

## DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Arthur, C., Baker, J., & Bamford, H. (2009). Proceedings of the International Research Workshop on the Occurrence , Effects , and Fate of Microplastic Marine Debris. *Group, January*, 530.
- Aulia, A., Kurnia, S. K., & Mulyana, D. (2021). Identifikasi Morfologi Beberapa Jenis Anggota Phaeophyta di Pantai palem Cibeureum, Anyer, Banten. *Tropical Bioscience : Journal of Biological Science*, 1(1), 21–28.
- Auta, H. S., Emenike, C. U., & Fauziah, S. H. (2017). Distribution and importance of microplastics in the marine environmentA review of the sources, fate, effects, and potential solutions. *Environment International*, 102, 165–176.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envint.2017.02.013>
- Azizah, P., Ridlo, A., Suryono, C. A., Kelautan, D. I., Perikanan, F., & Diponegoro, U. (2020). *Mikroplastik pada Sedimen di Pantai Kartini Kabupaten Jepara , Jawa Tengah*. 9(3), 326–332.
- Barnes, D. K. A., Galgani, F., Thompson, R. C., & Barlaz, M. (2009). Accumulation and fragmentation of plastic debris in global environments. *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*, 364(1526), 1985–1998.  
<https://doi.org/10.1098/rstb.2008.0205>
- Beaumont, N. J., Aanesen, M., Austen, M. C., Börger, T., Clark, J. R., Cole, M., Hooper, T., Lindeque, P. K., Pascoe, C., & Wyles, K. J. (2019). Global ecological, social and economic impacts of marine plastic. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 142(March), 189–195.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2019.03.022>
- Browne, M. A., Crump, P., Niven, S. J., Teuten, E., Tonkin, A., Galloway, T., & Thompson, R. (2011). Accumulation of microplastic on shorelines woldwide: Sources and sinks. *Environmental Science and Technology*, 45(21), 9175–9179.  
<https://doi.org/10.1021/es201811s>
- Buschbaum, C., & Saier, B. (2001). Growth of the mussel *Mytilus edulis* L. in the Wadden Sea affected by tidal emergence and barnacle epibionts. *Journal of Sea Research*, 45(1), 27–36. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S1385-1101\(00\)00061-7](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1385-1101(00)00061-7)
- Carr, S. A., Liu, J., & Tesoro, A. G. (2016). Transport and fate of microplastic particles in wastewater treatment plants. *Water Research*, 91, 174–182.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.watres.2016.01.002>
- Chan, B. K. K., Prabowo, R. E., & Lee, K.-S. (2009). Crustacean Fauna of Taiwan: Barnacles, Volume I – Cirripedia: Thoracica Excluding the Pyrgomatidae and Acastinae. *National Taiwan Ocean University*, 1(September).  
<https://doi.org/10.13140/2.1.1043.7921>
- Cole, M., Lindeque, P., Halsband, C., & Galloway, T. S. (2011). Microplastics as contaminants in the marine environment: A review. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 62(12), 2588–2597. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2011.09.025>
- Davies, H. L., Robb, H., Cox, K. D., Covernton, G. A., Eastham, T. M., Alexander, H. J., & Juanes, F. (2021). A preliminary analysis of ingestion and egestion of microplastic fibres in the acorn barnacle *Balanus glandula*. *Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology*, 542–543(November 2020), 1–7.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jembe.2021.151589>

- Dharmaraj, S., Chellam, A., & Velayudhan, T. . (1987). Biofouling, Boring and Predation of Pearl Oyster. *PEARL CULTURE*, 2704.
- Didu, L., Kasim, M., & Emiyarti. (2019). *Komposisi Jenis dan Kepadatan Makrobiofouling Pada Jaring Kantung Apung Dengan dan Tanpa Menggunakan Sintetik Anti Fouling Hubungannya dengan Pertumbuhan Kappapycus alvarezii Di Perairan Pantai Lakeba Kota Baubau*. 4(2), 111–121.
- Eriksen, M., Lebreton, L. C. M., Carson, H. S., Thiel, M., Moore, C. J., Borerro, J. C., Galgani, F., Ryan, P. G., & Reisser, J. (2014). Plastic Pollution in the World's Oceans: More than 5 Trillion Plastic Pieces Weighing over 250,000 Tons Afloat at Sea. *PLoS ONE*, 9(12), 1–15. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0111913>
- Eriksen, M., Mason, S., Wilson, S., Box, C., Zellers, A., Edwards, W., Farley, H., & Amato, S. (2013). Microplastic pollution in the surface waters of the Laurentian Great Lakes. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 77(1–2), 177–182.
- Fachruddin, L., Yaqin, K., & Iin, R. (2020a). *Jurnal Pengelolaan Perairan Perbandingan dua metode analisis konsentrasi mikroplastik pada*. 3(x), 1–12.
- Fachruddin, L., Yaqin, K., & Iin, R. (2020b). Perbandingan dua metode analisis konsentrasi mikroplastik pada kerang hijau, *Perna viridis* dan penerapannya dalam kajian ekotoksikologi. *Jurnal Pengelolaan Perairan*, 3(x), 1–12.
- Faizal, A. (2016). *Keanekaragaman Biota Penempel (Biofouling) Pada Substrat kayu dan Fiber yang Digunakan Oleh Kapal Di Perairan Pulau Pari, Kepulauan Seribu DKI Jakarta*.
- Feng, Z., Zhang, T., Wang, J., Huang, W., Wang, R., Xu, J., Fu, G., & Gao, G. (2020). Spatio-temporal features of microplastics pollution in macroalgae growing in an important mariculture area, China. *Science of the Total Environment*, 719, 137490. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2020.137490>
- GESAMP. (2019). Guidelines for the monitoring and assessment of plastic litter in the ocean. *Reports and Studies GESAMP*, No 99, 130. <http://www.gesamp.org/publications/guidelines-for-the-monitoring-and-assessment-of-plastic-litter-in-the-ocean>
- Gregory, M. R. (1996). *Plastic ' Scrubbers ' in Hand Cleansers : a Further ( and Minor ) Source for Marine Pollution Identified*. 32(12), 867–871.
- Hiwari, H., Purba, N. P., Ihsan, Y. N., Yuliadi, L. P. S., & Mulyani, P. G. (2019). *Kondisi sampah mikroplastik di permukaan air laut sekitar Kupang dan Rote , Provinsi Nusa Tenggara Timur Condition of microplastic garbage in sea surface water at around Kupang and Rote , East Nusa Tenggara Province*. 5, 165–171. <https://doi.org/10.13057/psnmbi/m050204>
- Hudriyah. (2021). *KONSENTRASI MIKROPLASTIK BIOFOULING YANG MENEMPEL PADA KERANG HIJAU ( Perna viridis ) YANG HIDUP DI PERAIRAN PULAU LAE-LAE KOTA MAKASSAR KONSENTRASI MIKROPLASTIK BIOFOULING YANG MENEMPEL PADA KERANG HIJAU ( Perna viridis ) YANG HIDUP DI PERAIRAN PULAU LAE*. Universitas Hasanuddin.
- Isman. (2016). Identifikasi Sampah Laut Di Kawasan Wisata Pantai Kota Makassar.

Skripsi, 1–59. <http://repository.unhas.ac.id/handle/123456789/21569>

Joesidawati, M. I. (2018). Pencemaran mikroplastik di sepanjang pantai kabupaten Tuban. *Seminar Nasional Hasil Penelitian Dan Pengabdian Masyarakat 3, September*, 7–15.

Kama, N. A., Rahim, S. W., & Yaqin, K. (2021). Microplastic concentration in column seawater compartment in Burau , Luwu Regency , South Sulawesi , Indonesia Microplastic concentration in column seawater compartment in Burau , Luwu Regency , South Sulawesi , Indonesia. *IOP Publishing*. <https://doi.org/10.1088/1755-1315/763/1/012061>

Kolluru, B., Parsons, R., & Benavides, T. (2018). *Investigating the Effects of Methylphosphonate (or nutrients) on the Microbiome of Macroalgae and the effects of Microplastics on Sargassum*. Sterrer 1992.

Kovač Viršek, M., Palatinus, A., Koren, Š., Peterlin, M., Horvat, P., & Kržan, A. (2016). Protocol for Microplastics Sampling on the Sea Surface and Sample Analysis. *Journal of Visualized Experiments : JoVE*, 118, 1–9. <https://doi.org/10.3791/55161>

Laihonen, P., & Furman, E. R. (1986). The Site Of Settlement Indicates Commensalism Between Bluemussel and Its Epibiont. *Oecologia*, 71, 38–40.

Lassen, C., Hansen, S. F., Magnusson, K., Hartmann, N. B., Rehne Jensen, P., Nielsen, T. G., & Brinch, A. (2015). *Microplastics Occurrence , Effects and Sources of Releases to The Environment in Dernmark*.

Li, H. X., Orihuela, B., Zhu, M., & Rittschof, D. (2016). Recyclable plastics as substrata for settlement and growth of bryozoans Bugula neritina and barnacles Amphibalanus amphitrite. *Environmental Pollution*, 218, 973–980. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envpol.2016.08.047>

Liliandari, P., & Aunurohim. (2013). Kecepatan Filtrasi Kerang Hijau Perna viridis terhadap chaetoceros sp dalam Media Logam Tercemar Kadmium. *Jurnal Sains Dan Seni Pomits*, 2(2), 149–154.

Lusher, A. L., Welden, N. A., Sobral, P., & Cole, M. (2017). Sampling, isolating and identifying microplastics ingested by fish and invertebrates. *Analytical Methods*, 9(9), 1346–1360. <https://doi.org/10.1039/c6ay02415g>

Mardiyan, & Kristiningsih, A. (2020). Dampak Pencemaran Mikroplastik di Ekosistem Laut terhadap Zooplankton : Review. *Jurnal Pengendalian Pencemaran Lingkungan (JPPL)*, 2(1), 29–36. <https://doi.org/10.35970/jppl.v2i1.147>

Marzuki, I. (2018). *EKSPLORASI SPONS INDONESIA : SEPUTAR KEPULAUAN PERMONDE*. 1(May).

Mohamed Nor, N. H., & Obbard, J. P. (2014). Microplastics in Singapore's coastal mangrove ecosystems. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 79(1–2), 278–283. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2013.11.025>

Murphy, F., & Quinn, B. (2018). The effects of microplastic on freshwater Hydra attenuata feeding, morphology & reproduction. *Environmental Pollution*, 234, 487–494. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envpol.2017.11.029>

Nasution, M. A., & Mudzni, A. (2016). KEPADATAN DAN SEBARAN TERITIP (Amphibalanus spp.) DI PELABUHAN KOTA DUMAI. *Jurnal Perikanan Tropis*, 3(1),

40–53. <https://doi.org/10.35308/jpt.v3i1.35>

Natalia Taruk Linggi, G., Yaqin, K., Siang Parawansa, B., Fachruddin, L., Yunus, B., & Wahyuni Rahim, S. (2021). The concentration of microplastics in epibiont of green mussel (*Perna viridis*) from Maccini Baji waters, Pangkajene Kepulauan. *IOP Conference Series: Earth and Environmental Science*, 860(1). <https://doi.org/10.1088/1755-1315/860/1/012099>

Ningsih, N. W., Putra, A., Anggara, M. R., & Suriadin, H. (2020). Identifikasi Sampah Laut Berdasarkan Jenis dan Massa di Perairan Pulau Lae-Lae Kota Makassar. *Jurnal Pengelolaan Perikanan Tropis*, 4(2), 10–18.

Purnomo, D. B., & Rudiyanti, S. (2014). Depurasi bahan Organik pada Berbagai Ukuran Cangkang Kerang (*Anodonta woodiana*) di Balai Benih Ikan (BBI), Sirawak, Ungaran. *Diponegoro Journal of Maquares*, 3, 67–74.

Rachmayanti. (2020). *Konsentrasi Mikroplastik pada Sedimen Di Perairan Burau Kabupaten Luwu Timur, sulawesi Selatan*. Hasanuddin University.

Raiklin, A. (2004). *Marine Biofouling* (T. A. Ganf & O. G. Manylov (eds.)). CRC Press.

Reed, C. (2015). Plastic Age : How it's reshaping rocks , oceans and life. *New Scientist*, 3006(January), 1–8.

Rochman, C. M., Brookson, C., Bikker, J., Djuric, N., Earn, A., Bucci, K., Athey, S., Huntington, A., McIlwraith, H., Munno, K., Frond, H. De, Kolomijeca, A., Erdle, L., Grbic, J., Bayoumi, M., Borrelle, S. B., Wu, T., Santoro, S., Werbowksi, L. M., ... Hung, C. (2019). Rethinking microplastics as a diverse contaminant suite. *Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry*, 38(4), 703–711. <https://doi.org/10.1002/etc.4371>

Rochman, C. M., Manzano, C., Hentschel, B. T., Simonich, S. L. M., & Hoh, E. (2013). *Hydrocarbons in the Marine Environment*.

Schirinzi, G. F., Pedà, C., Battaglia, P., Laface, F., Galli, M., Baini, M., Consoli, P., Scotti, G., Esposito, V., Faggio, C., Farré, M., Barceló, D., Fossi, M. C., Andaloro, F., & Romeo, T. (2020). A new digestion approach for the extraction of microplastics from gastrointestinal tracts (GITs) of the common dolphinfish (*Coryphaena hippurus*) from the western Mediterranean Sea. *Journal of Hazardous Materials*, 397, 122794. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jhazmat.2020.122794>

Smith, M., Love, D. C., Rochman, C. M., & Neff, R. A. (2018). Microplastics in Seafood and the Implications for Human Health. *Current Environmental Health Reports*, 5(3), 375–386. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s40572-018-0206-z>

Sulistiani, N. (2007). *Asosiasi Teritip (*Balanus spp.*) Pada Komunitas Kerang Hijau yang Dipelihara di Muara Kamal, Teluk Jakarta*. Institut Pertanian Bogor.

Tanaka, K., & Takada, H. (2016). Microplastic fragments and microbeads in digestive tracts of planktivorous fish from urban coastal waters. *Scientific Reports*, 6(March), 1–8. <https://doi.org/10.1038/srep34351>

Tapilatu, Y., & Pelasula, D. (2012). Biota Penempel Yang Berasosiasi Dengan Mangrove Di Teluk Ambon Bagian Dalam Fouling Organisms Associated With Mangrove in Ambon Inner Bay. *Jurnal Ilmu Dan Teknologi Kelautan Tropis*, 4(2), 267–279. [http://itk.fpik.ipb.ac.id/ej\\_itkt42](http://itk.fpik.ipb.ac.id/ej_itkt42)

- Thushari, G. G. N., Senevirathna, J. D. M., Yakupitiyage, A., & Chavanich, S. (2017). Effects of microplastics on sessile invertebrates in the eastern coast of Thailand: An approach to coastal zone conservation. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 124(1), 349–355. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2017.06.010>
- Victoria, A. V. (n.d.). *Kontaminasi Mikroplastik di Perairan Tawar*.
- Weis, J. S. (2019). Improving microplastic research. *AIMS Environmental Science*, 6(5), 326–340. <https://doi.org/10.3934/environsci.2019.5.326>
- Wicaksono, E. A., Werorilangi, S., Galloway, T. S., & Tahir, A. (2021). Distribution and seasonal variation of microplastics in tallo river, makassar, eastern indonesia. *Toxics*, 9(6), 1–13. <https://doi.org/10.3390/toxics9060129>
- Widianarko, B., & Hantoro, I. (2018). Mikroplastik Mikroplastik dalam Seafood Seafood dari Pantai Utara Jawa. In *Unika Soegijapranata. Semarang*.
- Wijayanti, H., Herbowo, D. G., & Darmawan, A. (2020). Keberadaan Hewan Pengotor Teritip Di Infrastruktur Teluk Kunyit, Pantai Sariringgung Dan Pantai Mutun, Lampung. *Jurnal Biologi Tropis*, 20(1), 54. <https://doi.org/10.29303/jbt.v20i1.1540>
- Wisehart, G. D., Rempala, E. C., & Leboffe, M. J. (2012). *A Photographic Atlas of Marine Biology*.
- Wright, S. L., & Kelly, F. J. (2017). Plastic and Human Health: A Micro Issue? *Environmental Science and Technology*, 51(12), 6634–6647. <https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.est.7b00423>
- Xu, S., Ma, J., Ji, R., Pan, K., & Miao, A. (2019). Microplastics in aquatic environments : occurrence , accumulation , and. *Science of the Total Environment*, 134699. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2019.134699>
- Xu, S., Ma, J., Ji, R., Pan, K., & Miao, A. J. (2020). Microplastics in aquatic environments: Occurrence, accumulation, and biological effects. *Science of the Total Environment*, 703, 134699. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2019.134699>
- Xu, X. Y., Wong, C. Y., Tam, N. F. Y., Liu, H. M., & Cheung, S. G. (2020a). Barnacles as potential bioindicator of microplastic pollution in Hong Kong. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 154(March). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2020.111081>
- Xu, X. Y., Wong, C. Y., Tam, N. F. Y., Liu, H. M., & Cheung, S. G. (2020b). Barnacles as potential bioindicator of microplastic pollution in Hong Kong. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 154. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2020.111081>
- Yaqin, K., Nirwana, & Rahim, S. W. (2021). Kontaminasi mikroplastik pada kerang hijau Perna viridis di Perairan Pangkajene Kepulauan, Sulawesi Selatan, Indonesia [Microplastics contamination in green mussels Perna viridis in Pangkajene Kepulauan Waters, South Sulawesi, Indonesia]. *Akuatikisle: Jurnal Akuakultur, Pesisir Dan Pulau-Pulau Kecil*, 5(1), 1–5. <https://doi.org/10.29239/j.akuatikisle.5.1.1-5>
- Yaqin, K., Rukminasari, N., Inaku, D., & Rahim, S. W. (2021). *Microplastic concentrations in green mussel epibiont from Lae-Lae Island Makassar*. 1–16.
- Yu, S. P., & Chan, B. K. K. (2020a). Effects of polystyrene microplastics on larval development, settlement, and metamorphosis of the intertidal barnacle *Amphibalanus amphitrite*. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 194(November 2019), 110362.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2020.110362>

Yu, S. P., & Chan, B. K. K. (2020b). Intergenerational microplastics impact the intertidal barnacle *Amphibalanus amphitrite* during the planktonic larval and benthic adult stages. *Environmental Pollution*, 267, 115560.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envpol.2020.115560>

Yusriana, Rosmawati, & Muda, khadijah tahir. (2019). Jurnal Pariwisata Pesona. *Pariwisata Pesona*, 04(1), 1–10.

## **LAMPIRAN**

## Lampiran 1. Dokumentasi penelitian



**Gambar 30.** Pengambilan sampel kerang hijau di perairan Pulau Lae-Lae



**Gambar 31.** Sampel kerang hijau



**Gambar 32.** Preparasi Sampel



**Gambar 33.** Menimbang bobot kerang hijau dan epibion



**Gambar 34.** Penambahan larutan KOH pada sampel



**Gambar 35.** Menyaring mikroplastik



**Gambar 36.** Pengamatan Mikroplastik

## Lampiran 2. Perhitungan jumlah sampel

- **Perhitungan Lemeshow**

$$n = \frac{Z\alpha^2 \times P \times Q}{L^2}$$

$$n = \frac{1,96^2 \times 0,5 \times (1 - 0,5)}{0,1^2}$$

$$n = \frac{3,8416 \times 0,25}{0,01}$$

$$n = 96,04$$

96 merupakan jumlah minimal sampel yang harus diambil di lapangan sedangkan pada penelitian ini jumlah sampel yang terambil sebanyak 151 individu.

- **Perhitungan kelompok ukuran panjang cangkang kerang**

Panjang terkecil : 3,75 cm

Panjang terbesar : 9,86 cm

Logaritma harga terbesar = Log 9,86 = 0,9940

Logaritma harga terkecil = Log 3,75 = 0,5740

Beda logaritma = 0,9940 – 0,5740 = 0,4200

Banyaknya kelas yang dikehendaki = 3

Beda logaritma tengah-tengah kelas =  $\frac{0,4200}{3} = 0,1400$

Logaritma tengah-tengah kelas pertama = 0,5740 +  $\frac{0,1400}{2} = 0,6440$

Harga-harga yang terdapat didalam kelas panjang yaitu:

Kelas	Logaritma Harga Terendah	Logaritma Tengah Kelas	Antilog Harga Terendah	Antilog Tengah Kelas
I	0,5740	0,6440	3.75	4.41
II	0.7140	0.7840	5.18	6.08
III	0.8540	0.9240	7.14	8.39

Kelas-kelas panjang yang terbentuk dan jumlah sampel tiap kelas:

Kelas I : 3,75 – 5,17 = 73 Individu

Kelas II : 5,18 – 7,13 = 66 Individu

$$\text{Kelas III : } 7,14 - 9,86 = 13 \text{ Individu}$$

$$\overline{152 \text{ Individu}}$$

Jumlah sampel yang dibutuhkan

$$n = \frac{N}{1 + N(d^2)}$$

$$n = \frac{152}{1 + 152(0,05^2)}$$

$$n = \frac{152}{1,3800}$$

$$n = 110,144 \Rightarrow 110$$

Jumlah sampel tiap kelas :

$$ni = \frac{Ni}{N} \times n$$

$$ni = \frac{73}{152} \times 110 = 53$$

$$ni = \frac{66}{152} \times 110 = 48$$

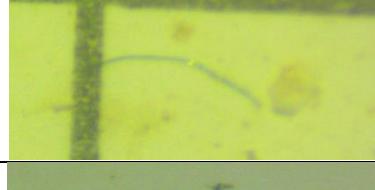
$$ni = \frac{13}{152} \times 110 = 9$$

$$\text{Total sampel } 53 + 48 + 9 = 110$$

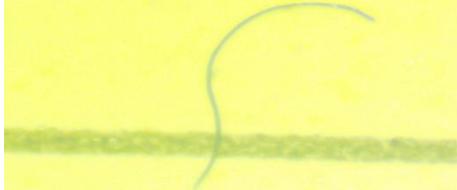
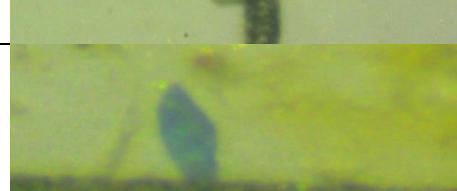
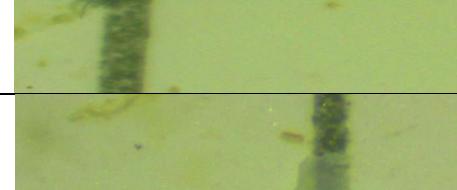
**Lampiran 3. Mikroplastik yang di temukan pada epibion**

1. *Amphibalanus reticulatus*

NO	GAMBAR	BENTUK	WARNA	UKURAN (mm)
1		Serat	Biru	0,97
2		Serat	Biru	2,36
3		Serat	Hitam	1,30
4		Serat	Biru	2,52
5		Pecahan	Hijau	0,18
6		Pecahan	Putih	0,47
7		Serat	Hitam	1,07
8		Lembaran tipis	Putih	0,29

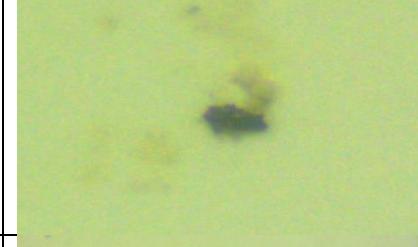
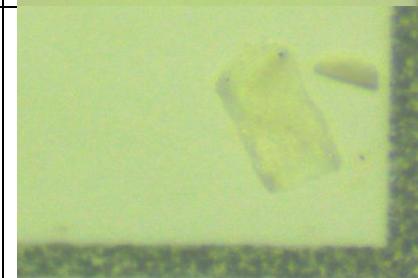
9		Lembaran tipis	Putih	0,25
10		Serat	Biru	1,58
11		Serat	Biru	0,55
12		Serat	Merah	2,25
13		Serat	Biru	3,51
14		Serat	Hitam	0,95
15		Pecahan	Putih	0,32

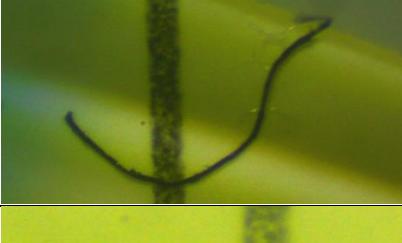
2. *Amphibalanus amphitrite*

NO	GAMBAR	BENTUK	WARNA	UKURAN (mm)
1		Serat	Biru	1,29
2		Serat	Hitam	1,56
3		Lembaran tipis	Putih	0,53
4		Pecahan	Biru	0,23
5		Serat	Hitam	0,99
7		Lembaran tipis	Putih	0,47
8		Pecahan	Hitam	0,13

9		Pecahan	Biru	0.11
10		Serat	Hitam	0.75

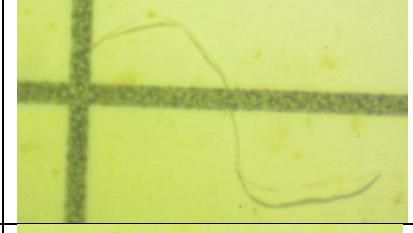
3. *Balanus trigonus*

NO	GAMBAR	BENTUK	WARNA	UKURAN (mm)
1		Serat	Hitam	0,79
2		Pecahan	Hitam	0,11
3		Serat	Hitam	1,96
4		Membaran tipis	Putih	0,43

5		Serat	Merah	1,05
6		Serat	Merah	0,59
7		Serat	Hitam	0,98
8		Serat	Hitam	1,61
9		Serat	Putih	1,24

#### 4. *Sargassum muticum*

NO	GAMBAR	BENTUK	WARNA	UKURAN (mm)
1		Pecahan	Hitam	0,29

2		Pecahan	Putih	0,67
3		Serat	Hitam	0,13
4		Pecahan	Putih	0,5
5		Serat	Putih	2,37
6		Serat	Hitam	0,13

## Lampiran 4. Hasil Uji statistik oneway Anova

### 1. Konsentrasi mikroplastik berdasarkan jenis epibion

#### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test

KS distance	0.09853	0.1114	0.1801	N too small
P value	> 0.10	> 0.10	> 0.10	
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?	Yes	Yes	Yes	
P value summary	ns	ns	ns	

#### Uji Homogenitas

##### Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
1.376	3	113	.254

Dunn's Multiple Comparison Test	Difference in rank sum	Significant? P < 0.05?	Summary
A. reticulatus vs A. amphitrite	-20.36	No	ns
A. reticulatus vs B. trigonus	5.948	No	ns
A. reticulatus vs S. muticum	16.80	No	ns
A. amphitrite vs B. trigonus	26.31	No	ns
A. amphitrite vs S. muticum	37.16	No	ns
B. trigonus vs S. muticum	10.85	No	ns

### 2. Konsentrasi mikroplastik pada *A. reticulatus* berdasarkan kelas

#### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test

KS distance	0.1206	0.1338	0.2363
P value	> 0.10	> 0.10	> 0.10
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?	Yes	Yes	Yes
P value summary	ns	ns	ns

#### Uji Homogenitas

##### Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
3.941	2	70	.024

Tukey's Multiple Comparison Test	Mean Diff.	q	Significant?	P < 0.05?	Summary	95% CI of diff
Kelas A vs Kelas B	-0.03199	0.1719	No		ns	-0.6615 to 0.5976
Kelas A vs Kelas C	-1.257	4.026	Yes		*	-2.313 to -0.2008
Kelas B vs Kelas C	-1.225	3.845	Yes		*	-2.303 to -0.1471

### 3. Konsentrasi mikroplastik pada *A. reticulatus* berdasarkan bentuk

#### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test			
KS distance		0.1257	0.1334
P value		0.0718	0.0641
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?		Yes	Yes
P value summary		ns	ns

#### Uji Homogenis

##### Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
1.296	2	91	.279

Dunn's Multiple Comparison Test	Difference in rank sum	Significant?	P < 0.05?	Summary
Serat vs Pecahan	12.88	No		ns
Serat vs Lembaran tipis	27.47	Yes		**
Pecahan vs Lembaran tipis	14.59	No		ns

### 4. Konsentrasi mikroplastik pada *A. reticulatus* berdasarkan warna

#### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test						
KS distance	0.1124	0.1644	0.1184	0.1647	0.2671	0.2209
P value	> 0.10	0.0238	> 0.10	0.0676	> 0.10	> 0.10
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
P value summary	ns	*	ns	ns	ns	ns

## **Uji Homogenitas**

### **Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
.166	2	74	.848

Dunn's Multiple Comparison Test	Difference in rank sum	Significant?	P < 0.05?	Summary
Hitam vs Putih	0.4533	No	ns	
Hitam vs Merah	21.07	No	ns	
Hitam vs Biru	17.29	No	ns	
Hitam vs Hijau	19.91	No	ns	
Hitam vs Kuning	12.91	No	ns	
Putih vs Merah	20.62	No	ns	
Putih vs Biru	16.84	No	ns	
Putih vs Hijau	19.45	No	ns	
Putih vs Kuning	12.45	No	ns	
Merah vs Biru	-3.782	No	ns	
Merah vs Hijau	-1.167	No	ns	
Merah vs Kuning	-8.167	No	ns	
Biru vs Hijau	2.615	No	ns	
Biru vs Kuning	-4.385	No	ns	
Hijau vs Kuning	-7.000	No	ns	

## **5. Konsentrasi mikroplastik pada *A. amphitrite* berdasarkan kelas**

### **Uji Normalitas**

KS normality test			
KS distance	0.1816	0.1583	N too small
P value	> 0.10	> 0.10	
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?	Yes	Yes	
P value summary	ns	ns	

## **Uji Homogenitas**

### **Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
.743	2	22	.487

Tukey's Multiple Comparison Test	Mean Diff.	q	Significant?	P < 0.05?	Summary	95% CI of diff
Kelas A vs Kelas B	-0.4305	0.6324	No		ns	-2.835 to 1.974
Kelas A vs Kelas C	1.089	1.251	No		ns	-1.986 to 4.164
Kelas B vs Kelas C	1.520	1.796	No		ns	-1.469 to 4.508

## 6. Konsentrasi mikroplastik pada *A. amphitrite* berdasarkan Bentuk

### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test				
KS distance		0.09278	0.1139	0.2215
P value		> 0.10	> 0.10	> 0.10
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?		Yes	Yes	Yes
P value summary		ns	ns	ns

### Uji Homogenitas

#### Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
1.221	2	47	.304

Tukey's Multiple Comparison Test	Mean Diff.	q	Significant?	P < 0.05?	Summary	95% CI of diff
Serat vs Pecahan	0.03191	0.1256	No		ns	-0.8389 to 0.9027
Serat vs Lembaran tipis	0.6026	1.667	No		ns	-0.6360 to 1.841
Pecahan vs Lembaran tipis	0.5707	1.570	No		ns	-0.6750 to 1.816

## 7. Konsentrasi mikroplastik pada *A. amphitrite* berdasarkan warna

### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test				
KS distance		0.1467	0.1538	0.1610
P value		> 0.10	> 0.10	> 0.10
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?		Yes	Yes	Yes
P value summary		ns	ns	ns

### Uji Homogenitas

#### Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.

.560	3	49	.644
------	---	----	------

Tukey's Multiple Comparison Test	Mean Diff.	q	Significant?	Summary	95% CI of diff
Hitam vs Putih	0.4139	1.521	No	ns	-0.6114 to 1.439
Hitam vs Merah	0.9872	3.021	No	ns	-0.2437 to 2.218
Hitam vs Biru	0.9082	3.097	No	ns	-0.1964 to 2.013
Putih vs Merah	0.5733	1.656	No	ns	-0.7309 to 1.877
Putih vs Biru	0.4942	1.570	No	ns	-0.6914 to 1.680
Merah vs Biru	-0.07906	0.2178	No	ns	-1.446 to 1.288

## 8. Konsentrasi mikroplastik pada *B. trigonus* berdasarkan kelas

### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test				
KS distance		N too small	0.2582	N too small
P value			> 0.10	
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?			Yes	
P value summary			ns	

### Uji Homogenitas

#### Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
11.544	1	14	.004

Dunn's Multiple Comparison Test	Difference in rank sum	Significant?	P < 0.05?	Summary
Kelas A vs Kelas B	-1.333	No	ns	
Kelas A vs Kelas C	-2.833	No	ns	
Kelas B vs Kelas C	-1.500	No	ns	

## 9. Konsentrasi mikroplastik pada *B. trigonus* berdasarkan bentuk

### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test				
KS distance		0.2695	0.2294	N too small
P value		0.0899	> 0.10	
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?		Yes	Yes	
P value summary		ns	ns	

### Uji Homogenitas

#### Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
11.081	2	13	.002

Dunn's Multiple Comparison Test	Difference in rank sum	Significant?	P < 0.05?	Summary
Serat vs Pecahan	0.4250	No	ns	
Serat vs Lembaran tipis	2.625	No	ns	
Pecahan vs Lembaran tipis	2.200	No	ns	

## 10. Konsentrasi mikroplastik pada *B. trigonus* berdasarkan warna

### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test				
KS distance	0.2416	0.2249	N too small	N too small
P value	> 0.10	> 0.10		
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?	Yes	Yes		
P value summary	ns	ns		

### Uji Homogenitas

#### Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
1.629	3	13	.231

Dunn's Multiple Comparison Test	Difference in rank sum	Significant?	P < 0.05?	Summary
Hitam vs Putih	0.7500	No	ns	
Hitam vs Merah	0.2500	No	ns	
Hitam vs Biru	1.167	No	ns	
Putih vs Merah	-0.5000	No	ns	
Putih vs Biru	0.4167	No	ns	
Merah vs Biru	0.9167	No	ns	

## 11. Perbandingan konsentrasi mikroplastik *A. reticulatus* vs Kerang hijau

### Uji Normalitas

KS normality test			
KS distance	0.09853	0.1483	
P value	> 0.10	0.0113	



Column B	Kerang Hijau
Mann Whitney test	
P value	0.8689
Exact or approximate P value?	Gaussian Approximation
P value summary	ns
Are medians signif. different? ( $P < 0.05$ )	No
One- or two-tailed P value?	Two-tailed
Sum of ranks in column A,B	646.5 , 628.5
Mann-Whitney U	303.5

### 13. Perbandingan konsentrasi mikroplastik *B. trigonus* vs Kerang hijau

## **Uji Normalitas**

KS normality test		
KS distance	0.1801	0.1786
P value	> 0.10	> 0.10
Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)?	Yes	Yes
P value summary	ns	ns

## **Uji Homogenitas**

## Test of Homogeneity of Variances

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
2.416	1	32	.130

## Table Analyzed

### Column A

VS

## Column B

## B. trigonus

vs

Kerang hijau

## Paired t test

### P value

## P value summary

Are means signif. different? ( $P < 0.05$ )

One- or two-tailed P value?

t, df

### Number of pairs

0.0812

ns

No

## Two-tailed

t=1.861 df=16

17

#### 14. Perbandingan konsentrasi mikroplastik *S. muticum* vs Kerang hijau

## Uji Normalitas

KS normality test  
 KS distance 0.4013 0.4726  
 P value 0.0084 0.0005  
 Passed normality test (alpha=0.05)? No No  
 P value summary \*\* \*\*\*  
**Uji Homogenitas**

#### **Test of Homogeneity of Variances**

Nilai

Levene Statistic	df1	df2	Sig.
2.804	1	8	.133

Table Analyzed

Column A S. muticum  
vs Vs  
Column B Kerang Hijau

Mann Whitney test

P value	0.6072
Exact or approximate P value?	Gaussian Approximation
P value summary	ns
Are medians signif. different? (P < 0.05)	No
One- or two-tailed P value?	Two-tailed
Sum of ranks in column A,B	30 , 25
Mann-Whitney U	10.00