearson Chi-Square                 | 5,487 <sup>a</sup> | 1  | ,019                              |                      |                      |
| Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup> | 3,580              | 1  | ,058                              |                      |                      |
| Likelihood Ratio                   | 5,205              | 1  | ,023                              |                      |                      |
| Fisher's Exact Test                |                    |    |                                   | ,032                 | ,032                 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association       | 5,304              | 1  | ,021                              |                      |                      |
| N of Valid Cases                   | 30                 |    |                                   |                      |                      |

a. 1 cells (25,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 2,40.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

#### Symmetric Measures

|                    | Value | Approximate Significance |
|--------------------|-------|--------------------------|
| Nominal by Nominal |       |                          |
| Phi                | ,428  | ,019                     |
| Cramer's V         | ,428  | ,019                     |
| N of Valid Cases   | 30    |                          |

#### Risk Estimate

|  | Value | 95% Confidence Interval |        |
|--|-------|-------------------------|--------|
|  |       | Lower                   | Upper  |
| Odds Ratio for kinerja (kurang / baik) | 7,500 | 1,246                   | 45,153 |
| For cohort masakerja = <5 tahun        | 3,889 | 1,172                   | 12,906 |
| For cohort masakerja = > 5 tahun       | ,519  | ,245                    | 1,099  |
| N of Valid Cases                       | 30    |                         |        |

### Tests of Homogeneity of the Odds Ratio

|             | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Breslow-Day | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |
| Tarone's    | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |

### Tests of Conditional Independence

|                 | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-----------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Cochran's       | 5,487       | 1  | ,019                              |
| Mantel-Haenszel | 3,460       | 1  | ,063                              |

Under the conditional independence assumption, Cochran's statistic is asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution, only if the number of strata is fixed, while the Mantel-Haenszel statistic is always asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution.

Note that the continuity correction is removed from the Mantel-Haenszel statistic when the sum of the differences between the observed and the expected is 0.

### Mantel-Haenszel Common Odds Ratio Estimate

|                                    |                       |             |        |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------|
| Estimate                           |                       |             | 7,500  |
| In(Estimate)                       |                       |             | 2,015  |
| Standard Error of In(Estimate)     |                       |             | ,916   |
| Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)  |                       |             | ,028   |
| Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval | Common Odds Ratio     | Lower Bound | 1,246  |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 45,153 |
|                                    | In(Common Odds Ratio) | Lower Bound | ,220   |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 3,810  |

The Mantel-Haenszel common odds ratio estimate is asymptotically normally distributed under the common odds ratio of 1,000 assumption. So is the natural log of the estimate.

## kinerja \* statuspegawai

### Crosstab

| kinerja | kurang           | statuspegawai |       |        | Total |
|---------|------------------|---------------|-------|--------|-------|
|         |                  | PTT           | PNS   |        |       |
| baik    | Count            | 4             | 5     | 9      |       |
|         | % within kinerja | 44,4%         | 55,6% | 100,0% |       |
| Total   | Count            | 4             | 17    | 21     |       |
|         | % within kinerja | 19,0%         | 81,0% | 100,0% |       |
| Total   |                  | 8             | 22    | 30     |       |
|         |                  | 26,7%         | 73,3% | 100,0% |       |

### Chi-Square Tests

|                                    | Value              | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (1-sided) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Pearson Chi-Square                 | 2,078 <sup>a</sup> | 1  | ,149                              |                      |                      |
| Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup> | ,982               | 1  | ,322                              |                      |                      |
| Likelihood Ratio                   | 1,979              | 1  | ,159                              |                      |                      |
| Fisher's Exact Test                |                    |    |                                   | ,195                 | ,161                 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association       | 2,009              | 1  | ,156                              |                      |                      |
| N of Valid Cases                   | 30                 |    |                                   |                      |                      |

a. 1 cells (25,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 2,40.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

### Symmetric Measures

|                    | Value      | Approximate Significance |      |
|--------------------|------------|--------------------------|------|
|                    |            |                          |      |
| Nominal by Nominal | Phi        | ,263                     | ,149 |
|                    | Cramer's V | ,263                     | ,149 |
| N of Valid Cases   | 30         |                          |      |

### Risk Estimate

|   |       | 95% Confidence Interval |        |
|---|-------|-------------------------|--------|
|   | Value | Lower                   | Upper  |
| Odds Ratio for kinerja<br>(kurang / baik) | 3,400 | ,617                    | 18,748 |
| For cohort statuspegawai =<br>PTT         | 2,333 | ,743                    | 7,332  |
| For cohort statuspegawai =<br>PNS         | ,686  | ,369                    | 1,276  |
| N of Valid Cases                          | 30    |                         |        |

### Tests of Homogeneity of the Odds Ratio

|             | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic<br>Significance (2-<br>sided) |
|-------------|-------------|----|--|
| Breslow-Day | ,000        | 0  | .  |
| Tarone's    | ,000        | 0  | .  |

### Tests of Conditional Independence

|                 | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic<br>Significance (2-<br>sided) |
|-----------------|-------------|----|--|
| Cochran's       | 2,078       | 1  | ,149                                     |
| Mantel-Haenszel | ,949        | 1  | ,330                                     |

Under the conditional independence assumption, Cochran's statistic is asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution, only if the number of strata is fixed, while the Mantel-Haenszel statistic is always asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution.

Note that the continuity correction is removed from the Mantel-Haenszel statistic when the sum of the differences between the observed and the expected is 0.

### Mantel-Haenszel Common Odds Ratio Estimate

|                                    |                       |             |        |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------|
| Estimate                           |                       |             | 3,400  |
| In(Estimate)                       |                       |             | 1,224  |
| Standard Error of In(Estimate)     |                       |             | ,871   |
| Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)  |                       |             | ,160   |
| Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval | Common Odds Ratio     | Lower Bound | ,617   |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 18,748 |
|                                    | In(Common Odds Ratio) | Lower Bound | -,484  |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 2,931  |

The Mantel-Haenszel common odds ratio estimate is asymptotically normally distributed under the common odds ratio of 1,000 assumption. So is the natural log of the estimate.

### kinerja \* pengetahuan

#### Crosstab

| kinerja | kurang           | pengetahuan      |       | Total  |
|---------|------------------|------------------|-------|--------|
|         |                  | kurang           | baik  |        |
| kinerja | kurang           | Count            | 3     | 6      |
|         |                  | % within kinerja | 33,3% | 66,7%  |
|         | baik             | Count            | 6     | 15     |
|         |                  | % within kinerja | 28,6% | 71,4%  |
| Total   | Count            | 9                | 21    | 30     |
|         | % within kinerja | 30,0%            | 70,0% | 100,0% |

#### Chi-Square Tests

|                                    | Value             | df | Asymptotic<br>Significance (2-<br>sided) | Exact Sig. (2-<br>sided) | Exact Sig. (1-<br>sided) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Pearson Chi-Square                 | ,068 <sup>a</sup> | 1  | ,794                                     |                          |                          |
| Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup> | ,000              | 1  | 1,000                                    |                          |                          |
| Likelihood Ratio                   | ,067              | 1  | ,795                                     |                          |                          |
| Fisher's Exact Test                |                   |    |  | 1,000                    | ,559                     |
| Linear-by-Linear Association       | ,066              | 1  | ,798                                     |                          |                          |
| N of Valid Cases                   | 30                |    |  |                          |                          |

a. 1 cells (25,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 2,70.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

### Symmetric Measures

|                    |            | Value | Approximate Significance |
|--------------------|------------|-------|--------------------------|
| Nominal by Nominal | Phi        | ,048  | ,794                     |
|                    | Cramer's V | ,048  | ,794                     |
| N of Valid Cases   |            | 30    |                          |

### Risk Estimate

|   | Value | 95% Confidence Interval |       |
|---|-------|-------------------------|-------|
|   |       | Lower                   | Upper |
| Odds Ratio for kinerja<br>(kurang / baik) | 1,250 | ,233                    | 6,696 |
| For cohort pengetahuan = kurang           | 1,167 | ,371                    | 3,666 |
| For cohort pengetahuan = baik             | ,933  | ,546                    | 1,594 |
| N of Valid Cases                          | 30    |                         |       |

### Tests of Homogeneity of the Odds Ratio

|             | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Breslow-Day | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |
| Tarone's    | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |

### Tests of Conditional Independence

|                 | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-----------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Cochran's       | ,068        | 1  | ,794                              |
| Mantel-Haenszel | ,029        | 1  | ,864                              |

Under the conditional independence assumption, Cochran's statistic is asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution, only if the number of strata is fixed, while the Mantel-Haenszel statistic is always asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution.

Note that the continuity correction is removed from the Mantel-Haenszel statistic when the sum of the differences between the observed and the expected is 0.

### Mantel-Haenszel Common Odds Ratio Estimate

|                                    |                       |             |        |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------|
| Estimate                           |                       |             | 1,250  |
| In(Estimate)                       |                       |             | ,223   |
| Standard Error of In(Estimate)     |                       |             | ,856   |
| Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)  |                       |             | ,794   |
| Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval | Common Odds Ratio     | Lower Bound | ,233   |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 6,696  |
|                                    | In(Common Odds Ratio) | Lower Bound | -1,455 |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 1,902  |

The Mantel-Haenszel common odds ratio estimate is asymptotically normally distributed under the common odds ratio of 1,000 assumption. So is the natural log of the estimate.

## kinerja \* sikap

### Crosstab

| kinerja | kurang           | sikap   |         | Total  |
|---------|------------------|---------|---------|--------|
|         |                  | negatif | positif |        |
| baik    | Count            | 0       | 9       | 9      |
|         | % within kinerja | 0,0%    | 100,0%  | 100,0% |
| Total   | Count            | 9       | 12      | 21     |
|         | % within kinerja | 42,9%   | 57,1%   | 100,0% |
|         |                  | 9       | 21      | 30     |
|         |                  | 30,0%   | 70,0%   | 100,0% |

### Chi-Square Tests

|                                    | Value              | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (1-sided) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Pearson Chi-Square                 | 5,510 <sup>a</sup> | 1  | ,019                              |                      |                      |
| Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup> | 3,658              | 1  | ,056                              |                      |                      |
| Likelihood Ratio                   | 7,970              | 1  | ,005                              |                      |                      |
| Fisher's Exact Test                |                    |    |                                   | ,029                 | ,021                 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association       | 5,327              | 1  | ,021                              |                      |                      |
| N of Valid Cases                   | 30                 |    |                                   |                      |                      |

a. 1 cells (25,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 2,70.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

### Symmetric Measures

|                    | Value      | Approximate Significance |
|--------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Nominal by Nominal | Phi        | ,019                     |
|                    | Cramer's V | ,019                     |
| N of Valid Cases   | 30         |                          |

### Risk Estimate

|                            | Value | 95% Confidence Interval |       |
|----------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
|                            |       | Lower                   | Upper |
| For cohort sikap = positif | 1,750 | 1,208                   | 2,535 |
| N of Valid Cases           | 30    |                         |       |

### Tests of Homogeneity of the Odds Ratio

|             | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Breslow-Day | .           | .  | .                                 |
| Tarone's    | .           | .  | .                                 |

### Tests of Conditional Independence

|                 | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-----------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Cochran's       | 5,510       | 1  | ,019                              |
| Mantel-Haenszel | 3,536       | 1  | ,060                              |

Under the conditional independence assumption, Cochran's statistic is asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution, only if the number of strata is fixed, while the Mantel-Haenszel statistic is always asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution.

Note that the continuity correction is removed from the Mantel-Haenszel statistic when the sum of the differences between the observed and the expected is 0.

### Mantel-Haenszel Common Odds Ratio Estimate

|                                    |                       |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Estimate                           | ,000                  |
| In(Estimate)                       | .                     |
| Standard Error of In(Estimate)     | .                     |
| Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)  | .                     |
| Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval | Common Odds Ratio     |
|                                    | Lower Bound           |
|                                    | Upper Bound           |
|                                    | In(Common Odds Ratio) |
|                                    | Lower Bound           |
|                                    | Upper Bound           |

The Mantel-Haenszel common odds ratio estimate is asymptotically normally distributed under the common odds ratio of 1,000 assumption. So is the natural log of the estimate.

### kinerja \* motivasi

#### Crosstab

| kinerja | kurang |                  | motivasi |        | Total  |  |
|---------|--------|------------------|----------|--------|--------|--|
|         |        |                  | rendah   | tinggi |        |  |
|         |        | Count            | 5        | 4      | 9      |  |
|         |        | % within kinerja | 55,6%    | 44,4%  | 100,0% |  |
|         | baik   | Count            | 5        | 16     | 21     |  |
|         |        | % within kinerja | 23,8%    | 76,2%  | 100,0% |  |
| Total   |        | Count            | 10       | 20     | 30     |  |
|         |        | % within kinerja | 33,3%    | 66,7%  | 100,0% |  |

### Chi-Square Tests

|                                    | Value              | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (1-sided) |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Pearson Chi-Square                 | 2,857 <sup>a</sup> | 1  | ,091                              |                      |                      |
| Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup> | 1,607              | 1  | ,205                              |                      |                      |
| Likelihood Ratio                   | 2,773              | 1  | ,096                              |                      |                      |
| Fisher's Exact Test                |                    |    |                                   | ,115                 | ,104                 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association       | 2,762              | 1  | ,097                              |                      |                      |
| N of Valid Cases                   | 30                 |    |                                   |                      |                      |

a. 1 cells (25,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3,00.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

### Symmetric Measures

|                    | Value      | Approximate Significance |
|--------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Nominal by Nominal | Phi        | ,309 ,091                |
|                    | Cramer's V | ,309 ,091                |
| N of Valid Cases   | 30         |                          |

### Risk Estimate

|  | Value | 95% Confidence Interval |        |
|--|-------|-------------------------|--------|
|  |       | Lower                   | Upper  |
| Odds Ratio for kinerja (kurang / baik) | 4,000 | ,765                    | 20,920 |
| For cohort motivasi = rendah           | 2,333 | ,891                    | 6,111  |
| For cohort motivasi = tinggi           | ,583  | ,270                    | 1,258  |
| N of Valid Cases                       | 30    |                         |        |

### Tests of Homogeneity of the Odds Ratio

|             | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Breslow-Day | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |
| Tarone's    | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |

### Tests of Conditional Independence

|                 | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-----------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Cochran's       | 2,857       | 1  | ,091                              |
| Mantel-Haenszel | 1,554       | 1  | ,213                              |

Under the conditional independence assumption, Cochran's statistic is asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution, only if the number of strata is fixed, while the Mantel-Haenszel statistic is always asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution.

Note that the continuity correction is removed from the Mantel-Haenszel statistic when the sum of the differences between the observed and the expected is 0.

### Mantel-Haenszel Common Odds Ratio Estimate

|                                    |   |                   |             |      |  |             |        |                       |             |       |  |             |       |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------|------|--|-------------|--------|-----------------------|-------------|-------|--|-------------|-------|
| Estimate                           | 4,000   |                   |             |      |  |             |        |                       |             |       |  |             |       |
| In(Estimate)                       | 1,386   |                   |             |      |  |             |        |                       |             |       |  |             |       |
| Standard Error of In(Estimate)     | ,844  |                   |             |      |  |             |        |                       |             |       |  |             |       |
| Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)  | ,101  |                   |             |      |  |             |        |                       |             |       |  |             |       |
| Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Common Odds Ratio</td> <td>Lower Bound</td> <td>,765</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Upper Bound</td> <td>20,920</td> </tr> <tr> <td>In(Common Odds Ratio)</td> <td>Lower Bound</td> <td>-,268</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Upper Bound</td> <td>3,041</td> </tr> </table> | Common Odds Ratio | Lower Bound | ,765 |  | Upper Bound | 20,920 | In(Common Odds Ratio) | Lower Bound | -,268 |  | Upper Bound | 3,041 |
| Common Odds Ratio                  | Lower Bound   | ,765              |             |      |  |             |        |                       |             |       |  |             |       |
|                                    | Upper Bound   | 20,920            |             |      |  |             |        |                       |             |       |  |             |       |
| In(Common Odds Ratio)              | Lower Bound   | -,268             |             |      |  |             |        |                       |             |       |  |             |       |
|                                    | Upper Bound   | 3,041             |             |      |  |             |        |                       |             |       |  |             |       |

The Mantel-Haenszel common odds ratio estimate is asymptotically normally distributed under the common odds ratio of 1,000 assumption. So is the natural log of the estimate.

### kinerja \* kepemimpinan

#### Crosstab

| kinerja | kepemimpinan     |        |       | Total  |
|---------|------------------|--------|-------|--------|
|         |                  | kurang | baik  |        |
| kinerja | Count            | 3      | 6     | 9      |
|         | % within kinerja | 33,3%  | 66,7% | 100,0% |
|         | Count            | 7      | 14    | 21     |
|         | % within kinerja | 33,3%  | 66,7% | 100,0% |
| Total   | Count            | 10     | 20    | 30     |
|         | % within kinerja | 33,3%  | 66,7% | 100,0% |

### Chi-Square Tests

|                                    | Value             | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (1-sided) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Pearson Chi-Square                 | ,000 <sup>a</sup> | 1  | 1,000                             |                      |                      |
| Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup> | ,000              | 1  | 1,000                             |                      |                      |
| Likelihood Ratio                   | ,000              | 1  | 1,000                             |                      |                      |
| Fisher's Exact Test                |                   |    |                                   | 1,000                | ,669                 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association       | ,000              | 1  | 1,000                             |                      |                      |
| N of Valid Cases                   | 30                |    |                                   |                      |                      |

a. 1 cells (25,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3,00.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

### Symmetric Measures

|                    | Value      | Approximate Significance |
|--------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Nominal by Nominal | Phi        | ,000                     |
|                    | Cramer's V | ,000                     |
| N of Valid Cases   | 30         |                          |

### Risk Estimate

|  | Value | 95% Confidence Interval |       |
|--|-------|-------------------------|-------|
|  |       | Lower                   | Upper |
| Odds Ratio for kinerja (kurang / baik) | 1,000 | ,191                    | 5,241 |
| For cohort kepemimpinan = kurang       | 1,000 | ,331                    | 3,017 |
| For cohort kepemimpinan = baik         | 1,000 | ,576                    | 1,737 |
| N of Valid Cases                       | 30    |                         |       |

### Tests of Homogeneity of the Odds Ratio

|             | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Breslow-Day | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |
| Tarone's    | ,000        | 0  | .                                 |

### Tests of Conditional Independence

|                 | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) |
|-----------------|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| Cochran's       | ,000        | 1  | 1,000                             |
| Mantel-Haenszel | ,000        | 1  | 1,000                             |

Under the conditional independence assumption, Cochran's statistic is asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution, only if the number of strata is fixed, while the Mantel-Haenszel statistic is always asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution.

Note that the continuity correction is removed from the Mantel-Haenszel statistic when the sum of the differences between the observed and the expected is 0.

### Mantel-Haenszel Common Odds Ratio Estimate

|                                    |                       |             |        |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------|
| Estimate                           |                       |             | 1,000  |
| In(Estimate)                       |                       |             | ,000   |
| Standard Error of In(Estimate)     |                       |             | ,845   |
| Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)  |                       |             | 1,000  |
| Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval | Common Odds Ratio     | Lower Bound | ,191   |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 5,241  |
|                                    | In(Common Odds Ratio) | Lower Bound | -1,656 |
|                                    |                       | Upper Bound | 1,656  |

The Mantel-Haenszel common odds ratio estimate is asymptotically normally distributed under the common odds ratio of 1,000 assumption. So is the natural log of the estimate.

## kinerja \* fasilitas

**Crosstab**

| kinerja | kurang | fasilitas        |         | Total |
|---------|--------|------------------|---------|-------|
|         |        | tidak memadai    | memadai |       |
|         | baik   | Count            | 2       | 7     |
|         |        | % within kinerja | 22,2%   | 77,8% |
|         | Total  | Count            | 7       | 14    |
|         |        | % within kinerja | 33,3%   | 66,7% |
|         |        | Count            | 9       | 21    |
|         |        | % within kinerja | 30,0%   | 70,0% |

**sChi-Square Tests**

|                                    | Value             | df | Asymptotic Significance (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (2-sided) | Exact Sig. (1-sided) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Pearson Chi-Square                 | ,370 <sup>a</sup> | 1  | ,543                              |                      |                      |
| Continuity Correction <sup>b</sup> | ,030              | 1  | ,862                              |                      |                      |
| Likelihood Ratio                   | ,384              | 1  | ,536                              |                      |                      |
| Fisher's Exact Test                |                   |    |                                   | ,681                 | ,441                 |
| Linear-by-Linear Association       | ,358              | 1  | ,550                              |                      |                      |
| N of Valid Cases                   | 30                |    |                                   |                      |                      |

a. 1 cells (25,0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 2,70.

b. Computed only for a 2x2 table

**Symmetric Measures**

|                    | Value      | Approximate Significance |
|--------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| Nominal by Nominal | Phi        | ,543                     |
|                    | Cramer's V | ,543                     |
| N of Valid Cases   | 30         |                          |

### Risk Estimate

|   | Value | 95% Confidence Interval |       |
|---|-------|-------------------------|-------|
|   |       | Lower                   | Upper |
| Odds Ratio for kinerja<br>(kurang / baik) | ,571  | ,093                    | 3,508 |
| For cohort fasilitas = tidak<br>memadai   | ,667  | ,170                    | 2,607 |
| For cohort fasilitas =<br>memadai         | 1,167 | ,735                    | 1,852 |
| N of Valid Cases                          | 30    |                         |       |

### Tests of Homogeneity of the Odds Ratio

|             | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic<br>Significance (2-<br>sided) |
|-------------|-------------|----|--|
| Breslow-Day | ,000        | 0  | .  |
| Tarone's    | ,000        | 0  | .  |

### Tests of Conditional Independence

|                 | Chi-Squared | df | Asymptotic<br>Significance (2-<br>sided) |
|-----------------|-------------|----|--|
| Cochran's       | ,370        | 1  | ,543                                     |
| Mantel-Haenszel | ,029        | 1  | ,864                                     |

Under the conditional independence assumption, Cochran's statistic is asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution, only if the number of strata is fixed, while the Mantel-Haenszel statistic is always asymptotically distributed as a 1 df chi-squared distribution.

Note that the continuity correction is removed from the Mantel-Haenszel statistic when the sum of the differences between the observed and the expected is 0.

### Mantel-Haenszel Common Odds Ratio Estimate

|                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Estimate                           | ,571   |
| In(Estimate)                       | -,560  |
| Standard Error of In(Estimate)     | ,926   |
| Asymptotic Significance (2-sided)  | ,546   |
| Asymptotic 95% Confidence Interval | Common Odds Ratio<br>Lower Bound ,093<br>Upper Bound 3,508       |
|                                    | In(Common Odds Ratio)<br>Lower Bound -2,374<br>Upper Bound 1,255 |

The Mantel-Haenszel common odds ratio estimate is asymptotically normally distributed under the common odds ratio of 1,000 assumption. So is the natural log of the estimate.

## PERSURATAN



KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN, KEBUDAYAAN, RISET DAN TEKNOLOGI  
UNIVERSITAS HASANUDDIN  
FAKULTAS KESEHATAN MASYARAKAT  
Jl. Permitis Kemerdekaan Km. 10 Makassar 90245, Telp. (0411) 585658  
E-mail : [fkm.unhas@gmail.com](mailto:fkm.unhas@gmail.com), website : <https://fkm.unhas.ac.id>

No : 11600 /UN4.14/PT.01.04/2022  
Lamp : Proposal  
Hal : Permohonan Izin Penelitian

5 Oktober 2022

Yth.  
Bapak Bupati Maluku Tengah  
Cq. Kepala Badan Kesatuan Bangsa Dan Politik  
Di – Kabupaten Maluku Tengah  
Tempat

Dengan hormat, kami sampaikan bahwa mahasiswa Program Pascasarjana Fakultas Kesehatan Masyarakat Universitas Hasanuddin yang tersebut di bawah ini :

Nama : Josina Hattu  
Nomor Pokok : K052211019  
Program Studi : Magister Administrasi dan Kebijakan Kesehatan

Bermaksud melakukan penelitian dalam rangka persiapan penulisan tesis dengan judul "Analisis Determinan Kinerja Bidan Dalam Pelayanan Antenatal Care di Puskesmas Perawatan Allang Kabupaten Maluku Tengah".

Pembimbing : 1. Prof. Dr. Darmawansyah, SE., MS (Ketua)  
2. Prof. Dr. H. Amran Razak, SE., M. Sc (Anggota)  
Lokasi Penelitian : Puskesmas Perawatan Allang Kabupaten Maluku Tengah  
Waktu Penelitian : September 2022 – Desember 2022

Sehubungan dengan hal tersebut kami mohon kebijaksanaan Bapak/Ibu kiranya berkenan memberi izin kepada yang bersangkutan

Atas perkenan dan kerjasamanya disampaikan terima kasih.



Prof. Sukri Palutti, SKM, M.Kes, M.Sc.PH, Ph.D  
NIP. 19720529 200112 1 001

Tembusan :  
1. Para Wakil Dekan FKM Unhas  
2. Pertinggal





**PEMERINTAH KABUPATEN MALUKU TENGAH**  
**BADAN KESATUAN BANGSA DAN POLITIK**  
Jl. Imam Bonjol No.11p. (0914) 21365-22350. Fax (0914) 22350-21365  
E-mail : kesbangpol.malteng@gmail.com

**M A S O H I**

**SURAT KETERANGAN PENELITIAN**

Nomor : 075/345/BKBP/VII/2023

- A. Dasar : 1. Peraturan Menteri Dalam Negeri Republik Indonesia Nomor 07 Tahun 2014 tentang Perubahan atas Peraturan Menteri Dalam Negeri Nomor 64 Tahun 2011 tentang Pedoman Penerbitan Rekomendasi Penelitian;  
2. Peraturan Menteri Dalam Negeri Nomor 20 Tahun 2011 tentang Pedoman Penelitian dan Pengembangan di lingkungan Kementerian Dalam Negeri dan Pemerintah Daerah  
3. Peraturan Menteri Dalam Negeri Nomor 03 Tahun 2018 tentang Penerbitan Surat Keterangan Penelitian (SKP);  
4. Surat Keputusan Menteri Dalam Negeri Nomor : SD.6/2/12 tanggal 5 Juli 1972 Tentang Kegiatan Riset dan Survey diwajibkan melaporkan diri kepada Gubernur Kepala Daerah atau Pejabat yang ditunjuk;  
5. Peraturan Daerah Nomor : 04 Tahun 2016 tentang Pembentukan Susunan dan Organisasi Perangkat Daerah Kabupaten Maluku Tengah;  
6. Surat Gubernur Maluku Nomor 220/375 tanggal 2 Februari 2018 tentang Penerbitan Rekomendasi Surat Keterangan Penelitian (SKP);
- B. Menimbang : Surat Dekan Fakultas Kesehatan Masyarakat  
Universitas Hasanuddin  
Nomor : 11600/UN4.14/PT.01.04.2022

Tanggal, 22 Juni 2023

Perihal Mohon Ijin Penelitian

Dengan ini memberikan izin Penelitian kepada :

- a. Nama : **Josina Hattu**  
b. Identitas : Mahasiswa Prodi. Magister Administrasi dan Kebijakan Kesehatan  
Universitas Hasanuddin  
c. NIM : K052211019  
d. Untuk : 1. Melakukan Penelitian dalam rangka penulisan Skripsi dengan judul : **“Analisis Determinan Kinerja Bidan Dalam Pelayanan Antenatal Care Di Puskesmas Perawatan Allang Kabupaten Maluku Tengah”.**  
2. Lokasi Penelitian : Puskesmas Perawatan Allang  
Kabupaten Maluku Tengah  
3. Waktu Penelitian : 1 (satu) bulan

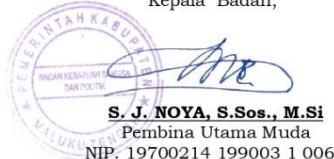
Sehubungan dengan maksud tersebut diatas, maka dalam pelaksanaannya agar memperhatikan hal-hal sebagai berikut :

- a. Mentaati semua ketentuan / peraturan yang berlaku.  
b. Melaporkan kepada instansi terkait untuk mendapat petunjuk yang diperlukan.  
c. Surat Keterangan ini hanya berlaku bagi kegiatan : Penelitian  
d. Tidak menyimpang dari maksud yang diajukan serta tidak keluar dari lokasi Penelitian  
e. Memperhatikan keamanan dan ketertiban umum selama pelaksanaan kegiatan berlangsung.  
f. Memperhatikan dan mentaati sistem kerja instansi setempat.  
g. Menyampaikan 1 (satu) Eksemplar laporan hasil kepada Bupati Maluku Tengah Cq. Ka. Badan Kesatuan Bangsa dan Politik Kabupaten Maluku Tengah.  
h. Apabila terdapat penyimpangan/pelanggaran dari ketentuan tersebut maka Surat Keterangan ini akan dicabut.

Demikian Surat Keterangan ini dibuat untuk digunakan seperlunya.

Masohi, 7 Januari 2023

Kepala Badan,



**S. J. NOYA, S.Sos., M.Si**  
Pembina Utama Muda  
NIP. 19700214 199003 1 006



PEMERINTAH KABUPATEN MALUKU TENGAH  
DINAS KESEHATAN  
PUSKESMAS PERAWATAN ALLANG  
Jln. Raya Iwang Namakoly-Allang  
Email : pkmallang@gmail.com



Nomor : 445/ SPM/PKM-ALL/XII/2022  
Lampiran :  
Perihal : Selesai Penelitian

Kepada Yth,  
**Ketua Program Studi Magister Kesehatan Masyarakat**  
**Universitas Hasanuddin**  
di- Tempat

Bersama ini kami beritahukan bahwa Mahasiswa Program Pasca Magister Administrasi dan kebijakan Kesehatan Universitas Hasanuddin :

Nama : **Josina Hattu**  
Nim : K052211019  
Program Studi : Magister Administrasi dan Kebijakan kesehatan

Telah Menyelesaikan Penelitian Dalam rangka Penulisan Tesis dengan Judul ; **"Analisis Determinan Bidan Dalam Pelayanan Antenatal Care di Puskesmas Perawatan Allang Kabupaten Maluku Tengah"**  
Lama Penelitian : 3 (tiga) Bulan

Demikian yang dapat Kami sampaikan, atas perhatiannya kami ucapan banyak Terima Kasih



Tembusan Disampaikan kepada Yth,

1. Badan Kesatuan bangsa dan Politik di Masohi
2. Mahasiswa yang Bersangkutan