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LAMPIRAN

```
# import google Drive
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

```
# Nama folder untuk menyimpan log training, skor map, dan
juga bobot

SAVE_DIR = 'yolov4_crowdhuman'

# alamat folder pada google drive
DRIVE_DIR = '/content/drive/MyDrive'

# alamat menuh untuk menyimpan fodler dan file
DRIVE_SAVE_DIR = DRIVE_DIR + '/' + SAVE_DIR

# ukuran input dari model dan juga ukuran citra
INPUT_SHAPE = '416x416'
```

```
%cd /content
if not Path('yolov4_crowdhuman').is_dir():
    !git clone https://github.com/Marrz/yolov4_crowdhuman.git
```

```
#menjalankan script untuk mendownload dataset crowdhuman dan
melakukan konversi file
%cd /content/yolov4_crowdhuman/data
!./prepare_data.sh {INPUT_SHAPE}
```

```
#menyiapkan source code darknet
%cd /content/yolov4_crowdhuman
!rm -rf darknet
!git clone https://github.com/AlexeyAB/darknet.git
```

```
#menyiapkan darknet framework
%cd /content/yolov4_crowdhuman/darknet
!sed -i "1s/GPU=0/GPU=1/" Makefile
!sed -i "2s/CUDNN=0/CUDNN=1/" Makefile
!sed -i "3s/CUDNN_HALF=0/CUDNN_HALF=1/" Makefile
!sed -i "4s/OPENCV=0/OPENCV=1/" Makefile
!sed -i "5s/AVX=0/AVX=1/" Makefile
!sed -i "7s/LIBSO=0/LIBSO=1/" Makefile
```

```

!sed -
i "20s/compute_30,code=sm_30 \\\ /compute_37,code=sm_37 -
gencode arch=compute_60,code=[sm_60,compute_60] -
gencode arch=compute_61,code=[sm_61,compute_61] -
gencode arch=compute_75,code=[sm_75,compute_75]/" Makefile
!sed -i "21s/^/#/" Makefile
!sed -i "22s/^/#/" Makefile
!sed -i "23s/^/#/" Makefile
!sed -i "24s/^/#/" Makefile
# Let darknet test mAP more frequently during training
!sed -
i "300s/calc_map_for_each = 4/calc_map_for_each = 1/" src/det
ector.c

!make

```

```

#Membuat folder untuk menabung model dan training log
!mkdir -p "{DRIVE_SAVE_DIR}"
!rm -f "{DRIVE_SAVE_DIR}"/train.log
!touch "{DRIVE_SAVE_DIR}"/chart.png
!rm -f chart.png
!ln -sf "{DRIVE_SAVE_DIR}"/chart.png .
!mkdir -p "{DRIVE_SAVE_DIR}"/backup
!rm -rf backup
!ln -sf "{DRIVE_SAVE_DIR}"/backup .

```

```

#Menyiapkan file sebelum training
%cd /content/yolov4_crowdhuman
!./prepare_training.sh {INPUT_SHAPE}

```

```

#Memulai Training
%cd /content/yolov4_crowdhuman/darknet
!./darknet detector train data/crowdhuman-
{INPUT_SHAPE}.data cfg/yolov4-crowdhuman-
{INPUT_SHAPE}.cfg /content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/yo
lov4.conv.137 -gpu 0 -map -
dont_show 2>&1 | tee "{DRIVE_SAVE_DIR}"/train.log | grep -
E "hours left|mean_average"

```

```
#cek skor bobot
%cd /content/yolov4_crowdhuman/darknet
!./darknet detector map data/crowdhuman-
608x608.data cfg/yolov4-crowdhuman-
608x608.cfg /content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/backup/y
olov4-crowdhuman-608x608_6000.weights
```

```
#Tes Deteksi manusia
!./darknet detector demo data/crowdhuman-
608x608.data cfg/yolov4-crowdhuman-
608x608.cfg /content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/backup/y
olov4-crowdhuman-608x608_best.weights -
dont_show /content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/CCTV_Demo.
mp4 -i 0 -
out_filename /content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/results
.avi
```

```
#import cv2 lalu upgrade
import cv2
print(cv2.__version__)
!pip3 install --upgrade opencv-python==4.5.2.54
```

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from math import sqrt
import sys
import imutils
from imutils.video import FPS
```

```
#alamat model yolo dan juga konfigurasinya

configPath = '/content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/416x41
6/yolov4-crowdhuman-416x416.cfg'
weightsPath = '/content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/backu
p/yolov4-crowdhuman-416x416_6000.weights'
classesPath = '/content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/416x4
16/crowdhuman.names'
```

```

#mengekstrak frame pada video yang nantinya digunakan untuk
melakukan kalibrasi
video_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/Video/
Social Distancing Real Camera.mp4'
frame_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/data/S
tudent_video_frame_{}.jpg'

frame_number = [100,200,300,400,500]

video = cv2.VideoCapture(video_path)

frame_count = 0
while True:
    ret,frame = video.read()

    if not ret:
        break

    frame_count+=1
    if frame_count in frame_number:
        print("Frame number : ",frame_count, "Saved")
        cv2.imwrite(frame_path.format(frame_count),frame)

video.release()

```

```

#memilih foto yang nantinya digunakan sebagai acuan untuk
melakukan kalibrasi bird eye

original_image_BGR = cv2.imread('/content/drive/MyDrive/yolov
4_crowdhuman/Foto/2 Meter.jpg')
original_image_RGB = cv2.cvtColor(original_image_BGR, cv2.COL
OR_BGR2RGB)
main_header = cv2.imread('templates/main_header.jpg')

image_width = original_image_RGB.shape[1]
image_height = original_image_RGB.shape[0]

original_image_BGR_copy = original_image_BGR.copy()
original_image_RGB_copy = original_image_RGB.copy()

print('image Shape', original_image_RGB.shape)

```



```
#menentukan 4 titik sebagai acuan untuk melakukan
transformasi bird eye view
source_points = np.int_([[700, 777],
                        [1219, 776],
                        [1251, 892],
                        [ 667, 894]])
```

```
# memperlihatkan 4 titik yang telah dipilih

for point in source_points:
    cv2.circle(original_image_RGB_copy, point, 8, (255, 0, 0),
1)

points = source_points.reshape((-1,1,2)).astype(np.int32)
cv2.polylines(original_image_RGB_copy, [points], True, (0,255
,0), thickness=4)

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 12))
plt.imshow(original_image_RGB_copy)
plt.show()
```

```
#menentukan 4 titik sebagai acuan untuk melakukan
transformasi bird eye view
source_points = np.float32([[700, 777],
                            [1219, 776],
                            [1251, 892],
                            [ 667, 894]])
```

```
#membuat matriks homografi untuk transformasi citra menjadi
bird eye view

src=source_points
dst=np.float32([(0.22875,0.66111), (0.66125, 0.66111), (0.661
25,0.78148), (0.22875,0.78148)])

dst_size=(800,1080)
dst = dst * np.float32(dst_size)

H_matrix = cv2.getPerspectiveTransform(src, dst)
print("The perspective transform matrix:")
print(H_matrix)
```

```

#memperlihatkan hasil transformasi bird eye view

warped = cv2.warpPerspective(original_image_RGB_copy, H_matri
x, dst_size)

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 12))
plt.imshow(warped)
plt.show()

```

```

#mempersiapkan fungsi yang diperlukan untuk melakukan deteksi
social distancing

import cv2
import numpy as np
from math import sqrt

img = []
ix,iy = 0,0
#membuat model darknet yang bisa berjalan pada cv2
def create_model(config, weights):

    model = cv2.dnn.readNetFromDarknet(config, weights)
    backend = cv2.dnn.DNN_BACKEND_OPENCV
    target = cv2.dnn.DNN_TARGET_CPU
    model.setPreferableBackend(backend)
    model.setPreferableTarget(target)
    return model

#output layer model
def get_output_layers(model):

    layer_names = model.getLayerNames()
    output_layers = [layer_names[i[0]-
1] for i in model.getUnconnectedOutLayers()]
    return output_layers

```

```

#melakukan normalisasi data pada citra
def blob_from_image(image, target_size):

    blob = cv2.dnn.blobFromImage(image, 1/255., target_size,
[0,0,0], 1, crop=False)
    return blob

#fungsi untuk melakukan prediski pada citra
def predict(blob, model, output_layers):

    model.setInput(blob)
    outputs = model.forward(output_layers)
    return outputs

def get_image_boxes(outputs, image_width, image_height, classes, confidence_threshold=0.3, nms_threshold=0.3):
    class_ids = []
    confidences = []
    boxes = []
    results=[]

    for output in outputs:
        for detection in output:
            scores = detection[5:]
            class_id = np.argmax(scores)
            class_name = classes[class_id]
            confidence = scores[class_id]
            if confidence > confidence_threshold and class_name== 'person':
                cx, cy, width, height = (detection[0:4] * np.array([image_width, image_height, image_width, image_height])).astype("int")
                x = int(cx - width / 2)
                y = int(cy - height / 2)
                boxes.append([x, y, int(width), int(height), confidence, x, cy])
                confidences.append(float(confidence))

    nms_indices = cv2.dnn.NMSBoxes(boxes, confidences, confidence_threshold, nms_threshold)
    if len(nms_indices)>0:
        return [boxes[ind] for ind in nms_indices.flatten()]
    else:
        return results

```

```

#fungsi untuk melakukan transformasi titik koordinat manusia
deteksi dengan transformasi perspetif.
def compute_point_perspective_transformation(matrix,boxes):
    list_downoids = [[box[4], box[5]+box[3]//2] for box in boxes]
    list_points_to_detect = np.float32(list_downoids).reshape
(-1, 1, 2)
    transformed_points = cv2.perspectiveTransform(list_points
_to_detect, matrix)
    transformed_points_list = list()
    for i in range(0,transformed_points.shape[0]):
        transformed_points_list.append([transformed_points[i]
[0][0],transformed_points[i][0][1]])
    return np.array(transformed_points_list).astype('int')

#fungsi untuk melakukan transformasi titik koordinat manusia
deteksi dengan transformasi perspetif.
def get_red_green_boxes(distance_allowed,birds_eye_points,boxes):
    red_boxes = []
    green_boxes = []

    new_boxes = [tuple(box) + tuple(result) for box, result i
n zip(boxes, birds_eye_points)]
    for i in range(0, len(new_boxes)-1):
        for j in range(i+1, len(new_boxes)):
            cxi,cyi = new_boxes[i][6:]
            cxj,cyj = new_boxes[j][6:]
            distance = eucledian_distance([cxi,cyi], [cxj
,cyj])

            if distance < distance_allowed:
                red_boxes.append(new_boxes[i])
                red_boxes.append(new_boxes[j])
            print(distance)
            print(distance*3.876)
    green_boxes = list(set(new_boxes) - set(red_boxes))
    red_boxes = list(set(red_boxes))

    return (green_boxes, red_boxes)

#kalkulasi eucledian distance
def eucledian_distance(point1, point2):
    x1,y1 = point1
    x2,y2 = point2
    return sqrt((x1-x2)**2 + (y1-y2)**2)

```

```

#tampilan bird eye view
def get_birds_eye_view_image(green_box, red_box, eye_view_height, eye_view_width):
    blank_image = cv2.imread('/content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowdhuman/templates/black_background.png')

    cv2.putText(blank_image, str(len(red_box)), (120,100), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 2, (0,0,255), 4, cv2.LINE_AA)
    cv2.putText(blank_image, str(len(green_box)), (520,100), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 2, (0,255,0), 4, cv2.LINE_AA)

    for point in green_box:
        cv2.circle(blank_image, tuple([point[6],point[7]]), 20, (0,255,0), -1)
    for point in red_box:
        cv2.circle(blank_image, tuple([point[6],point[7]]), 20, (0,0,255), -1)
    blank_image = cv2.resize(blank_image, (eye_view_width, eye_view_height))
    return blank_image

#menampilkan bounding box yang berwarna merah dan juga hijau
def get_red_green_box_image(new_box_image, green_box, red_box):
    for point in green_box:
        cv2.rectangle(new_box_image, (point[0],point[1]), (point[0]+point[2],point[1]+point[3]), (0, 255, 0), 2)
    for point in red_box:
        cv2.rectangle(new_box_image, (point[0],point[1]), (point[0]+point[2],point[1]+point[3]), (0, 0, 255), 2)
    return new_box_image

```

```

#menyiapkan bobot model YOLO dan menyiapkan parameter yang
diperlukan
confidence_threshold = 0.5
nms_threshold = 0.4

min_distance = 228
width = 416
height = 416

config = configPath
weights = weightsPath
classes = classesPath

with open(classes, 'rt') as f:
    coco_classes = f.read().strip('\n').split('\n')

model = create_model(config, weights)
output_layers = get_output_layers(model)

```

```

#Deteksi social distancing pada video digital
%%time
print("[INFO] accessing video stream...")
video = cv2.VideoCapture('/content/drive/MyDrive/yolov4_crowd
human/Video/Social Distancing Real Camera.mp4')
fps = FPS().start()
writer = None
frame_number = 0
print("[INFO] Detecting Social Distancing...")
print('%-20s%-26s%-26s%-
26s' % ('Processing Frame', '|Total Detected Person', '|Red Mar
kerd Person', '|Green Marked Person'))

while True:

    ret, frame = video.read()

    if not ret:
        break

    image_height, image_width = frame.shape[:2]

    image = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
    blob = blob_from_image(image, (width, height))

```

```

outputs = predict(blob, model, output_layers)

boxes = get_image_boxes(outputs, image_width, image_height,
coco_classes)
birds_eye_points = compute_point_perspective_transformation
(H_matrix, boxes)
green_box, red_box = get_red_green_boxes(min_distance, bird
s_eye_points, boxes)
birds_eye_view_image = get_birds_eye_view_image(green_box,
red_box, eye_view_height=image_height, eye_view_width=image_wi
dth//2)
box_red_green_image = get_red_green_box_image(frame.copy(),
green_box, red_box)

combined_image = np.concatenate((birds_eye_view_image, box_r
ed_green_image), axis=1)

frame_number += 1
sys.stdout.write('%-20i|%-25i|%-25i|%-
25i\n' % (frame_number, len(boxes), len(red_box), len(green_box)
))

#if frame_number >=120:
#break

if writer is None:
fourcc = cv2.VideoWriter_fourcc(*"MJPG")
writer = cv2.VideoWriter('/content/Social Distance With C
amera.avi', fourcc, 60, (combined_image.shape[1], combined_im
age.shape[0]), True)

writer.write(combined_image)

del image, outputs, combined_image, birds_eye_view_image
fps.update()

fps.stop()
print("[INFO] elapsed time: {:.2f}".format(fps.elapsed()))
print("[INFO] approx. FPS: {:.2f}".format(fps.fps()))
print("Done")
print(' ')
writer.release()
video.release()

```

